SAFETY DATA SHEET



Date of issue 6/11/2024 (month/day/year)

Version 3

Section 1. Chemical product and company identification

Α.	Product name	1	SIGMACOVER 256 BASE (LEAD FREE)
	Product code	1	000001011155

Other means of identification

00149968; 00175856; 00175859; 00175860; 00182413; 00198666; 00220209; 00224208; 00226487; 00237341; 00249757; 00254143; 00270012; 00270013; 00270014

В.	Relevant identified uses of	of t	he substance or mixture and uses advised against
	Product use	:	Professional applications, Used by spraying.
	Use of the substance/ mixture	:	Coating.
	Uses advised against	1	Product is not intended, labelled or packaged for consumer use.
C.	Supplier's or Importer's information	:	PPG SSC (680-090) 19, Yeocheon-ro 217beon-gil, Nam-gu, Ulsan, Korea Tel: +82-52-210-8222 Korea.MSDS@PPG.COM
			0
	Emergency telephone number:	1	+82-52-210-8331

Section 2. Hazards identification

A. Hazard classification	: 🗾 AMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
	SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
	EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
	SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1
	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A
	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract
	irritation) - Category 3
	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1
	AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2
This was denoted a place of the disc.	

This product is classified in accordance with the Industrial Safety and Health Act and the Chemical Control Act.

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Product name SIGMACOVER 256 BASE (LEAD FREE)

Section 2. Hazards identification

	rd statements		 F226 - Flammable liquid and vapor. H315 - Causes skin irritation. H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction. H319 - Causes serious eye irritation. H335 - May cause respiratory irritation. H350 - May cause cancer. H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (central nervous system (CNS), kidneys, liver) H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
	autionary statements		
Prev	vention	:	 P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment. P242 - Use non-sparking tools. P243 - Take action to prevent static discharges. P273 - Avoid release to the environment. P260 - Do not breathe vapor. P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. P264 - Wash thoroughly after handling.
Res	ponse	:	 P391 - Collect spillage. P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. P304 + P312 - IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. P333 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.
Stor	rage	:	₱403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. P403 + P235 - Keep cool.
Disj	oosal	-	P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
not r	r hazards which do esult in ification	:	Causes digestive tract burns. Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number

: Not applicable.

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Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Chemical name	Common name	Identifiers	%
Epoxy Resin	EPOXY RESIN	CAS: SUB110652	20 -
			<30
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	Talc, non-asbestos form	CAS: 14807-96-6	10 -<20
Kaolin	ALUMINUM SILICATE	CAS: 1332-58-7	10 -<20
Xylene	XYLENES	CAS: 1330-20-7	10 -<20
trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	ZINC ORTHOPHOSPHATE	CAS: 7779-90-0	5 - <10
Epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	EPOXY RESIN (AVERAGE	CAS: 25068-38-6	5 - <10
	MOLECULAR WT < 700)		
titanium dioxide	TITANIUM DIOXIDE	CAS: 13463-67-7	1 - <5
ethylbenzene	ETHYLBENZENE	CAS: 100-41-4	1 - <5
2-methylpropan-1-ol	ISOBUTYL ALCOHOL	CAS: 78-83-1	1 - <5
1-methoxy-2-propanol	PROPYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL	CAS: 107-98-2	1 - <5
	ETHER		
nonylphenols	4-nonylphenol, branched	CAS: 84852-15-3	1 - <5
crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10	QUARTZ (<10 microns)	CAS: 14808-60-7	0.1 - <1
microns)			
zinc oxide	ZINC OXIDE	CAS: 1314-13-2	0.1 - <1
nonylphenols	DINONYLPHENOL	CAS: 1323-65-5	<0.1
nonylphenols	Phenol, 2-nonyl-, branched	CAS: 91672-41-2	<0.1

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Α.	Eye contact	1	Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical attention.
В.	Skin contact	:	Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
C.	Inhalation	:	Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
D.	Ingestion	:	If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.
Ε.	Notes to physician	:	Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
	Specific treatments	:	No specific treatment.
	Protection of first-aiders	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

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Section 4. First aid measures

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Α.	Extinguishing media		
	Suitable extinguishing media	1	Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
	Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	Do not use water jet.
В.	Specific hazards arising from the chemical	:	Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
	Hazardous thermal decomposition products	:	Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides sulfur oxides phosphorus oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides
C.	Special equipment for fire-fighting	:	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.
	Fire-fighting procedures	:	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

A. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
B. Environmental precautions		Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.
C. Methods and materials for	СС	ontainment and cleaning up
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Large spill : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with noncombustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

		Precautions for safe handling	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
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B. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities
 Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

A. Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
📕 alc , not containing asbestiform fibres	Ministry of Employment and Labor
	(Republic of Korea, 1/2020).
	TWA: 2 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: fibers
Kaolin	Ministry of Employment and Labor
	(Republic of Korea, 1/2020).
	TWA: 2 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable
	fraction
Xylene	Ministry of Employment and Labor
•	(Republic of Korea, 1/2020). [Xylene]
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
titanium dioxide	Ministry of Employment and Labor
	(Republic of Korea, 1/2020).
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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

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 Recommended monitoring procedures Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardo substances will also be required. B. Appropriate engineering controls Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborn contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower exploimits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment. Environmental exposure controls Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process 	
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exposure controls they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process	controls
exposure controls they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process	o ensure
C. Personal protective equipment	
Respiratory protection : Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure level	ls. the
hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they mus appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-f respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indica necessary.	r. If t use ed
Eye protection : Chemical splash goggles and face shield.	
Hand protection : Chemical epidence gegglee and have emiliar. : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standa	d should
be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove man check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective propertie should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may b different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consist several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately	indicates ıfacturer, s. It e
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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

	estimated.
Gloves	: butyl rubber
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

Α.	Appearance								
	Physical state	:	Liquid.						
	Color	:	Yellow.						
В.	Odor	:	Aromatic.						
С.	Odor threshold	:	Not available.						
D.	рН	:	Not applicable.						
Ε.	Melting/freezing point	:	Not available.						
F.	Boiling point/boiling range	:	>37.78°C (>100°F)						
G.	Flash point	:	Closed cup: 34°C (93	3.2°F)					
Н.	Evaporation rate	:	Not available.						
Т.	Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Not available.						
J.	Lower and upper explosive (flammable)	:	Greatest known rang	e: Lower:	1.48%	Upper: 13.74	% (1-me	thoxy-2-p	ropanol)
	limits								
К.	Vapor pressure	:		Vapor	r Pressu	ure at 20°C	Vap	or press	sure at 50°C
К.		:	Ingredient name	Vapor mm Hg	1	ure at 20°C Method	Var mm Hg	oor press kPa	ure at 50°C Method
K.		:	Ingredient name	-	kPa	1	mm		1
	Vapor pressure	-		mm Hg	kPa	Method DIN EN	mm		1
K. L.		:	Prmethylpropan-1-ol	mm Hg <12.00102	kPa <1.6	Method DIN EN 13016-2	mm		1
	Vapor pressure		Prmethylpropan-1-ol	mm Hg <12.00102	kPa <1.6 sult	Method DIN EN 13016-2	mm		1
L.	Vapor pressure Solubility(ies) Solubility in water Vapor density		Media cold water	mm Hg <12.00102	kPa <1.6 sult	Method DIN EN 13016-2	mm		1
L. M.	Vapor pressure Solubility(ies) Solubility in water Vapor density Relative density	:	Media cold water Not available.	mm Hg <12.00102	kPa <1.6 sult	Method DIN EN 13016-2	mm		1
L.	Vapor pressure Solubility(ies) Solubility in water Vapor density	:	Media cold water Not available.	mm Hg <12.00102	kPa <1.6 sult	Method DIN EN 13016-2	mm		1
L. M. N.	Vapor pressure Solubility(ies) Solubility in water Vapor density Relative density Partition coefficient: n-	: : :	Image: methylpropan-1-ol Media cold water Not available. Not available. 1.48	mm Hg <12.00102	kPa <1.6 sult	Method DIN EN 13016-2	mm		1

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Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Ρ.

Q.	Decomposition temperature	: Not available.
Б	Viscosity	: Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >21 mm²/s (>21 cSt)
к.	Flow time (ISO 2431)	: Not available.
S.	Molecular weight	: Not applicable.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

		-	-
Α.	Chemical stability	1	The product is stable.
	Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
в.	Conditions to avoid	:	When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.
C.	Incompatible materials	:	Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
D.	Hazardous decomposition products	:	Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides sulfur oxides phosphorus oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides

Section 11. Toxicological information

: Not available.
<u>its</u>
May cause respiratory irritation.
Corrosive to the digestive tract. Causes burns.
Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Causes serious eye irritation.
<u>toms</u>
Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing
Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains
Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking
Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness

Section 11. Toxicological information

B. Health hazards

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Kaolin	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5.07 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
Xylene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.7 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-
trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and	Rat	>5.7 mg/l	4 hours
	mists		5000 //	
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
Epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2 g/kg	-
titanium dioxide	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>6.82 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
,	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.5 g/kg	-
2-methylpropan-1-ol	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	24.6 mg/l	4 hours
51 1	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2460 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2830 mg/kg	-
1-methoxy-2-propanol	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	>7000 ppm	6 hours
5 1 1	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	13 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5.2 g/kg	-
nonylphenols	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2.14 g/kg	-
<i></i>	LD50 Oral	Rat	1300 mg/kg	-
zinc oxide	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and	Rat	>5700 mg/m ³	4 hours
	mists		- U	
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
X ylene	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
Epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	-	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	-	-
nonylphenols	Skin - Erythema/Eschar	Rabbit	4	-	-

Conclusion/SummarySkin: There are no data available on the mixture itself.Eyes: There are no data available on the mixture itself.Respiratory: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Sensitization

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result	
Epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	skin	Mouse	Sensitizing	

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Section 11. Toxicological information

<u>Conclusion/Summary</u>	
Skin	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Respiratory	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Mutananiaitu	
<u>Mutagenicity</u>	
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Carcinogenicity	
carcinogenicity	
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Reproductive toxicity	
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Teratogenicity	
<u>i cialogenicity</u>	

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Classification	Route of exposure	Target organs
√alc , not containing asbestiform fibres	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
Xylene	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
2-methylpropan-1-ol	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Classification	Route of exposure	Target organs
Xylene	Category 1		central nervous system (CNS), kidneys, liver

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 2

Potential chronic health effects

General	: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity Mutagenicity Reproductive toxicity	 May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure. No known significant effects or critical hazards. No known significant effects or critical hazards.

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Additional information

Causes digestive tract burns. Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing.

Chemical name	Identifiers	GHS Classification
<mark>E</mark> ∕poxy Resin	CAS: SUB110652	SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
		EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
Tala wat as staining a she stift and films	04.0.14007.00.0	SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1B
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	CAS: 14807-96-6	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE
		EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) -
		Category 3
Kaolin	CAS: 1332-58-7	Not classified.
Xylene	CAS: 1330-20-7	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
		ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4
		ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4
		SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
		EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE
		EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY
		(REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1
trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	CAS: 7779-90-0	AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 1
		AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 1
Epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	CAS: 25068-38-6	SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
	040.20000-00-0	EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
		SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1B
		AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2
titanium dioxide	CAS: 13463-67-7	
		CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
ethylbenzene	CAS: 100-41-4	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
		ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4
		CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
		ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
		AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3
2-methylpropan-1-ol	CAS: 78-83-1	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
		SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
		SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE
		EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) -
		Category 3
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE
		EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3
		ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 2
1-methoxy-2-propanol	CAS: 107-98-2	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
···· 〉 = F···F···· · ·		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE
		EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3
nonylphenols	CAS: 84852-15-3	CORROSIVE TO METALS - Category 1
		ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4
		SKIN CORROSION - Category 1
		EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
		TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2
		AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 1
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Section 11. Toxicological information

ц	1	
crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	CAS: 14808-60-7	AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A
zinc oxide	CAS: 1314-13-2	AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 1 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 1
nonylphenols	CAS: 1323-65-5	CORROSIVE TO METALS - Category 1 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 SKIN CORROSION - Category 1 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1 TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2 AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 1 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 1
nonylphenols	CAS: 91672-41-2	CORROSIVE TO METALS - Category 1 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 SKIN CORROSION - Category 1 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1 TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2 AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 1 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 1

Section 12. Ecological information

A. <u>Ecotoxicity</u>

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
rizinc bis(orthophosphate)	Acute LC50 0.112 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.026 mg/l	Fish	30 days
Epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	Acute LC50 1.8 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.3 mg/l	Daphnia	21 days
titanium dioxide	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	48 hours
ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia	48 hours
	Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Ceriodaphnia dubia	-
2-methylpropan-1-ol	Acute EC50 1100 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Acute LC50 23300 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 >4500 mg/l Fresh water	Fish	96 hours
nonylphenols	Acute EC50 0.044 mg/l	Crustaceans - <i>Moina</i>	48 hours
		macrocopa	
	Acute LC50 0.221 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
zinc oxide	Acute EC50 0.17 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
	Acute EC50 0.481 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> -	48 hours
		Neonate	
	Chronic NOEC 0.017 mg/l Fresh water	Algae	72 hours
nonylphenols	Acute LC50 0.017 mg/l	Fish - Pleuronectes americanus	96 hours

B. Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test Result		Dose			Inoculum
Epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700) ethylbenzene	OECD 301F -	5 % - 28 d 79 % - Rea	ays adily - 10 days	-		-
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life		Photolysis		Biodeg	radability
Xylene Epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700) ethylbenzene	- -		- - -		Readily Not readily Readily	

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Section 12. Ecological information

C. Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Xylene	3.12	7.4 to 18.5	Low
Epoxy resin (MW \leq 700)	3	31	Low
ethylbenzene	3.6	79.43	Low
2-methylpropan-1-ol	1	-	Low
1-methoxy-2-propanol	<1	-	Low
nonylphenols	5.4	251.19	Low

D. <u>Mobility in soil</u>

Soil/water partition : Not available. coefficient (Koc)

E. <u>Other adverse effects</u> : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Α.	Disposal methods	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.
В.	Disposal precautions	: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	UN	IMDG	IAI	ГА
A. UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1	263
B. UN proper PAINT shipping name		PAINT	PAINT	
C. Transport 3 hazard class(es)		3	3	
D. Packing group III		III		
Environmental hazards	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.	Yes.	Yes. The env hazardous subs not rec	stance mark is
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Section 14. Transport information				
E. Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	(trizinc bis(orthophosphate))	Not applicable.	

Additional information

UN	: None identified.
IMDG	: The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of \leq 5 L or \leq 5 kg.
ΙΑΤΑ	 The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.

F. Special precaution which a user to be aware of or needs to comply with in connection with transport or transportation

Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

Section 15. Regulatory information

	-	-
Α.	Regulation according to I	<u>SHA</u>
	ISHA article 117 (Harmful substances prohibited from manufacture)	: None of the components are listed.
	ISHA article 118 (Harmful substances requiring permission)	: None of the components are listed.
	Article 2 of Youth Protection Act on Substances Hazardous to Youth	: It is not allowed to sell to persons under the age of 19.

Exposure Limits of Chemical Substances and Physical Factors

The following components have an OEL: Falc , not containing asbestiform fibres Kaolin Xylene titanium dioxide ethylbenzene 2-methylpropan-1-ol 1-methoxy-2-propanol crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns) zinc oxide ISHA Enforcement Regs : None of the components are listed. Annex 19 (Exposure

standards established for harmful factors)

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Section 15. Regulatory information

	ISHA Enforcement Regs Annex 21 (Harmful factors subject to Work Environment Measurement)	:	The following components are listed: talc / soapstone, silicates, xylene, titanium dioxide, ethyl benzene, isobutyl alcohol
	ISHA Enforcement Regs Annex 22 (Harmful Factors Subject to Special Health Check- up)	:	The following components are listed: Xylene, Ethyl benzene, Isobutyl alcohol
	Standard of Industrial Safety and Health Annex 12 (Hazardous substances subject to control)	:	The following components are listed: xylene, zinc and its compounds, titanium dioxide, ethyl benzene, isobutyl alcohol
В.	Regulation according to (Che	emicals Control Act
	Article 11 (TRI)	:	The following components are listed: Xylene including o-,m-,p- isomer, Zinc and its compounds, 4,4'-(1-Methylethylidene) bisphenol polymer with (chloromethyl)oxirane, Barium and its compounds, Ethylbenzene, Branched 4-nonylphenol
	Article 18 Prohibited (K- Reach Article 27)	:	None of the components are listed.
	Article 19 Subject to authorization (K-Reach Article 25)	:	None of the components are listed.
	Article 20 Restricted (K- Reach Article 27)	:	The following components are listed: nonylphenols
	Article 20 Toxic Chemicals (K-Reach Article 20)	:	Not applicable
	Korea inventory	:	At least one component is not listed.
	Article 39 (Accident Precaution Chemicals)	:	The following components are listed: nonylphenols
C.	Dangerous Materials Safety Management Act	:	Class: Class 4 - Flammable Liquid Item: 4. Class 2 petroleums - Water-insoluble liquid Threshold: 1000 L Danger category: III Signal word: Contact with sources of ignition prohibited
D.	Wastes regulation	:	Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Ε.	Regulation according to o	oth	<u>er foreign laws</u>
	Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product	:	No known specific national and/or regional regulations applicable to this product (including its ingredients).

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Section 16. Other information

A. References	 Korean Ministry of Environment; Chemical Control Act Korean Ministry of Labor; Industrial Safety and Health Act NIER Notice Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances (RTECS) U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, AQUIRE (Aquatic toxicity Information Retrieval) ECOTOX Database System.
B. First issue date	: 9/1/2022
C. Date of issue/Date of revision	: 6/11/2024
D. Version	: 3
Prepared by	: EHS

E. Other

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Disclaimer

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.