# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**



Date of issue 13	3 June 2024
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Version 3

# Section 1. Product and company identification

Product name
Product code
Other means of identification
Product type

: PPG VIKOTE 56 RAL 1023

: 00434954

: Not available.

: Liquid.

#### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

#### **Identified uses**

Coating. Paints. Painting-related materials.

Uses advised against	Reason
Not applicable.	

Supplier's details:	
Supplier	<ul> <li>PPG INDUSTRIES CHILE S.A.</li> <li>Puerto Madero 9710, Of. 23</li> <li>Pudahuel - Chile</li> <li>Teléfono: +56 (2) 2571 0750</li> <li>Fax: +56 (2) 2571 0752</li> </ul>
Email address:	: HazComLatam@ppg.com
Emergency telephone number	: +56 (2) 2777 1994 (RITA CHILE)

### Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture	<ul> <li>■ AMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 5 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1B TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2 TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Effects on or via lactation SPECIFIC TARCET OPCAN TOXICITY (SINCLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract</li> </ul>
	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1B
	TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2
	TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Effects on or via lactation
	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract
	irritation) - Category 3
	AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 1
	AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 1

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Section 2. Hazards identification			
Target organs	<ul> <li>Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: brain, central nervous system (CNS).</li> <li>Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: blood, kidneys, lungs, the nervous system, liver, upper respiratory tract, skin, ears, eye, lens or cornea, thyroid.</li> </ul>		
	Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute dermal toxicity: 27.6% Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute inhalation toxicity: 24.2%		
	Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown hazards to the aquatic environment: 2.8%		
GHS label elements			
Hazard pictograms			
Signal word	: Danger		
Hazard statements	<ul> <li>Ammable liquid and vapor.</li> <li>May be harmful in contact with skin.</li> <li>Causes skin irritation.</li> <li>Causes serious eye irritation.</li> <li>Harmful if inhaled.</li> <li>May cause respiratory irritation.</li> <li>May cause cancer.</li> <li>Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.</li> <li>May cause harm to breast-fed children.</li> <li>Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.</li> </ul>		
Precautionary statements			
Prevention	: Obtain special instructions before use. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take action to prevent static discharges. Avoid release to the environment. Avoid breathing vapor. Avoid contact during pregnancy or while nursing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling.		
Response	: Collect spillage. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. Wash with plenty of water. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.		
Storage	: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool.		
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.		
Other hazards which do not result in classification	: Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.		

English (US)

### Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification according to : 3 NCh382:

Label according to NCh2190:



# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

#### Substance/mixture : Other means of : identification

: Mixture : Not available.

#### **CAS number/other identifiers**

**CAS number** : Not applicable.

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	15 - <20	64742-95-6
xylene	15 - <20	1330-20-7
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	10 - <12.5	95-63-6
alkanes, C14-17, chloro	3 - <5	85535-85-9
ethylbenzene	2 - <3	100-41-4
mesitylene	1 - <2	108-67-8
propylbenzene	1 - <2	103-65-1
1,2,3-trimethylbenzene	1 - <2	526-73-8
barium sulfate	1 - <2	7727-43-7
titanium dioxide	1 - <2	13463-67-7
cumene	0.2 - <0.5	98-82-8
trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	0.2 - <0.5	7779-90-0
n-butyl methacrylate	0.2 - <0.5	97-88-1
toluene	0.1 - <0.2	108-88-3

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

# Section 4. First aid measures

ary first aid measures
<ul> <li>Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.</li> </ul>
: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

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# Section 4. First aid measures

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary		
Notes to physician Specific treatments		Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled. No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.
Potential acute health effects		
Eye contact	1	Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	1	Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	1	May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin.
Ingestion	4	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

# Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	<ul> <li>Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides sulfur oxides metal oxide/oxides</li> </ul>
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures				
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.			

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Section 6. A	ccidental releas	e measures			
For emergency res			e and unsuitable materia		
	environmenta May be harmf	wers. Inform the rele pollution (sewers, w ul to the environment	and runoff and contact w vant authorities if the pro aterways, soil or air). W if released in large quai	oduct has caused ater polluting mater	rial.
Methods and mater	als for containment and	<u>cleaning up</u>			
Small spill	and explosion Alternatively, o appropriate wa contractor.	-proof equipment. D or if water-insoluble, a aste disposal contain	tainers from spill area. I ilute with water and mop absorb with an inert dry r er. Dispose of via a lice	o up if water-soluble material and place i nsed waste disposa	e. in an al
Large spill	and explosion sewers, water effluent treatm combustible, a and place in c Dispose of via material may	-proof equipment. A courses, basements nent plant or proceed absorbent material e. ontainer for disposal a licensed waste dis pose the same hazar	tainers from spill area. If pproach release from up or confined areas. Was as follows. Contain and g. sand, earth, vermiculi according to local regula posal contractor. Conta d as the spilled product. d Section 13 for waste di	wind. Prevent entr sh spillages into an d collect spillage wit te or diatomaceous ations (see Section aminated absorbent Note: see Section	y into th non- earth 13).

# Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid contact during pregnancy or while nursing. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

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# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

Nafta disolvente (petróleo), fra xileno	cción aromática ligera	Not regulated. <b>Ministry of Health (Chile, 2/2018). [Xileno]</b> STEL: 651 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 380 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 97 ppm 9 hours.
1,2,4-Trimetilbenceno		TWA: 87 ppm 8 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023). TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.
Alcanos, C14-17, cloro Etilbenceno		Not regulated. <b>Ministry of Health (Chile, 2/2018).</b> STEL: 543 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 380 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 87 ppm 8 hours.
Mesitileno		ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023). [trimethyl benzene, isomers] TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.
propilbenceno 1,2,3-trimethylbenzene		Not regulated. ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023). [trimethyl benzene, isomers] TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.
barium sulfate		<b>Ministry of Health (Chile, 2/2018).</b> TWA: 8.8 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Total dust containing no asbestos and less than 1% free silica
dióxido de titanio (en forma de partículas con un diámetro < 1	polvo y conteniendo un 1% o más de 0um)	ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023). TWA: 2.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: respirable
Bis(ortofosfato) de tricinc Tolueno		fraction, finescale particles Not regulated. <b>Ministry of Health (Chile, 2/2018).</b> <b>Absorbed through skin.</b> TWA: 328 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 87 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 560 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
Recommended monitoring procedures		priate monitoring standards. Reference to tho the termination of hazardous
Appropriate engineering controls	contaminants below any recommend	ols to keep worker exposure to airborne ed or statutory limits. The engineering controls concentrations below any lower explosive
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work pi	ocess equipment should be checked to ensure environmental protection legislation. In some ineering modifications to the process

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# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

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Individual protection measures	
Hygiene measures	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye protection	Chemical splash goggles.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Gloves	For prolonged or repeated handling, use the following type of gloves:
	May be used: nitrile rubber Recommended: neoprene, natural rubber (latex), polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), Viton®
Body protection	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>				
Physical state	: Liquid.			
Color	: Yellow.			
Odor	: Aromatic. [Slight]			
рН	: Not applicable.			
Melting point	: Not available.			
Boiling point	: >37.78°C (>100°F)			
Flash point	: Closed cup: 34°C (93.2°F)			
Evaporation rate	: Not available.			
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not available.			
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	: Not available.			
Vapor pressure	: Not available.			
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# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Vapor density	:	Not available.	
Relative density	:	1.04	
Solubility(ies)		Media	Result
	1	cold water	Not soluble
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not applicable.	
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Not available.	
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.	
Viscosity	:	Kinematic (40°C (104°F)):	>21 mm²/s (>21 cSt)
Viscosity	:	60 - 100 s (ISO 6mm)	

# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.
Incompatible materials	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides sulfur oxides metal oxide/oxides

# Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on toxicological effects

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3.48 g/kg	-
0	LD50 Oral	Rat	8400 mg/kg	-
xylene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.7 g/kg	-
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	18000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
•	LD50 Oral	Rat	5 g/kg	-
alkanes, C14-17, chloro	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	>48.17 g/m <sup>3</sup>	1 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5 g/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
2	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.5 g/kg	-
mesitylene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	24000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
,	LD50 Oral	Rat	5000 mg/kg	-
propylbenzene	LD50 Oral	Rat	6040 mg/kg	-
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1,2,3-trimethylbenzene barium sulfate	LD50 Oral LD50 Dern	nal		Rat Rat		11.4 >200	g/kg 0 mg/kg	-		
	LD50 Oral			Rat			0 mg/kg	-		
titanium dioxide			sts and mist			>6.82	2 mg/l	4	hours	
	LD50 Dern	nal		Rabbit			0 mg/kg	-		
cumene	LD50 Oral LC50 Inhal	ation Var	or	Rat Rat			0 mg/kg 0 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	-	hours	
oumono	LD50 Dern			Rabbit		12.3		-	nouro	
	LD50 Oral			Rat			mg/kg	-	_	
trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	LC50 Inhal	ation Dus	sts and mist	s Rat Rat		>5.7	mg/l 0 mg/kg	4	hours	
n-butyl methacrylate	LC50 Inhal	ation Gas	3	Rat		×500 4910		4	hours	
n baly mothad yield	LC50 Inhal			Rat			0 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	-	hours	
	LD50 Dern	nal		Rabbit		10.2		-		
teluene	LD50 Oral	ation Var		Rat		16 g/		-	h	
toluene	LC50 Inhal LD50 Dern	•	DOL	Rat Rabbit		49 g/ 8.39		4	hours	
	LD50 Oral			Rat			mg/kg	_		
Conclusion/Summary	• There ar	e no data	a available o	n the mixtu	ıre itse					
rritation/Corrosion	. mere a	e no data			10 1130					
Product/ingredient name	Result		Sp	ecies	Score	)	Exposur	e	Obser	vation
xylene	Skin - Mod	erate irrit	ant Ra	bbit	-		24 hours : mg	500	-	
Conclusion/Summary							ing			
Skin	• There ar	e no data	a available o	on the mixtu	ıre itse	If				
Eyes			a available o							
Respiratory			a available o							
Sensitization	· more a	o no date								
Not available.										
Conclusion/Summary										
Skin	• There ar	o no data	a available o	n the mixtu	uro iteo	If				
Respiratory			a available o							
Nutagenicity	. more a	e ne date								
Not available.										
Conclusion/Summary	: There ar	e no data	a available o	on the mixtu	ire itse	IT.				
Carcinogenicity										
Not available.										
Conclusion/Summary	: There ar	e no data	a available o	on the mixtu	ire itse	lf.				
<b>Classification</b>										
Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP							
xylene	-	3	-							
ethylbenzene	-	2B	-							
titanium dioxide	-	2B	-		4			•		
cumene	-	2B	Keasona	ably anticipa	ated to	be a h	uman carc	lnog	en.	
n-butyl methacrylate toluene	-	2B 3	-							
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### Section 11. Toxicological information

Carcinogen Classification code:

IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3, 4 NTP: Known to be a human carcinogen; Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen OSHA: + Not listed/not regulated: -

#### Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

#### **Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
mesitylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
propylbenzene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
cumene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
n-butyl methacrylate	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
toluene	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
ethylbenzene	Category 2	-	hearing organs
cumene	Category 2	-	-
n-butyl methacrylate	Category 2	-	-
toluene	Category 2	-	-

#### Target organs

: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: brain, central nervous system (CNS).

Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: blood, kidneys, lungs, the nervous system, liver, upper respiratory tract, skin, ears, eye, lens or cornea, thyroid.

#### Aspiration hazard

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# Section 11. Toxicological information

Name	Result
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
xylene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
propylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
cumene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
toluene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

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Information on the likely routes of exposure	: Not available.
Potential acute health effe	<u>cts</u>
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	: Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	: May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Symptoms related to the p	hysical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

**Conclusion/Summary :** There are no data available on the mixture itself. For many products, TiO2 is utilized as a raw material in a liquid coating formulation. In this case, the TiO2 particles are bound in a matrix with no meaningful potential for human exposure to unbound particles of TiO2 when the product is applied with a brush or roller. Sanding the coating surface or mist from spray applications may be harmful depending on the duration and level of exposure and require the use of appropriate personal protective equipment and/or engineering controls (see Section 8). Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated

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# Section 11. Toxicological information

	occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. There is some evidence that repeated exposure to organic solvent vapors in combination with constant loud noise can cause greater hearing loss than expected from exposure to noise alone. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.
<u>Short term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate effects	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential delayed effects	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Long term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential delayed effects	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential chronic health eff	ects
Not available.	
General	: Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/ or dermatitis.
Carcinogenicity	: $\mathbf{M}$ ay cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	<ul> <li>Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.</li> <li>May cause harm to breast-fed children.</li> </ul>

#### Numerical measures of toxicity

### Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
PPG VIKOTE 56 RAL 1023	13984.5	4659.9	N/A	33.9	3.8
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	8400	3480	N/A	N/A	N/A
xylene	4300	1700	N/A	11	1.5
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	5000	N/A	N/A	18	1.5
ethylbenzene	3500	17800	N/A	17.8	1.5
mesitylene	5000	N/A	N/A	24	N/A
propylbenzene	6040	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
1,2,3-trimethylbenzene	11400	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
barium sulfate	N/A	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
cumene	2260	12300	N/A	39	N/A
n-butyl methacrylate	16000	10200	4910	29	N/A
toluene	5580	8390	N/A	49	N/A

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# Section 11. Toxicological information

**Other information** 

: Not available.

# Section 12. Ecological information

#### **Ecotoxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	Acute LC50 8.2 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia Daphnia - <i>Ceriodaphnia dubia</i>	48 hours -
titanium dioxide trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 0.112 mg/l Chronic NOEC 0.026 mg/l	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> Fish Fish	48 hours 96 hours 30 days

#### Persistence/degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose		Inoculum
ethylbenzene	-	79 % - Readily - 10 days		-		-
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis		Biodeç		radability
kylene ethylbenzene toluene	- - -		- - -		Readily Readily Readily	/

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
<b>x</b> ylene	3.12	7.4 to 18.5	Low
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	3.63	120.23	Low
alkanes, C14-17, chloro	4.7 to 8.3	-	High
ethylbenzene	3.6	79.43	Low
mesitylene	3.42	186.21	Low
propylbenzene	3.69	-	Low
1,2,3-trimethylbenzene	3.66	194.98	Low
cumene	3.55	35.48	Low
n-butyl methacrylate	2.99	-	Low
toluene	2.73	8.32	Low

#### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### 3

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

#### **Disposal methods**

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and nonrecyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

### Section 14. Transport information

	UN	Brazil (ANTT)	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3
Packing group	III			III
Environmental hazards	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	(Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic)	Not applicable.

#### **Additional information**

UN	: None identified.
Brazil	: None identified.
<b>Risk number</b>	: 30
IMDG	: The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.
ΙΑΤΑ	: The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according	1	Not applicable.
to IMO instruments		

English (US)

### Section 15. Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product	<ul> <li>NCh 382 - Hazardous substances - General terminology and classification. NCh 2245 - Material Safety Data Sheet for Chemicals - Contents and section order.</li> <li>D. S. 148 - Sanitary regulations on hazardous waste management.</li> <li>D. S. 298 - Transport of dangerous goods by road.</li> <li>D. S. 374 - Limit for Lead content in paints.</li> <li>D. S. 594 - Regulation on basic sanitary and environmental conditions at workplace.</li> </ul>
	D. 0. 384 - Regulation on basic samlary and environmental conditions at workplace.

### Section 16. Other information

<u>History</u>		
Date of previous issue	2/7/2022	
Version	3 EHS	
Key to abbreviations	ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerou Goods by Inland Waterway ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemica IATA = International Air Transport Association IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail UN = United Nations	lls
References	ABNT NBR 14725-4: 2014 ANTT - National Land Transportation Agency	

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### **Disclaimer**

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.

Chile