SAFETY DATA SHEET

AMERSHIELD NAVY 27 HAZE GRAY F/S 26270



Date of issue 3 June 2024

Version 14

1. Product and company identification

Product name	: AMERSHIELD NAVY 27 HAZE GRAY F/S 26270	
Product code	: 00333763	
Product type	: Liquid.	
<u>Relevant identified uses of</u> Product use	of the substance or mixture and uses advised against : Industrial applications, Used by spraying.	
Use of the substance/ mixture	: Coating.	
Uses advised against	: Not applicable.	

Supplier's details : PPG PMC Japan Co., Ltd., 8F, Shintetsu Bldg., 1-1, Daikaidori 1-chome, Kobe 652-0803 Japan; Tel: +81-78-574-2777

Emergency telephone	: 078 574 2777
number	

2. Hazards identification		
GHS Classification	: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2B RESPIRATORY SENSITIZATION - Category 1 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2 HAZARDOUS TO THE AQUATIC ENVIRONMENT - ACUTE HAZARD - Category 3 HAZARDOUS TO THE AQUATIC ENVIRONMENT - CHRONIC HAZARD - Category 3	
GHS label elements		
Hazard pictograms		
Signal word	: Danger	
Hazard statements	 Flammable liquid and vapor. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes eye irritation. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause cancer. 	

Product code 00333763 Product name AMERSHIELD	Date of issue 3 June 2024Version 14NAVY 27 HAZE GRAY F/S 26270	
2. Hazards identifi	cation	
	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (respiratory organs) Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.	
Precautionary statements		
Prevention	: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Wear respiratory protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment. Do not breathe vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.	
Response	: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.	
Storage	: Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.	
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.	
Other hazards which do not result in classification	: Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.	

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number	: Not applicable.
CSCL number	: Not available.

Ingredient name	%	CAS number	CSCL
Butyl acetate	12.5 - <15	123-86-4	2-731
Propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate	5 - <7	108-65-6	2-3144
Titanium dioxide (excluding nanoparticle)	5 - <7	13463-67-7	1-558; 5-5225
Ethyl 3-ethoxypropanoate	1 - <2	763-69-9	2-1350; 2-1379
Crystalline silica (quartz)	0.5 - <1	14808-60-7	1-548
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	0.2 - <0.5	41556-26-7	5-5501
Acetone	0.2 - <0.5	67-64-1	2-542
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom	0.2 - <0.5	64742-94-5	Not available.
4-isocyanatosulphonyltoluene	0.1 - <0.2	4083-64-1	3-2222
2-hydroxyethyl methacrylate	0.1 - <0.2	868-77-9	2-1044
carbon black	0.1 - <0.2	1333-86-4	5-3328; 5-5222
methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	0.1 - <0.2	82919-37-7	5-5593

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

4. First aid measures

Description of necess	ary first aid measures
Eye contact	 Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.
Inhalation	: Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	 Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion	 If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Most important symptoms/e	ffec	ts, acute and delayed
Potential acute health effect	<u>cts</u>	
Eye contact	:	Causes eye irritation.
Inhalation	:	Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
Skin contact	:	Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	1	Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.
Over-exposure signs/symp	otom	<u>IS</u>
Eye contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation watering redness
Inhalation	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing wheezing and breathing difficulties asthma nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness
Skin contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking
Ingestion	:	No specific data.
Indication of immediate med	lica	l attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician		Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large
		quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments	:	No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.
ontainment and cleaning up
: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for

6. Accidental release measures

emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Special provisions
 Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Place in a suitable container. The contaminated area should be cleaned immediately with a suitable decontaminant. One possible (flammable) decontaminant comprises (by volume): water (45 parts), ethanol or isopropyl alcohol (50 parts) and concentrated (d: 0,880) ammonia solution (5 parts). A non-flammable alternative is sodium carbonate (5 parts) and water (95 parts). Add the same decontaminant to the remnants and let stand for several days until no further reaction in an unsealed container. Once this stage is reached, close container and dispose of according to local regulations (see section 13). Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. If the product contaminates lakes, rivers, or sewers, inform the appropriate authorities in accordance with local regulations.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a handling history of skin sensitization problems or asthma, allergies or chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only nonsparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Conditions for safe storage : Do not store above the following temperature: 50°C (122°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Precautions should be taken to minimize exposure to atmospheric humidity or water. CO_2 will be formed, which, in closed containers, could result in pressurization.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

<u>Control parameters</u> <u>Occupational exposure limits</u>

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8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Product name AMERSHIELD NAVY 27 HAZE GRAY F/S 26270

Ingredient name		Exposure limits
Butyl acetate Titanium dioxide (excluding nanoparticle)		Japan Society for Occupational Health (Japan, 5/2023). OEL-M: 475 mg/m ³ 8 hours. OEL-M: 100 ppm 8 hours. Industrial Safety and Health Act (Japan, 6/2020). TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours. Japan Society for Occupational Health (Japan, 5/2023). [titanium dioxide]
		OEL-M: 1.5 mg/m ³ , (as Ti) 8 hours. Form: Respirable particulate matter OEL-M: 2 mg/m ³ , (as Ti) 8 hours. Form: Total particulate matter Japan Society for Occupational Health (Japan, 5/2023). [titanium dioxide (nanoparticle)] OEL-M: 0.3 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: nanoparticle
Crystalline silica (quartz)		Japan Society for Occupational Health (Japan, 5/2023). [Respirable crystalline silica] OEL-C: 0.03 mg/m ³ Form: Respirable dust
Acetone		Japan Society for Occupational Health (Japan, 5/2023). OEL-M: 475 mg/m ³ 8 hours. OEL-M: 200 ppm 8 hours. Industrial Safety and Health Act (Japan, 6/2020). TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours.
Recommended monitoring procedures		priate monitoring standards. Reference to thous for the determination of hazardous
Appropriate engineering controls	or other engineering controls to keep below any recommended or statutory	Jse process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation worker exposure to airborne contaminants / limits. The engineering controls also need to ns below any lower explosive limits. Use t.
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.	
Individual protection measu	ires	
Hygiene measures	eating, smoking and using the lavato Appropriate techniques should be us Contaminated work clothing should n	oughly after handling chemical products, before ry and at the end of the working period. ed to remove potentially contaminated clothing. not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash g. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety location.
Eye protection Skin protection	: Safety glasses with side shields.	

8. Exposure controls/personal protection		
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.	
Gloves	: butyl rubber	
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.	
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.	
Respiratory protection	: Use an air-fed respirator unless a site-specific assessment determines that an air- fed respirator is not necessary, in which case the results of the risk assessment should be utilized to determine whether respiratory protection is necessary and what type of protection is appropriate. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.	

9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>					
Physical state	: Liquid.				
Color	: Gray.				
Odor	: Characteristic.				
Boiling point	: >37.78°C (>100°F)				
Flash point	: Closed cup: 43.33°C (110°F)			
Evaporation rate	: 0.9 (butyl acetate = 1)	: 0.9 (butyl acetate = 1)			
Vapor pressure	: 2.2 kPa (16.6 mm Hg)	l			
Relative density	: 1.34				
Solubility/ico)	Media	Result			
Solubility(ies)	cold water	Not soluble			

10. Stability and reactivity

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Incompatible materials	: Keep away from: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids, amines, alcohols, water. Uncontrolled exothermic reactions occur with amines and alcohols.
Conditions to avoid	: In a fire, hazardous decomposition products may be produced.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

10. Stability and reactivity

Hazardous decomposition products

: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides metal oxide/oxides

11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Butyl acetate	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	>21.1 mg/l	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	2000 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>17600 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10.768 g/kg	-
Propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	30 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	6190 mg/kg	-
Titanium dioxide (excluding nanoparticle)	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>6.82 mg/l	4 hours
, ,	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
Ethyl 3-ethoxypropanoate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
5 51 1	LD50 Oral	Rat	3200 mg/kg	-
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.125 g/kg	-
4-piperidyl) sebacate				
Acetone	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	76000 mg/m³	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	15.8 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5800 mg/kg	-
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5.2 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5 g/kg	-
4-isocyanatosulphonyltoluene	LD50 Oral	Rat	2234 mg/kg	-
2-hydroxyethyl methacrylate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5050 mg/kg	-
carbon black	LD50 Oral	Rat	>10 g/kg	-
methyl	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.125 g/kg	-
1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-				
4-piperidyl sebacate				

Irritation/Corrosion

Not available.

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

11. Toxicological information

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Butyl acetate	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
Propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
Ethyl 3-ethoxypropanoate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Acetone	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
4-isocyanatosulphonyltoluene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Interpretation of the second seco	Category 1 Category 1	-	respiratory organs immune system, kidneys,
Acetone	Category 1	-	respiratory organs central nervous system (CNS), gastrointestinal tract, respiratory
carbon black	Category 1	-	organs respiratory organs

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on the likely routes of exposure	:	Not available.
Potential acute health effect	ts	
Eye contact	:	Causes eye irritation.
Inhalation	:	Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
Skin contact	1	Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	:	Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.
Symptoms related to the pl	<u>ıys</u>	ical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation watering redness

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Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing wheezing and breathing difficulties asthma nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking
Ingestion	: No specific data.
Delayed and immediate effect	cts and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
<u>Short term exposure</u>	
Short term exposure Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential immediate	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential immediate effects Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential immediate effects Potential delayed effects Long term exposure Potential immediate	Not available.Not available.
Potential immediate effects Potential delayed effects Long term exposure Potential immediate effects	 Not available. Not available. Not available. Not available.
Potential immediate effects Potential delayed effects Long term exposure Potential immediate effects Potential delayed effects	 Not available. Not available. Not available. Not available.
Potential immediate effects Potential delayed effects Long term exposure Potential immediate effects Potential delayed effects Potential chronic health eff	 Not available. Not available. Not available. Not available. Not available. ects May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonge or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when
Potential immediate effects Potential delayed effects Long term exposure Potential immediate effects Potential delayed effects Potential chronic health eff General	 Not available. Not available. Not available. Not available. Not available. Ects May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonge or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
Butyl acetate	10768	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate	6190	N/A	N/A	30	N/A
Ethyl 3-ethoxypropanoate	3200	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	3125	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Acetone	5800	15800	N/A	76	N/A
4-isocyanatosulphonyltoluene	2234	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
2-hydroxyethyl methacrylate	5050	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	3125	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Other information

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11. Toxicological information

Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Based on the properties of the isocyanate components and considering toxicological data on similar mixtures, this mixture may cause acute irritation and/or sensitization of the respiratory system, leading to an asthmatic condition, wheezing and tightness of the chest. Sensitized persons may subsequently show asthmatic symptoms when exposed to atmospheric concentrations well below the OEL. Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems or asthma, allergies or chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Repeated exposure may lead to permanent respiratory disability. Moisture-sensitive material. Avoid contact with skin and clothing.

12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Butyl acetate	Acute LC50 18 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
Propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate	Acute LC50 134 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
Titanium dioxide (excluding nanoparticle)	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	48 hours
Ethyl 3-ethoxypropanoate	Acute LC50 60.9 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
Acetone	Acute LC50 4.42589 ml/L Marine water	Crustaceans - <i>Acartia tonsa</i> - Copepodid	48 hours
	Acute LC50 5540 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom		Daphnia	21 days

Persistence/degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose		Inoculum
Butyl acetate	TEPA and OECD 301D	83 % - Readily - 28 days		-		-
Propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate Acetone	-	83 % - Readily - 28 days 90.9 % - Readily - 28 days		-		-
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life		Photolysis		Biodeg	gradability
Butyl acetate Propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate Ethyl 3-ethoxypropanoate Acetone	- - -		- - -		Readil Readil Readil Readil	ý ý

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Butyl acetate	2.3	-	Low
Propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate	1.2	-	Low
Ethyl 3-ethoxypropanoate	1.47	-	Low
Acetone	-0.23	3	Low
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom	2.8 to 6.5	-	High
2-hydroxyethyl methacrylate	0.42	-	Low

Mobility in soil

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Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

13. Disposal considerations

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. **Disposal methods** Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

14. Transport information

	UN	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
Packing group	III	III	
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.

Additional information

UN	: None identified.
IMDG	: None identified.
ΙΑΤΑ	: None identified.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

15. Regulatory information

Fire Service Law

Category	Substance name/Type	Danger category	Signal word	Designated quantity
Category IV	Class II petroleums	Ш	Flammable - Keep Fire Away	1000 L

Pollutant Release and Transfer Registers (PRTR)

None of the components are listed.

Industrial Safety and Health Act

Ordinance on the Prevention of the Hazard due to Specified Chemical Substances

None of the components are listed.

Substance(s) requiring labelling

Ingredient name	%		Reference number
Butyl acetate	≥10 - ≤20	Listed	181
Titanium(IV) oxide	≤10	Listed	191
Crystalline silica	≤10	Listed	165-2

Chemicals requiring notification

Ingredient name	%	Status	Reference number
Butyl acetate	≥10 - ≤20	Listed	181
Titanium(IV) oxide	≤10	Listed	191
Crystalline silica	≤10	Listed	165-2
Acetone	≤10	Listed	17
Carbon black	≤10	Listed	130

Carcinogens based on Article 577-2 of the Ordinance on ISH

Ingredient name	%		Reference number
g uartz	≤10	Listed	-

<u>Mutagen</u>

None of the components are listed.

Corrosive liquid	:	Not listed
Occupational Safety and Health Law	:	Inflammable, Combustible
Regulations on the Prevention of Tetraalkyl Lead Poisoning	:	Not listed
Harmful Substances Subject to Obtaining Permission for Manufacturing	:	Not listed
Harmful Substances, Prohibited for Manufacturing	:	Not listed

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15. Regulatory information

ISHL Enforcement Order	: Inflammable, Combustible
Appendix 1 - Dangerous	
Substances	
Lead regulation	: Not listed
Organic solvents	: Class 2
poisoning prevention	

Poisonous and Deleterious Substances

None of the components are listed.

Chemical Substances Control Law (CSCL)

Ingredient name	%	Status	Reference number
Naphthalene	≤10	Priority assessment	76
Styrene	≤10	Priority assessment	47
1-Butanol	≤10	Priority assessment	124
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	≤10	Priority assessment	49
Xylene	≤10	Priority assessment	125
Ethylbenzene	≤10	Priority assessment	50
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	≤10	Priority assessment	201
Cumene	≤10	Priority assessment	126
2,6-Di-tert-butyl-4-methylphenol	≤10	Priority assessment	64
Toluene	≤10	Priority assessment	46
alpha-(Nonylphenyl)-omega-hydroxypoly(oxyethylene)	≤10	Priority assessment	86
2,2,4,4,6,6,8,8-Octamethyl-	≤10	Monitoring	40
1,3,5,7,2,4,6,8-tetraoxatetrasilocane			
2,2,4,4,6,6,8,8,10,10,12,12-Dodecamethyl-	≤10	Monitoring	41
1,3,5,7,9,11-hexaoxa-2,4,6,8,10,12-hexasilacyclododecane	e	Ū.	
Benzene	≤10	Priority assessment	45

High Pressure Gas Control : Not available. Law

Explosives Control Law

None of the components are listed.

Law concerning prevention : Not available. of pollution of the ocean

Maritime Safety Law

Notification Regulating Transportation of Dangerous Materials by Sea

None of the components are listed.

Container class

None of the components are listed.

JSOH Carcinogen	: Group 1
List of Specially Controlled Industrial Waste	: Not listed
Japan inventory	: At least one component is not listed.
Road law	: Not available.

16. Other information

<u>History</u>	
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 3 June 2024
Date of previous issue	: 1/31/2024
Version	: 14
Prepared by	: EHS
Key to abbreviations	 ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail UN = United Nations

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

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