## SAFETY DATA SHEET

AMERSHIELD DEEP TINT RESIN



Date of issue 3 June 2024

Version 6

number

### **1. Product and company identification**

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Product name	: AMERSHIELD DEEP TINT RESIN	
Product code	: 00333810	
Product type	: Liquid.	
Relevant identified uses of	of the substance or mixture and uses advised against	
Product use	: Industrial applications, Used by spraying.	
Use of the substance/ mixture	: Coating.	
Uses advised against	: Not applicable.	
Supplier's details	₽ PPG PMC Japan Co., Ltd., 8F, Shintetsu Bldg., 1-1, Daikaidori 1-chome, Kobe 652-0803 Japan; Tel: +81-78-574-2777	
Emergency telephone	: 078 574 2777	

2. Hazards identification		
GHS Classification	: AMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2B RESPIRATORY SENSITIZATION - Category 1 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1 HAZARDOUS TO THE AQUATIC ENVIRONMENT - ACUTE HAZARD - Category 3 HAZARDOUS TO THE AQUATIC ENVIRONMENT - CHRONIC HAZARD - Category 3	
GHS label elements		
Hazard pictograms		
Signal word	: Danger	
Hazard statements	<ul> <li>Fammable liquid and vapor. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes eye irritation. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. May cause cancer. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (respiratory organs) Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.</li> </ul>	
Precautionary statements		

Product code 00333810	Date of issue 3 June 2024 Version 6
Product name AMERSHIELD	EP TINT RESIN
2. Hazards identifi	ation
Prevention	Detain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Wear respiratory protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Avoid release to the environment. Do not breathe vapor. Do not eat, drink or smoke wher using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
Response	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.
Storage	Store locked up.
Disposal	Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Other hazards which do not result in classification	Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

### 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

#### **CAS number/other identifiers**

CAS number: Not applicable.CSCL number: Not available.

Ingredient name	%	CAS number	CSCL
Butyl acetate	12.5 - <15	123-86-4	2-731
Titanium dioxide (excluding nanoparticle)	10 - <12.5	13463-67-7	1-558; 5-5225
Propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate	3 - <5	108-65-6	2-3144
Ethyl 3-ethoxypropanoate	1 - <2	763-69-9	2-1350; 2-1379
Crystalline silica (quartz)	0.5 - <1	14808-60-7	1-548
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom	0.5 - <1	64742-94-5	Not available.
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	0.5 - <1	41556-26-7	5-5501
Acetone	0.2 - <0.5	67-64-1	2-542
4-isocyanatosulphonyltoluene	0.1 - <0.2	4083-64-1	3-2222
2-hydroxyethyl methacrylate	0.1 - <0.2	868-77-9	2-1044
methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	0.1 - <0.2	82919-37-7	5-5593
Silica	0.1 - <0.2	7631-86-9	1-548

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

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## 4. First aid measures

Description of necess	ary first aid measures
Eye contact	<ul> <li>Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.</li> </ul>
Inhalation	: Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	<ul> <li>Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.</li> </ul>
Ingestion	<ul> <li>If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label.</li> <li>Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.</li> </ul>

Most important symptoms/e	acute and delayed		
Potential acute health effe			
Eye contact	auses eye irritation.		
Inhalation	ay cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhal	ed.	
Skin contact	efatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation. May caus in reaction.	e an allergic	
Ingestion	No known significant effects or critical hazards.		
<u>Over-exposure signs/symp</u>			
Eye contact	dverse symptoms may include the following: itation atering dness		
Inhalation	dverse symptoms may include the following: heezing and breathing difficulties sthma		
Skin contact	dverse symptoms may include the following: itation dness yness acking		
Ingestion	o specific data.		
Indication of immediate med	tention and special treatment needed, if necessary		
Notes to physician	eat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediate antities have been ingested or inhaled.	y if large	
Specific treatments	o specific treatment.		
Protection of first-aiders	o action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an a ask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the oviding aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminate oroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.	ppropriate ne person	

See toxicological information (Section 11)

### 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

### 6. Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
	: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.
Methods and materials for co	ntainment and cleaning up
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for

### 6. Accidental release measures

emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.
 Special provisions
 Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Place in a suitable container. The contaminated area should be cleaned immediately with a suitable decontaminant. One possible (flammable) decontaminant comprises (by volume): water (45 parts), ethanol or isopropyl alcohol (50 parts) and concentrated (d: 0,880) ammonia solution (5 parts). A non-flammable alternative is sodium carbonate (5 parts) and water (95 parts). Add the same decontaminant to the remnants and let stand for several days until no further reaction in an unsealed container. Once this stage is reached, close container and dispose of according to local regulations (see section 13). Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. If the product contaminates lakes, rivers, or sewers, inform the appropriate authorities in accordance with local regulations.

### 7. Handling and storage

**Precautions for safe** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a handling history of skin sensitization problems or asthma, allergies or chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only nonsparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Conditions for safe storage : Do not store above the following temperature: 50°C (122°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Precautions should be taken to minimize exposure to atmospheric humidity or water.  $CO_2$  will be formed, which, in closed containers, could result in pressurization.

### 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

<u>Control parameters</u> <u>Occupational exposure limits</u>

Japan Page: 5/15

### 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Ingredient name		Exposure limits
Butyl acetate		Japan Society for Occupational Health (Japan, 5/2023). OEL-M: 475 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. OEL-M: 100 ppm 8 hours. Industrial Safety and Health Act (Japan, 6/2020). TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours.
Titanium dioxide (excluding	nanoparticle)	Japan Society for Occupational Health (Japan, 5/2023). [titanium dioxide] OEL-M: 1.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as Ti) 8 hours. Form: Respirable particulate matter OEL-M: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as Ti) 8 hours. Form: Total particulate matter Japan Society for Occupational Health (Japan, 5/2023). [titanium dioxide (nanoparticle)] OEL-M: 0.3 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: nanoparticle
Crystalline silica (quartz)		Japan Society for Occupational Health (Japan, 5/2023). [Respirable crystalline silica] OEL-C: 0.03 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Form: Respirable dust
Acetone		Japan Society for Occupational Health (Japan, 5/2023). OEL-M: 475 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. OEL-M: 200 ppm 8 hours. Industrial Safety and Health Act (Japan, 6/2020). TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours.
Recommended monitoring procedures		priate monitoring standards. Reference to thods for the determination of hazardous
Appropriate engineering controls	or other engineering controls to keep below any recommended or statutor	Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation o worker exposure to airborne contaminants y limits. The engineering controls also need to ons below any lower explosive limits. Use nt.
Environmental exposure controls	they comply with the requirements o	rocess equipment should be checked to ensure f environmental protection legislation. In some gineering modifications to the process equipment hs to acceptable levels.
ndividual protection measu	ures	
Hygiene measures	eating, smoking and using the lavato Appropriate techniques should be us Contaminated work clothing should i	roughly after handling chemical products, before bry and at the end of the working period. sed to remove potentially contaminated clothing. not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash g. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety n location.
Eye protection <u>Skin protection</u>	: Safety glasses with side shields.	

## 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should
	be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Gloves	: butyl rubber
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	<ul> <li>Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.</li> </ul>
Respiratory protection	: Use an air-fed respirator unless a site-specific assessment determines that an air- fed respirator is not necessary, in which case the results of the risk assessment should be utilized to determine whether respiratory protection is necessary and what type of protection is appropriate. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

### 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>			
Physical state	: Liquid.		
Odor	: Characteristic.		
Boiling point	: >37.78°C (>100°F)		
Flash point	: Closed cup: 43.33°C (110°F)		
Evaporation rate	: 0.98 (butyl acetate = 1)		
Vapor pressure	: 🗹 6 kPa (19.5 mm Hg)		
Relative density	: 1.37		
Solubility/ico)	Media	Result	
Solubility(ies)	cold water	Not soluble	
	L		

10. Stability and reactivity		
Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.	
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.	
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.	
Conditions to avoid	: In a fire, hazardous decomposition products may be produced.	
Incompatible materials	: Keep away from: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids, amines, alcohols, water. Uncontrolled exothermic reactions occur with amines and alcohols.	

### 10. Stability and reactivity

Hazardous decomposition products

: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides metal oxide/oxides

### **11. Toxicological information**

#### Information on toxicological effects

#### **Acute toxicity Product/ingredient name** Result **Species** Dose **Exposure** Butyl acetate LC50 Inhalation Vapor Rat >21.1 mg/l 4 hours LC50 Inhalation Vapor Rat 2000 ppm 4 hours LD50 Dermal Rabbit >17600 mg/kg LD50 Oral Rat 10.768 g/kg Titanium dioxide (excluding LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists Rat >6.82 mg/l 4 hours nanoparticle) LD50 Dermal Rabbit >5000 mg/kg >5000 mg/kg LD50 Oral Rat Propylene glycol LC50 Inhalation Vapor Rat 30 mg/l 4 hours monomethyl ether acetate LD50 Dermal Rabbit >5 g/kg LD50 Oral 6190 mg/kg Rat \_ Ethyl 3-ethoxypropanoate LD50 Dermal >5 g/kg Rabbit \_ 3200 mg/kg LD50 Oral Rat Solvent naphtha (petroleum), LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists 4 hours Rat >5.2 mg/l heavy arom Rat LD50 Oral >5 g/kg bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-3.125 g/kg LD50 Oral Rat 4-piperidyl) sebacate Rat 76000 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 4 hours Acetone LC50 Inhalation Vapor LD50 Dermal Rabbit 15.8 g/kg LD50 Oral 5800 mg/kg Rat 4-isocyanatosulphonyltoluene 2234 mg/kg LD50 Oral Rat 2-hydroxyethyl methacrylate LD50 Dermal Rabbit >5 g/kg 5050 mg/kg LD50 Oral Rat methyl LD50 Oral Rat 3.125 g/kg \_ 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate Silica LD50 Dermal Rabbit >5000 mg/kg LD50 Oral Rat - Male, >5000 mg/kg Female

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Not available.

#### Sensitization

Not available.

#### **Mutagenicity**

Not available.

#### Carcinogenicity

Not available.

#### Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

#### **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

#### Product name AMERSHIELD DEEP TINT RESIN

### **11. Toxicological information**

### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Butyl acetate	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
Propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
Ethyl 3-ethoxypropanoate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
Acetone	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
4-isocyanatosulphonyltoluene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
Silica	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Ttanium dioxide (excluding nanoparticle) Crystalline silica (quartz)	Category 1 Category 1	-	respiratory organs immune system, kidneys, respiratory organs
Acetone	Category 1	-	central nervous system (CNS), gastrointestinal tract, respiratory organs
Silica	Category 1	-	immune system, kidneys, respiratory organs

#### Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on the likely routes of exposure	;	Not available.
Potential acute health effec	ts	
Eye contact	:	Causes eye irritation.
Inhalation	:	May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
Skin contact	:	Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Symptoms related to the ph	ys	ical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation watering redness

Product code 00333810	Date of issue 3 June 2024 Vers	ion 6
Product name AMERSHIELD	DEEP TINT RESIN	
11. Toxicological i	nformation	
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: wheezing and breathing difficulties asthma	
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking	
Ingestion	: No specific data.	
	ts and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure	
Short term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.	
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.	
Long term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.	
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.	
Potential chronic health eff	ects	
General	: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prr repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequent to very low levels.	r dermatitis.
Carcinogenicity	: May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exp	osure.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	

#### **Reproductive toxicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

2

#### Numerical measures of toxicity

#### Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
Butyl acetate	10768	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate	6190	N/A	N/A	30	N/A
Ethyl 3-ethoxypropanoate	3200	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	3125	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Acetone	5800	15800	N/A	76	N/A
4-isocyanatosulphonyltoluene	2234	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
2-hydroxyethyl methacrylate	5050	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	3125	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

#### Other information

Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Based on the properties of the isocyanate components and considering toxicological data on similar mixtures, this mixture may cause acute irritation and/or sensitization of the respiratory system, leading to an asthmatic condition, wheezing and tightness of the chest. Sensitized persons may subsequently show asthmatic symptoms when exposed to atmospheric concentrations well below the OEL. Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems or asthma, allergies or chronic or recurrent Product code 00333810

Product name AMERSHIELD DEEP TINT RESIN

### 11. Toxicological information

respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Repeated exposure may lead to permanent respiratory disability. Moisture-sensitive material. Avoid contact with skin and clothing.

### **12. Ecological information**

#### **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Butyl acetate	Acute LC50 18 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
Titanium dioxide (excluding nanoparticle)	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	48 hours
Propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate	Acute LC50 134 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
Ethyl 3-ethoxypropanoate	Acute LC50 60.9 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
Solvent naphtha (petroleum),	NOEL 0.48 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia	21 days
heavy arom			
Acetone	Acute LC50 4.42589 ml/L Marine water	Crustaceans - <i>Acartia tonsa</i> - Copepodid	48 hours
	Acute LC50 5540 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
Silica	Acute EC50 2.2 g/L Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 >10000 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 12.5 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - Neonate	21 days

#### Persistence/degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose		Inoculum	
Butyl acetate	TEPA and OECD 301D	83 % - Readily - 28 days					-
Propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate Acetone	-	83 % - Readily - 28 days 90.9 % - Readily - 28 days		-		-  -	
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life		Photolysis		Biodeg	gradability	
Butyl acetate Propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate Ethyl 3-ethoxypropanoate Acetone	- - -		- - -		Readily Readily Readily Readily	ý ý	

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Butyl acetate	2.3	-	Low
Propylene glycol	1.2	-	Low
monomethyl ether acetate			
Ethyl 3-ethoxypropanoate	1.47	-	Low
Solvent naphtha (petroleum),	2.8 to 6.5	-	High
heavy arom			
Acetone	-0.23	3	Low
2-hydroxyethyl methacrylate	0.42	-	Low

#### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)	: Not available.
Mobility	: Not available.

## 12. Ecological information

**Other adverse effects** 

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers
	sewers.

### 14. Transport information

	UN	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
Packing group	III	=======================================	III
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.

#### Additional information

- UN : None identified.
- IMDG : None identified.
- IATA : None identified.

# Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

### 15. Regulatory information

#### **Fire Service Law**

Category	Substance name/Type	Danger category	Signal word	Designated quantity
Category IV	Class II petroleums	III	Flammable - Keep Fire Away	1000 L

#### Pollutant Release and Transfer Registers (PRTR)

None of the components are listed.

#### **Industrial Safety and Health Act**

#### Ordinance on the Prevention of the Hazard due to Specified Chemical Substances

None of the components are listed.

#### Substance(s) requiring labelling

Ingredient name	%		Reference number
	≥10 - ≤20	Listed	181
	≥10 - ≤20	Listed	191
	≤10	Listed	165-2

#### **Chemicals requiring notification**

Ingredient name	%	Status	Reference number
	≥10 - ≤20	Listed	181
	≥10 - ≤20	Listed	191
	≤10	Listed	165-2
	≤10	Listed	17

#### Carcinogens based on Article 577-2 of the Ordinance on ISH

Ingredient name	%		Reference number
guartz	≤10	Listed	-
silicon dioxide	≤10	Listed	

#### <u>Mutagen</u>

None of the components are listed.

Corrosive liquid	1	Not listed
Occupational Safety and Health Law	:	Inflammable
Regulations on the Prevention of Tetraalkyl Lead Poisoning	:	Not listed
Harmful Substances Subject to Obtaining Permission for Manufacturing	:	Not listed
Harmful Substances, Prohibited for Manufacturing	:	Not listed

### 15. Regulatory information

ISHL Enforcement Order Appendix 1 - Dangerous Substances	: Inflammable
Lead regulation	: Not listed
Organic solvents poisoning prevention	: Class 2

#### **Poisonous and Deleterious Substances**

None of the components are listed.

#### **Chemical Substances Control Law (CSCL)**

Ingredient name	%	Status	Reference number
Naphthalene	≤10	Priority assessment	76
Styrene	≤10	Priority assessment	47
alpha-(Nonylphenyl)-omega-hydroxypoly(oxyethylene)	≤10	Priority assessment	86
1-Butanol	≤10	Priority assessment	124
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	≤10	Priority assessment	49
Xylene	≤10	Priority assessment	125
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	≤10	Priority assessment	201
Cumene	≤10	Priority assessment	126
Ethylbenzene	≤10	Priority assessment	50
1,4-Dioxane	≤10	Priority assessment	80
2,6-Di-tert-butyl-4-methylphenol	≤10	Priority assessment	64
Toluene	≤10	Priority assessment	46
2,2,4,4,6,6,8,8-Octamethyl-	≤10	Monitoring	40
1,3,5,7,2,4,6,8-tetraoxatetrasilocane		_	
2,2,4,4,6,6,8,8,10,10,12,12-Dodecamethyl-	≤10	Monitoring	41
1,3,5,7,9,11-hexaoxa-2,4,6,8,10,12-hexasilacyclododecane	e	-	
Acetaldehyde	≤10	Priority assessment	26
Ethylene oxide	≤10	Priority assessment	19
Benzene	≤10	Priority assessment	45

High Pressure Gas Control : Not available. Law

#### **Explosives Control Law**

None of the components are listed.

Law concerning prevention : Not available. of pollution of the ocean

#### Maritime Safety Law

#### Notification Regulating Transportation of Dangerous Materials by Sea

None of the components are listed.

#### **Container class**

None of the components are listed.

: Group 1
: Not listed
: At least one component is not listed.
: Not available.

### **16. Other information**

<u>History</u>	
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 3 June 2024
Date of previous issue	: 8/13/2020
Version	: 6
Prepared by	: EHS
Key to abbreviations	<ul> <li>ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway</li> <li>ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road</li> <li>ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate</li> <li>BCF = Bioconcentration Factor</li> <li>GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association</li> <li>IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods</li> <li>LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient</li> <li>MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)</li> <li>RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail</li> <li>UN = United Nations</li> </ul>

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### Notice to reader

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.