SAFETY DATA SHEET



Conforms to Official Mexican Standard NOM-018-STPS-2015

Date of revision 3 June 2024

Version 9

Date of issue 3 June 2024

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

| Product name | : AMERSHIELD ATL BRAVES HOMER GRAY |
|---|---|
| Product code | : 00375640 |
| Other means of identification | : Not applicable. |
| Product type | : Liquid. |
| Relevant identified uses o | f the substance or mixture and uses advised against |
| Product use | : Professional applications, Used by spraying. |
| Use of the substance/ mixture | : Coating. |
| Uses advised against | : Not applicable. |
| Manufacturer | : PPG Industries, Inc. One PPG Place Pittsburgh, PA 15272 |
| <u>Emergency telephone</u> <u>number</u> | : (412) 434-4515 (U.S.) (514) 645-1320 (Canada) SETIQ Interior de la República: 800-00-214-00 (México) SETIQ Ciudad de México: (55) 5559-1588 (México) |
| Technical Phone Number | : 888-977-4762 |

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

| | Maxies Bage: 1/15 |
|-----------------------|--|
| Signal word | : Danger |
| Hazard pictograms | |
| GHS label elements | |
| | Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity: 63.5% (oral), 63.5% (dermal), 37.5% (inhalation) |
| | SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 |
| | TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2 |
| | CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A |
| | SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 |
| substance or mixture | RESPIRATORY SENSITIZATION - Category 1 |
| Classification of the | : FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 |

Product name AMERSHIELD ATL BRAVES HOMER GRAY

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

| Hazard statements : Pi226 - Flammable liquid and vapor. H317 - May cause an allergip skin reaction. H334 - May cause an allergip skin reaction. H338 - May cause denowinness or dizziness. H336 - May cause acres: H361 - Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. Precautionary statements Precention : P201 - Obtain special instructions before use. P202 - Do not handle until all safety protecutions have been read and understood. P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. P281 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. P201 - Okain special work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. P202 - Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. P204 - P310 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. P304 + P304. P312 - IF with ALED. Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. P304 + P301 - If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. P302 + P323 - IF ON SKIN (vash with plenty of water. P303 + P361 + P323 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. P303 + P361 + P323 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Tak | | - | |
|---|--------------------------|---|--|
| Prevention:\$\frac{201}{2}\$ - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. P280 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. P284 - Wear respiratory protection. P281 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. P286 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned. Get medical advice or attention. P304 + P340, P312 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing vapor. P304 + P340, P312 - IF Exposed or concerned. Get medical advice or attention. P304 + P340, P312 - IF FON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. P303 + P331 + P335 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. P303 + P331 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention.Storage:\$\frac{1}{9}105 - Store locked up. P403 + P333 + P331 - If skin irritation or rash cocurs: Get medical advice or attention. P304 + P334 - P315 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. P303 + P331 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention.Storage:\$\frac{1}{9}10 + Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.Other hazards which do not result in classification:May form explosive peroxides. Hazardous reactions or instability may occur under certain conditions of storage or use. Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause inflation. Repeated exposure to high vapor concen | | : | H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction. H334 - May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H350 - May cause cancer. |
| P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. P284 - Wear respiratory protective clothing and eye or face protection. P24 - Wear respiratory protection. P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. P264 - Avoid breathing vapor. P272 - Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.Response: P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. P304 + P340, P312 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. P342 + P311 - If sexposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. P303 + P335 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. P303 + P335 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. P303 + P335 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. P303 + P333 - IS roe locked up. P403 + P333 - Store locked up. P403 + P233 - Store locked up. P403 + P233 - Store locked up. P403 + D333 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.Other hazards which do not result in classification: May form explosive peroxides. Hazardous reactions or instability may occur under certain conditions of storage or use. Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Skin contact to isocyanate monomer may l | Precautionary statements | | |
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| DisposalP403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.Disposal: ₱501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.Other hazards which do not result in classification: May form explosive peroxides. Hazardous reactions or instability may occur under certain conditions of storage or use. Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Skin contact to isocyanate monomer may lead to allergic lung reaction. Based on the properties of the isocyanate components and considering toxicological data on similar mixtures, this mixture may cause acute irritation and/or sensitization of the respiratory system, leading to an asthmatic condition, wheezing and tightness of the chest. Sensitized persons may subsequently show asthmatic symptoms when exposed to atmospheric concentrations well below the OEL. Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems or asthma, allergies or chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Repeated exposure may lead to permanent respiratory disability. Moisture-sensitive material. This product contains crystalline silica which can cause lung cancer or silicosis. The risk of cancer depends on the duration and level of exposure to dust from sanding surfaces or mist from spray applications. Emits toxic fumes when heated. | Response | : | P304 + P340, P312 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. P342 + P311 - If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor. P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. |
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See toxicological information (Section 11)

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

| Substance/mixture |
|-------------------|
| Product name |

- : Mixture
- : AMERSHIELD ATL BRAVES HOMER GRAY

Other means of identification

: Not applicable.

| Ingredient name | % | CAS number |
|---|-------------|------------|
| Wollastonite | ≥20 - ≤50 | 13983-17-0 |
| n-butyl acetate | ≥10 - ≤20 | 123-86-4 |
| 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate | ≥5.0 - ≤10 | 108-65-6 |
| titanium dioxide | ≥5.0 - ≤10 | 13463-67-7 |
| ethyl 3-ethoxypropionate | ≥1.0 - ≤5.0 | 763-69-9 |
| crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns) | <1.0 | 14808-60-7 |
| bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate | <1.0 | 41556-26-7 |
| 4-isocyanatosulphonyltoluene | <1.0 | 4083-64-1 |
| methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate | <1.0 | 82919-37-7 |

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

| Eye contact | Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice. |
|--------------|--|
| Inhalation | Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. |
| Skin contact | Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners. |
| Ingestion | : If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting. |

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

| Eye contact | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
|--------------|--|
| Inhalation | : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. |
| Skin contact | Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. |
| Ingestion | : 🖉 an cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. |
| • | termine termine |

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

See toxicological information (Section 11)

| Indication of immediate n | edical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary |
|---------------------------|--|
| Notes to physician | : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large |
| Specific treatments | quantities have been ingested or inhaled.No specific treatment. |

SECTION 4: First aid measures

| Protection of first-aiders | : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. |
|----------------------------|---|
| | 3 3 3 |

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

| Extinguishing media | |
|--|--|
| Suitable extinguishing media | : Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam. |
| Unsuitable extinguishing media | : Do not use water jet. |
| Specific hazards arising from the chemical | : Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. |
| Hazardous thermal decomposition products | : Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides metal oxide/oxides |
| Special protective actions for fire-fighters | : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. |
| Special protective equipment for fire-fighters | Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. |

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

contractor.

| Personal precautions, protec | e equipme | ent and emergency procedures |
|--------------------------------|--|---|
| For non-emergency personnel | Evacuate entering. No flares, Provide a | shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. dequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is e. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. |
| For emergency responders | informatio | zed clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any on in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the on in "For non-emergency personnel". |
| Environmental precautions | drains and | persal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, d sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused ental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). |
| Methods and materials for co | ainment a | nd cleaning up |
| Small spill | explosion Alternative | if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and -proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. ely, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an te waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal |

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

| Large spill | : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal. |
|--------------------|---|
| Special provisions | : Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Place in a suitable container. The contaminated area should be cleaned immediately with a suitable decontaminant. One possible (flammable) decontaminant comprises (by volume): water (45 parts), ethanol or isopropyl alcohol (50 parts) and concentrated (d: 0,880) ammonia solution (5 parts). A non-flammable alternative is sodium carbonate (5 parts) and water (95 parts). Add the same decontaminant to the remnants and let stand for several days until no further reaction in an unsealed container. Once this stage is reached, close container and dispose of according to local regulations (see section 13). Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. If the product contaminates lakes, rivers, or sewers, inform the appropriate authorities in accordance with local regulations. |

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

| Protective measures | : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems or asthma, allergies or chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container. |
|---|---|
| Special precautions | : Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. May form explosive peroxides. Keep away from combustible materials. Avoid shock and friction. Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). If this material is part of a multiple component system, read the Safety Data Sheet(s) for the other component or components before blending as the resulting mixture may have the hazards of all of its parts. |
| Advice on general occupational hygiene | : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures. |

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

| Conditions for safe storage, | : Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in |
|------------------------------|---|
| including any | accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store |
| incompatibilities | in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated |
| | area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store |
| | locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep |
| | container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been |
| | opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not |
| | store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental |
| | contamination. |
| | Precautions should be taken to minimize exposure to atmospheric humidity or water. |
| | CO_2 will be formed, which, in closed containers, could result in pressurization. |

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

| Ingredient name | Exposure limits |
|---|---|
| Wollastonite | ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023). |
| | TWA: 1 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable |
| | fraction |
| n-butyl acetate | NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). |
| | STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. |
| | TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours. |
| 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate | IPEL (-, 10/2017). Absorbed through skin. |
| | TWA: 30 ppm |
| | STEL: 90 ppm |
| titanium dioxide | NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). |
| | TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 8 hours. |
| ethyl 3-ethoxypropionate | IPEL (-). |
| | TWA: 50 ppm |
| | STEL: 100 ppm |
| crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns) | NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). |
| | TWA: 0.025 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: |
| | Respirable |
| bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate | None. |
| 4-isocyanatosulphonyltoluene | None. |
| methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate | None. |

Key to abbreviations

C = Ceiling Limit IPEL = Internal Permissible Exposure Limit STEL = Short term exposure limit

TLV = Threshold Limit Value

TWA = Time Weighted Average

Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

Recommended monitoring procedures : Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

Appropriate engineering controls : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Product name AMERSHIELD ATL BRAVES HOMER GRAY

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

| | _ , |
|--|---|
| Environmental exposure controls | Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels. |
| Individual protection measures Hygiene measures | Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. |
| Eye/face protection | Safety glasses with side shields. |
| Skin protection | |
| Hand protection | Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. |
| Gloves | butyl rubber |
| Body protection | Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. |
| Other skin protection | Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. |
| Respiratory protection | Se an air-fed respirator unless a site-specific assessment determines that an air- fed respirator is not necessary, in which case the results of the risk assessment should be utilized to determine whether respiratory protection is necessary and what type of protection is appropriate. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. |
| Restrictions on use | Persons with a history of asthma, allergies or chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. |
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SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

| Physical state | : Liquid. |
|---------------------------|------------------------------|
| Color | : Gray. |
| Odor | : Characteristic. |
| Odor threshold | : Not available. |
| Molecular weight | : Not applicable. |
| рН | : Not applicable. |
| Melting point | : Not available. |
| Boiling point | : >37.78°C (>100°F) |
| Flash point | : Closed cup: 43°C (109.4°F) |
| Auto-ignition temperature | : Not available. |

Mexico Page: 7/15

Product name AMERSHIELD ATL BRAVES HOMER GRAY

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

| Decomposition temperature Flammability | | Not available. Not available. | | |
|--|---|----------------------------------|-----------------------------|--|
| Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits | : | Not available. | | |
| Evaporation rate | : | Not available. | | |
| Vapor pressure | : | Not available. | | |
| Vapor density | : | Not available. | | |
| Relative density | : | 1.33 | | |
| Density(lbs / gal) | : | 11.1 | | |
| | | Media | Result | |
| Solubility(ies) | 1 | cold water | Not soluble | |
| Solubility in water | : | Not available. | | |
| Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water | : | Not applicable. | | |
| Viscosity | : | Kinematic (40°C (104 | 04°F)): >21 mm²/s (>21 cSt) | |
| Volatility | 1 | 36% (v/v), 24.369% | (w/w) | |
| % Solid. (w/w) | : | 75.631 | | |

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

| Reactivity | : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients. |
|------------------------------------|--|
| Chemical stability | : The product is stable. |
| Possibility of hazardous reactions | : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur. |
| Conditions to avoid | : In a fire, hazardous decomposition products may be produced. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8. |
| Incompatible materials | : Keep away from: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids, amines, alcohols, water. Uncontrolled exothermic reactions occur with amines and alcohols. |
| Hazardous decomposition products | Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials carbon oxides metal oxide/oxides |

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Dose | Exposure |
|------------------------------------|-----------------------|---------|--------------|----------|
| p-butyl acetate | LC50 Inhalation Vapor | Rat | >21.1 mg/l | 4 hours |
| | LC50 Inhalation Vapor | Rat | 2000 ppm | 4 hours |
| | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | >17600 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 10.768 g/kg | - |
| 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate | LC50 Inhalation Vapor | Rat | 30 mg/l | 4 hours |
| | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | >5 g/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 6190 mg/kg | - |

| Product code 00375640 | | Date of issue | 3 June 2024 | Version 9 | | | |
|--|--|----------------------|--|-------------------|--|--|--|
| Product name AMERSHIELD ATL BRAVES HOMER GRAY | | | | | | | |
| SECTION 11: Toxic | cological information | n | | | | | |
| titanium dioxide | LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral | Rat Rabbit Rat | >6.82 mg/l >5000 mg/kg >5000 mg/kg | 4 hours - - | | | |
| ethyl 3-ethoxypropionate | LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral | Rabbit Rat | >5 g/kg 3200 mg/kg | - | | | |
| bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl- 4-piperidyl) sebacate | LD50 Oral LD50 Oral | Rat Rat | 3.125 g/kg | - | | | |
| 4-isocyanatosulphonyltoluene methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl- 4-piperidyl sebacate | LD50 Oral | Rat | 2234 mg/kg 3.125 g/kg | - | | | |
| Conclusion/Summary Irritation/Corrosion | : There are no data available on | the mixture itse | lf. | | | | |
| <u>Conclusion/Summary</u> Skin Eyes | : There are no data available on : There are no data available on | | | | | | |
| Respiratory Sensitization | : There are no data available on the mixture itself. | | | | | | |
| Conclusion/Summary | | | | | | | |
| Skin Respiratory | There are no data available on the mixture itself. There are no data available on the mixture itself. | | | | | | |
| iveshi atoi y | | | ян . | | | | |

MutagenicityConclusion/Summary: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Carcinogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Classification

| Product/ingredient name | OSHA | IARC | NTP |
|--|------|---------|--------------------------------------|
| | - | 3 | - |
| titanium dioxide crystalline silica, respirable | -+ | 2B 1 | - Known to be a human carcinogen. |
| powder (<10 microns) | | | Ŭ |
| carbon black | - | 2B | - |

Carcinogen Classification code:

IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3, 4 NTP: Known to be a human carcinogen; Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen OSHA: + Not listed/not regulated: -

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

| Name | Category | Route of exposure | Target organs |
|--|--|-------------------|---|
| P-butyl acetate 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate 4-isocyanatosulphonyltoluene | Category 3 Category 3 Category 3 | - - | Narcotic effects Narcotic effects Respiratory tract irritation |

Mexico Page: 9/15

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

| Name | | Route of exposure | Target organs |
|--|------------|----------------------|---------------|
| crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns) | Category 1 | inhalation | - |
| Torret organization of the static sta | | | l |

Target organs

: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: brain. Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: kidneys, lungs, upper respiratory tract, skin, central nervous system (CNS), eye, lens or cornea.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on the likely routes of exposure

Potential acute health effects

| Eye contact | : | No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
|----------------------------|-----|--|
| Inhalation | : | Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. |
| Skin contact | : | Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. |
| Ingestion | : | 🗭 an cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. |
| Over-exposure signs/sympt | om | 2 |
| Eye contact | : | No specific data. |
| Inhalation | : | Adverse symptoms may include the following: wheezing and breathing difficulties asthma nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations |
| Skin contact | : | Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations |
| Ingestion | : | Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations |
| Delayed and immediate effe | cts | and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure |

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Product name AMERSHIELD ATL BRAVES HOMER GRAY

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Conclusion/Summary

There are no data available on the mixture itself. Skin contact to isocyanate monomer may lead to allergic lung reaction. Based on the properties of the isocyanate components and considering toxicological data on similar mixtures, this mixture may cause acute irritation and/or sensitization of the respiratory system, leading to an asthmatic condition, wheezing and tightness of the chest. Repeated exposure may lead to permanent respiratory disability. This product contains crystalline silica which can cause lung cancer or silicosis. The risk of cancer depends on the duration and level of exposure to dust from sanding surfaces or mist from spray applications. For many products, TiO2 is utilized as a raw material in a liquid coating formulation. In this case, the TiO2 particles are bound in a matrix with no meaningful potential for human exposure to unbound particles of TiO2 when the product is applied with a brush or roller. Sanding the coating surface or mist from spray applications may be harmful depending on the duration and level of exposure and require the use of appropriate personal protective equipment and/or engineering controls (see Section 8). Carbon black is utilized as a raw material in many liquid coating formulations. In this case, the carbon black particles are bound in a matrix with no meaningful potential for human exposure to unbound particles of carbon black when the product is applied with a brush or roller. Sanding the coating surface or mist from spray applications may be harmful depending on the duration and level of exposure and require the use of appropriate personal protective equipment and/or engineering controls (see Section 8). Most carbon blacks contain trace quantities of polyaromatic hydrocarbons (PAH). PAHs are not expected to be released in biological fluids and are therefore not likely available for biological activity. Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. There is some evidence that repeated exposure to organic solvent vapors in combination with constant loud noise can cause greater hearing loss than expected from exposure to noise alone. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

| <u>Short term exposure</u> | | |
|---|-------------|---|
| Potential immediate effects | : | There are no data available on the mixture itself. |
| Potential delayed effects | 1 | There are no data available on the mixture itself. |
| Long term exposure | | |
| Potential immediate effects | : | There are no data available on the mixture itself. |
| Potential delayed effects | 1 | There are no data available on the mixture itself. |
| Potential chronic health effe | cts | |
| General | : | Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/ or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels. |
| Carcinogenicity | : | May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure. |
| Mutagenicity | : | No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Reproductive toxicity | : | Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. |
| Numerical measures of toxic Acute toxicity estimates | <u>city</u> | |

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

| Product/ingredient name | Oral (mg/ kg) | Dermal (mg/kg) | Inhalation (gases) (ppm) | Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l) | Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l) |
|---|------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|
| -butyl acetate | 10768 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate | 6190 | N/A | N/A | 30 | N/A |
| bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate | 3125 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 4-isocyanatosulphonyltoluene | 2234 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate | 3125 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |

SECTION 12: Ecological information

| - | | | | |
|---|-----|---|----|--|
| | ΩΥΙ | | tv | |
| _ | | 0 | | |
| | | | | |

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Exposure |
|--|----------------------------------|--------------------------------|----------|
| p-butyl acetate 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate | Acute LC50 18 mg/l | Fish | 96 hours |
| | Acute LC50 134 mg/l Fresh water | Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss | 96 hours |
| titanium dioxide | Acute LC50 >100 mg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> | 48 hours |
| ethyl 3-ethoxypropionate | Acute LC50 60.9 mg/l | Fish | 96 hours |

Persistence and degradability

| Product/ingredient name | Test | Result | | Dose | Inoculum |
|--|-----------------------|---------------------|------------|------|--------------------|
| -butyl acetate | TEPA and OECD 301D | 83 % - Readily - 28 | days | - | - |
| 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate | - | 83 % - Readily - 28 | days | - | - |
| Product/ingredient name | Aquatic half-life | | Photolysis | \$ | Biodegradability |
| -butyl acetate 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate | - | | - | | Readily Readily |
| ethyl 3-ethoxypropionate | - | | - | | Readily |

Bioaccumulative potential

| Product/ingredient name | LogPow | BCF | Potential |
|---|------------|-----|------------|
| -butyl acetate 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl | 2.3 1.2 | - | Low Low |
| acetate ethyl 3-ethoxypropionate | 1.47 | - | Low |

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Product name AMERSHIELD ATL BRAVES HOMER GRAY

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and nonrecyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations. Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees. Section 6. Accidental release measures

SECTION 14: Transport information

| | Mexico Classification | IMDG | ΙΑΤΑ |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| UN number | UN1263 | UN1263 | UN1263 |
| UN proper shipping name | PAINT | PAINT | PAINT |
| Transport hazard class(es) | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| Packing group | | III | III |
| Environmental hazards | No. | No. | No. |
| Marine pollutant substances | Not applicable. | Not applicable. | Not applicable. |
| Product RQ (lbs) | Not applicable. | Not applicable. | Not applicable. |
| RQ substances | Not applicable. | Not applicable. | Not applicable. |

Additional information

| Mexico | : None identified. |
|--------|--------------------|
| IMDG | : None identified. |
| ΙΑΤΑ | : None identified. |

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Product name AMERSHIELD ATL BRAVES HOMER GRAY

SECTION 14: Transport information

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

<u>Mexico</u>

Classification

Flammability : 2 Health : 2 Reactivity : 0

International regulations

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

SECTION 16: Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

Health : 2 * Flammability : 2 Physical hazards : 0 (*) - Chronic

effects

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

| Date of previous issue Organization that prepared the SDS | : 8/13/2020 : EHS |
|---|--|
| Key to abbreviations | : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations |

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

The information, which is based on the current knowledge of the chemical substance or mixture and applies to appropriate safety precautions for the product, is deemed correct but is not exhaustive and will be used only as a guide.

<u>Disclaimer</u>

SECTION 16: Other information

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.