SAFETY DATA SHEET



Conforms to Official Mexican Standard NOM-018-STPS-2015

Date of revision 4 June 2024

Version 7

Date of issue 4 June 2024

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product name	: SIGMADUR ONE WHITE 7000 US
Product code	: 00354101
Other means of identification	: Not applicable.
Product type	: Liquid.
Relevant identified uses o	f the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Product use	: Professional applications, Used by spraying.
Use of the substance/ mixture	: Coating.
Uses advised against	: Not applicable.
Manufacturer	: PPG Industries, Inc. One PPG Place Pittsburgh, PA 15272
<u>Emergency telephone</u> <u>number</u>	: (412) 434-4515 (U.S.) (514) 645-1320 (Canada) SETIQ Interior de la República: 800-00-214-00 (México) SETIQ Ciudad de México: (55) 5559-1588 (México)
Technical Phone Number	: 888-977-4762

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

: AMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 1B
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1
Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity:
38.2% (oral), 49.7% (dermal), 73.1% (inhalation)
\mathbf{v} \mathbf{v}
: Danger

Product name SIGMADUR ONE WHITE 7000 US

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

:	 F226 - Flammable liquid and vapor. H351 - Suspected of causing cancer. H360 - May damage fertility or the unborn child. H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (central nervous system (CNS))
:	 P201 - Obtain special instructions before use. P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P260 - Do not breathe vapor. P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. P264 - Wash thoroughly after handling.
:	P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water.
1	P405 - Store locked up.
:	P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
:	DANGER - RAGS, STEEL WOOL OR WASTE SOAKED WITH THIS PRODUCT MAY SPONTANEOUSLY CATCH FIRE IF IMPROPERLY DISCARDED. IMMEDIATELY AFTER EACH USE, PLACE RAGS, STEEL WOOL OR WASTE IN A SEALED WATER-FILLED METAL CONTAINER. Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Emits toxic fumes when heated.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture Product name	- C.	Mixture SIGMADUR ONE WHITE 7000 US
Other means of identification	:	Not applicable.

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
titanium dioxide	≥20 - ≤50	13463-67-7
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	≥10 - <20	64742-88-7
tert-butyl acetate	≥10 - ≤20	540-88-5
barium sulfate	≥1.0 - ≤4.4	7727-43-7
Stoddard solvent	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	8052-41-3
2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	22464-99-9
2-butanone oxime	<1.0	96-29-7
ethylbenzene	<1.0	100-41-4
propylidynetrimethanol	≤1.0	77-99-6

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

Product name SIGMADUR ONE WHITE 7000 US

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

Description of necess	ary first aid measures
Eye contact	 Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.
Inhalation	 Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	 Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion	: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects			
Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.		
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.		
Skin contact	: Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.		
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.		
Over-exposure signs/symptoms			

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician	 In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed.
Specific treatments	The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours. No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.

Product name SIGMADUR ONE WHITE 7000 US

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	 Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for co	ont	ainment and cleaning up
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	-	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Product name SIGMADUR ONE WHITE 7000 US

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	1	
Protective measures	:	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Special precautions	-	Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Materials such as cleaning rags, paper wipes and protective clothing, which are contaminated with the product may spontaneously self-ignite some hours later. To avoid the risks of fires, all contaminated materials should be stored in purpose-built containers or in metal containers with tight-fitting, self-closing lids. Contaminated materials should be removed from the workplace at the end of each working day and be stored outside. If this material is part of a multiple component system, read the Safety Data Sheet(s) for the other component or components before blending as the resulting mixture may have the hazards of all of its parts.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	:	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
inanium dioxide	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 8 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States). TWA: 400 ppm
tert-butyl acetate	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).
barium sulfate	TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).
Stoddard solvent	TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 8 hours. NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. Mexico Page: 5/1

Product code 00354101 Version 7 Date of issue 4 June 2024 Product name SIGMADUR ONE WHITE 7000 US **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection** NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). 2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt [Circonio y compuestos] STEL: 10 mg/m³, (as Zr) 15 minutes. TWA: 5 mg/m³, (as Zr) 8 hours. 2-butanone oxime IPEL (-). TWA: 3 ppm STEL: 9 ppm NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). ethylbenzene TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. None. propylidynetrimethanol Key to abbreviations С = Ceiling Limit STEL = Short term exposure limit IPEL = Internal Permissible Exposure Limit TLV = Threshold Limit Value TWA = Time Weighted Average Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits. **Recommended monitoring** : Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous procedures substances will also be required. : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust Appropriate engineering ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne controls contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment. Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure **Environmental exposure** ÷ they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some controls cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels. Individual protection measures Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before **Hygiene measures** eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. **Eye/face protection** : Safety glasses with side shields. **Skin protection Hand protection** : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. For prolonged or repeated handling, use the following type of gloves: Gloves Recommended: neoprene, natural rubber (latex), nitrile rubber **Body protection** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. **Mexico** Page: 6/14

Product name SIGMADUR ONE WHITE 7000 US

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Other skin protection	 Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Appearance				
Physical state	1	Liquid.		
Color	:	White.		
Odor	:	Characteristic.		
Odor threshold	:	Not available.		
Molecular weight	1	Not applicable.		
рН	4	Not applicable.		
Melting point	4	Not available.		
Boiling point	1	>37.78°C (>100°F)		
Flash point	1	Closed cup: 45.56°C (114°F)		
Auto-ignition temperature	1	Not available.		
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.		
Flammability	4	Not available.		
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	:	Not available.		
Evaporation rate	:	Not available.		
Vapor pressure	:	Not available.		
Vapor density	1	Not available.		
Relative density	1	1.18		
Density(lbs / gal)	:	9.85		
Colubility(inc)		Media Result		
Solubility(ies)	1	cold water Not soluble		
Solubility in water	:	Not available.		
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	1	Not applicable.		
Viscosity	1	Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >21 mm²/s (>21 cSt)		
Volatility	4	46% (v/v), 31.847% (w/w)		
% Solid. (w/w)	:	68.153		

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

	Mexico Page: 7/14
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

Product name SIGMADUR ONE WHITE 7000 US

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

Conditions to avoid	:	When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.
Incompatible materials	:	Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
Hazardous decomposition products	:	Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials carbon oxides nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides metal oxide/oxides

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure				
titanium dioxide	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>6.82 mg/l	4 hours				
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-				
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-				
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>3000 mg/kg	-				
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-				
tert-butyl acetate	LD50 Oral	Rat	4100 mg/kg	-				
barium sulfate	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-				
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-				
Stoddard solvent	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5 g/kg	-				
2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-				
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5 g/kg	-				
2-butanone oxime	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1100 mg/kg	-				
	LD50 Oral	Rat	100 mg/kg	-				
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	17.8 mg/l	4 hours				
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-				
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.5 g/kg	-				
propylidynetrimethanol	LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral	Rabbit Rat	10 g/kg 14000 mg/kg	-				
Conclusion/Summary								
Irritation/Corrosion								
Conclusion/Summary								
Skin	: There are no data available on	the mixture itse	lf.					
Eyes	: There are no data available on	the mixture itse	lf.					
Respiratory	: There are no data available on	the mixture itse	lf.					
Sensitization								
Conclusion/Summary								
Skin	: There are no data available on	the mixture itse	lf.					
Respiratory	: There are no data available on	There are no data available on the mixture itself.						
<u>Mutagenicity</u>								
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on	There are no data available on the mixture itself.						
Carcinogenicity								
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on	the mixture itse	lf.					

Product name SIGMADUR ONE WHITE 7000 US

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Classification			
Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
titanium dioxide	-	2B	-
ethylbenzene	-	2B	-
Consineren Classificatio		•	

Carcinogen Classification code:

IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3, 4 NTP: Known to be a human carcinogen; Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen OSHA: + Not listed/not regulated: -

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Category 1	-	central nervous system (CNS)
Stoddard solvent	Category 1	-	central nervous system (CNS)
ethylbenzene	Category 2	-	hearing organs

Target organs

: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: brain, skin. Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: kidneys, lungs, liver, upper respiratory tract, central nervous system (CNS), eye, lens or cornea, testes.

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
Stoddard solvent	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely routes of exposure

Potential acute health effectsEye contact: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Inhalation: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Skin contact: Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.Ingestion: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Over-exposure signs/symptomsEye contact: No specific data.

Product name SIGMADUR ONE WHITE 7000 US

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Inhalation	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation dryness cracking reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Delayed and immediate effect	ts a	and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
Conclusion/Summary	:	There are no data available on the mixture itself. For many products, TiO2 is utilized as a raw material in a liquid coating formulation. In this case, the TiO2 particles are bound in a matrix with no meaningful potential for human exposure to unbound particles of TiO2 when the product is applied with a brush or roller. Sanding the coating surface or mist from spray applications may be harmful depending on the duration and level of exposure and require the use of appropriate personal protective equipment and/or engineering controls (see Section 8). Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. There is some evidence that repeated exposure to organic solvent vapors in combination with constant loud noise can cause greater hearing loss than expected from exposure to noise alone. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.
Short term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	:	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential delayed effects	:	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Long term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	:	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential delayed effects		There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential chronic health effect		
General		Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis.
Carcinogenicity		Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	:	May damage fertility or the unborn child.
Numerical measures of toxic	ity	

Mexico Page: 10/14

Product name SIGMADUR ONE WHITE 7000 US

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Acute toxicity estimates									
Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)				
GMADUR ONE WHITE 7000 US	25179.0	5669.2	N/A	N/A	N/A				
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	N/A	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A				
tert-butyl acetate	4100	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A				
barium sulfate	N/A	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A				
2-butanone oxime	500	1100	N/A	N/A	N/A				
ethylbenzene	3500	17800	N/A	17.8	1.5				
propylidynetrimethanol	14000	10000	N/A	N/A	N/A				

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Toxicity			
Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
iríanium dioxide 2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 >100 mg/l	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> Fish	48 hours 96 hours
ethylbenzene propylidynetrimethanol	Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 >1000 mg/l	Daphnia Daphnia - <i>Ceriodaphnia dubia</i> Fish	48 hours - 96 hours

Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose	Inoculum
ethylbenzene	-	79 % - Readily - 10	days	-	-
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life		Photolysis	5	Biodegradability
ethylbenzene	-		-		Readily

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
tert-butyl acetate	1.64	-	Low
Stoddard solvent	3.16 to 7.06	-	High
2-butanone oxime	0.63	5.01	Low
ethylbenzene	3.6	79.43	Low
propylidynetrimethanol	-0.47	-	Low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Product name SIGMADUR ONE WHITE 7000 US

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and nonrecyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations. Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees. Section 6. Accidental release measures

SECTION 14: Transport information

	Mexico Classification	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
Packing group	III	III	III
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.
Product RQ (lbs) RQ substances	Not applicable. Not applicable.	Not applicable. Not applicable.	Not applicable. Not applicable.

Additional information

Mexico	: None identified.
IMDG	: None identified.
ΙΑΤΑ	: None identified.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Product name SIGMADUR ONE WHITE 7000 US

SECTION 14: Transport information

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

<u>Mexico</u>

Classification

Flammability : 2 Health : 2 Reactivity : 0

International regulations

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

SECTION 16: Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

Health : 2 * Flammability : 2 Physical hazards : 0 (*) - Chronic

effects

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

Date of previous issue Organization that prepared the SDS	: 9/26/2022 : EHS
Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

The information, which is based on the current knowledge of the chemical substance or mixture and applies to appropriate safety precautions for the product, is deemed correct but is not exhaustive and will be used only as a guide.

Disclaimer

Product name SIGMADUR ONE WHITE 7000 US

SECTION 16: Other information

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.