SAFETY DATA SHEET



Date of issue/Date of revision 4 June 2024 Version 17

Section 1. Identification			
Product name	: SIGMADUR ONE BLACK 8000 US		
Product code	: 00354100		
Other means of identification	: Not available.		
Product type	: Liquid.		
Relevant identified uses of	the substance or mixture and uses advised against		
Product use	: Professional applications, Used by spraying.		
Use of the substance/ mixture	: Coating.		
Uses advised against	: Not applicable.		
Manufacturer	: PPG Industries, Inc. One PPG Place Pittsburgh, PA 15272		
<u>Emergency telephone</u> <u>number</u>	: (412) 434-4515 (U.S.) (514) 645-1320 (Canada) SETIQ Interior de la República: 800-00-214-00 (México) SETIQ Ciudad de México: (55) 5559-1588 (México)		
Technical Phone Number	: 888-977-4762		

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status	 This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture	 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 RESPIRATORY SENSITIZATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1B TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 1B SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1
	Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity: 40.4% (oral), 64.8% (dermal), 85.3% (inhalation)
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger

Product name SIGMADUR ONE BLACK 8000 US

Section 2. Hazards identification

Hazard statements	 Fammable liquid and vapor. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. May cause cancer. May damage fertility or the unborn child. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (central nervous system (CNS))
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Wear respiratory protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take action to prevent static discharges. Keep container tightly closed. Do not breathe vapor. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling.
Response	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water.
Storage	Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
Disposal	Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Supplemental label elements	Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Emits toxic fumes when heated. DANGER - RAGS, STEEL WOOL OR WASTE SOAKED WITH THIS PRODUCT MAY SPONTANEOUSLY CATCH FIRE IF IMPROPERLY DISCARDED. IMMEDIATELY AFTER EACH USE, PLACE RAGS, STEEL WOOL OR WASTE IN A SEALED WATER-FILLED METAL CONTAINER.
Hazards not otherwise classified	Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	1	Mixture
Product name	:	SIGMADUR ONE BLACK 8000 US

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	≥10 - <20	64742-88-7
tert-butyl acetate	≥10 - ≤20	540-88-5
barium sulfate	≥5.0 - ≤10	7727-43-7
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	14807-96-6
carbon black	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	1333-86-4
2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt	≤1.0	22464-99-9
Fatty acids, C9-13-neo-, cobalt salts	<1.0	68955-83-9
2-butanone oxime	<1.0	96-29-7
ethylbenzene	<1.0	100-41-4
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Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt

<1.0

27253-31-2

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

If ingestion, irritation, any type of overexposure or symptoms of overexposure occur during or persists after use of this product, contact a POISON CONTROL CENTER, EMERGENCY ROOM OR PHYSICIAN immediately; have Safety Data Sheet information available. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious or convulsing person.

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	 Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.
Inhalation	 Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	 Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion	 If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects	
Eye contact :	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation :	May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
Skin contact :	Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.
Ingestion :	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Over-exposure signs/sympton	<u>ns</u>
Eye contact :	No specific data.
Inhalation :	Adverse symptoms may include the following: wheezing and breathing difficulties asthma reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact :	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation dryness cracking reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

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Section 4. First aid measures

Ingestion

: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician	 In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed.
Specific treatments	The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours. No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

-	_
Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapor. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

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Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for co	ont	ainment and cleaning up
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment

plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures
 Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of asthma, allergies or chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

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Section 7. Handling and storage

Special precautions	: Ingestion of product or cured coating may be harmful. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Materials such as cleaning rags, paper wipes and protective clothing, which are contaminated with the product may spontaneously self-ignite some hours later. To avoid the risks of fires, all contaminated materials should be stored in purpose-built containers or in metal containers with tight-fitting, self-closing lids. Contaminated materials should be removed from the workplace at the end of each working day and be stored outside. If this material is part of a multiple component system, read the Safety Data Sheet(s) for the other component or components before blending as the resulting mixture may have the hazards of all of its parts.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
\mathbf{s} olvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	ACGIH TLV (United States).
	TWA: 400 ppm
	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
	[Naphtha (Coal tar)]
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 400 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
ert-butyl acetate	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
	TWA: 950 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.
	ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023). [Buty
	acetates]
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
parium sulfate	ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023).
	TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable
	fraction
	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
	TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable
	fraction
	TWA: 15 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust
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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023).					
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	TWA: 2 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable					
	OSHA PEL Z3 (United States).					
	TWA: 2 mg/m ³					
carbon black	ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023).					
	TWA: 3 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable					
	fraction					
	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).					
	TWA: 3.5 mg/m ³ 8 hours.					
2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt	ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023).					
	[Zirconium and compounds]					
	STEL: 10 mg/m ³ , (as Zr) 15 minutes.					
	TWA: 5 mg/m³, (as Zr) 8 hours.					
	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).					
	[Zirconium compounds]					
	TWA: 5 mg/m³, (as Zr) 8 hours.					
Fatty acids, C9-13-neo-, cobalt salts	ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023). [cobalt					
	and inorganic compounds] Skin sensitizer.					
	Inhalation sensitizer.					
	TWA: 0.02 mg/m ³ , (as Co) 8 hours.					
2-butanone oxime	IPEL (-).					
	TWA: 3 ppm					
	STEL: 9 ppm					
ethylbenzene	ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023).					
	Ototoxicant.					
	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.					
	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).					
	TWA: 435 mg/m ³ 8 hours.					
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.					
neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt	ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023). [cobalt					
	and inorganic compounds] Skin sensitizer.					
	Inhalation sensitizer.					
	TWA: 0.02 mg/m³, (as Co) 8 hours.					
A = Acceptable Maximum Peak Key to abbreviations	S = Potential skin absorption					
ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists.	SR = Respiratory sensitization					
C = Ceiling Limit	SS = Skin sensitization					
F = Fume	STEL = Short term Exposure limit values					
IPEL = Internal Permissible Exposure Limit	TD = Total dust					
OSHA = Occupational Safety and Health Administration.	TLV = Threshold Limit Value					
R = Respirable	TWA = Time Weighted Average					

= OSHA 29 CFR 1910.1200 Subpart Z - Toxic and Hazardous Substances Ζ

Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

procedures

Recommended monitoring : Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Appropriate engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection meas	<u>ures</u>
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Safety glasses with side shields.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Gloves	 For prolonged or repeated handling, use the following type of gloves: Recommended: neoprene, nitrile rubber, natural rubber (latex)
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Use an air-fed respirator unless a site-specific assessment determines that an air-fed respirator is not necessary, in which case the results of the risk assessment should be utilized to determine whether respiratory protection is necessary and what type of protection is appropriate. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. The respiratory protection shall be in accordance to 29 CFR 1910.134.

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Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Volatility % Solid. (w/w)	: 44% (v/v), 33.608% (w/w)			
Viscosity	: Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >21 mm²/s (>21 cSt)			
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: No	ot applicable.		
Solubility(ies)		bld water Not soluble		
	Μ	ledia Result		
Density(lbs / gal)	: 8.	85		
Relative density	: 1.0			
Vapor density		ot available.		
Vapor pressure		ot available.		
Evaporation rate	: No	ot available.		
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	: No	ot available.		
Flammability		ot available.		
Decomposition temperature		ot available.		
Auto-ignition temperature		ot available.		
Flash point		losed cup: 45.56°C (114°F)		
Boiling point		37.78°C (>100°F)		
Melting point		ot available.		
рН	: No	ot applicable.		
Odor threshold	: No	ot available.		
Odor	: Cł	haracteristic.		
Color	: Bl	ack.		
Physical state	: Lie	quid.		

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.
Incompatible materials	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

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Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Hazardous decomposition products

: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides metal oxide/oxides

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result		Species	Dose	Exposure
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	LD50 Dermal		Rabbit	>3000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral		Rat	>5000 mg/kg	_
tert-butyl acetate	LD50 Oral		Rat	4100 mg/kg	-
barium sulfate	LD50 Dermal		Rat	>2000 mg/kg	_
	LD50 Oral		Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
carbon black	LD50 Oral		Rat	>10 g/kg	-
2-ethylhexanoic acid,	LD50 Dermal		Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
zirconium salt				0 9/119	
	LD50 Oral		Rat	>5 g/kg	-
2-butanone oxime	LD50 Dermal		Rabbit	1100 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral		Rat	100 mg/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Va	apor	Rat	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
-	LD50 Dermal		Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral		Rat	3.5 g/kg	-
neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt	LD50 Oral		Rat - Female	1098 mg/kg	-
<u>Conclusion/Summary</u> Skin Eyes Respiratory <u>Sensitization</u>	There are no datThere are no datThere are no datThere are no dat	a available on th	ne mixture itself.		
Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species		Result	
reodecanoic acid, cobalt salt	skin	Mouse		Sensitizing	
Conclusion/Summary					
Skin	: There are no dat	a available on th	ne mixture itself.		
Respiratory	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.				
Mutagenicity					
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no dat	a available on th	ne mixture itself.		
Carcinogenicity					
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no dat	a available on th	ne mixture itself.		
Classification					

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
✓arbon black Fatty acids, C9-13-neo-, cobalt salts	-	2B 2B	- Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen.
ethylbenzene neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt	-	2B 2B	- Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen.

Carcinogen Classification code:

IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3, 4 NTP: Known to be a human carcinogen; Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen OSHA: + Not listed/not regulated: -

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph. Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	Category 3 Category 3	- -	Narcotic effects Respiratory tract irritation
Fatty acids, C9-13-neo-, cobalt salts	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Category 1	-	central nervous system (CNS)
ethylbenzene neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt	Category 2 Category 1	- oral	hearing organs gastrointestinal tract

Target organs

: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: brain, skin. Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: kidneys, lungs, cardiovascular system, upper respiratory tract, central nervous system (CNS), eye, lens or cornea.

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely routes of exposure

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	: May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
Skin contact	: Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.

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Section 11. Toxicological information

	-
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<u>Over-exposure signs/sym</u>	<u>ptoms</u>
Eye contact	: No specific data.
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following:
	wheezing and breathing difficulties
	asthma
	reduced fetal weight
	increase in fetal deaths
	skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following:
	irritation
	dryness
	cracking
	reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths
	skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following:
ingestion	reduced fetal weight
	increase in fetal deaths
	skeletal malformations
Delayed and immediate effe	ects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the mixture itself. Exposure to component solvent vapor
conclusion, cumuly	concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse
	health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse
	effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include
	headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases,
	loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption
	through the skin. There is some evidence that repeated exposure to organic solvent
	vapors in combination with constant loud noise can cause greater hearing loss than
	expected from exposure to noise alone. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause
	irritation and reversible damage. Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting.
	This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic
	effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and
	dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.
<u>Short term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
effects	
Potential delayed effects	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Long term exposure	
Potential immediate	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
effects	
Potential delayed effects	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
-	
Potential chronic health ef	
General	: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or
	repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis.
	Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to
Carolinogonicity	very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	: May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Reproductive toxicity

: May damage fertility or the unborn child.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/ I)
SIGMADUR ONE BLACK 8000 US	21500.1	3037.7	N/A	N/A	N/A
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	N/A	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
tert-butyl acetate	4100	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
barium sulfate	N/A	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
Fatty acids, C9-13-neo-, cobalt salts	500	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
2-butanone oxime	500	1100	N/A	N/A	N/A
ethylbenzene	3500	17800	N/A	17.8	1.5
neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt	1098	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
P-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia Daphnia - <i>Ceriodaphnia dubia</i>	48 hours -

Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose		Inoculum
ethylbenzene	-	79 % - Rea	dily - 10 days	-		-
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life		Photolysis		Biodeg	radability
e thylbenzene	-		-		Readily	

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
fert-butyl acetate	1.64	-	Low
2-butanone oxime	0.63	5.01	Low
ethylbenzene	3.6	79.43	Low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc) : Not available.

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Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations. Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees. Section 6. Accidental release measures

14. Transport information

	DOT	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class (es)	3	3	3
Packing group	Ш	Ш	Ш
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.
Product RQ (Ibs)	12619.4	Not applicable.	Not applicable.
RQ substances	(xylene, tert-butyl acetate)	Not applicable.	Not applicable.

Additional information

- **DOT** : This product may be re-classified as "Combustible Liquid," unless transported by vessel or aircraft. Non-bulk packages (less than or equal to 119 gal) of combustible liquids are not regulated as hazardous materials in package sizes less than the product reportable quantity.
- IMDG : None identified.
- IATA : None identified.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Product name SIGMADUR ONE BLACK 8000 US

14. Transport information

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

Section 15. Regulatory information

United States

United States inventory (TSCA 8b) : All components are active or exempted.

United States - TSCA 5(a)2 - Final significant new use rules:

mercury

SARA 302/304

SARA 304 RQ : Not applicable.

Composition/information on ingredients

No products were found.

SARA 311/312

Classification

 AMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 RESPIRATORY SENSITIZATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1B TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 1B SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1 HNOC - Defatting irritant

Composition/information on ingredients

Name	%	Classification
Solvent naphtha (petroleum),	≥10 - <20	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
medium aliph.		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)
		(Narcotic effects) - Category 3
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED
		EXPOSURE) - Category 1
		ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
		HNOC - Defatting irritant
tert-butyl acetate	≥10 - ≤20	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
		HNOC - Defatting irritant
Talc , not containing asbestiform	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)
fibres		(Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
carbon black	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	COMBUSTIBLE DUSTS
		CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium	≤1.0	COMBUSTIBLE DUSTS
salt		TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 1B
Fatty acids, C9-13-neo-, cobalt	<1.0	ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4
salts		SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
		EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
		RESPIRATORY SENSITIZATION - Category 1A
		SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1B
		CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1B
		TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)
		(Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
2-butanone oxime	<1.0	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 4
		ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4
1	1	United States Page: 15/17

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Listed

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Product name SIGMADUR ONE BLACK 8000 US

Section 15. Regulatory information

ethylbenzene	<1.0	ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1B CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED
neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt	<1.0	EXPOSURE) - Category 2 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 HNOC - Defatting irritant ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1B CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1B SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1

<u>SARA 313</u>

	Chemical name	<u>CAS number</u>	Concentration
Supplier notification	: F ∕atty acids, C9-13-neo-, cobalt salts	68955-83-9	0.1 - 1
	ethylbenzene	100-41-4	0.1 - 1
	neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt	27253-31-2	0.1 - 1
	lead massive	7439-92-1	0.000002997
	mercury	7439-97-6	0.000002997

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

Additional environmental information is contained on the Environmental Data Sheet for this product, which can be obtained from your PPG representative.

California Prop. 65

WARNING: Cancer - www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)	
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Health : 2 * Flammability : 2 Physical hazards : 0 (*) - Chronic effects

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on MSDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)

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Health : 2Flammability : 2Instability : 0Date of previous issue: 5/29/2021Organization that prepared: EHSthe SDS
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Product name SIGMADUR ONE BLACK 8000 US

Section 16. Other information

Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
-	BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
	GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
	IATA = International Air Transport Association
	IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
	IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
	LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
	MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)
	N/A = Not available
	SGG = Segregation Group
	UN = United Nations

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Disclaimer

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.