SAFETY DATA SHEET

Date of issue/Date of revision 29 May 2024

Version1.05

Section 1. Identification

Product code	: 000001099371
Product name	: SIGMAGLIDE 790 BASE MED GREY 5201
Other means of identification	: 00246862; 00253243; 00353492; 00419104
Product type	: Liquid.
Relevant identified uses	of the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Product use	: Coating. Professional applications, Used by spraying.
Uses advised against	: Product is not intended, labelled or packaged for consumer use.
Supplier's details	: PT PPG Coatings Indonesia JI. Rawagelam III No.1 13930 Jakarta Indonesia Tel +62 21 4605710 PMC.Safety@PPG.com
Emergency telephone number	: CHEMTREC 001-803-017-9114 (CCN 17704)

Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture	 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A Fercentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute inhalation toxicity: 67.1%
	Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown hazards to the aquatic environment: 19.7%

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Hazard pictograms

: Warning

Hazard statements

Signal word

: Flammable liquid and vapor. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. Harmful if inhaled.

Precautionary statements

Section 2. Hazards identification

Prevention	ear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. m heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition source oking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipm arking tools. Take action to prevent static discharges. Keep contai sed. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid breathin ish thoroughly after handling.	es. No ent. Use non- ner tightly
Response	NHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for bro OISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. IF ON SKIN (or hair) nediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. IF ON S n plenty of water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice or atter ES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove conta sent and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get vice or attention.	: Take off KIN: Wash ention. IF IN ict lenses, if
Storage	re in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.	
Disposal	pose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional international regulations.	al, national
Other hazards which do not result in classification	longed or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.	

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number	: Not applicable.
EC number	: Mixture.
Ingredient name	

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
xylene	10- <20	1330-20-7
Hydrocarbons, C14-C19, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	3- <5	64742-46-7
ethylbenzene	1- <3	100-41-4
Naphtha (petroleum), heavy alkylate	1- <3	64741-65-7

There are no ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Eye contact	 Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.
Inhalation	 Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	 Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion	 If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Section 4. First aid measures

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed		
Potential acute health effects		
Eye contact	auses serious eye irritation.	
Inhalation	armful if inhaled.	
Skin contact	auses skin irritation. Defatting to the skin.	
Ingestion	o known significant effects or critical hazards.	
<u>Over-exposure signs/symp</u>		
Eye contact	dverse symptoms may include the following: ain or irritation ratering edness	
Inhalation	o specific data.	
Skin contact	dverse symptoms may include the following: ritation edness ryness racking	
Ingestion	o specific data.	
Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary		
Notes to physician	reat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if la uantities have been ingested or inhaled.	rge
Specific treatments	o specific treatment.	
Protection of first-aiders	o action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an approp mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the per roviding aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.	oriate

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides Formaldehyde.

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Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Special protective actions for fire-fighters	:	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	:	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures			
For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.	
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".	
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).	
Methods and materials for co	onta	ainment and cleaning up	
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an	

	contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	1
Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers

Section 7. Handling and storage

retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits			
₩ylene Hydrocarbons, C14-C19, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics ethylbenzene	 Minister of Labor of the Republic of Indonesia (Indonesia, 4/2018). [xilen] TWA: 434 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 100 BDS 8 hours. STEL: 651 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 150 BDS 15 minutes. Ministry of Employment and Labor (Indonesia, 2/1997). STEL: 651 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 150 BDS 15 minutes. Minister of Labor of the Republic of Indonesia (Indonesia, 4/2018). TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: mist STEL: 10 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Form: mist Minister of Labor of the Republic of Indonesia (Indonesia, 4/2018). TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: mist Minister of Labor of the Republic of Indonesia (Indonesia, 4/2018). TWA: 20 BDS 8 hours. Ministry of Employment and Labor (Indonesia, 2/1997). STEL: 543 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 125 BDS 15 minutes. 			
•	propriate monitoring standards. Reference to methods for the determination of hazardous			
Appropriate engineering controls : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering c also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosiv				

limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.	
Individual protection measure		
Hygiene measures	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.	
Eye/face protection	Chemical splash goggles.	
Skin protection		
Hand protection	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.	
Gloves	For prolonged or repeated handling, use the following type of gloves:	
	Not recommended: nitrile rubber Recommended: polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), Viton®	
Body protection	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.	
Other skin protection	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.	
Respiratory protection	Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.	

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance	
Physical state	: Liquid.
Color	: Gray.
Odor	: Characteristic.
Odor threshold	: Not available.
рН	: Not applicable.
Melting point	: Not available.
Boiling point	: >37.78°C (>100°F)

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Flash point	1	Closed cup: 24°C (75.2°F)		
Evaporation rate	1	Not available.		
Flammability/Combustible properties (solid, gas)	:	Not available.		
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	:	Greatest known range: Lower: 0.6% Upper: 8% (Naphtha (petroleum), heavy alkylate)		
Vapor pressure	1	Not available.		
Vapor density	:	Not available.		
Relative density	1	1		
Bulk Density (g/cm³)	:	1.01		
O a luch iliter(i.e.a.)		Media Result		
Solubility(ies)	1	cold water Not soluble		
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not applicable.		
Auto-ignition temperature	1	Not available.		
Decomposition temperature	1	Not available.		
Viscosity	:	Kinematic (room temperature): >400 mm²/s Kinematic (40°C): >21 mm²/s		
Viscosity	1	60 - 100 s (ISO 6mm)		
Section 10. Stabili	ty	and reactivity		
	-			

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.
Incompatible materials	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides halogenated compounds Formaldehyde. metal oxide/ oxides

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects Acute toxicity

Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species		Dose		Exposure	
ylene Hydrocarbons, C14-C19, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral LC50 Inhalation Dusts and	Rabbit Rat Rat		1.7 g/kg 4.3 g/kg >5266 mg/m ³		- - 4 hours	
ethylbenzene	LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral LC50 Inhalation Vapor LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral	Rabbit Rat Rat Rabbit Rat		>2000 mg/kg >5000 mg/kg 17.8 mg/l 17.8 g/kg 3.5 g/kg		- - 4 hours - -	
Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself. Irritation/Corrosion							
Product/ingredient name	Result	Spec	ies	Score	e Exposure		Observation
kylene	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbi	t	-		24 hours 50 mg	00 -
Conclusion/Summary							
Skin	: There are no data availa	able on	the mixtu	ure itse	lf.		
Eyes	: There are no data availa	able on	the mixtu	ure itse	lf.		
Respiratory	: There are no data availa	able on	the mixtu	ure itse	lf.		
Sensitization							
Conclusion/Summary							
Skin	: There are no data availa	the mixtu	ure itse	lf.			
Respiratory	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.						
<u>Mutagenicity</u>							
Conclusion/Summary <u>Carcinogenicity</u>	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.						
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.						
Reproductive toxicity							
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data availa	able on	the mixtu	ure itse	lf.		
Feratogenicity							
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data availa	able on	the mixtu	ure itse	lf.		
Specific target organ toxici	<u>ty (single exposure)</u>						
Name		Cat	egory		Route xpos		Target organs
xylene		Cate	egory 3	-			Respiratory tract irritation
Specific target organ toxici	ty (repeated exposure)						
Name		Cat	egory		Route xpos		Target organs
ethylbenzene		Cate	egory 2	-			hearing organs
							-

Aspiration hazard

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Name	Result
xylene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Hydrocarbons, C14-C19, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Naphtha (petroleum), heavy alkylate	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely routes of exposure		Not available.
Potential acute health effects		
Eye contact	:	Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	:	Harmful if inhaled.
Skin contact	:	Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin.
Ingestion	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
-		-

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking
Ingestion	: No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effect	ts and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
Short term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential delayed effects	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Long term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential delayed effects	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential chronic health eff	ects
General	: Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/ or dermatitis.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Section 11. Toxicological information

Route	ATE value
Inhalation (vapors)	3843.07 mg/kg 22.41 mg/l 2.88 mg/l

Other information

Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Contains a substance that may emit formaldehyde if stored beyond its shelf life and/or during cure at curing temperatures greater than 60C (140F). Avoid contact with skin and clothing.

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
	Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia	48 hours
	Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Ceriodaphnia dubia	-

Persistence/degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose	Inoculum
ethylbenzene	-	79 % - Rea	dily - 10 days	-	-
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic ha	alf-life	Photoly	/sis	Biodegradability
ylene Hydrocarbons, C14-C19, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	-		-		Readily Inherent
ethylbenzene	-		-		Readily

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
<mark>i≪</mark> ylene	3.12	7.4 to 18.5	Low
ethylbenzene	3.6	79.43	Low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

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Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	UN	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
Packing group	III	III	III
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.

Additional information

UN	: This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 450 L according to 2.3.2.5.1.
IMDG	This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 450 L according to 2.3.2.5.
ΙΑΤΑ	: None identified.
Special precauti	ons for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

Section 15. Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product : No known specific national and/or regional regulations applicable to this product (including its ingredients).

Law No. 74/2001 - Banned

None of the components are listed.

Law No. 74/2001 - Restricted

None of the components are listed.

Law No. 74/2001 - : Not determined Chemicals that may be used

International regulations

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Section 16. Other information

History	
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 29 May 2024
Date of previous issue	: 11/20/2023
Version	: 1.05
Prepared by	: EHS
Key to abbreviations	: ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail UN = United Nations

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.