SAFETY DATA SHEET



Date of issue/Date of revision 31 May 2024 Version 8

Section 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product code	:	00281500
Product name	:	PSX 892 HS ALUMINUM RESIN
Other means of identification	:	Not available.
Product type	:	Liquid.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against		
Product use	 Coating. Industrial applications, Used by spraying. 	
Uses advised against	: Product is not intended, labelled or packaged for consumer use.	
Supplier's details	: PPG Coatings (Thailand) Co., Ltd. 15 Rama 9 Road, Kwaeng Huamark, Khet Bangkapi, Bangkok 10240 Thailand T: 662-319-4190 #224 F: 662-319-4189	
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	: CHEMTREC 001-800-13-203-9987 (CCN 17704)	

Section 2. Hazards identification

substance or mixtureSKIN CORRO SERIOUS EYE SKIN SENSIT CARCINOGEN SPECIFIC TAI AQUATIC HAZ	LIQUIDS - Category 3 SION/IRRITATION - Category 3 E DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A ZATION - Category 1B NICITY - Category 1 RGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1 ZARD (ACUTE) - Category 3 the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown hazards to the ment: 65.1%
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GHS label elements

Section 2. Hazards identification

Hazard pictograms	:	
Signal word	:	Danger
Hazard statements	:	 Mammable liquid and vapor. Causes mild skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause cancer. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (central nervous system (CNS)) Harmful to aquatic life.
Precautionary statements		
Prevention	-	Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Use personal protective equipment as required. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take action to prevent static discharges. Keep container tightly closed. Avoid release to the environment. Do not breathe vapor. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
Response	:	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.
Storage	:	Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
Disposal	:	Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
		De la serie de la sete da serie de cliente de la sete de serie de la ser

Other hazards which do not : Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

result in classification

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

: Mixture

CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number : Not applicable.

Version 8

Product name PSX 892 HS ALUMINUM RESIN

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Ingredient name	%	CAS number	
Stoddard solvent	10- <20	8052-41-3	
Silicic acid, ethyl ester	3 - <5	11099-06-2	
N-(3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl)ethylenediamine	1- <3	1760-24-3	
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliph.	1- <3	64742-89-8	
n-butyl acetate	1- <3	123-86-4	
tetraethyl silicate	1- <3	78-10-4	
dibutyltin dilaurate	0.1- <0.3	77-58-7	
2-butanone oxime	0.1- <0.3	96-29-7	

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures		
Eye contact	 Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice. 	
Inhalation	 Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. 	
Skin contact	 Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners. 	
Ingestion	 If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting. 	

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects	
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: Causes mild skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Over-exposure signs/sympto	<u>ms</u>
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking
Ingestion	: No specific data.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Date of issue 31 May 2024

Product name PSX 892 HS ALUMINUM RESIN

Section 4. First aid measures

Notes to physician	: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO_2 , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Mammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is harmful to aquatic life. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides metal oxide/oxides Formaldehyde.
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	 Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, pro	stective equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

For emergency responders	s :	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precaution	s :	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.
Methods and materials for o	<u>cont</u>	ainment and cleaning up
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a 5 history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in handling which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container. Materials such as cleaning rags, paper wipes and protective clothing, which are contaminated with the product may spontaneously self-ignite some hours later. To avoid the risks of fires, all contaminated materials should be stored in purpose-built containers or in metal containers with tight-fitting, self-closing lids. Contaminated

and be stored outside.

materials should be removed from the workplace at the end of each working day

Date of issue 31 May 2024

Product name PSX 892 HS ALUMINUM RESIN

Section 7. Handling and storage

Conditions for safe storage,	4	Do not store above the following temperature: 50°C (122°F). Store in accordance
including any		with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original
incompatibilities		container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away
		from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up.
		Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container
		tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened
		must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in
		unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental
		contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name		Exposure limits		
Stoddard solvent		ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023). TWA: 525 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.		
n-butyl acetate		ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023). [Butyl acetates] STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.		
tetraethyl silicate		Ministry of Labor (Thailand, 8/2017). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.		
dibutyltin dilaurate		ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023). [Tin, organic compounds] Absorbed through skin. STEL: 0.2 mg/m ³ , (as Sn) 15 minutes. TWA: 0.1 mg/m ³ , (as Sn) 8 hours.		
Recommended monitoring procedures		opriate monitoring standards. Reference to nethods for the determination of hazardous		
Appropriate engineering controls	ventilation or other engineering cor contaminants below any recommer also need to keep gas, vapor or du	Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.		
Environmental exposure controls	they comply with the requirements cases, fume scrubbers, filters or er	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure hey comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.		

Individual protection measures

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye protection	: Chemical splash goggles.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Gloves	: butyl rubber
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	 Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance	
Physical state	: Liquid.
Color	: Not available.
Odor	: Characteristic.
Odor threshold	: Not available.
рН	: insoluble in water.
Melting point	 May start to solidify at the following temperature: <-60°C (<-76°F) This is based on data for the following ingredient: Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliph Weighted average: -79.83°C (-111.7°F)
Boiling point	: >37.78°C (>100°F)
Flash point	: Closed cup: 32.78°C (91°F)
Evaporation rate	: 0.89 (butyl acetate = 1)
Flammability (solid, gas)	: liquid

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	1	Greatest known range: Lower: 1.3% Upper: 23% (tetraethyl silicate)		
Vapor pressure	1	1.7 kPa (12.8 mm Hg) (at 20°C)		
Vapor density	:	Highest known value: 7.22 (Air = 1) (tetraethyl silicate). Weighted average: 4.85 (Air = 1)		
Relative density	:	1.19		
Solubility(ies)		Media Result		
		old water Not soluble		
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not applicable.		
Auto-ignition temperature	1	Lowest known value: 230 to 240°C (446 to 464°F) (Stoddard solvent).		
Decomposition temperature	:	Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).		
Viscosity	:	Kinematic (40°C): >21 mm²/s		

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.
Incompatible materials	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides Formaldehyde. metal oxide/oxides

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Stoddard solvent	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5 g/kg	-
Silicic acid, ethyl ester	LD50 Oral	Rat	6270 mg/kg	-
N-(3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl) ethylenediamine	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2413 mg/kg	-
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliph.	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	>20 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
			Thailand	Page: 8/

Version 8

Product name PSX 892 HS ALUMINUM RESIN

Section 11. Toxicological information

	cological information				
n-butyl acetate	LD50 Oral LC50 Inhalation Vapor LC50 Inhalation Vapor LD50 Dermal	Rat Rat Rat Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg >21.1 mg/l 2000 ppm >17600 mg/ kg	- 4 hours 4 hours -	
tetraethyl silicate dibutyltin dilaurate	LD50 Oral LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral LD50 Oral	Rat Rat Rabbit Rat Rat	10.768 g/kg 10 to 16 mg/l 5.878 g/kg 6270 mg/kg 2071 mg/kg	- 4 hours - - -	
2-butanone oxime	LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral	Rabbit Rat	1100 mg/kg 100 mg/kg	-	
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the mixture	e itself.			
Irritation/Corrosion					
Conclusion/Summary					
Skin : There are no data available on the mixture itself.					
Eyes : There are no data available on the mixture itself.					
Respiratory : There are no data available on the mixture itself.					
Sensitization					
Conclusion/Summary					
Skin	There are no data available on the mixture itself.				
Respiratory : There are no data available on the mixture itself.					
<u>Mutagenicity</u>					
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the mixture	e itself.			
Carcinogenicity					
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the mixture	e itself.			
Reproductive toxicity					
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the mixture	e itself.			
Teratogenicity					
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the mixture	e itself.			
Specific target organ tox					

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
N→-(3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl)ethylenediamine Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliph.	Category 3 Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation Narcotic effects
n-butyl acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
tetraethyl silicate dibutyltin dilaurate	Category 3 Category 1	-	Respiratory tract irritation thymus
2-butanone oxime	Category 1 Category 3	-	upper respiratory tract Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Section 11. Toxicological information

Name			Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Stoddard solvent			Category 1	-	central nervous system (CNS)
dibutyltin dilaurate 2-butanone oxime			Category 1 Category 2	oral -	immune system blood system
Aspiration hazard					
Name				Result	
Stoddard solvent Solvent naphtha (petroleum)	, lig	ht aliph.			N HAZARD - Category 1 N HAZARD - Category 1
nformation on the likely routes of exposure	:	Not available.			
Potential acute health effect	s				
Eye contact	:	Causes serious eye irri	itation.		
Inhalation	:	No known significant e	ffects or critic	al hazards.	
Skin contact	:	Causes mild skin irritat reaction.	ion. Defatting	g to the skin. Ma	ay cause an allergic skin
Ingestion	:	No known significant e	ffects or critic	al hazards.	
Commutance related to the rela					
Symptoms related to the ph Eye contact		cal, chemical and toxic Adverse symptoms ma pain or irritation watering redness	ological cha	racteristics	
Eye contact	:	Adverse symptoms ma pain or irritation watering redness No specific data.	ological char ay include the	racteristics following:	
Eye contact Inhalation Skin contact	:	Adverse symptoms ma pain or irritation watering redness No specific data. Adverse symptoms ma irritation redness dryness cracking	ological char ay include the	racteristics following:	
Eye contact	:	Adverse symptoms ma pain or irritation watering redness No specific data. Adverse symptoms ma irritation redness dryness	ological char ay include the	racteristics following:	
Eye contact Inhalation Skin contact	::	Adverse symptoms ma pain or irritation watering redness No specific data. Adverse symptoms ma irritation redness dryness cracking No specific data.	ay include the	racteristics following: following:	<u>exposure</u>
Eye contact Inhalation Skin contact Ingestion	::	Adverse symptoms ma pain or irritation watering redness No specific data. Adverse symptoms ma irritation redness dryness cracking No specific data.	ay include the	racteristics following: following:	<u>exposure</u>
Eye contact Inhalation Skin contact Ingestion Delayed and immediate effe	: : : :	Adverse symptoms ma pain or irritation watering redness No specific data. Adverse symptoms ma irritation redness dryness cracking No specific data.	ay include the	racteristics following: following:	<u>exposure</u>
Eye contact Inhalation Skin contact Ingestion Delayed and immediate effe Short term exposure Potential immediate	: : : : :	Adverse symptoms ma pain or irritation watering redness No specific data. Adverse symptoms ma irritation redness dryness cracking No specific data. and also chronic effect	ay include the	racteristics following: following:	<u>exposure</u>

Section 11. Toxicological information

Potential delayed effects	: Not available.					
Potential chronic health effects						
General	: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.					
Carcinogenicity	: May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.					
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.					
Reproductive toxicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.					

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Ǿral	53959.08 mg/kg
Dermal	10939.33 mg/kg
Inhalation (vapors)	299.8 mg/l

Other information

Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Trimethoxysilanes are capable of forming methanol if hydrolyzed or ingested. If swallowed, methanol may be harmful or fatal or cause blindness. Contains a substance that may emit formaldehyde if stored beyond its shelf life and/or during cure at curing temperatures greater than 60C (140F). Avoid contact with skin and clothing.

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
M→(3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl) ethylenediamine	EC50 597 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
n-butyl acetate dibutyltin dilaurate	Acute LC50 18 mg/l EC50 0.463 mg/l	Fish Daphnia	96 hours 48 hours
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.		

Persistence/degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose	Inoculum
-butyl acetate	TEPA and OECD 301D	83 % - Readily - 28 days	-	-
Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.				

Thailand Page: 11/14

Section 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
-butyl acetate	-	-	Readily

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Stoddard solvent	3.16 to 7.06	-	High
n-butyl acetate	2.3	-	Low
tetraethyl silicate	3.18	-	Low
dibutyltin dilaurate	4.44	-	High
2-butanone oxime	0.63	5.01	Low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition	
coefficient (Koc)	
Other adverse effects	

: Not available.

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	UN	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
Packing group		III	III

Thailand Page: 12/14

Product code 00281500

Date of issue 31 May 2024

Version 8

Product name PSX 892 HS ALUMINUM RESIN

Section 14. Transport information

Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.

Additional information

UN	: None identified.
IMDG	: None identified.
ΙΑΤΑ	: None identified.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

Section 15. Regulatory information

Harmful Chemicals List Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product	 Listed No known specific national and/or regional regulations applicable to this product (including its ingredients).
International regulations Montreal Protocol	

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Section 16. Other information

<u>History</u>	
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 31 May 2024
Date of previous issue	: 3/1/2022
Version	: 8
Prepared by	: EHS

Product code 00281500

Product name PSX 892 HS ALUMINUM RESIN

Section 16. Other information

Key to abbreviations	: ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous
	Goods by Inland Waterway
	ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of
	Dangerous Goods by Road
	ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
	BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
	GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
	IATA = International Air Transport Association
	IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
	LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
	MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships,
	1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)
	RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods
	by Rail
	UN = United Nations

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.