# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**



Date of issue/Date of revision 5 June 2024 Version 15

Section 1. Identification		
Product name	: SIGMADUR ONE GREEN 4199 US	
Product code	: 00354098	
Other means of identification	: Not available.	
Product type	: Liquid.	
Relevant identified uses of	the substance or mixture and uses advised against	
Product use	: Professional applications, Used by spraying.	
Use of the substance/ mixture	: Coating.	
Uses advised against	: Not applicable.	
Manufacturer	: PPG Industries, Inc. One PPG Place Pittsburgh, PA 15272	
<u>Emergency telephone</u> <u>number</u>	: (412) 434-4515 (U.S.) (514) 645-1320 (Canada) SETIQ Interior de la República: 800-00-214-00 (México) SETIQ Ciudad de México: (55) 5559-1588 (México)	
Technical Phone Number	: 888-977-4762	

# Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status	: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture	<ul> <li>AMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 RESPIRATORY SENSITIZATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1B TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 1B SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1</li> </ul>
	Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity: 38.8% (oral), 65.8% (dermal), 80.5% (inhalation)
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger

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# Section 2. Hazards identification

Hazard statements	<ul> <li>Mammable liquid and vapor. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. May cause cancer. May damage fertility or the unborn child. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (central nervous system (CNS))</li> </ul>
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Wear respiratory protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take action to prevent static discharges. Keep container tightly closed. Do not breathe vapor. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling.
Response	: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water.
Storage	: Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Supplemental label elements	: Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Emits toxic fumes when heated. DANGER - RAGS, STEEL WOOL OR WASTE SOAKED WITH THIS PRODUCT MAY SPONTANEOUSLY CATCH FIRE IF IMPROPERLY DISCARDED. IMMEDIATELY AFTER EACH USE, PLACE RAGS, STEEL WOOL OR WASTE IN A SEALED WATER-FILLED METAL CONTAINER.
Hazards not otherwise classified	: Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	1	Mixture
Product name	1	SIGMADUR ONE GREEN 4199 US

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	≥10 - <20	64742-88-7
tert-butyl acetate	≥10 - ≤20	540-88-5
barium sulfate	≥5.0 - ≤10	7727-43-7
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	14807-96-6
2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt	≤1.0	22464-99-9
Fatty acids, C9-13-neo-, cobalt salts	<1.0	68955-83-9
neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt	<1.0	27253-31-2
2-butanone oxime	<1.0	96-29-7
ethylbenzene	<1.0	100-41-4

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# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

# Section 4. First aid measures

If ingestion, irritation, any type of overexposure or symptoms of overexposure occur during or persists after use of this product, contact a POISON CONTROL CENTER, EMERGENCY ROOM OR PHYSICIAN immediately; have Safety Data Sheet information available. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious or convulsing person. **Description of necessary first aid measures** 

Eye contact	<ul> <li>Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.</li> </ul>
Inhalation	: Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion	: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

### Potential acute health effects

Eye contact Inhalation Skin contact Ingestion	<ul> <li>No known significant effects or critical hazards.</li> <li>May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.</li> <li>Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.</li> <li>No known significant effects or critical hazards.</li> </ul>
Over-exposure signs/s	<u>ymptoms</u>
Eye contact Inhalation	<ul> <li>No specific data.</li> <li>Adverse symptoms may include the following: wheezing and breathing difficulties asthma reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations</li> </ul>
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation dryness cracking reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

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# Section 4. First aid measures

Indication of immediate mee	dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician Specific treatments	<ul> <li>In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.</li> <li>No specific treatment.</li> </ul>
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

### Section 5. Fire-fighting measures Extinguishing media Suitable extinguishing : Use dry chemical, CO<sub>2</sub>, water spray (fog) or foam. media Unsuitable extinguishing : Do not use water jet. media Specific hazards arising : Flammable liquid and vapor. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the from the chemical container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. Hazardous thermal : Decomposition products may include the following materials: decomposition products carbon oxides nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides metal oxide/oxides **Special protective actions** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if for fire-fighters there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing **Special protective** apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. equipment for fire-fighters

# Section 6. Accidental release measures

# Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency proceduresFor non-emergency<br/>personnel: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.<br/>Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from<br/>entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources.<br/>No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide<br/>adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put<br/>on appropriate personal protective equipment.For emergency responders: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in<br/>Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-<br/>emergency personnel".

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## Section 6. Accidental release measures

**Environmental precautions** : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and
	explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively,
	or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste
	disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and
	explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers,
	water courses basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment

water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

# Section 7. Handling and storage

### Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of asthma, allergies or chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Special precautions	: Ingestion of product or cured coating may be harmful. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Materials such as cleaning rags, paper wipes and protective clothing, which are contaminated with the product may spontaneously self-ignite some hours later. To avoid the risks of fires, all contaminated materials should be stored in purpose-built containers or in metal containers with tight-fitting, self-closing lids. Contaminated materials should be removed from the workplace at the end of each working day and be stored outside. If this material is part of a multiple component system, read the Safety Data Sheet(s) for the other component or components before blending as the resulting mixture may have the hazards of all of its parts.

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# Section 7. Handling and storage

Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### **Control parameters**

### **Occupational exposure limits**

Ingredient name	Exposure limits			
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	ACGIH TLV (United States).			
	TWA: 400 ppm			
	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).			
	[Naphtha (Coal tar)]			
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.			
	TWA: 400 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.			
tert-butyl acetate	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).			
	TWA: 950 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.			
	TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.			
	ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023). [Butyl			
	acetates]			
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.			
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.			
barium sulfate	ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023).			
	TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Inhalable			
	fraction			
	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).			
	TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable			
	fraction			
	TWA: 15 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Total dust			
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023).			
	TWA: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable			
	OSHA PEL Z3 (United States).			
	TWA: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>			
2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt	ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023).			
	[Zirconium and compounds]			
	STEL: 10 mg/m³, (as Zr) 15 minutes.			
	TWA: 5 mg/m³, (as Zr) 8 hours.			
	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).			
	[Zirconium compounds]			
	TWA: 5 mg/m³, (as Zr) 8 hours.			
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# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Fatty acids, C9-13-neo-, cobalt salts	ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023). [cobalt
-	and inorganic compounds] Skin sensitizer.
	Inhalation sensitizer.
	TWA: 0.02 mg/m³, (as Co) 8 hours.
neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt	ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023). [cobalt
	and inorganic compounds] Skin sensitizer.
	Inhalation sensitizer.
	TWA: 0.02 mg/m³, (as Co) 8 hours.
2-butanone oxime	IPEL (-).
	TWA: 3 ppm
	STEL: 9 ppm
ethylbenzene	ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023).
	Ototoxicant.
	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
	TWA: 435 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
Key to	abbreviations
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А	= Acceptable Maximum Peak	S	<ul> <li>Potential skin absorption</li> </ul>
ACGIH	<ul> <li>American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists.</li> </ul>	SR	<ul> <li>Respiratory sensitization</li> </ul>
С	= Ceiling Limit	SS	<ul> <li>Skin sensitization</li> </ul>
F	= Fume	STEL	<ul> <li>Short term Exposure limit values</li> </ul>
IPEL	= Internal Permissible Exposure Limit	TD	= Total dust
OSHA	<ul> <li>Occupational Safety and Health Administration.</li> </ul>	TLV	= Threshold Limit Value
R	= Respirable	TWA	= Time Weighted Average
Z	= OSHA 29 CFR 1910.1200 Subpart Z - Toxic and Hazardous Substances		

### Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

Recommended monitoring procedures	: Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.
Appropriate engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection measure	es a la companya de l
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Safety glasses with side shields.
Skin protection	

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# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Gloves	: For prolonged or repeated handling, use the following type of gloves:
	Recommended: neoprene, natural rubber (latex), nitrile rubber
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Use an air-fed respirator unless a site-specific assessment determines that an air-fed respirator is not necessary, in which case the results of the risk assessment should be utilized to determine whether respiratory protection is necessary and what type of protection is appropriate. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. The respiratory protection shall be in accordance to 29 CFR 1910.134.

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

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Density ( lbs / gal )	1	9.01		
Relative density	1	1.08		
Vapor density	1	Not available.		
Vapor pressure	1	Not available.		
Evaporation rate	1	Not available.		
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	1	Not available.		
Flammability	1	Not available.		
Decomposition temperature	1	Not available.		
Auto-ignition temperature	1	Not available.		
Flash point	1	Closed cup: 45.56°C (114°F)		
Boiling point	1	>37.78°C (>100°F)		
Melting point	1	Not available.		
рН	1	Not applicable.		
Odor threshold	:	Not available.		
Odor	:	Characteristic.		
Color	:	Green.		
Physical state	1	Liquid.		
Appearance				

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# **Section 9. Physical and chemical properties**

Solubility(ies) :	Media	Result		
	cold water	Not soluble		
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Not applicable.			
Viscosity	: Kinematic (40°C (104	4°F)): >21 mm²/s (>21 cSt)		
Volatility	: 43% (v/v), 32.737% (	(w/w)		
% Solid. (w/w)	: 67.263			

# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	:	No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	:	The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	:	When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.
Incompatible materials	:	Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
Hazardous decomposition products	:	Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides metal oxide/oxides

# Section 11. Toxicological information

### Information on toxicological effects

### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>3000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	
tert-butyl acetate	LD50 Oral	Rat	4100 mg/kg	_
barium sulfate	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
2-ethylhexanoic acid,	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
zirconium salt			0 0	
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5 g/kg	-
neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt	LD50 Oral	Rat - Female	1098 mg/kg	-
2-butanone oxime	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1100 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	100 mg/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.5 g/kg	-

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# Section 11. Toxicological information

<b>Conclusion/Summary</b>	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Irritation/Corrosion	
Conclusion/Summary	
Skin	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Eyes	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Respiratory	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Sensitization	

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	S	species	Result
Reodecanoic acid, cobalt salt	skin	N	louse	Sensitizing
Conclusion/Summary				
Skin	There are	no data a	available on the mixture itself.	
Respiratory	There are	no data a	available on the mixture itself.	
<u>Mutagenicity</u>				
<b>Conclusion/Summary</b>	There are	no data a	available on the mixture itself.	
<b>Carcinogenicity</b>				
<b>Conclusion/Summary</b>	There are	no data a	available on the mixture itself.	
<b>Classification</b>				
Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP	
Fatty acids, C9-13-neo-, cobalt salts	-	2B	Reasonably anticipated to be	e a human carcinogen.
neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt ethylbenzene	-	2B 2B	Reasonably anticipated to be	e a human carcinogen.

Carcinogen Classification code:

IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3, 4 NTP: Known to be a human carcinogen; Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen OSHA: + Not listed/not regulated: -

### **Reproductive toxicity**

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

### **Teratogenicity**

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph. Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	Category 3 Category 3	-	Narcotic effects Respiratory tract irritation
Fatty acids, C9-13-neo-, cobalt salts	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

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# Section 11. Toxicological information

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Category 1	-	central nervous system (CNS)
neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt ethylbenzene	Category 1 Category 2	oral -	gastrointestinal tract hearing organs

Target organs

: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: brain, skin. Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: kidneys, lungs, cardiovascular system, upper respiratory tract, central nervous system (CNS), eye, lens or cornea.

### Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

### Information on the likely routes of exposure

### Potential acute health effects

Eye contact Inhalation Skin contact Ingestion <u>Over-exposure signs/sympt</u> e	<ul> <li>No known significant effects or critical hazards.</li> <li>May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.</li> <li>Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.</li> <li>No known significant effects or critical hazards.</li> </ul>
Eye contact	No specific data.
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: wheezing and breathing difficulties asthma reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation dryness cracking reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Delayed and immediate effect	<u>s and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure</u>

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# Section 11. Toxicological information

Short term exposurePotential immediate effects: There are no data available on the mixture itself.Potential delayed effects: There are no data available on the mixture itself.Long term exposurePotential immediate effectsPotential delayed effects: There are no data available on the mixture itself.Potential delayed effects: There are no data available on the mixture itself.Potential delayed effects: There are no data available on the mixture itself.Potential delayed effects: There are no data available on the mixture itself.Potential chronic health effects: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.Carcinogenicity: May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.Mutagenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Reproductive toxicity: May damage fertility or the unborn child.	Conclusion/Summary	:	There are no data available on the mixture itself. Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. There is some evidence that repeated exposure to organic solvent vapors in combination with constant loud noise can cause greater hearing loss than expected from exposure to noise alone. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.
effectsPotential delayed effects: There are no data available on the mixture itself.Long term exposurePotential immediate: There are no data available on the mixture itself.effectsPotential delayed effects: There are no data available on the mixture itself.Potential chronic health effectsGeneral: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.Carcinogenicity: May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.Mutagenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	<u>Short term exposure</u>		
Long term exposurePotential immediate effects: There are no data available on the mixture itself.Potential delayed effects: There are no data available on the mixture itself.Potential chronic health effects: There are no data available on the mixture itself.Potential chronic health effects: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.Carcinogenicity: May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.Mutagenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.		1	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential immediate effects: There are no data available on the mixture itself.Potential delayed effects: There are no data available on the mixture itself.Potential chronic health effects: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.Carcinogenicity Mutagenicity: May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.	Potential delayed effects	1	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
effects Potential delayed effects: There are no data available on the mixture itself.Potential chronic health effectsGeneral: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.Carcinogenicity Mutagenicity: May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposureNo known significant effects or critical hazards.	<u>Long term exposure</u>		
Potential chronic health effects         General       : Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.         Carcinogenicity       : May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.         Mutagenicity       : No known significant effects or critical hazards.		1	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
General: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.Carcinogenicity: May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.Mutagenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	Potential delayed effects	1	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.Carcinogenicity: May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.Mutagenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	Potential chronic health eff	ect	<u>S</u>
Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.	General	:	repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to
	Carcinogenicity	1	May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
<b>Reproductive toxicity</b> : May damage fertility or the unborn child.	Mutagenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
	Reproductive toxicity	:	May damage fertility or the unborn child.

### Numerical measures of toxicity

### Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/ I)
GMADUR ONE GREEN 4199 US	23033.6	3164.3	N/A	N/A	N/A
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	N/A	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
tert-butyl acetate	4100	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
barium sulfate	N/A	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
Fatty acids, C9-13-neo-, cobalt salts	500	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt	1098	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
2-butanone oxime	500	1100	N/A	N/A	N/A
ethylbenzene	3500	17800	N/A	17.8	1.5

Product name SIGMADUR ONE GREEN 4199 US

# Section 12. Ecological information

### Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia Daphnia - <i>Ceriodaphnia dubia</i>	48 hours -

### Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose		Inoculum
<b>e</b> thylbenzene	-	79 % - Rea	dily - 10 days	-		-
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life		Photolysis		Biodeg	radability
<b>e</b> thylbenzene	-		-		Readily	

### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Fert-butyl acetate	1.64	-	Low
2-butanone oxime	0.63	5.01	Low
ethylbenzene	3.6	79.43	Low

### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

# Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees. Section 6. Accidental release measures

Listed

### Product name SIGMADUR ONE GREEN 4199 US

# **14. Transport information**

•			
	DOT	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class (es)	3	3	3
Packing group	III	III	111
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.
Product RQ (Ibs)	13149.7	Not applicable.	Not applicable.
RQ substances	(xylene, tert-butyl acetate)	Not applicable.	Not applicable.

### **Additional information**

- **DOT** : This product may be re-classified as "Combustible Liquid," unless transported by vessel or aircraft. Non-bulk packages (less than or equal to 119 gal) of combustible liquids are not regulated as hazardous materials in package sizes less than the product reportable quantity.
- IMDG : None identified.
- IATA : None identified.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

# Section 15. Regulatory information

### United States

United States inventory (TSCA 8b) : All components are active or exempted.

United States - TSCA 5(a)2 - Final significant new use rules:

mercury

SARA 302/304

SARA 304 RQ : Not applicable.

**Composition/information on ingredients** 

No products were found.

### SARA 311/312

United States Page: 14/17

Product name SIGMADUR ONE GREEN 4199 US

# Section 15. Regulatory information

Classification	<ul> <li>AMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 RESPIRATORY SENSITIZATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1B TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 1B SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1 HNOC - Defatting irritant</li> </ul>
	-

### **Composition/information on ingredients**

Name	%	Classification
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	≥10 - <20	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 HNOC - Defatting irritant
tert-butyl acetate	≥10 - ≤20	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 HNOC - Defatting irritant
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt	≤1.0	COMBUSTIBLE DUSTS TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 1B
Fatty acids, C9-13-neo-, cobalt salts	<1.0	ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A RESPIRATORY SENSITIZATION - Category 1A SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1B CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1B TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt	<1.0	ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1B CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1B SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1
2-butanone oxime	<1.0	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 4 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1B CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
ethylbenzene	<1.0	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 HNOC - Defatting irritant

**SARA 313** 

**Chemical name** 

CAS number **Concentration** 

**United States** Page: 15/17

Product name SIGMADUR ONE GREEN 4199 US

# Section 15. Regulatory information

ethylbenzene100-41-40.1 - 11,1'-Biphenyl, chloro derivs.1336-36-30.0000197hexachlorobenzene118-74-10.0000197lead massive7439-92-10.00000197mercury7439-97-60.00000197
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SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

Additional environmental information is contained on the Environmental Data Sheet for this product, which can be obtained from your PPG representative.

### California Prop. 65

**WARNING**: Cancer - www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

# Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

Health : 2 \* Flammability : 2 Physical hazards : 0

(\*) - Chronic effects

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on MSDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)

Health : 2 Flammability : 2 Instability : 0	
Date of previous issue	: 5/29/2021
Organization that prepared the SDS	: EHS
Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

**Disclaimer** 

Date of issue 5 June 2024

Product name SIGMADUR ONE GREEN 4199 US

# Section 16. Other information

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.