SAFETY DATA SHEET



(month/day/year) **Date of issue** 6/7/2024

Version 4.02

Section 1. Chemical product and company identification

: SIGMADUR 520/550 HARDENER A. Product name **Product code** : 00444952

B. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product use Use of the substance/ mixture	Professional applications, Used by spraying.Coating.
Uses advised against	: Product is not intended, labelled or packaged for consumer use.
C. Supplier's or Importer's information	: PPG SSC (680-090) 19, Yeocheon-ro 217beon-gil, Nam-gu, Ulsan, Korea Tel: +82-52-210-8222 Korea MSDS@DDC COM
Email Address	Korea.MSDS@PPG.COM
Emergency telephone number:	: ₱82-52-210-8331

Section 2. Hazards identification

A. Hazard classification	: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
	ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4
	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1
	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE (Respiratory tract
	irritation) - Category 3
	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 2
	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3

This product is classified in accordance with the Industrial Safety and Health Act and the Chemical Control Act.

B. GHS label elements, including precautionary statements ÷

Symbol



Signal word

: Warning

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Product name SIGMADUR 520/550 HARDENER

Section 2. Hazards identification

Hazard statements	 H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour. H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction. H332 - Harmful if inhaled. H335 - May cause respiratory irritation. H351 - Suspected of causing cancer. H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (central nervous system (CNS), kidneys, liver) H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	5
Prevention	 P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment. P242 - Use non-sparking tools. P243 - Take action to prevent static discharges. P273 - Avoid release to the environment. P260 - Do not breathe vapour.
Response	 P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. P304 + P312 - IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. P333 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention.
Storage	: P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. P403 + P235 - Keep cool.
Disposal	: P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Other hazards which do not result in	: Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

classification

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number

: Not applicable.

Chemical name	Common name	Identifiers	%
Rexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers	Hexamethylene diisocyanate oligomers	CAS: 28182-81-2	70 -
(isocyanurate type)	(isocyanurate type)		<80
ethylbenzene	ETHYLBENZENE	CAS: 100-41-4	10 -<20
Xylene	XYLENES	CAS: 1330-20-7	5 - <10
n-butyl acetate	N-BUTYL ACETATE	CAS: 123-86-4	1 - <5
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	SOLVENT NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM), LIGHT AROMATIC	CAS: 64742-95-6	1 - <5
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	1,2,4-TRIMETHYL BENZENE	CAS: 95-63-6	1 - <5
hexamethylene diisocyanate	HEXAMETHYLENE-DI-ISOCYANATE	CAS: 822-06-0	0.1 - <1

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

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Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Α.	Eye contact	:	Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.
В.	Skin contact	:	Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
C.	Inhalation	:	Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
D.	Ingestion	:	If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.
Е.	Notes to physician		In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
	Specific treatments	÷	No specific treatment.
	Protection of first-aiders	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Firefighting measures

Α.	Extinguishing media		
	Suitable extinguishing media	:	Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
	Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	Do not use water jet.
В.	Specific hazards arising from the chemical	:	Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
	Hazardous thermal decomposition products	:	Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides Cyanate and isocyanate. hydrogen cyanide
C.	Special equipment for fire-fighting	:	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 5. Firefighting measures

Fire-fighting procedures : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

- A. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures
 No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
- B. Environmental precautions
 Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

C. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Small spill	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non- combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.
Special provisions	Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Place in a suitable container. The contaminated area should be cleaned immediately with a suitable decontaminant. One possible (flammable) decontaminant comprises (by volume): water (45 parts), ethanol or isopropyl alcohol (50 parts) and concentrated (d: 0,880) ammonia solution (5 parts). A non-flammable alternative is sodium carbonate (5 parts) and water (95 parts). Add the same decontaminant to the remnants and let stand for several days until no further reaction in an unsealed container. Once this stage is reached, close container and dispose of according to local regulations (see section 13). Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. If the product contaminates lakes, rivers, or sewers, inform the appropriate authorities in accordance with local regulations.

Section 7. Handling and storage

	Α.	Precautions for safe handling	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
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B. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities
 Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Precautions should be taken to minimise exposure to atmospheric humidity or water. CO_2 will be formed, which, in closed containers, could result in pressurisation.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

A. Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
ethylbenzene	Ministry of Employment and Labor
	(Republic of Korea, 1/2020).
	STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
Xylene	Ministry of Employment and Labor
	(Republic of Korea, 1/2020). [Xylene]
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
n-butyl acetate	Ministry of Employment and Labor
	(Republic of Korea, 1/2020).
	STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours.
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Ministry of Employment and Labor
	(Republic of Korea, 1/2020). [Trimethyl
	benzene]
	TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.
hexamethylene diisocyanate	Ministry of Employment and Labor
	(Republic of Korea, 1/2020).
	TWA: 0.005 ppm 8 hours.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

	Recommended monitoring procedures	-	Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.
В.	Appropriate engineering controls	:	Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
	Environmental exposure controls	:	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
c .	Personal protective equip	ome	ent
	Respiratory protection		Use an air-fed respirator unless a site-specific assessment determines that an air- fed respirator is not necessary, in which case the results of the risk assessment should be utilized to determine whether respiratory protection is necessary and what type of protection is appropriate. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. Safety glasses with side shields.
	Hand protection		Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
	Gloves	:	butyl rubber
	Body protection	:	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
	Hygiene measures	:	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
F	Restrictions on use	:	Persons with a history of asthma, allergies or chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this product is used.

Product name SIGMADUR 520/550 HARDENER

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

Α.	Appearance								
	Physical state	:	Liquid.						
	Colour	:	Colourless.						
В.	Odour	:	Amine-like.						
С.	Odour threshold	1	Not available.						
D.	рН	:	Not applicable.						
Ε.	Melting/freezing point	:	Not available.						
F.	Boiling point/boiling range	:	>37.78°C (>100°F)						
G.	Flash point	:	Closed cup: 56°C (13	32.8°F)					
н.	Evaporation rate	1	Not available.						
н.	Flammability (solid, gas)	÷	Not available.						
J.	Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	:	Greatest known rang	je: Lower:	1.4% U	Jpper: 7.6% (r	n-butyl ad	cetate)	
К.	Vapour pressure	;		Vapou	r Press	ure at 20°C	Vap	our pres	sure at 50°C
			Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method
			p-butyl acetate	11.25096	1.5	DIN EN 13016-2			
Е.	Solubility(ies)	÷	Media	Re	sult				
		Ì	cold water						

- Solubility in water
- Vapour density
- M. Relative density
- Partition coefficient: n-
- O. octanol/water
- P. Auto-ignition temperature

Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	280 to 470	536 to 878	

- Q. Decomposition temperature
- : Not available.

: Not available.

: Not available.

: Not applicable.

: 1.07

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- _ Viscosity
- R. Flow time (ISO 2431)
- S. Molecular weight
- : Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >21 mm²/s (>21 cSt)
- : Not available.
- : Not applicable.

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Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Chemical stability	:	The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	:	In a fire, hazardous decomposition products may be produced.
Incompatible materials	:	Keep away from: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids, amines, alcohols, water. Uncontrolled exothermic reactions occur with amines and alcohols.
Hazardous decomposition products	:	Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: Cyanate and isocyanate. carbon oxides nitrogen oxides hydrogen cyanide
	Possibility of hazardous reactions Conditions to avoid Incompatible materials Hazardous	Possibility of hazardous reactions:Conditions to avoid Incompatible materials:Hazardous:

Section 11. Toxicological information

A. Information on lil of exposure	kely routes : Not available.
Potential acute hea	Ith effects
Inhalation	: Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<u>Over-exposure sigr</u>	ns/symptoms
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing
Ingestion	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking
Eye contact	: No specific data.

B. Health hazards

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers (isocyanurate type)	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat - Female	>2500 mg/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.5 g/kg	-
Xylene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.7 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-
n-butyl acetate	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	>21.1 mg/l	4 hours
-	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	2000 ppm	4 hours
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Section 11. Toxicological information

<u>.</u>				
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>17600 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10.768 g/kg	-
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3.48 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	8400 mg/kg	-
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	18000 mg/m ³	4 hours
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	5 g/kg	-
hexamethylene diisocyanate	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	124 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	151 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	0.57 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	0.71 g/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
K ylene	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
Conclusion/Summary		+	-+		1
Skin :	There are no data available of	on the mixture i	tself.		
Eyes :	There are no data available of	on the mixture i	tself.		
Respiratory :	There are no data available of	on the mixture i	tself.		
<u>Sensitisation</u>					
Conclusion/Summary					
Skin :	here are no data available or	n the mixture its	self.		
Respiratory :	here are no data available or	n the mixture its	self.		
Mutagenicity					
Conclusion/Summary :	There are no data available o	n the mixture it	self.		
Carcinogenicity					
Conclusion/Summary :	There are no data available o	on the mixture i	tself.		
Reproductive toxicity					
	There are no data available of	on the mixture i	tself.		
Teratogenicity					
	There are no data available of	on the mixture i	tself.		
Specific target organ toxicity	<u>(single exposure)</u>				

Section 11. Toxicological information

Name	Classification	Route of exposure	Target organs
Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers (isocyanurate type) Xylene n-butyl acetate Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene hexamethylene diisocyanate	Category 3 Category 3 Category 3 Category 3 Category 3 Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation Narcotic effects Narcotic effects Narcotic effects Respiratory tract irritation Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
Xylene	Category 1		central nervous system (CNS), kidneys, liver

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Potential chronic health effects

General	: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	: Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Additional information

Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapour/ aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Based on the properties of the isocyanate components and considering toxicological data on similar mixtures, this mixture may cause acute irritation and/or sensitisation of the respiratory system, leading to an asthmatic condition, wheezing and tightness of the chest. Sensitised persons may subsequently show asthmatic symptoms when exposed to atmospheric concentrations well below the OEL. Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies or chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Repeated exposure may lead to permanent respiratory disability. Moisture-sensitive material. Avoid contact with skin and clothing.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Chemical name	Identifiers	GHS Classification
Rexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers (isocyanurate type)	CAS: 28182-81-2	ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4
		SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1A
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE
		EXPOSURE (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category
ethylbenzene	CAS: 100-41-4	3 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
		ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4
		CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
		ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
		LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD -
		Category 3
Xylene	CAS: 1330-20-7	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
		ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4
		ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4
		SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE
		EXPOSURE (Narcotic effects) - Category 3
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY -
		REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 1
n-butyl acetate	CAS: 123-86-4	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE
• · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		EXPOSURE (Narcotic effects) - Category 3
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	CAS: 64742-95-6	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
		SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE
		EXPOSURE (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
		LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD -
		Category 2
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	CAS: 95-63-6	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
· ,_, · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4
		SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
		EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE
		EXPOSURE (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category
		LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD -
hexamethylene diisocyanate	CAS: 822-06-0	Category 2 CORROSIVE TO METALS - Category 1
	CA3. 022-00-0	ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4
		ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 3
		ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 1
		SKIN CORROSION - Category 1
		SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1
		RESPIRATORY SENSITISATION - Category 1
		SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE
		EXPOSURE (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category
		3

Section 12. Ecological information

A. Ecotoxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Vexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers (isocyanurate type)	Acute EC50 >1000 mg/l	Algae - scenedesmus subspicatus	72 hours
	Acute EC50 >100 mg/l	Daphnia - <i>daphnia magna</i>	48 hours
	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l	Fish - Danio rerio (zebra fish)	96 hours
ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia	48 hours
-	Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Ceriodaphnia dubia	-
n-butyl acetate	Acute LC50 18 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	Acute LC50 8.2 mg/l	Fish	96 hours

B. Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose		Inoculum
ethylbenzene n-butyl acetate	- TEPA and OECD 301D		adily - 10 days adily - 28 days	-		-
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life		Photolysis		Biodeg	gradability
Fexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers (isocyanurate type) ethylbenzene Xylene n-butyl acetate			- - -		Not rea Readily Readily Readily	, ,

C. Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
✓examethylene diisocyanate, oligomers (isocyanurate type)	5.54	3.2	Low
ethylbenzene Xylene	3.6 3.12	79.43 7.4 to 18.5	Low Low
n-butyl acetate 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene hexamethylene diisocyanate	2.3 3.63	- 120.23 -	Low Low Low

D. Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition : Not available. coefficient (Koc)

- E. Other adverse effects
- : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

- A. Disposal methods
 The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.
- B. Disposal precautions
 This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	UN	IMDG	IATA
A. UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
B. UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
C. Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
D. Packing group	III	III	
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
E. Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.

Additional information

- UN: None identified.IMDG: None identified.
- IATA : None identified.

F. Special precaution which a user to be aware of or needs to comply with in connection with transport or transportation

Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

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Section 15. Regulatory information

	<u>U</u>		
Α.	Regulation according to ISHA ISHA article 117 : None of the components are listed.		
	(Harmful substances prohibited from manufacture)		
	ISHA article 118 (Harmful substances requiring permission)	: None of the components are listed.	
	Article 2 of Youth Protection Act on Substances Hazardous to Youth	: It is not allowed to sell to persons under the age of 19.	
	Exposure Limits of Chem	ical Substances and Physical Factors	
	The following components have an OEL: ethylbenzene Xylene n-butyl acetate 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene hexamethylene diisocyanate		
	Annex 19 (Exposure standards established for harmful factors)	: None of the components are listed.	
	ISHA Enforcement Regs Annex 21 (Harmful factors subject to Work Environment Measurement)	: The following components are listed: ethyl benzene, xylene, n-butyl acetate	
	ISHA Enforcement Regs Annex 22 (Harmful Factors Subject to Special Health Check- up)	: The following components are listed: Ethyl benzene, Xylene	
	Standard of Industrial Safety and Health Annex 12 (Hazardous substances subject to control)	: The following components are listed: ethyl benzene, xylene, n-butyl acetate	
В.	Regulation according to	Chemicals Control Act	
	CCA Article 11 (TRI)	: The following components are listed: Ethylbenzene, Xylene including o-,m-,p- isomer	
	Article 18 Prohibited (K- Reach Article 27)	: None of the components are listed.	
	Article 19 Subject to authorization (K-Reach Article 25)	: None of the components are listed.	
	Article 20 Restricted (K- Reach Article 27)	: None of the components are listed.	

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Section 15. Regulatory information

	Article 20 Toxic Chemicals (K-Reach Article 20)	:	Not applicable
	Korea inventory	1	All components are listed or exempted.
	CCA Article 39 (Accident Precaution Chemicals)	:	None of the components are listed.
C.	Dangerous Materials Safety Management Act	:	Class: Class 4 - Flammable Liquid Item: 4. Class 2 petroleums - Water-insoluble liquid Threshold: 1000 L Danger category: III Signal word: Contact with sources of ignition prohibited
D.	Wastes regulation	:	Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Ε.	E. <u>Regulation according to other foreign laws</u>		
	Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product	:	No known specific national and/or regional regulations applicable to this product (including its ingredients).

Section 16. Other information

Α.	References	: Korean Ministry of Environment; Chemical Control Act Korean Ministry of Labor; Industrial Safety and Health Act NIER Notice Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances (RTECS) U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, AQUIRE (Aquatic toxicity Information Retrieval) ECOTOX Database System.	
В.	First issue date	: 7/15/2021	
C.	Date of issue/Date of revision	: 6/7/2024	
D.	Version	: 4.02	
	Prepared by	: EHS	
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E. Other

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Disclaimer

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.