# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**



#### The information in this Safety Data Sheet is required pursuant to Hazardous Product Regulations 2015.

Date of issue/Date of revision 5 June 2024 Version 11.02

Section 1. Identification		
Product name	: AMERCOAT 229T YELLOW TINT BASE RESIN	
Product code	: AT229T5/01	
Other means of identification	: Not available.	
Product type	: Liquid.	
Relevant identified uses of	the substance or mixture and uses advised against	
Product use	: Professional applications, Used by spraying.	
Use of the substance/ mixture	: Coating.	
Uses advised against	: Not applicable.	
Supplier	<ul> <li>PPG Architectural Coatings Canada, Inc. 1550, rue Ampère, bureau 500 Boucherville (Québec) J4B 7L4 Canada +1 450-655-3121</li> </ul>	
	PPG Industries, Inc. One PPG Place Pittsburgh, PA 15272	
Emergency telephone number	: (412) 434-4515 (U.S.) (514) 645-1320 (Canada) SETIQ Interior de la República: 800-00-214-00 (México) SETIQ Ciudad de México: (55) 5559-1588 (México)	
Technical Phone Number	: 888-977-4762	

# Section 2. Hazard identification

Classification of the substance or mixture	: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1A CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) -
	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 Health Hazards Not Otherwise Classified - Category 1

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### Section 2. Hazard identification

This product contains TiO2 which has been classified as a GHS Carcinogen Category 2 based on its IARC 2B classification. For many products, TiO2 is utilized as a raw material in a liquid coating formulation. In this case, the TiO2 particles are bound in a matrix with no meaningful potential for human exposure to unbound particles of TiO2 when the product is applied with a brush or roller. Sanding the coating surface or mist from spray applications may be harmful depending on the duration and level of exposure and require the use of appropriate personal protective equipment and/or engineering controls (see Section 8).

<u>GHS label elements</u> Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	<ul> <li>Flammable liquid and vapor. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye irritation. Harmful if inhaled. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Suspected of causing cancer. Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.</li> </ul>
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid breathing vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
Response	<ul> <li>IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.</li> <li>Photosensitive agents : In case of accidental eye contact, avoid direct exposure to the sun or other sources of UV light as severe irritation including burns may result. These reactions can be delayed – get medical attention if pain, irritation or blistering occurs after contact. In case of accidental skin contact, avoid direct exposure to the sun or other sources of UV light as severe irritation including burns may result. These reactions can be delayed – get medical attention if pain, irritation, rash or blistering occurs after contact.</li> </ul>
Storage	: Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Supplemental label elements	: Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Emits toxic fumes when heated.

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### Section 2. Hazard identification

Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity: 23.4% (oral), 34.1% (dermal), 54.2% (inhalation)

### Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Product name	: AMERCOAT 229T YELLOW TINT BASE RESIN
Other means of identification	: Not available.

#### **CAS number/other identifiers**

Ingredient name	Synonyms	% (w/w)	CAS number
heptan-2-one	methyl amyl ketone; 2-Heptanone; Methyl n-amyl ketone; METHYL (n-AMYL) KETONE; n-Amyl methyl ketone; Amyl methyl ketone; METHYL PENTYL KETONE; Methyl (namyl) ketone; KETONE C7; methyl-n-amyl-ketone; Ketone C-7	10 - 30*	110-43-0
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	<ul> <li>2-Propanol, 1-methoxy-, 2-acetate; Propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate; 2-Propanol, 1-methoxy-, acetate;</li> <li>1-Methoxy-2-propanol, acetate;</li> <li>2-Acetoxy-1-methoxypropane; Propylene glycol monoethyl ether acetate; Propylene glycol methyl ether acetate; 1-Methoxy- 2-propanol acetate; light stabiliser containing: — branched and linear alkyl esters of 3-(2H-benzotriazolyl)-5- (1,1-dimethylethyl) -4-hydroxybenzenepropanoic acid (CAS RN 127519-17-9), and — 1-methoxy- 2-propyl acetate (CAS RN 108-65-6); Acetic acid, 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl ester</li> </ul>	7 - 13*	108-65-6
Nepheline syenite	potassium, sodium, oxido-oxo- oxoalumanyloxysilane	5 - 10*	37244-96-5
titanium dioxide	Titanium oxide; Titanium oxide (TiO2); CI 77891; Titanium peroxide; Rutile; C.I. Pigment White 6; titanium dioxide coated with isopropoxytitanium triisostearate, containing by weight 1,5 % or more but not more than 2,5 % of isopropoxytitanium triisostearate; glass flakes (CAS RN 65997-17-3): — of a thickness of 0,3 $\mu$ m or more but not more than 10 $\mu$ m, and — coated with titanium dioxide (CAS RN 13463-67-7) or iron oxide (CAS RN 18282- 10-5); titanium dioxide, other than those of heading 3206 11 00; C.I. 77891; E 171; titanium(IV) oxide, other than those of heading 3206	3 - 7*	13463-67-7
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# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

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	11 00		
2,2-bis(acryloyloxymethyl)butyl acrylate	2-ethyl-2-[[(1-oxoallyl)oxy]methyl] -1,3-propanediyl diacrylate; trimethylolpropane triacrylate; 2-Propenoic acid, 1,1'-[2-ethyl-2-[[(1-oxo- 2-propen-1-yl)oxy]methyl]-1,3-propanediyl] ester; 2-Propenoic acid, 2-ethyl-2-[[(1-oxo- 2-propenyl)oxy]methyl]-1,3-propanediyl ester; Trimethylolpropane, triacrylate; 2,2-bis[(acryloyloxy)methyl]butyl prop- 2-enoate; 2-acryloyloxymethyl- 2-ethyltrimethylene diacrylate; Acrylic acid, triester with 2-ethyl-2-(hydroxymethyl) -1,3-propanediol; trimethylolpropane triacrylate, technical grade; 2-Ethyl-2- (hydroxymethyl)-1,3-propanediol triacrylate; Acrylic acid 1,1,1- (trihydroxymethyl)propane triester	1 - 5*	15625-89-5
butan-1-ol	n-butanol; 1-Butanol; n-BUTYL ALCOHOL; n-Propyl carbinol; 1-Hydroxybutane; Butyl alcohol; 1-Butanol (I); n-Butyl alcohol (I); METHYLOLPROPANE; Butyl hydroxide; 1-BUTYL ALCOHOL	1 - 5*	71-36-3
(2-methoxymethylethoxy)propanol	Propanol, 1(or 2)- (2-methoxymethylethoxy)-; Dipropylene glycol methyl ether; Dipropylene glycol monomethyl ether; Propanol, (2-methoxymethylethoxy)-; Dipropylene glycol, monomethyl ether; Dowanol 50B; DPGME; 2-(3-methoxypropoxy)propan- 1-ol; (2-Methoxymethylethoxy)-propanol; 1-(2-Methoxypropoxy)-2-propanol; 1- (3-Methoxypropoxy)propan-1-ol	1 - 5*	34590-94-8
n-butyl acetate	Acetic acid, butyl ester; Butyl Acetate; n- Butyl-acetate; Butyl ethanoate; n-Butyl ester of acetic acid; product composed of hydrocarbons (predominantly paraffinic and naphthenic) and n-butyl acetate; 1-butyl acetate; 1-Acetoxybutane; Butyl ester, Acetic acid; normal butyl acetate; Acetic acid, n-butyl ester	0.5 - 1.5*	123-86-4
1,4-dihydroxybenzene	hydroquinone; quinol; 1,4-Benzenediol; p- Dihydroxybenzene; Dihydroxybenzene; p- Benzenediol; 1,4-benezendiol; Hydroquinol; Eldopaque; Black and white bleaching cream; Aida	0.1 - 1*	123-31-9
maleic anhydride	2,5-Furandione; Butenedioic anhydride, cis-; Dihydro-2,5-dioxofuran; Maleic acid, anhydride; Toxilic anhydride; Maleic acid anhydride; 2,5-Furanedione; cis-	<0.1*	108-31-6
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### Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Butenedioic anhydride; maleicic acid anhydride; 2,5 FURANDIONE; Maleic anhydride and preparations containing it	
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\*Ranges if listed above for hazardous ingredient(s) are prescribed ranges. The actual concentration(s) or actual concentration range(s) are being withheld as a trade secret.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### Section 4. First-aid measures

If ingestion, irritation, any type of overexposure or symptoms of overexposure occur during or persists after use of this product, contact a POISON CONTROL CENTER, EMERGENCY ROOM OR PHYSICIAN immediately; have Safety Data Sheet information available. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious or convulsing person.

### Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	: Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice. In case of accidental eye contact, avoid direct exposure to the sun or other sources of UV light as severe irritation including burns may result. These reactions can be delayed – get medical attention if pain, irritation or blistering occurs after contact.
Inhalation	: Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners. In case of accidental skin contact, avoid direct exposure to the sun or other sources of UV light as severe irritation including burns may result. These reactions can be delayed – get medical attention if pain, irritation, rash or blistering occurs after contact.
Ingestion	: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Most important sympto Potential acute health	oms/effects, acute and delayed
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	<ul> <li>Harmful if inhaled. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.</li> </ul>
Skin contact	: Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.
Over-exposure signs/	/symptoms
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness

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### Section 4. First-aid measures

: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness
: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking
: No specific data.
dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
: No specific treatment.
: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

# Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

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Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

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### Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protect	ve equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	<ul> <li>No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.</li> <li>Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources.</li> <li>No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist.</li> <li>Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.</li> </ul>
For emergency responders	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for cor	tainment and cleaning up
Small spill	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into

explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with noncombustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

### Section 7. Handling and storage

### Precautions for safe handling

**Protective measures** 

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

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### Section 7. Handling and storage

Special precautions	:	Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. If this material is part of a multiple component system, read the Safety Data Sheet(s) for the other component or components before blending as the resulting mixture may have the hazards of all of its parts.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	:	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

8/2023). TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). TWA: 115 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 7/2023). TWAEV: 233 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWAEV: 50 ppm 8 hours.2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetateCA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). STEL: 60 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetateCA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 8/2023). STEL: 75 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetateCA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 8/2023). STEL: 75 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.Nepheline syeniteCA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.Nepheline syeniteCA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Total dus	Ingredient name	Exposure limits				
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada 8/2023). STEL: 75 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). TWA: 270 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Total dus	₩eptan-2-one	Skin sensitizer. OEL: 233 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. OEL: 50 ppm 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 8/2023). TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). TWA: 115 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 7/2023). TWAEV: 233 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWAEV: 50 ppm 8 hours. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). STEL: 60 ppm 15 minutes.				
TWA: 270 mg/m³ 8 hours.TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust	2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	<b>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 8/2023).</b> STEL: 75 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.				
TWA: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Total dus	Nieule line e consta	TWA: 270 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.				
	Nepheline syenite	CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). TWA: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Total dust				
Ititanium dioxide     CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada       8/2023).	titanium dioxide	CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada,				

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	TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust TWA: 3 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: respirable
	fraction
	CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 7/2023).
	TWAEV: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Total
	dust.
	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023).
	Skin sensitizer.
	OEL: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada,
	7/2013).
	STEL: 20 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
	TWA: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).
	TWA: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: total dust
2,2-bis(acryloyloxymethyl)butyl acrylate	None.
butan-1-ol	CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada,
Jutan- 1-01	•
	8/2023).
	C: 30 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 15 ppm 8 hours.
	CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).
	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
	CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 7/2023).
	Absorbed through skin.
	STEV: 152 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
	STEV: 50 ppm 15 minutes.
	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023).
	Skin sensitizer.
	OEL: 60 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	OEL: 20 ppm 8 hours.
	CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada,
	7/2013).
	STEL: 30 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
2-methoxymethylethoxy)propanol	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023).
z-methoxymethylethoxy)proparior	
	Absorbed through skin.
	OEL: 909 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
	OEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
	OEL: 606 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	OEL: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada,
	8/2023). [dipropylene glycol methyl ether
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 7/2023).
	[Dipropylene glyco monomethyl ether]
	Absorbed through skin.
	STEV: 909 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
	STEV: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWAEV: 606 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	TWAEV: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).
	Absorbed through skin.
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
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# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

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	CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). Absorbed through skin. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
n-butyl acetate	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023). Skin sensitizer. OEL: 950 mg/m³ 15 minutes. OEL: 900 ppm 15 minutes. OEL: 713 mg/m³ 8 hours. OEL: 150 ppm 8 hours. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). [butyl acetates, all isomers] STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 8/2023). [butyl acetate, all isomers] STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 7/2023). [butyl acetates] STEV: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
1,4-dihydroxybenzene	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023). OEL: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 8/2023). Skin sensitizer. TWA: 1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). TWA: 1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 7/2023). Skin sensitizer. TWAEV: 1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). STEL: 4 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. TWA: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
maleic anhydride	<ul> <li>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).</li> <li>Skin sensitizer.</li> <li>TWA: 0.01 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction and vapour.</li> <li>CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 7/2023).</li> <li>Skin sensitizer. Inhalation sensitizer.</li> <li>TWAEV: 0.01 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: inhalable fraction and vapour</li> <li>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023).</li> <li>OEL: 0.4 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</li> <li>OEL: 0.1 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 8/2023). Skin sensitizer. Inhalation sensitizer.</li> </ul>

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# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

TWA: 0.1 ppm 8 hours.
CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada,
7/2013). Skin sensitizer. Inhalation
sensitizer.
STEL: 0.3 ppm 15 minutes.
TWA: 0.1 ppm 8 hours.

Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

Recommended monitoring procedures	:	Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.
Appropriate engineering controls	:	Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Environmental exposure controls	:	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection measur	<u>es</u>	
Hygiene measures	:	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	:	Chemical splash goggles.
Skin protection		
Hand protection	:	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Gloves	1	polyethylene butyl rubber
Body protection	:	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	:	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

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### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Respiratory protection	: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.
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# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>			
Physical state		Liquid.	
Color	÷	Yellow.	
Odor	1	Characteristic.	
Odor threshold	1	Not available.	
рН	1	Not applicable.	
Melting point		Not available.	
Boiling point	1	>37.78°C (>100°F)	
Flash point	1	Closed cup: 42°C (107.6°F)	
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Not available.	
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.	
Flammability	:	Not available.	
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	1	Not available.	
Evaporation rate	:	Not available.	
Vapor pressure	:	Not available.	
Vapor density	:	Not available.	
Relative density	:	1.13	
Density(lbs / gal)	:	9.43	
Colubility/icc)		Media	Result
Solubility(ies)	ľ	cold water	Not soluble
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not applicable.	
Viscosity	:	Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >	>21 mm²/s (>21 cSt)
Volatility	:	40% (v/v), 31.215% (w/w)	
% Solid. (w/w)	:	68.785	

# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.
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### Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.

Incompatible materials	:	Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
Hazardous decomposition products	:	Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials carbon oxides nitrogen oxides metal oxide/oxides

# Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
heptan-2-one	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	16.7 mg/l	4 hours
•	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	10.206 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1.6 g/kg	-
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	30 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	6190 mg/kg	-
Nepheline syenite	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5.07 mg/l	4 hours
i ș	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
titanium dioxide	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>6.82 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
2,2-bis(acryloyloxymethyl)	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	5170 mg/kg	-
butyl acrylate			0.0	
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5.19 g/kg	-
butan-1-ol	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	24000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3400 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	790 mg/kg	-
(2-methoxymethylethoxy) propanol	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	500 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	9.5 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5.23 g/kg	-
n-butyl acetate	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	>21.1 mg/l	4 hours
-	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	2000 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>17600 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10.768 g/kg	-
1,4-dihydroxybenzene	LD50 Oral	Rat	302 mg/kg	-
maleic anhydride	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2620 mg/kg	-
2	LD50 Oral	Rat	400 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
2,2-bis(acryloyloxymethyl) butyl acrylate	Skin - Irritant	Rabbit	-	-	-

#### **Conclusion/Summary**

Skin	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Eyes	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Respiratory	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

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### Section 11. Toxicological information

### **Sensitization**

Product/ingredient name	Route expos		Species	s Result	
2,2-bis(acryloyloxymethyl) butyl acrylate	skin		Rabbit	Sensitizing	
Skin	: The	re are no	data availa	able on the mixture itself.	
Respiratory	: The	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.			
Mutagenicity					
<b>Conclusion/Summary</b>	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.				
Carcinogenicity					
<b>Conclusion/Summary</b>	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.				
<b>Classification</b>					
Product/ingredient name		OSHA	IARC	NTP	
titanium dioxide		-	2B	-	
2,2-bis(acryloyloxymethyl)bu	ityl	-	2B	-	

Carcinogen Classification code:

IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3, 4 NTP: Known to be a human carcinogen; Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen OSHA: + Not listed/not regulated: -

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#### **Reproductive toxicity**

1,4-dihydroxybenzene

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### **Teratogenicity**

acrylate

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
heptan-2-one	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
butan-1-ol	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
n-butyl acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
1,4-dihydroxybenzene	Category 2	-	-
maleic anhydride	Category 1	inhalation	respiratory system

#### Target organs

: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: brain. Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: blood, kidneys, lungs, liver, peripheral nervous system, upper respiratory tract, skin, central nervous system (CNS), ears, eye, lens or cornea.

#### **Aspiration hazard**

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### Section 11. Toxicological information

Not available.

Information on the likely routes of exposure

#### Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	<ul> <li>Harmful if inhaled. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.</li> </ul>
Skin contact	: Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

#### **Over-exposure signs/symptoms**

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking
Ingestion	: No specific data.

#### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the mixture itself. This product contains TiO2 which has been classified as a GHS Carcinogen Category 2 based on its IARC 2B classification. For many products, TiO2 is utilized as a raw material in a liquid coating formulation. In this case, the TiO2 particles are bound in a matrix with no meaningful potential for human exposure to unbound particles of TiO2 when the product is applied with a brush or roller. Sanding the coating surface or mist from spray applications may be harmful depending on the duration and level of exposure and require the use of appropriate personal protective equipment and/or engineering controls (see Section 8). Acrylate components of the mixture have irritating properties. Prolonged or repeated contact with skin or mucous membrane may result in irritation symptoms, such as redness, blistering, dermatitis etc. May cause allergic skin reactions with repeated exposure. The inhalation of airborne droplets or aerosols may cause irritation of the respiratory tract. Ingestion may cause nausea, weakness and central nervous system effects. Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.
	Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. There is some evidence that repeated exposure to organic solvent vapors in

### Product name AMERCOAT 229T YELLOW TINT BASE RESIN

### Section 11. Toxicological information

	combination with constant loud noise can cause greater hearing loss than expected from exposure to noise alone. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long- term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.
Short term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential delayed effects	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Long term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential delayed effects	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential chronic health eff	<u>ects</u>
General	<ul> <li>Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/ or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.</li> </ul>
Carcinogenicity	: Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Numerical measures of toxicity

### Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
AMERCOAT 229T YELLOW TINT BASE RESIN	6166.4	75962.6	N/A	55.0	4.9
heptan-2-one	1600	10206	N/A	16.7	1.5
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	6190	N/A	N/A	30	N/A
2,2-bis(acryloyloxymethyl)butyl acrylate	5190	5170	N/A	N/A	N/A
butan-1-ol	790	3400	N/A	24	N/A
(2-methoxymethylethoxy)propanol	5230	9500	N/A	N/A	N/A
n-butyl acetate	10768	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
1,4-dihydroxybenzene	302	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
maleic anhydride	400	2620	N/A	N/A	N/A

# Section 12. Ecological information

**Toxicity** 

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# Section 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
heptan-2-one	Acute LC50 131 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Acute LC50 134 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
titanium dioxide	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	48 hours
2,2-bis(acryloyloxymethyl) butyl acrylate	Acute LC50 0.87 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
butan-1-ol	Acute LC50 1376 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
(2-methoxymethylethoxy) propanol	Acute EC50 1919 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
n-butyl acetate	Acute LC50 18 mg/l	Fish	96 hours

### Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose	Inoculum	
heptan-2-one 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate n-butyl acetate	OECD 310 - TEPA and OECD 301D	69 % - Readily - 28 days 83 % - Readily - 28 days 83 % - Readily - 28 days		-	-	
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Aquatic half-life		S	Biodegradability	
heptan-2-one 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate n-butyl acetate			-		Readily Readily Readily	

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
heptan-2-one	2.26	-	Low
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	1.2	-	Low
2,2-bis(acryloyloxymethyl) butyl acrylate	0.67	-	Low
butan-1-ol	1	-	Low
(2-methoxymethylethoxy) propanol	0.004	-	Low
n-butyl acetate	2.3	-	Low
1,4-dihydroxybenzene	0.59	-	Low
maleic anhydride	-2.78	-	Low

### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (K<sub>oc</sub>) : Not available.

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### Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** 

 cds
 The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations. Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees. Section 6. Accidental release measures

### Section 14. Transport information

	TDG	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class (es)	3	3	3
Packing group	III	III	III
Environmental hazards	Yes.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.
Marine pollutant substances	(2,2-bis(acryloyloxymethyl) butyl acrylate)	(2,2-bis(acryloyloxymethyl) butyl acrylate)	Not applicable.

#### **Additional information**

IMDG

- **TDG** : The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported by road or rail.
  - : The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of  $\leq 5$  L or  $\leq 5$  kg.
- **IATA** : The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.

# Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

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### Section 14. Transport information

Proof of classification statement

: Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.18-2.19 (Class 3), 2.7 (Marine pollutant mark).

### Section 15. Regulatory information

National Inventory List

Canada inventory (DSL) : All components are listed or exempted.

### Section 16. Other information

#### Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

Health: 3 \* Flammability: 2 Physical hazards: 0

(\*) - Chronic effects

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on MSDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

# The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)

Health : 3 Flammability : 2 Instability : 0				
Date of issue/Date of revision	5 June 2024			
Organization that prepared : the SDS	EHS			
Key to abbreviations :	<ul> <li>ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations</li> </ul>			

#### Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### **Disclaimer**

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