# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**



#### The information in this Safety Data Sheet is required pursuant to Hazardous Product Regulations 2015.

Date of issue/Date of revision 5 June 2024 Version 10.02

Section 1. Identification		
Product name	: HI-TEMP 500V ALUMINUM	
Product code	: HT5V-20	
Other means of identification	: Not available.	
Product type	: Liquid.	
Relevant identified uses of	f the substance or mixture and uses advised against	
Product use	: Professional applications, Used by spraying.	
Use of the substance/ mixture	: Coating.	
Uses advised against	: Not applicable.	
Supplier	<ul> <li>PPG Architectural Coatings Canada, Inc. 1550, rue Ampère, bureau 500 Boucherville (Québec) J4B 7L4 Canada +1 450-655-3121</li> </ul>	
	PPG Industries, Inc. One PPG Place Pittsburgh, PA 15272	
<u>Emergency telephone</u> <u>number</u>	: (412) 434-4515 (U.S.) (514) 645-1320 (Canada) SETIQ Interior de la República: 800-00-214-00 (México) SETIQ Ciudad de México: (55) 5559-1588 (México)	
Technical Phone Number	: 888-977-4762	

## Section 2. Hazard identification

<b>Classification of the</b>	: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
substance or mixture	SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
	EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
	TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2
	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract
	irritation) - Category 3
	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) -
	Category 3
	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1
	Health Hazards Not Otherwise Classified - Category 1
GHS label elements	

Canada Page: 1/19

Product code HT5V-20 Product name HI-TEMP 500V ALUMINUM

## Section 2. Hazard identification

Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	<ul> <li>Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Suspected of causing cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (central nervous system (CNS)) Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.</li> </ul>
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not breathe vapor. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling.
Response	: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.
Storage	: Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
Disposal	<ul> <li>Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.</li> </ul>
Supplemental label elements	<ul> <li>Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. This product either contains formaldehyde or is capable of releasing formaldehyde above 0.5 ppm under certain conditions. Formaldehyde is a known cancer hazard, a skin sensitizer and a respiratory sensitizer. Avoid contact with skin and clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Emits toxic fumes when heated. Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity: 28.9% (oral), 49.7% (dermal), 39.6% (inhalation)</li> </ul>

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Product name	: HI-TEMP 500V ALUMINUM
Other means of identification	: Not available.

#### **CAS number/other identifiers**

Version 10.02

Product name HI-TEMP 500V ALUMINUM

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Ingredient name	Synonyms	% (w/w)	CAS number
cetone	propan-2-one; propanone; 2-Propanone; Ketone propane; Dimethyl ketone; β- ketonepropane; acetonum; dimethylketone; methyl ketone; propanone; pyroacetic acid; pyroacetic ether; dimethylformaldehyde; methyl ketone; Acetone (I); 2-Propanone (I); DIMETHYLFORMALDEHYDE; 2-OXOPROPANE	10 - 30*	67-64-1
4-chloro-α,α,α-trifluorotoluene	Benzene, 1-chloro-4-(trifluoromethyl)-; Benzene, 1-chloro-4-trifluoromethyl)-; 4-Chlorobenzotrifluoride; 1-chloro-4- (trifluoromethyl)benzene; Toluene, p- chloro-alpha,alpha,alpha-trifluoro-; p- chloro- $\alpha, \alpha, \alpha$ -trifluorotoluene; para- chlorobenzotrifluoride; PCBTF; 4-trifluoromethylchlorobenzene; p- chlorobenzotrifluoride; parachlorobenzotrifluoride	10 - 30*	98-56-6
aluminium powder (stabilised)	aluminium powder (stabilised)	7 - 13*	7429-90-5
Stoddard solvent	Low boiling point naphtha - unspecified; Low aromatic hydrocarbon solvents - medium flashpoint.; Spotting naphtha; Petroleum solvent; Mineral spirits; Dry cleaning safety solvent; Petroleum distillates; White spirits; Stoddard solvent.; White Spirit	3 - 7*	8052-41-3
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	Low boiling point naphtha - unspecified; Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom; Solvent naphtha, petroleum, light aromatic; Aromatic hydrocarbon solvents - medium flashpoint; Light aromatic solvent naphtha; Solvent naphtha, light aromatic; Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic; Light aromatic solvent naphtha (petroleum) (C8 to C10); Solvent naphtha, petroleum, light arom.; AROMATIC PETROLUEM DISTILLATE; SOLVENT, AROMATIC PETROLEUM	1 - 5*	64742-95-6
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Benzene, 1,2,4-trimethyl-; .pseudo Cumene; Pseudocumene; psi-Cumene; Asymmetrical trimethylbenzene; hemimellitene; Trimethylbenzene; unsym- Trimethylbenzene; Trialkyl(C1-4)benzene; Tri-or tetramethylbenzene; 1,3,4-Trimethylbenzene	1 - 5*	95-63-6
1-nitropropane	Propane, 1-nitro-; Nitropropane; 1-NP; nitropropane-1; Antiseptic Preservative	1 - 5*	108-03-2
xylene	Benzene, dimethyl-; Xylol; Benzene,	1 - 5*	1330-20-7
			Canada Page: 3/

Version 10.02

Product name HI-TEMP 500V ALUMINUM

### Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
	dimethyl-, mixed isomers; xylene, mixed isomers, pure; xylene, crude; Benzene, dimethyl-,; Xylene (mixed); xylene (total); Xylenes; Dimethylbenzene; XYLENES (Isomer Mixture)		
toluene	Benzene, methyl-; Methylbenzene; Toluol; Phenyl methane; Methyl benzol; toluene, pure; toluene, crude; antisal 1A; benzene, methyl-; CP-25; methane, phenyl-; methylbenzene; methylbenzol; NCI- CO7272; phenyl methane; RCRA waste number U220; toluol; tolu-sol; methacide; 1-methylbenzene; methacide; Cuminyl alcohol; Cuminol	0.1 - 1*	108-88-3
ethylbenzene	Benzene, ethyl-; Phenylethane; Ethylbenzol; photosensitive emulsion consisting of cyclized polyisoprene containing: — 55 % or more but not more than 75 % by weight of xylene (CAS RN 1330-20-7) and — 12 % or more but not more than 18 % by weight of ethylbenzene (CAS RN 100-41-4); EB; Mono-(or di-) methyl (ethyl,bromoallyl, bromopropyloxycarbonyl orchloropropyloxycarbonyl) benzene	0.1 - 1*	100-41-4

\*Ranges if listed above for hazardous ingredient(s) are prescribed ranges. The actual concentration(s) or actual concentration range(s) are being withheld as a trade secret.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

## Section 4. First-aid measures

If ingestion, irritation, any type of overexposure or symptoms of overexposure occur during or persists after use of this product, contact a POISON CONTROL CENTER, EMERGENCY ROOM OR PHYSICIAN immediately; have Safety Data Sheet information available. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious or convulsing person.

#### **Description of necessary first aid measures**

Eye contact	<ul> <li>Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.</li> </ul>
Inhalation	: Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	<ul> <li>Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.</li> </ul>
Ingestion	<ul> <li>If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label.</li> <li>Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.</li> </ul>

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed Potential acute health effects

Canada Page: 4/19

Product name HI-TEMP 500V ALUMINUM

## Section 4. First-aid measures

Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin.
Ingestion	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.
Over-exposure signs/symp	<u>otoms</u>
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Indication of immediate med	dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides halogenated compounds carbonyl halides metal oxide/oxides Formaldehyde.
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	<ul> <li>Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.</li> </ul>

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for co	ont	ainment and cleaning up
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Product name HI-TEMP 500V ALUMINUM

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

#### Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

### Section 7. Handling and storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	:	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Special precautions	:	Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. If this material is part of a multiple component system, read the Safety Data Sheet(s) for the other component or components before blending as the resulting mixture may have the hazards of all of its parts.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	:	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

Ingredient name	Exposure limits			
acetone	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023). OEL: 1200 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. OEL: 1800 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. OEL: 500 ppm 8 hours. OEL: 750 ppm 15 minutes. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada 8/2023). TWA: 250 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). TWA: 250 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 7/2023) TWAEV: 250 ppm 8 hours. STEV: 500 ppm 15 minutes. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). STEL: 750 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours.			
4-chloro-α,α,α-trifluorotoluene	<b>IPEL (-).</b> TWA: 0.57 ppm STEL: 1.71 ppm			
aluminium powder (stabilised)	<ul> <li>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023).</li> <li>Skin sensitizer. OEL: 10 mg/m³, () 8 hours. Form: Metal Dust</li> <li>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). [Aluminum pyro powders and metal dust]</li> <li>STEL: 20 mg/m³, (measured as Al) 15 minutes. Form: Metal dust</li> <li>TWA: 10 mg/m³, (measured as Al) 8 hours</li> <li>Form: Metal dust</li> <li>STEL: 10 mg/m³, (measured as Al) 15 minutes. Form: Pyro powder</li> <li>TWA: 5 mg/m³, (measured as Al) 8 hours.</li> <li>Form: Pyro powder</li> <li>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 8/2023). [Aluminum metal and insoluble compounds]</li> <li>TWA: 1 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable</li> <li>CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 7/2023).</li> <li>[aluminum and its compounds]</li> <li>TWAEV: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable dust.</li> <li>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).</li> <li>[Aluminum metal and insoluble compounds]</li> <li>TWA: 1 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable</li> </ul>			

Product name HI-TEMP 500V ALUMINUM

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

•	· · · ·
Stoddard solvent	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023).
	OEL: 572 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	OEL: 100 ppm 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada,
	•
	8/2023).
	STEL: 580 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
	TWA: 290 mg/m³ 8 hours. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 7/2023).
	TWAEV: 525 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	TWAEV. 323 mg/m 8 hours.
	CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada,
	7/2013).
	STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromati	
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023).
	[Trimethyl benzene]
	OEL: 123 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	OEL: 25 ppm 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada,
	8/2023). [Trimethyl benzene (mixed
	isomers)]
	/ <b>-</b>
	TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 7/2023).
	[Trimethyl benzene] Skin sensitizer.
	Inhalation sensitizer.
	TWAEV: 25 ppm 8 hours.
	CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).
	[Trimethyl benzene (mixed isomers)]
	TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.
	CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada,
	7/2013). [Trimethyl benzene]
	STEL: 30 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.
1-nitropropane	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023).
	OEL: 91 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	OEL: 37 mg/m 8 hours.
	CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada,
	8/2023).
	TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.
	CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).
	TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.
	CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 7/2023).
	TWAEV: 25 ppm 8 hours.
	TWAEV: 91 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada,
	7/2013).
	STEL: 40 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.
xylene	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023).
	[Dimethylbenzene]
	OEL: 651 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
	OEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
	Canada Page: 9/1

Version 10.02

Product name HI-TEMP 500V ALUMINUM

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

	OEL: 434 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	OEL: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada,
	8/2023). [Xylene (o, m & p isomers)]
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 7/2023).
	[Xylene]
	STEV: 651 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
	STEV: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWAEV: 434 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	TWAEV: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).
	[Xylene (o-, m-, p-isomers)]
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada,
	7/2013). [Xylene]
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
toluene	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023).
	Absorbed through skin.
	OEL: 188 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	OEL: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada,
	8/2023).
	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
	CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).
	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
	CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 7/2023).
	TWAEV: 20 ppm 8 hours.
	CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada,
	7/2013). Absorbed through skin.
	STEL: 60 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
ethylbenzene	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023).
	OEL: 543 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
	OEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.
	OEL: 434 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	OEL: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada,
	8/2023).
	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
	CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).
	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
	CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 7/2023).
	TWAEV: 20 ppm 8 hours.
	CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada,
	7/2013).
	STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.

Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

Product name HI-TEMP 500V ALUMINUM

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Recommended monitoring procedures		Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.						
Appropriate engineering controls	<ul> <li>Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborr contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explo- limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.</li> </ul>							
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.							
Individual protection measure	<u>es</u>							
Hygiene measures	:	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.						
Eye/face protection	;	Chemical splash goggles.						
Skin protection								
Hand protection	•	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicate this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacture check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.						
Gloves	;	For prolonged or repeated handling, use the following type of gloves:						
		Recommended: butyl rubber, polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), Viton® May be used: nitrile rubber						
being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from si wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from		Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.						
Other skin protection	:	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.						
<ul> <li>Respiratory protection</li> <li>Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must u appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fect respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicate necessary.</li> </ul>								

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

#### **Appearance**

Appearance			
Physical state	:	Liquid.	
Color	1	Silver-white.	
Odor	:	Characteristic.	
Odor threshold	:	Not available.	
рН	1	Not applicable.	
Melting point	1	Not available.	
Boiling point	1	>37.78°C (>100°F)	
Flash point	1	Closed cup: -20°C (-4°F)	
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Not available.	
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.	
Flammability	:	Not available.	
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	1	Not available.	
Evaporation rate	:	Not available.	
Vapor pressure	:	Not available.	
Vapor density	:	Not available.	
Relative density	:	1.08	
Density(lbs / gal)	:	9.01	
Solubility(ies)		Media	Result
Solubility(les)	Ċ	cold water	Not soluble
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not applicable.	
Viscosity	:	Kinematic (40°C (104°F)):	>21 mm²/s (>21 cSt)
Volatility	:	67% (v/v), 58.3% (w/w)	
% Solid. (w/w)	:	41.7	

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	<ul> <li>When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.</li> <li>Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.</li> </ul>
Incompatible materials	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials carbon oxides nitrogen oxides halogenated compounds Formaldehyde. carbonyl halides metal oxide/oxides
	Canada Page: 12/19

Canada Page: 12/19

## Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on toxicological effects

#### **Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
acetone	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	76000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	15.8 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5800 mg/kg	-
4-chloro-α,α,α-	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	33080 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
trifluorotoluene			-	
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2.7 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	13 g/kg	-
aluminium powder	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5 mg/l	4 hours
(stabilised)			-	
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>15900 mg/kg	-
Stoddard solvent	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5 g/kg	-
Solvent naphtha (petroleum),	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3.48 g/kg	-
light aromatic				
	LD50 Oral	Rat	8400 mg/kg	-
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	18000 mg/m³	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5 g/kg	-
1-nitropropane	LD50 Oral	Rat	0.455 g/kg	-
xylene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.7 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-
toluene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	49 g/m³	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	8.39 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5580 mg/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.5 g/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### Irritation/Corrosion

**Mutagenicity** 

**Carcinogenicity** 

**Classification** 

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation				
xylene	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-				
Conclusion/Summary									
Skin	: There are no data availa	ble on the mixt	ure itself.						
Eyes	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.								
Respiratory	: There are no data availa	ble on the mixt	ure itself.						
Sensitization									

Skin	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Respiratory	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

	111010	 	~~~~	aranabro	<b>U</b>	 THIN COM C	,

- **Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.
- Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

### Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
$\mathbf{F}$ -chloro- $\alpha, \alpha, \alpha$ -trifluorotoluene	-	2B	-
xylene	-	3	-
toluene ethylbenzene	-	3 2B	-

Carcinogen Classification code:

IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3, 4

NTP: Known to be a human carcinogen; Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen OSHA: + Not listed/not regulated: -

Reproductive toxicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### **Teratogenicity**

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
acetone	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
4-chloro-α,α,α-trifluorotoluene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
toluene	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
Stoddard solvent	Category 1	-	central nervous system (CNS)
toluene	Category 2	-	-
ethylbenzene	Category 2	-	hearing organs

**Target organs** 

: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: blood, brain, central nervous system (CNS), eye, lens or cornea. Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: kidneys, lungs, the nervous system, liver, digestive system, gastrointestinal tract, upper respiratory tract, skin, adrenal, testes.

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Name	Result
Stoddard solvent	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
xylene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
toluene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

#### Information on the likely routes of exposure

Canada Page: 14/19

Version 10.02

Product name HI-TEMP 500V ALUMINUM

### Section 11. Toxicological information

Potential acute health e	<u>ffects</u>
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	<ul> <li>Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.</li> </ul>
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin.
Ingestion	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

#### **Over-exposure signs/symptoms**

Eye contact	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Delayed and immediate effe	cts and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the mixture itself. This product either contains formaldehyde or is capable of releasing formaldehyde above 0.5 ppm under certain conditions. Formaldehyde is a known cancer hazard, a skin sensitizer and a respiratory sensitizer. Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. There is some evidence that repeated exposure to organic solvent vapors in combination with constant loud noise can cause greater hearing loss than expected from exposure to noise alone. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-

Canada Page: 15/19

term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

Product name HI-TEMP 500V ALUMINUM

## Section 11. Toxicological information

<u>Short term exposure</u>		
Potential immediate effects	:	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential delayed effects Long term exposure	:	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential immediate effects	:	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential delayed effects	:	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential chronic health effe	ect	<u>S</u>
General	:	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis.
Carcinogenicity	-	Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	:	Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

#### Numerical measures of toxicity

#### Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
H-TEMP 500V ALUMINUM	12406.9	4186.8	N/A	116.9	13.6
acetone	5800	15800	N/A	76	N/A
4-chloro-α,α,α-trifluorotoluene	13000	2500	N/A	33.08	N/A
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	8400	3480	N/A	N/A	N/A
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	5000	N/A	N/A	18	1.5
1-nitropropane	455	1100	N/A	11	1.5
xylene	4300	1700	N/A	11	1.5
toluene	5580	8390	N/A	49	N/A
ethylbenzene	3500	17800	N/A	17.8	1.5

## Section 12. Ecological information

#### **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
acetone	Acute LC50 4.42589 ml/L Marine water	Crustaceans - <i>Acartia tonsa</i> - Copepodid	48 hours
	Acute LC50 5540 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	Acute LC50 8.2 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia Daphnia - <i>Ceriodaphnia dubia</i>	48 hours -

#### Persistence and degradability

### Section 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose	Inoculum
acetone ethylbenzene	-	90.9 % - Readily - 2 79 % - Readily - 10		-	-
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life		Photolysi	s	Biodegradability
cetone xylene toluene ethylbenzene	- - -		-		Readily Readily Readily Readily

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
acetone	-0.23	3	Low
Stoddard solvent	3.16 to 7.06	-	High
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	3.63	120.23	Low
1-nitropropane	0.79	-	Low
xylene	3.12	7.4 to 18.5	Low
toluene	2.73	8.32	Low
ethylbenzene	3.6	79.43	Low

#### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and nonrecyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations. Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees. Section 6. Accidental release measures

## Section 14. Transport information

	TDG	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class (es)	3	3	3
Packing group	II	II	II
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.

#### Additional information

- TDG : None identified.
- IMDG : None identified.
- ΙΑΤΑ : None identified.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

### Transport in bulk according : Not applicable.

#### to IMO instruments

Proof of classification	: Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous
statement	Goods Regulations: 2.18-2.19 (Class 3).

## Section 15. Regulatory information

#### National Inventory List

- Canada inventory (DSL)
- : All components are listed or exempted.

### Section 16. Other information

#### Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

Flammability : 3 Physical hazards : Health : 3 1

(\*) - Chronic effects

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on MSDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

#### The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

Nationa	Fir	e Protec	tion Association	on	(U.S	. <b>A</b> .)		
Health	:	3	Flammability	:	3	Instability	:	1
Date of revision		e/Date o	of 5	Ju	ne 2	024		

Product name HI-TEMP 500V ALUMINUM

### Section 16. Other information

Organization that prepared the SDS	: EHS
Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations

#### Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### **Disclaimer**

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.