# SAFETY DATA SHEET

PPG VIKOTE 56 BUFF 3142



Date of issue 29 May 2024

Version 29

# 1. Product and company identification

Product name	: PPG VIKOTE 56 BUFF 3142
Product code	: 00323903
Product type	: Liquid.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against		
Product use	: Professional applications, Used by spraying.	
Use of the substance/ mixture	: Coating.	
Uses advised against	: Not applicable.	
Supplier's details	: PPG PMC Japan Co., Ltd., 8F, Shintetsu Bldg., 1-1, Daikaidori 1-chome, Kobe 652-0803 Japan; Tel: +81-78-574-2777	
Emergency telephone number	: 078 574 2777	

# 2. Hazards identification

GHS Classification	<ul> <li>FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 1B SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract</li> </ul>
	irritation) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1 HAZARDOUS TO THE AQUATIC ENVIRONMENT - ACUTE HAZARD - Category 1 HAZARDOUS TO THE AQUATIC ENVIRONMENT - CHRONIC HAZARD - Category 2
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger

Product code 00323903 Product name PPG VIKOTE 5	Date of issue 29 May 2024 Version 29 BUFF 3142
2. Hazards identifi	ation
Hazard statements	<ul> <li>Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Suspected of causing cancer. May damage fertility or the unborn child. Causes damage to organs. (central nervous system (CNS), kidneys, liver, respiratory organs) Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (hearing organs, nervous system, respiratory organs) Very toxic to aquatic life. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.</li> </ul>
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment. Do not breathe vapor. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling.
Response	: Collect spillage. IF exposed or concerned: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.
Storage	: Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Other hazards which do not	: Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

result in classification

# 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

### **CAS number/other identifiers**

CAS number	: Not applicable.
CSCL number	: Not available.

Ingredient name	%	CAS number	CSCL
Ethyl Benzene	25 - <50	100-41-4	3-28; 3-60
Xylene	15 - <20	1330-20-7	3-3; 3-60
Titanium dioxide (excluding nanoparticle)	7 - <10	13463-67-7	1-558; 5-5225
barium sulfate	7 - <10	7727-43-7	1-89
Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes, chloro	3 - <5	63449-39-8	2-68; 2-71
Cyclohexanone	0.2 - <0.5	108-94-1	3-2376
Octadecanamide, N,N'-1,6-hexanediylbis	0.2 - <0.5	55349-01-4	2-3055
[12-hydroxy-			
2-Propenoic acid, homopolymer	0.1 - <0.2	9003-01-4	6-898

Product name PPG VIKOTE 56 BUFF 3142

# 3. Composition/information on ingredients

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

## 4. First aid measures

Eye contact	<ul> <li>Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.</li> </ul>
Inhalation	<ul> <li>Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.</li> </ul>
Skin contact	<ul> <li>Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.</li> </ul>
Ingestion	<ul> <li>If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label.</li> <li>Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.</li> </ul>

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	<ul> <li>Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.</li> </ul>
Skin contact	: Causes damage to organs following a single exposure in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin.
Ingestion	: Causes damage to organs following a single exposure if swallowed. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.
Over-exposure signs/sy	<u>/mptoms</u>

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

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4. First aid measu	ires		
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations	/ include the following: treatment needed, if necessary	
Notes to physician		decomposition products in a fire, sympto ay need to be kept under medical surveil	, ,
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.		
Protection of first-aiders	is suspected that fumes mask or self-contained providing aid to give mo	n involving any personal risk or without su are still present, the rescuer should weat breathing apparatus. It may be dangero outh-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash conta efore removing it, or wear gloves.	ar an appropriate us to the person

See toxicological information (Section 11)

5. Fire-fighting measures		
Extinguishing media		
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.	
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.	
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is very toxic to aquatic life. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.	
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides sulfur oxides carbonyl halides metal oxide/oxides	
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.	
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.	

# 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources.
	No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

### 6. Accidental release measures

For emergency responders	: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".			
Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.			
Methods and materials for co	ntainment and cleaning up			
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.			
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.			

# 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling
Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Conditions for safe storage : Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use. Product name PPG VIKOTE 56 BUFF 3142

# 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

Ingredient name		Exposure limits	
Ethyl Benzene Xylene		Japan Society for Occupational Health (Japan, 5/2023). Absorbed through skin. OEL-M: 87 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. OEL-M: 20 ppm 8 hours. Industrial Safety and Health Act (Japan, 6/2020). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. Industrial Safety and Health Act (Japan, 6/2020). [xylene] TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. Japan Society for Occupational Health (Japan, 5/2023). OEL-M: 50 ppm 8 hours.	
Titanium dioxide (excluding	nanoparticle)	<ul> <li>OEL-M: 30 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>OEL-M: 217 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</li> <li>Japan Society for Occupational Health (Japan, 5/2023). [titanium dioxide]</li> <li>OEL-M: 1.5 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (as Ti) 8 hours. Form: Respirable particulate matter</li> <li>OEL-M: 2 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (as Ti) 8 hours. Form: Total particulate matter</li> <li>Japan Society for Occupational Health (Japan, 5/2023). [titanium dioxide (nanoparticle)]</li> <li>OEL-M: 0.3 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: nanoparticle</li> </ul>	
Cyclohexanone		Japan Society for Occupational Health (Japan, 5/2023). OEL-M: 100 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. OEL-M: 25 ppm 8 hours. Industrial Safety and Health Act (Japan, 6/2020). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.	
Recommended monitoring procedures		appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to for methods for the determination of hazardous ed.	
Appropriate engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.		
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.		
Individual protection meas	ures		
Hygiene measures	eating, smoking and using the Appropriate techniques should	ce thoroughly after handling chemical products, before lavatory and at the end of the working period. I be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and e workstation location.	

# 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Eye protection	: Chemical splash goggles.		
Skin protection			
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.		
Gloves	: For prolonged or repeated handling, use the following type of gloves:		
	Not recommended: nitrile rubber Recommended: neoprene, natural rubber (latex), polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), Viton®		
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.		
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.		
Respiratory protection	: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.		

# 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance			
Physical state	: Liquid.		
Color	: Yellow.		
Odor	: Aromatic.		
Boiling point	: >37.78°C (>100°F)		
Flash point	: Closed cup: 17°C (6	2.6°F)	
Relative density	<b>:</b> 1.15		
Solubility/ico)	Media	Result	
Solubility(ies)	cold water	Not soluble	

10. Stability and reactivity			
Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.		
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.		
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.		

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10. Stability and r	eactivity		
Conditions to avoid	: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.		
Incompatible materials	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.		
Hazardous decomposition products	: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides sulfur oxides carbonyl halides metal oxide/oxides		

# 11. Toxicological information

### Information on toxicological effects

### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Ethyl Benzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.5 g/kg	-
Xylene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.7 g/kg	-
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-
Titanium dioxide (excluding nanoparticle)	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>6.82 mg/l	4 hours
. ,	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
barium sulfate	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
Paraffin waxes and	LD50 Oral	Rat	26100 mg/kg	-
Hydrocarbon waxes, chloro				
Cyclohexanone	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	8000 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1100 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1800 mg/kg	-
2-Propenoic acid, homopolymer	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2500 mg/kg	-

### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
<b>X</b> ylene	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	

### **Sensitization**

Not available.

### **Mutagenicity**

Not available.

### **Carcinogenicity**

Not available.

# Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

### **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

# **11. Toxicological information**

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Ethyl Benzene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
Xylene	Category 1	-	central nervous system (CNS), kidneys, liver, respiratory organs
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
Cyclohexanone	Category 1	-	respiratory system
	Category 2		central nervous system (CNS)
	Category 3		Narcotic effects

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Ethyl Benzene	Category 1	-	hearing organs, nervous system
Xylene	Category 1	-	nervous system, respiratory organs
Titanium dioxide (excluding nanoparticle)	Category 1	-	respiratory organs
barium sulfate	Category 1	-	respiratory organs
Cyclohexanone	Category 1	-	bones, central nervous system (CNS)
2-Propenoic acid, homopolymer	Category 1	-	respiratory organs

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Name	Result
	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely routes of exposure	:	Not available.
Potential acute health effec	<u>ts</u>	
Eye contact	1	Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	:	Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	:	Causes damage to organs following a single exposure in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin.
Ingestion	-	Causes damage to organs following a single exposure if swallowed. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.
Symptoms related to the pr	<u>iys</u>	ical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness

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al information		
: Adverse symptoms may respiratory tract irritation coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations	include the following:	
: Adverse symptoms may irritation redness dryness cracking reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations	include the following:	
: Adverse symptoms may reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations	include the following:	
	<ul> <li>Adverse symptoms may respiratory tract irritation coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations</li> <li>Adverse symptoms may irritation redness dryness cracking reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations</li> <li>Adverse symptoms may irritation redness dryness cracking reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations</li> <li>Adverse symptoms may irritation redness dryness cracking reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations</li> <li>Adverse symptoms may reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations</li> <li>Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations</li> <li>Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations</li> <li>Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths</li> </ul>

Short term exposurePotential immediate: Not available.effects: Not available.Potential delayed effects: Not available.Long term exposure: Not available.Potential immediate: Not available.effects: Not available.Potential delayed effects: Not available.Potential chronic health effects: Not available.General: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis.Carcinogenicity: Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.Mutagenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Reproductive toxicity: May damage fertility or the unborn child.	Delayea ana inimediate enec	10	and also encous ment short and long term exposure
effectsNot available.Potential delayed effects: Not available.Potential immediate: Not available.effects: Not available.Potential delayed effects: Not available.Potential chronic health effects: Not available.General: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis.Carcinogenicity: Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.Mutagenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	<u>Short term exposure</u>		
Long term exposurePotential immediate effects: Not available.Potential delayed effects: Not available.Potential chronic health effects: Not available.Potential chronic health effects: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis.Carcinogenicity: Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.Mutagenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.		:	Not available.
Potential immediate effects: Not available.Potential delayed effects: Not available.Potential chronic health effects: Not available.General: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis.Carcinogenicity: Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.Mutagenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	Potential delayed effects	1	Not available.
effectsPotential delayed effects: Not available.Potential chronic health effectsGeneral: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis.Carcinogenicity: Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.Mutagenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	<u>Long term exposure</u>		
Potential chronic health effectsGeneral: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis.Carcinogenicity: Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.Mutagenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.		1	Not available.
General: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis.Carcinogenicity: Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.Mutagenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	Potential delayed effects	1	Not available.
Carcinogenicity: Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.Mutagenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	Potential chronic health eff	ect	<u>s</u>
exposure.Mutagenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	General	:	
• •	Carcinogenicity	:	
<b>Reproductive toxicity</b> : May damage fertility or the unborn child.	Mutagenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
	Reproductive toxicity	:	May damage fertility or the unborn child.

## Numerical measures of toxicity

## Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
PPG VIKOTE 56 BUFF 3142	N/A	5023.6	N/A	21.2	N/A
Ethyl Benzene	3500	17800	N/A	17.8	N/A
Xylene	4300	1700	N/A	11	N/A
barium sulfate	N/A	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes, chloro	26100	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Cyclohexanone	1800	300	N/A	3	N/A
2-Propenoic acid, homopolymer	2500	3000	N/A	N/A	N/A

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# 11. Toxicological information

#### Other information

Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing.

# **12. Ecological information**

#### **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
	Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 >100 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Ceriodaphnia dubia	48 hours - 48 hours

#### Persistence/degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose		Inoculum
Ethyl Benzene	-	79 % - Readily - 10 days -		-		-
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life		Photolysis		Biodegradability	
<mark>E</mark> thyl Benzene Xylene	-		-		Readily Readily	

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Ethyl Benzene	3.6	79.43	Low
Xylene	3.12	7.4 to 18.5	Low
Paraffin waxes and	7.46 to 11.48	-	High
Hydrocarbon waxes, chloro			_
Cyclohexanone	0.86	-	Low

<u>Mobility in soil</u>	
Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)	: Not available.
Mobility	: Not available.
Other adverse effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible.<br/>Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply<br/>with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and<br/>any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable<br/>products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of<br/>untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities<br/>with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill<br/>should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its<br/>container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling

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## 13. Disposal considerations

emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation

## 14. Transport information

	UN	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
Packing group	II	II	II
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.

#### **Additional information**

UN	: None identified.
IMDG	: None identified.
ΙΑΤΑ	: 🏹 he environmentally
	regulations.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in

the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

# **15. Regulatory information**

#### Fire Service Law

Category	Substance name/Type	Danger category	Signal word	Designated quantity
Category IV	Class I petroleums	II	Flammable - Keep Fire Away	200 L

#### Pollutant Release and Transfer Registers (PRTR)

Ingredient name	%	Status	Reference number
Ethylbenzene Xylene Chlorinated paraffin (limited to those C10-13 and the mixtures thereof)	29 17 4.1	Class 1 Class 1 Class 1	53 80 72

#### **Industrial Safety and Health Act**

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### Product name PPG VIKOTE 56 BUFF 3142

# 15. Regulatory information

### Ordinance on the Prevention of the Hazard due to Specified Chemical Substances

Ingredient name	%		Reference number
ethyl benzene	≥20 - ≤30	Special Organic Solvents	3-3

### Substance(s) requiring labelling

Ingredient name	%	Status	Reference number
Ethylbenzene	≥20 - ≤30	Listed	70
Xylene	≥10 - ≤20	Listed	136
Titanium(IV) oxide	≤10	Listed	191

### **Chemicals requiring notification**

Ingredient name	%	Status	Reference number
Ethylbenzene	≥20 - ≤30	Listed	70
Xylene	≥10 - ≤20	Listed	136
Titanium(IV) oxide	≤10	Listed	191
Cyclohexanone	≤10	Listed	231

Carcinogens based on Article 577-2 of the Ordinance on ISH

None of the components are listed.

#### <u>Mutagen</u>

None of the components are listed.

Corrosive liquid	: Not listed
Occupational Safety and Health Law	: Inflammable, Combustible
Regulations on the Prevention of Tetraalkyl Lead Poisoning	: Not listed
Harmful Substances Subject to Obtaining Permission for Manufacturing	: Not listed
Harmful Substances, Prohibited for Manufacturing	: Not listed
ISHL Enforcement Order Appendix 1 - Dangerous Substances	: Inflammable, Combustible
Lead regulation	: Not listed
Organic solvents poisoning prevention	: Class 2

### Poisonous and Deleterious Substances

None of the components are listed.

Chemical Substances Control Law (CSCL)

# 15. Regulatory information

Ingredient name	%	Status	Reference number
<b>∠</b> thylbenzene	≥20 - ≤30	Priority assessment	50
Xylene	≥10 - ≤20	Priority assessment	125
Polychlorinated normal paraffin (It is limited that the number of carbon is 10 to 13 and the content of chlorine is more than 48% of the total weight.)	≤10	Class I Specified	32
Cyclohexanone	≤10	Priority assessment	131
Polymer of acrylic acid	≤10	Priority assessment	234
2,2,4,4,6,6,8,8-Octamethyl- 1,3,5,7,2,4,6,8-tetraoxatetrasilocane	≤10	Monitoring	40
1-Butanol	≤10	Priority assessment	124
2,6-Di-tert-butyl-4-methylphenol	≤10	Priority assessment	64

High Pressure Gas Control : Not available. Law

#### **Explosives Control Law**

None of the components are listed.

Law concerning prevention : Not available. of pollution of the ocean

#### **Maritime Safety Law**

#### Notification Regulating Transportation of Dangerous Materials by Sea

None of the components are listed.

#### **Container class**

None of the components are listed.

JSOH Carcinogen	: Group 2B
List of Specially Controlled Industrial Waste	: Not listed
Japan inventory	: Not determined.
Road law	: Not available.

# 16. Other information

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	Goods by Inland Waterway ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
Key to abbreviations	: ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous
Prepared by	: EHS
Version	: 29
Date of previous issue	: 10/23/2023
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 29 May 2024
<u>History</u>	

Japan

# 16. Other information

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail UN = United Nations

**V** Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### Notice to reader

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.