# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**



#### The information in this Safety Data Sheet is required pursuant to Hazardous Product Regulations 2015.

Date of issue/Date of revision 3 June 2024 Version 11.03

Section 1. Identification		
Product name	: AMERSHIELD DEEP TINT RESIN	
Product code	: AM-T1	
Other means of identification	: Not available.	
Product type	: Liquid.	
Relevant identified uses o	f the substance or mixture and uses advised against	
Product use	: Industrial applications, Used by spraying.	
Use of the substance/ mixture	: Coating.	
Uses advised against	: Not applicable.	
Supplier	<ul> <li>PPG Architectural Coatings Canada, Inc. 1550, rue Ampère, bureau 500 Boucherville (Québec) J4B 7L4 Canada +1 450-655-3121</li> </ul>	
	PPG Industries, Inc. One PPG Place Pittsburgh, PA 15272	
<u>Emergency telephone</u> <u>number</u>	: (412) 434-4515 (U.S.) (514) 645-1320 (Canada) SETIQ Interior de la República: 800-00-214-00 (México) SETIQ Ciudad de México: (55) 5559-1588 (México)	
Technical Phone Number	: 888-977-4762	

## Section 2. Hazard identification

Classification of the substance or mixture	<ul> <li>FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 Physical Hazards Not Otherwise Classified - Category 1 RESPIRATORY SENSITIZATION - Category 1A SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1A CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1 TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2 Health Hazards Not Otherwise Classified - Category 1</li> </ul>

Canada Page: 1/18

### Product code AM-T1 Product name AMERSHIELD DEEP TINT RESIN

## Section 2. Hazard identification

This product contains TiO2 which has been classified as a GHS Carcinogen Category 2 based on its IARC 2B classification. For many products, TiO2 is utilized as a raw material in a liquid coating formulation. In this case, the TiO2 particles are bound in a matrix with no meaningful potential for human exposure to unbound particles of TiO2 when the product is applied with a brush or roller. Sanding the coating surface or mist from spray applications may be harmful depending on the duration and level of exposure and require the use of appropriate personal protective equipment and/or engineering controls (see Section 8).

GHS label elements Hazard pictograms	:	
Signal word	:	Danger
Hazard statements		Flammable liquid and vapor. May cause an allergic skin reaction. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. May cause cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. May form explosive peroxides. Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.
Precautionary statements		
Prevention		Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Wear respiratory protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Avoid breathing vapor. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
Response		IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention.
Storage	:	Store locked up.
Disposal		Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Supplemental label elements		Moisture-sensitive material. Hazardous reactions or instability may occur under certain conditions of storage or use. Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. This product contains crystalline silica which can cause lung cancer or silicosis. The risk of cancer depends on the duration and level of exposure to dust from sanding surfaces or mist from spray applications. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Skin contact to isocyanate monomer may lead to allergic lung reaction. Based on the properties of the isocyanate components and considering toxicological data on similar mixtures, this mixture may cause acute irritation and/or sensitization of the respiratory system, leading to an asthmatic condition, wheezing and tightness of the chest. Sensitized persons may subsequently show asthmatic symptoms when exposed to atmospheric concentrations well below the OEL. Repeated exposure may lead to permanent respiratory disability. Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems or asthma, allergies or chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not

Canada Page: 2/18

### Section 2. Hazard identification

be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid contact with skin and clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Emits toxic fumes when heated. Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity: 61.8% (oral), 61.8% (dermal), 39% (inhalation)

### Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Product name	: AMERSHIELD DEEP TINT RESIN
Other means of identification	: Not available.

#### **CAS number/other identifiers**

Ingredient name	Synonyms	% (w/w)	CAS number
Wollastonite	Calcium silicate; calcium silicate, naturally occurring as wollastonite; Wollastonite (Ca (SiO3)); Fibres-Natural Mineral Fibres, Wollastonite; Aedelforsite; CALCIUM METASILICATES; wollastonite dust; wollastonie; calcium,dioxido(oxo)silane	10 - 30*	13983-17-0
n-butyl acetate	Acetic acid, butyl ester; Butyl Acetate; n- Butyl-acetate; Butyl ethanoate; n-Butyl ester of acetic acid; product composed of hydrocarbons (predominantly paraffinic and naphthenic) and n-butyl acetate; 1-butyl acetate; 1-Acetoxybutane; Butyl ester, Acetic acid; normal butyl acetate; Acetic acid, n-butyl ester	7 - 13*	123-86-4
titanium dioxide	Titanium oxide; Titanium oxide (TiO2); CI 77891; Titanium peroxide; Rutile; C.I. Pigment White 6; titanium dioxide coated with isopropoxytitanium triisostearate, containing by weight 1,5 % or more but not more than 2,5 % of isopropoxytitanium triisostearate; glass flakes (CAS RN 65997-17-3): — of a thickness of 0,3 $\mu$ m or more but not more than 10 $\mu$ m, and — coated with titanium dioxide (CAS RN 13463-67-7) or iron oxide (CAS RN 18282- 10-5); titanium dioxide, other than those of heading 3206 11 00; C.I. 77891; E 171; titanium(IV) oxide, other than those of heading 3206 11 00	7 - 13*	13463-67-7
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	2-Propanol, 1-methoxy-, 2-acetate; Propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate; 2-Propanol, 1-methoxy-, acetate; 1-Methoxy-2-propanol, acetate; 2-Acetoxy-1-methoxypropane; Propylene glycol monoethyl ether acetate; Propylene glycol methyl ether acetate; 1-Methoxypropyl-2-acetate; 1-Methoxy-	1 - 5*	108-65-6
		C	anada Page: 3/

#### Product name AMERSHIELD DEEP TINT RESIN

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

	ISOCYANATE, PARA-; 4-methyl-N- (oxomethylidene)benzenesulfonamide		
4-isocyanatosulphonyltoluene	tosyl isocyanate; p-toluenesulphonyl isocyanate; Benzenesulfonyl isocyanate, 4-methyl-; p-Toluenesulfonyl isocyanate; 4-Toluenesulphonyl isocyanate; 4-methylbenzenesulfonyl isocyanate; 4-isocyanatosulfonyltoluene; 4-TOLUENE- SULFONYL-ISOCYANATE; TOSYL	0.1 - 1*	4083-64-1
	(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidinyl) ester; bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidinyl) ester; bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethylpiperidin-4-yl) decanedioate; Bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl- 4-piperidinyl) decanedioate; Bis (1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) decanedioate; Decanedioic acid bis (1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidinyl) ester; DECANEDIOATE, BIS (1,2,2,6,6-PENTAMETHYL-4- PIPERIDINYL) (PICCS); Bis(N-methyl- 2,2,6,6-tetramethyl-4-piperidinyl) sebacate; Bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl- 4-piperidyl) 1,8-octanedicarboxylate; Bis (1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidinyl) sebacate; DECANEDIOATE, BIS (1,2,2,6,6-PENTAMETHYL-4- PIPERIDINYL)		
crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns) bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	alpha-quartz; Silica, crystalline (quartz); Silica, Crystalline Quartz; SILICA, CRYSTALLINE, QUARTZ; Silica- Crystalline, Quartz; Silica - Crystalline Quartz; Silica-Crystalline : Quartz; Silica, crystalline - quartz Decanedioic acid, 1,10-bis (1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidinyl) ester;	0.1 - 1* 0.1 - 1*	14808-60-7 41556-26-7
ethyl 3-ethoxypropionate	2-propyl acetate (CAS RN 108-65-6); Acetic acid, 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl ester Propanoic acid, 3-ethoxy-, ethyl ester; Ethyl-3-ethoxy propionate; Propionic acid, 3-ethoxy-, ethyl ester; Ethyl 3-ethoxypropanoate; Alkyl (C1-2) 3-alkyl (C1-2) oxypropionate; Alkyl alkoxypropionate; 3-Ethoxypropanoic acid ethyl ester; Ethoxypropionic acid, ethyl ester; Ethyl beta-ethoxypropionate; PROPIONATE, 3-ETHOXY-, ETHYL; ETHYL ETHOXYPROPIONATE	0.5 - 1.5*	763-69-9
	2-propanol acetate; light stabiliser containing: — branched and linear alkyl esters of 3-(2H-benzotriazolyl)-5- (1,1-dimethylethyl) -4-hydroxybenzenepropanoic acid (CAS RN 127519-17-9), and — 1-methoxy-		

Version 11.03

#### Product name AMERSHIELD DEEP TINT RESIN

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl- 4-piperidyl sebacate	Decanedioic acid, 1-methyl 10- (1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidinyl) ester; Decanedioic acid, methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidinyl ester; methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethylpiperidin-4-yl decanedioate; methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethylpiperidin-4-yl sebacate; Decanedioic acid methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidinyl ester; Methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidiyl sebacate; Methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl- 4-piperidinyl sebacate; DECANEDIOATE, METHYL, 1,2,2,6,6-PENTAMETHYL- 4-PIPERIDINYL; Methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	0.1 - 1*	82919-37-7

\*Ranges if listed above for hazardous ingredient(s) are prescribed ranges. The actual concentration(s) or actual concentration range(s) are being withheld as a trade secret.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

## Section 4. First-aid measures

If ingestion, irritation, any type of overexposure or symptoms of overexposure occur during or persists after use of this product, contact a POISON CONTROL CENTER, EMERGENCY ROOM OR PHYSICIAN immediately; have Safety Data Sheet information available. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious or convulsing person.

#### **Description of necessary first aid measures**

Eye contact	: Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.
Inhalation	: Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	<ul> <li>Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.</li> </ul>
Ingestion	: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.
Most important symptoms	/effects, acute and delayed
Potential acute health eff	ects
Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	: May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
Skin contact	: Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Over-exposure signs/syr	nptoms

**Eye contact** : No specific data.

#### Product name AMERSHIELD DEEP TINT RESIN

### Section 4. First-aid measures

Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: wheezing and breathing difficulties asthma reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Indication of immediate me	dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

#### See toxicological information (Section 11)

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Product name AMERSHIELD DEEP TINT RESIN

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protect	tive equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for co	ntainment and cleaning up
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.
Special provisions	: Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Place in a suitable container. The contaminated area should be cleaned immediately with a suitable decontaminant. One possible (flammable) decontaminant comprises (by volume): water (45 parts), ethanol or isopropyl alcohol (50 parts) and concentrated (d: 0,880) ammonia solution (5 parts). A non-flammable alternative is sodium carbonate (5 parts) and water (95 parts). Add the same decontaminant to the remnants and let stand for several days until no further reaction in an unsealed container. Once this stage is reached, close container and dispose of according to local regulations (see section 13). Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. If the product contaminates lakes, rivers, or sewers, inform the appropriate authorities in accordance with local regulations.

### Section 7. Handling and storage

	Precautions	for safe	handling
--	-------------	----------	----------

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems or asthma, allergies or chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not
	discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

- Special precautions
   Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. May form explosive peroxides. Keep away from combustible materials. Avoid shock and friction. Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). If this material is part of a multiple component system, read the Safety Data Sheet(s) for the other component or components before blending as the resulting mixture may have the hazards of all of its parts.
- Advice on general occupational hygiene : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
- Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities
   Do not store above the following temperature: 50°C (122°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Precautions should be taken to minimize exposure to atmospheric humidity or water.

 $CO_2$  will be formed, which, in closed containers, could result in pressurization.

### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

<u>Control parameters</u> <u>Occupational exposure limits</u>

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Wollastonite	CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada,
	8/2023).
	TWA: 1 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable
	CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).
	TWA: 1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Inhalable
	particulate matter.
	CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 7/2023).
	[Wollastonite]
	TWAEV: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form:
	Respirable dust.
	TWAEV: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Total
	dust.
n-butyl acetate	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023).
	Skin sensitizer.
	OEL: 950 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
	OEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.
	OEL: 713 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	OEL: 150 ppm 8 hours.
	CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada,
	7/2013).
	STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours.
	CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).
	[butyl acetates, all isomers]
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada,
	8/2023). [butyl acetate, all isomers]
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 7/2023).
	[butyl acetates]
	STEV: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWAEV: 50 ppm 8 hours.
titanium dioxide	CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada,
	8/2023).
	TWA: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Total dust
	TWA: 3 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: respirable
	fraction
	CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 7/2023).
	TWAEV: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Total
	dust.
	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023).
	Skin sensitizer.
	OEL: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada,
	7/2013).
	STEL: 20 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
	TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours.
	CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).
	TWA: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: total dust
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada,
	8/2023).
	Canada Page: 9/18

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

	STEL: 75 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).
	TWA: 270 mg/m³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
ethyl 3-ethoxypropionate	CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).
	TWA: 300 mg/m³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada,
	8/2023). [Silica, Crystalline - alpha quartz
	and Cristobalite]
	TWA: 0.025 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form:
	Respirable
	CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).
	[Silica, Crystalline (Quartz/Tripoli)]
	TWA: 0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable
	CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 7/2023).
	[Silica Crystalline -Quartz]
	TWAEV: 0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form:
	Respirable dust.
	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023).
	OEL: 0.025 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable particulate
	CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada,
	7/2013).
	TWA: 0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form:
	respirable fraction
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	None.
4-isocyanatosulphonyltoluene	CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 7/2023).
	[Isocyanate oligomers] Skin sensitizer.
	Inhalation sensitizer.
methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	None.

#### Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

		• •
Recommended monitoring procedures	:	Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.
Appropriate engineering controls	:	Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Environmental exposure controls	:	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Product name AMERSHIELD DEEP TINT RESIN

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Safety glasses with side shields.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Gloves	: butyl rubber
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	<ul> <li>Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.</li> </ul>
Respiratory protection	: Use an air-fed respirator unless a site-specific assessment determines that an air- fed respirator is not necessary, in which case the results of the risk assessment should be utilized to determine whether respiratory protection is necessary and what type of protection is appropriate. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.
Restrictions on use	Persons with a history of asthma, allergies or chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this product is used.

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

<u>rippour unioo</u>		
Physical state	: Liquid.	
Color	Not available.	
Odor	: Characteristic.	
Odor threshold	Not available.	
рН	Not applicable.	
Melting point	Not available.	
Boiling point	: >37.78°C (>100°F)	
Flash point	: Closed cup: 43.33°C (110	כ°F)
Auto-ignition temperature	Not available.	
Decomposition temperature	Not available.	
Flammability	Not available.	
Lower and upper explosive	Not available.	
(flammable) limits		
Evaporation rate	: 0.98 (butyl acetate = 1)	

#### Product name AMERSHIELD DEEP TINT RESIN

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Vapor pressure	: 2.6 kPa (19.5 mm H	lg)	
Vapor density	: Not available.		
Relative density	: 1.37		
Density(lbs / gal)	: 11.43		
Solubility(ioc)	Media	Result	
Solubility(ies)	cold water	Not soluble	
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Not applicable.		
Viscosity	: Kinematic (40°C (10	04°F)): >21 mm²/s (>21 cSt)	
Volatility	: 31% (v/v), 20.313%	(w/w)	
% Solid. (w/w)	: 79.687		

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: In a fire, hazardous decomposition products may be produced. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.
Incompatible materials	: Keep away from: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids, amines, alcohols, water. Uncontrolled exothermic reactions occur with amines and alcohols.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides metal oxide/oxides

## Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

Result	Species	Dose	Exposure	
LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	>21.1 mg/l	4 hours	
LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	2000 ppm	4 hours	
LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>17600 mg/kg	-	
LD50 Oral	Rat	10.768 g/kg	-	
LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>6.82 mg/l	4 hours	
LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-	
LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-	
LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	30 mg/l	4 hours	
LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-	
LD50 Oral	Rat	6190 mg/kg	-	
LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-	
LD50 Oral	Rat		-	
LD50 Oral	Rat	3.125 g/kg	-	
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor LC50 Inhalation Vapor LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral LC50 Inhalation Vapor LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral LD50 Oral LD50 Oral LD50 Oral	LC50 Inhalation VaporRatLC50 Inhalation VaporRatLD50 DermalRabbitLD50 OralRatLC50 Inhalation Dusts and mistsRatLD50 DermalRatLD50 OralRatLD50 OralRatLD50 OralRatLD50 OralRatLD50 DermalRatLD50 DermalRatLD50 DermalRatLD50 DermalRatLD50 DermalRatLD50 OralRatLD50 OralRatLD50 OralRatLD50 OralRatLD50 OralRat	LC50 Inhalation VaporRat>21.1 mg/lLC50 Inhalation VaporRat2000 ppmLD50 DermalRat2000 ppmLD50 OralRat10.768 g/kgLC50 Inhalation Dusts and mistsRat>6.82 mg/lLD50 DermalRat>5000 mg/kgLD50 OralRat>5000 mg/kgLD50 OralRat>5000 mg/kgLD50 OralRat>5000 mg/kgLD50 DermalRat>5000 mg/kgLD50 DermalRat30 mg/lLD50 DermalRat55 g/kgLD50 DermalRat>5 g/kgLD50 DermalRat>5 g/kgLD50 DermalRat3200 mg/kg	

## Section 11. Toxicological information

	i gi		Simat				
4-piperidyl) sebacate 4-isocyanatosulphonyltoluene methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl- 4-piperidyl sebacate	LD50 ( LD50 (				Rat Rat	2234 mg/kg 3.125 g/kg	-
Conclusion/Summary	: The	re are no	data availa	able on	the mixture itse	elf.	
Irritation/Corrosion							
Conclusion/Summary							
Skin	: The	re are no	data availa	able on	the mixture itse	elf.	
Eyes	: The	re are no	data availa	able on	the mixture itse	elf.	
Respiratory	: The	re are no	data availa	able on	the mixture itse	elf.	
Sensitization							
Skin	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.						
Respiratory	: The	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.					
<u>Mutagenicity</u>							
Conclusion/Summary	: The	re are no	data availa	able on	the mixture itse	elf.	
Carcinogenicity							
Conclusion/Summary	: The	re are no	data availa	able on	the mixture itse	elf.	
<b>Classification</b>							
Product/ingredient name		OSHA	IARC	NTP			
Wollastonite titanium dioxide crystalline silica, respirable po (<10 microns)	owder	- - +	3 2B 1	- - Know	n to be a huma	n carcinogen.	
Carcinogen Classification	code:	I	1	1			
IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3, 4 NTP: Known to be OSHA: + Not listed/not regula	a human	carcinoger	ı; Reasonab	bly anticip	ated to be a huma	n carcinogen	

#### **Reproductive toxicity**

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### **Teratogenicity**

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
n-butyl acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
4-isocyanatosulphonyltoluene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract
			irritation

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	Category 1	inhalation	-

#### Product name AMERSHIELD DEEP TINT RESIN

### Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Target organs

: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: brain. Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: kidneys, lungs, upper respiratory tract, skin, central nervous system (CNS), eye, lens or cornea.

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Not available.

#### Information on the likely routes of exposure

#### Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	: May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
Skin contact	: Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### **Over-exposure signs/symptoms**

Eye contact	: No specific data.
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: wheezing and breathing difficulties asthma reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths

#### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

skeletal malformations

Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the mixture itself. Skin contact to isocyanate monomer may lead to allergic lung reaction. Based on the properties of the isocyanate components and considering toxicological data on similar mixtures, this mixture may cause acute irritation and/or sensitization of the respiratory system, leading to an asthmatic condition, wheezing and tightness of the chest. Repeated exposure may lead to permanent respiratory disability. This product contains crystalline silica which can cause lung cancer or silicosis. The risk of cancer depends on the duration and level of exposure to dust from sanding surfaces or mist from spray applications. This product contains TiO2 which has been classified as a GHS Carcinogen Category 2 based on its IARC 2B classification. For many products, TiO2 is utilized as a raw material in a liquid coating formulation. In this case, the TiO2 particles are bound in a matrix with no meaningful potential for human exposure to unbound particles of TiO2 when the product is applied with a brush or roller. Sanding the coating surface or mist from spray applications may be
--------------------	--

Canada Page: 14/18

## Section 11. Toxicological information

		harmful depending on the duration and level of exposure and require the use of appropriate personal protective equipment and/or engineering controls (see Section 8). Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. There is some evidence that repeated exposure to organic solvent vapors in combination with constant loud noise can cause greater hearing loss than expected from exposure to noise alone. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.
<u>Short term exposure</u>		
Potential immediate effects	:	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential delayed effects	:	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Long term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	:	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential delayed effects	:	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential chronic health eff	ect	<u>s</u>
General	:	Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/ or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	:	May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	:	Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

#### Numerical measures of toxicity

#### Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)	
p-butyl acetate	10768	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	6190	N/A	N/A	30	N/A	
ethyl 3-ethoxypropionate	3200	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	3125	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
4-isocyanatosulphonyltoluene	2234	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	3125	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	

## Section 12. Ecological information

#### **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
n-butyl acetate titanium dioxide	Acute LC50 18 mg/l Acute LC50 >100 mg/l Fresh water	Fish Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	96 hours 48 hours
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate ethyl 3-ethoxypropionate	Acute LC50 134 mg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 60.9 mg/l	Fish - <i>Oncorhynchus mykiss</i> Fish	96 hours 96 hours

#### Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose	Inoculum
<b>n</b> -butyl acetate	TEPA and OECD 301D	83 % - Readily - 28	,	-	-
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	-	83 % - Readily - 28	days	-	-
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	)	Photolysis	S	Biodegradability
<ul> <li>p-butyl acetate</li> <li>2-methoxy-1-methylethyl</li> <li>acetate</li> </ul>	-		-		Readily Readily
ethyl 3-ethoxypropionate	-		-		Readily

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
-butyl acetate 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	2.3 1.2	-	Low Low
ethyl 3-ethoxypropionate	1.47	-	Low

#### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non- recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.
------------------	--

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations. Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees. Section 6. Accidental release measures

## Section 14. Transport information

	TDG	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class (es)	3	3	3
Packing group	III		
Environmental hazards Marine pollutant substances	No. Not applicable.	No. Not applicable.	No. Not applicable.

Additional in	nformation		
TDG	: None ide	ntif	ied.
IMDG	: None ide	nti	ïed.
IATA	: None ide	nti	ïed.
Special prec	autions for user	:	<b>Transport within user's premises:</b> always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.
Transport in to IMO instru	bulk according uments	:	Not applicable.
Proof of clas	sification	:	Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.18-2.19 (Class 3).

### Section 15. Regulatory information

<b>National</b>	Inventory	<u>/ List</u>

Canada inventory ( DSL )

: All components are listed or exempted.

### Section 16. Other information

#### Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

Health : 2 \* Flammability : 2 Physical hazards : 0

(\*) - Chronic effects

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on MSDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

#### Product name AMERSHIELD DEEP TINT RESIN

### Section 16. Other information

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

<b>National Fir</b>	e Protection	Association	(U.S.A.)
---------------------	--------------	-------------	----------

Health : 2 Flammability : 2 Instability : 0			
Date of issue/Date of revision	3 June 2024		
Organization that prepared : the SDS	: EHS		
Key to abbreviations :	ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations		

#### ✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### **Disclaimer**

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.