

Date of issue 6/5/2024 (month/day/year)

SDS Number: AA00147-5300000054

Version 4.04

## Section 1. Chemical product and company identification

A. **Product name** : AMERLOCK SEALER HARDENER NF  
**Product code** : 00429356

**B. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against**

**Product use** : Professional applications, Used by spraying.

**Use of the substance/  
mixture** : Coating.

**Uses advised against** : Product is not intended, labelled or packaged for consumer use.

C. **Supplier's or Importer's  
information** : PPG SSC  
(680-090)  
19, Yeocheon-ro 217beon-gil, Nam-gu,  
Ulsan, Korea  
Tel: +82-52-210-8222

**Email Address** : Korea.MSDS@PPG.COM

**Emergency telephone  
number:** : ☎82-52-210-8331

## Section 2. Hazards identification

A. **Hazard classification** : FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 4  
CORROSIVE TO METALS - Category 1  
ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4  
ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 3  
ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 2  
SKIN CORROSION - Category 1B  
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1  
SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1  
CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2  
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3  
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2  
AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3

This product is classified in accordance with the Industrial Safety and Health Act and the Chemical Control Act.

**B. GHS label elements, including precautionary statements**

**Symbol** :



**Signal word** :

Danger

## Section 2. Hazards identification

- Hazard statements** : H227 - Combustible liquid.  
H290 - May be corrosive to metals.  
H302 - Harmful if swallowed.  
H311 - Toxic in contact with skin.  
H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.  
H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.  
H330 - Fatal if inhaled.  
H335 - May cause respiratory irritation.  
H351 - Suspected of causing cancer.  
H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.  
H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
- Precautionary statements**
- Prevention** : P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.  
P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection.  
P284 - In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.  
P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.  
P234 - Keep only in original packaging.  
P273 - Avoid release to the environment.  
P260 - Do not breathe vapor.  
P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.  
P264 - Wash thoroughly after handling.
- Response** : P390 - Absorb spillage to prevent material damage.  
P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention.  
P304 + P340, P310 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.  
P301 + P310, P330, P331 - IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.  
P303 + P361 + P353, P310 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.  
P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.  
P302 + P312, P352 - IF ON SKIN: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. Wash with plenty of water.  
P333 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention.  
P305 + P351 + P338, P310 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.
- Storage** : P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
- Disposal** : P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
- C. Other hazards which do not result in classification** : Causes digestive tract burns. Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Contains a substance that may emit formaldehyde if stored beyond its shelf life and/or during cure at curing temperatures greater than 60C ( 140F).

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

### CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number : Not applicable.

| Chemical name  | Common name  | Identifiers                        | %                    |
|--|--|------------------------------------|----------------------|
| 2-Furanmethanol and mixtures which contain 25% or more.  | FURFURYL ALCOHOL   | CAS: 98-00-0                       | 20 - <30             |
| Poly[oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)], $\alpha$ -(2-aminomethylethyl)- $\omega$ -(2-aminomethylethoxy)-Polyaminoamide | POLYOXY PROPYLENE DIAMINE  | CAS: 9046-10-0 (n = 2-6)           | 10 - <20             |
| Formaldehyde, polymer with 1,3-dimethylbenzene   | POLYAMIDE (POLYMER)<br>FORMALDEHYDE POLYMER WITH 1,3-DIMETHYLBENZENE   | CAS: 68082-29-1<br>CAS: 26139-75-3 | 10 - <20<br>10 - <20 |
| 1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, di-C9-11-branched alkyl esters, C10-rich   | 1.2 BENZENEDICARBOXYLIC ACID, DI-C9-C11-BRANCHED ALKYL ESTERS C10 RICH | CAS: 68515-49-1                    | 10 - <20             |
| benzyl alcohol   | BENZYL ALCOHOL   | CAS: 100-51-6                      | 10 - <20             |
| Formaldehyde, polymer with benzenamine, hydrogenated   | Formaldehyde, polymer with benzenamine, hydrogenated                   | CAS: 135108-88-2                   | 5 - <10              |
| 2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol  | 2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol                                  | CAS: 90-72-2                       | 1 - <5               |
| 3,6-diazaoctanethylenediamin   | TRIETHYLENETETRAMINE   | CAS: 112-24-3                      | 1 - <5               |
| salicylic acid   | Salicylic acid   | CAS: 69-72-7                       | 1 - <5               |
| 4,4'-methylenebis(cyclohexylamine)   | METHYLENEDI(CYCLOHEXYLAMINE)   | CAS: 1761-71-3                     | 1 - <5               |

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

## Section 4. First aid measures

- A. Eye contact** : Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical attention.
- B. Skin contact** : Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
- C. Inhalation** : Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
- D. Ingestion** : If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.
- E. Notes to physician** : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
- Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.

## Section 4. First aid measures

**Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

### A. Extinguishing media

**Suitable extinguishing media** : Use dry chemical, CO<sub>2</sub>, water spray (fog) or foam.

**Unsuitable extinguishing media** : Do not use water jet.

**B. Specific hazards arising from the chemical** : Combustible liquid. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

**Hazardous thermal decomposition products** : Decomposition products may include the following materials:  
carbon oxides  
nitrogen oxides  
Formaldehyde.

**C. Special equipment for fire-fighting** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

**Fire-fighting procedures** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

**A. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

**B. Environmental precautions** : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

**C. Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up**

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

- Small spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Absorb spillage to prevent material damage. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
- Large spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Absorb spillage to prevent material damage. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

- A. Precautions for safe handling** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container. Absorb spillage to prevent material damage.
- B. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities** : Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store in a corrosion resistant container with a resistant inner liner. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep away from metals. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### A. Occupational exposure limits

| Ingredient name   | Exposure limits   |
|---|---|
| 2-Furanmethanol and mixtures which contain 25% or more. | <b>Ministry of Employment and Labor (Republic of Korea, 1/2020). Absorbed through skin.</b><br>STEL: 15 ppm 15 minutes.<br>TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours. |

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

**Recommended monitoring procedures** : Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

**B. Appropriate engineering controls** : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

**Environmental exposure controls** : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

### C. Personal protective equipment

**Respiratory protection** : Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

**Eye protection** : Chemical splash goggles and face shield.

**Hand protection** : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

**Gloves** : nitrile neoprene

**Body protection** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

**Hygiene measures** : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

### A. Appearance

**Physical state** : Liquid.

**Color** : Colorless.

**B. Odor** : Characteristic.

**C. Odor threshold** : Not available.

**D. pH** : Not applicable.

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

- E. **Melting/freezing point** : Not available.
- F. **Boiling point/boiling range** : >37.78°C (>100°F)
- G. **Flash point** : Closed cup: 80°C (176°F)
- H. **Evaporation rate** : Not available.
- I. **Flammability (solid, gas)** : Not available.
- J. **Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits** : Greatest known range: Lower: 1.8% Upper: 16.3% (furfuryl alcohol)
- K. **Vapor pressure** :

| Ingredient name  | Vapor Pressure at 20°C |      |        | Vapor pressure at 50°C |      |        |
|--|------------------------|------|--------|------------------------|------|--------|
|  | mm Hg                  | kPa  | Method | mm Hg                  | kPa  | Method |
| Poly[oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)], $\alpha$ -(2-aminomethylethyl)- $\omega$ -(2-aminomethylethoxy)- | 0.675                  | 0.09 |        | 1.575                  | 0.21 |        |

- L. **Solubility(ies)** :

| Media      | Result      |
|------------|-------------|
| cold water | Not soluble |

**Solubility in water** : Not available.

**Vapor density** : Not available.

- M. **Relative density** : 1.02

- N. **Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water** : Not applicable.

- O. **Auto-ignition temperature** :

| Ingredient name                    | °C  | °F  | Method  |
|------------------------------------|-----|-----|---------|
| 4,4'-methylenebis(cyclohexylamine) | 300 | 572 | EU A.15 |

- Q. **Decomposition temperature** : Not available.

- R. **Viscosity** : Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >21 mm<sup>2</sup>/s (>21 cSt)

- R. **Flow time (ISO 2431)** : Not available.

- S. **Molecular weight** : Not applicable.

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

- A. **Chemical stability** : The product is stable.
- Possibility of hazardous reactions** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
- B. **Conditions to avoid** : When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.
- C. **Incompatible materials** : Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.



## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

**D. Hazardous decomposition products** : Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides Formaldehyde.

## Section 11. Toxicological information

**A. Information on the likely routes of exposure** : Not available.

### Potential acute health effects

- Inhalation** : Fatal if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation.
- Ingestion** : Harmful if swallowed. Corrosive to the digestive tract. Causes burns.
- Skin contact** : Causes severe burns. Toxic in contact with skin. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- Eye contact** : Causes serious eye damage.

### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

- Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
respiratory tract irritation  
coughing
- Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
stomach pains
- Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
pain or irritation  
redness  
dryness  
cracking  
blistering may occur
- Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
pain  
watering  
redness

## B. Health hazards

### Acute toxicity

| Product/ingredient name   | Result                          | Species | Dose                    | Exposure |
|---|---------------------------------|---------|-------------------------|----------|
| 2-Furanmethanol and mixtures which contain 25% or more.                           | LC50 Inhalation Vapor           | Rat     | 934 mg/m <sup>3</sup>   | 4 hours  |
|   | LC50 Inhalation Vapor           | Rat     | 233 ppm                 | 4 hours  |
|   | LD50 Dermal                     | Rabbit  | 400 mg/kg               | -        |
|   | LD50 Dermal                     | Rat     | 3825 mg/kg              | -        |
|   | LD50 Oral                       | Rat     | 0.132 g/kg              | -        |
| Poly[oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)], α-(2-aminomethylethyl)-ω-(2-aminomethylethoxy)- | LD50 Dermal                     | Rat     | 2980 mg/kg              | -        |
|   | LD50 Oral                       | Rat     | 2885 mg/kg              | -        |
| 1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, di-C9-11-branched alkyl esters, C10-rich            | LD50 Dermal                     | Rabbit  | 16000 mg/kg             | -        |
|   | LD50 Oral                       | Rat     | >60000 mg/kg            | -        |
| benzyl alcohol  | LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists | Rat     | >4178 mg/m <sup>3</sup> | 4 hours  |
|   | LD50 Dermal                     | Rabbit  | 2000 mg/kg              | -        |
|   | LD50 Oral                       | Rat     | 1.23 g/kg               | -        |



## Section 11. Toxicological information

|  |             |        |            |   |
|--|-------------|--------|------------|---|
| Formaldehyde, polymer with benzenamine, hydrogenated | LD50 Oral   | Rat    | 300 mg/kg  | - |
| 2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol                | LD50 Dermal | Rat    | 1280 mg/kg | - |
|  | LD50 Oral   | Rat    | 1200 mg/kg | - |
| 3,6-diazaoctanethylenediamin                         | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 1465 mg/kg | - |
|  | LD50 Oral   | Rat    | 1716 mg/kg | - |
| salicylic acid                                       | LD50 Oral   | Rat    | 0.891 g/kg | - |
| 4,4'-methylenebis(cyclohexylamine)                   | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 2.11 g/kg  | - |
|  | LD50 Oral   | Rat    | 0.625 g/kg | - |

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

### Irritation/Corrosion

#### Conclusion/Summary

**Skin** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Eyes** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Respiratory** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

### Sensitization

| Product/ingredient name      | Route of exposure | Species    | Result      |
|------------------------------|-------------------|------------|-------------|
| 3,6-diazaoctanethylenediamin | skin              | Guinea pig | Sensitizing |

#### Conclusion/Summary

**Skin** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Respiratory** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

### Mutagenicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

### Carcinogenicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

### Reproductive toxicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

### Teratogenicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

| Name  | Classification | Route of exposure | Target organs                |
|---|----------------|-------------------|------------------------------|
| 2-Furanmethanol and mixtures which contain 25% or more. | Category 3     | -                 | Respiratory tract irritation |
| Formaldehyde, polymer with 1,3-dimethylbenzene          | Category 3     | -                 | Respiratory tract irritation |

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

## Section 11. Toxicological information

| Name  | Classification           | Route of exposure | Target organs |
|---|--------------------------|-------------------|---------------|
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Furanmethanol and mixtures which contain 25% or more. | Category 2               | -                 | -             |
| Formaldehyde, polymer with benzenamine, hydrogenated 4,4'-methylenebis(cyclohexylamine)   | Category 2<br>Category 2 | oral<br>oral      | kidneys<br>-  |

### Aspiration hazard

| Name           | Result                         |
|----------------|--------------------------------|
| benzyl alcohol | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 2 |

### Potential chronic health effects

- General** : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
- Carcinogenicity** : Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
- Mutagenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Reproductive toxicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Additional information

Causes digestive tract burns. Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Contains a substance that may emit formaldehyde if stored beyond its shelf life and/or during cure at curing temperatures greater than 60C ( 140F). Avoid contact with skin and clothing. Can form nitrosamines in the presence of certain organic materials and if heated.

| Chemical name   | Identifiers                        | GHS Classification  |
|---|------------------------------------|---|
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Furanmethanol and mixtures which contain 25% or more.         | CAS: 98-00-0                       | ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 3<br><br>ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 3<br>ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 2<br>SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2<br>EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A<br>CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2<br>SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3<br>SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2<br>CORROSIVE TO METALS - Category 1 |
| Poly[oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediy)], $\alpha$ -(2-aminomethylethyl)- $\omega$ -(2-aminomethylethoxy)- | CAS: 9046-10-0 (n = 2-6)           | SKIN CORROSION - Category 1C<br>SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1<br>AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3  |
| Polyaminoamide<br>Formaldehyde, polymer with  | CAS: 68082-29-1<br>CAS: 26139-75-3 | SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1<br>SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2   |

## Section 11. Toxicological information

|   |                                  |   |
|---|----------------------------------|---|
| 1,3-dimethylbenzene   |                                  | EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A<br>SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3<br>AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 4   |
| 1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, di-C9-11-branched alkyl esters, C10-rich benzyl alcohol | CAS: 68515-49-1<br>CAS: 100-51-6 | ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4<br>ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4<br>ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4<br>EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A<br>ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 2<br>CORROSIVE TO METALS - Category 1  |
| Formaldehyde, polymer with benzenamine, hydrogenated                                  | CAS: 135108-88-2                 | ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 3<br>SKIN CORROSION - Category 1C<br>SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1<br>SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1B<br>SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2<br>AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3<br>CORROSIVE TO METALS - Category 1<br>ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4<br>ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4<br>SKIN CORROSION - Category 1C<br>SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1<br>CORROSIVE TO METALS - Category 1<br>ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4<br>ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4<br>SKIN CORROSION - Category 1<br>SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1<br>SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1B<br>AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3 |
| 2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol   | CAS: 90-72-2                     | ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4<br>ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4<br>SKIN CORROSION - Category 1C<br>SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1<br>CORROSIVE TO METALS - Category 1<br>ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4<br>ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4<br>SKIN CORROSION - Category 1<br>SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1<br>SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1B<br>AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3  |
| 3,6-diazaoctanethylenediamin  | CAS: 112-24-3                    | ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4<br>ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4<br>SKIN CORROSION - Category 1<br>SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1<br>SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1B<br>AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3   |
| salicylic acid  | CAS: 69-72-7                     | ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4<br>SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1<br>TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2<br>CORROSIVE TO METALS - Category 1<br>ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4<br>SKIN CORROSION - Category 1B<br>SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1<br>SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1B<br>SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2<br>AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2  |
| 4,4'-methylenebis(cyclohexylamine)  | CAS: 1761-71-3                   | CORROSIVE TO METALS - Category 1<br>ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4<br>SKIN CORROSION - Category 1B<br>SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1<br>SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1B<br>SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2<br>AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2   |

## Section 12. Ecological information

### A. [Ecotoxicity](#)

## Section 12. Ecological information

| Product/ingredient name  | Result                              | Species                                       | Exposure |
|--|-------------------------------------|---|----------|
| Poly[oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)], $\alpha$ -(2-aminomethylethyl)- $\omega$ -(2-aminomethylethoxy)-Formaldehyde, polymer with benzenamine, hydrogenated<br><br>2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl) phenol<br><br>salicylic acid | EC50 15 mg/l                        | Algae   | 72 hours |
|  | Acute EC50 43.94 mg/l               | Algae   | 72 hours |
|  | Acute EC50 15.4 mg/l                | Daphnia                                       | 48 hours |
|  | Acute LC50 63 mg/l                  | Fish  | 96 hours |
|  | Acute LC50 >100 mg/l                | Daphnia                                       | 48 hours |
|  | Acute LC50 >100 mg/l                | Fish  | 96 hours |
|  | Acute EC50 1147.57 mg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - <i>Daphnia longispina</i> - Neonate | 48 hours |
|  | Chronic NOEC 5.6 mg/l Fresh water   | Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - Neonate      | 21 days  |

### B. Persistence and degradability

| Product/ingredient name  | Test  | Result                      | Dose | Inoculum |
|--|---|-----------------------------|------|----------|
| Formaldehyde, polymer with benzenamine, hydrogenated<br><br>2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl) phenol | -   | 0 % - Not readily - 28 days | -    | -        |
|  | OECD 301D Ready Biodegradability - Closed Bottle Test | 4 % - Not readily - 28 days | -    | -        |

| Product/ingredient name  | Aquatic half-life | Photolysis | Biodegradability |
|--|-------------------|------------|------------------|
| Poly[oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)], $\alpha$ -(2-aminomethylethyl)- $\omega$ -(2-aminomethylethoxy)-benzyl alcohol<br><br>Formaldehyde, polymer with benzenamine, hydrogenated<br><br>2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl) phenol | -                 | -          | Not readily      |
|  | -                 | -          | Readily          |
|  | -                 | -          | Not readily      |
|  | -                 | -          | Not readily      |

### C. Bioaccumulative potential

## Section 12. Ecological information

| Product/ingredient name  | LogP <sub>ow</sub> | BCF        | Potential |
|--|--------------------|------------|-----------|
| 2-Furanmethanol and mixtures which contain 25% or more.                | 0.3                | -          | Low       |
| 1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, di-C9-11-branched alkyl esters, C10-rich | 8.8                | -          | High      |
| benzyl alcohol   | 0.87               | -          | Low       |
| Formaldehyde, polymer with benzenamine, hydrogenated                   | 2.68               | 209 to 219 | Low       |
| 2,4,6-tris (dimethylaminomethyl) phenol                                | 0.219              | -          | Low       |
| 3,6-diazaoctanethylenediamin   | -1.66 to -1.4      | -          | Low       |
| salicylic acid   | 2.21 to 2.26       | -          | Low       |
| 4,4'-methylenebis (cyclohexylamine)                                    | 2.03               | -          | Low       |

### D. Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (K<sub>oc</sub>) : Not available.

### E. Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

### A. Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

### B. Disposal precautions

: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

## Section 14. Transport information

## Section 14. Transport information

|                                | UN              | IMDG            | IATA            |
|--------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| A. UN number                   | UN3066          | UN3066          | UN3066          |
| B. UN proper shipping name     | PAINT           | PAINT           | PAINT           |
| C. Transport hazard class(es)  | 8               | 8               | 8               |
| D. Packing group               | II              | II              | II              |
| Environmental hazards          | No.             | No.             | No.             |
| E. Marine pollutant substances | Not applicable. | Not applicable. | Not applicable. |

### Additional information

UN : None identified.

IMDG : None identified.

IATA : None identified.

### F. Special precaution which a user to be aware of or needs to comply with in connection with transport or transportation

**Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments : Not applicable.

## Section 15. Regulatory information

### A. Regulation according to ISHA

ISHA article 117 (Harmful substances prohibited from manufacture) : None of the components are listed.

ISHA article 118 (Harmful substances requiring permission) : None of the components are listed.

Article 2 of Youth Protection Act on Substances Hazardous to Youth : It is not allowed to sell to persons under the age of 19.

### Exposure Limits of Chemical Substances and Physical Factors

The following components have an OEL:  
2-Furanmethanol and mixtures which contain 25% or more.

## Section 15. Regulatory information

**ISHA Enforcement Regs** : None of the components are listed.

**Annex 19 (Exposure standards established for harmful factors)**

**ISHA Enforcement Regs** : None of the components are listed.

**Annex 21 (Harmful factors subject to Work Environment Measurement)**

**ISHA Enforcement Regs** : None of the components are listed.

**Annex 22 (Harmful Factors Subject to Special Health Check-up)**

**Standard of Industrial Safety and Health** : None of the components are listed.

**Annex 12 (Hazardous substances subject to control)**

### B. Regulation according to Chemicals Control Act

**Article 11 (TRI)** : The following components are listed: 2-Furanmethanol

**Article 18 Prohibited (K-Reach Article 27)** : None of the components are listed.

**Article 19 Subject to authorization (K-Reach Article 25)** : None of the components are listed.

**Article 20 Restricted (K-Reach Article 27)** : None of the components are listed.

**Article 20 Toxic Chemicals (K-Reach Article 20)** : Not applicable

**Korea inventory** : All components are listed or exempted.

**Article 39 (Accident Precaution Chemicals)** : None of the components are listed.

C. Dangerous Materials Safety Management Act : **Class:** Class 4 - Flammable Liquid  
**Item:** 5. Class 3 petroleum - Water-insoluble liquid  
**Threshold:** 2000 L  
**Danger category:** III  
**Signal word:** Contact with sources of ignition prohibited

D. Wastes regulation : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

### E. Regulation according to other foreign laws

**Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product** : No known specific national and/or regional regulations applicable to this product (including its ingredients).



## Section 16. Other information

- A. References** : Korean Ministry of Environment; Chemical Control Act  
Korean Ministry of Labor; Industrial Safety and Health Act  
NIER Notice  
Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances (RTECS)  
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, AQUIRE (Aquatic toxicity Information Retrieval) ECOTOX Database System.
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- D. Version** : **4.04**  
**Prepared by** : EHS
- E. Other**

✔ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

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