SAFETY DATA SHEET

SIGMA SAILADVANCE DX II BROWN



Date of issue 17 June 2024

Version 1

1. Product and company identification		
Product name	: SIGMA SAILADVANCE DX II BROWN	
Product code	: 000001177915	
Other means of identification	: 00428473; 00469296	
Product type	: Liquid.	
Relevant identified uses	of the substance or mixture and uses advised against	
Product use	: Professional applications, Used by spraying.	
Use of the substance/ mixture	: Coating.	
Uses advised against	: Not applicable.	
Supplier's details	: PPG PMC Japan Co., Ltd., 8F, Shintetsu Bldg., 1-1, Daikaidori 1-chome, Kobe 652-0803 Japan; Tel: +81-78-574-2777	
Emergency telephone number	: 078 574 2777	

2. Hazards identification

GHS Classification	: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
	ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4
	EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
	RESPIRATORY SENSITIZATION - Category 1
	SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1
	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
	TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 1B SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) - Category 1
	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSORE) - Calegoly T SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract
	irritation) - Category 3
	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3
	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1 HAZARDOUS TO THE AQUATIC ENVIRONMENT - ACUTE HAZARD - Category 1 HAZARDOUS TO THE AQUATIC ENVIRONMENT - CHRONIC HAZARD -
	Category 1
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger

2. Hazards identification		
Hazard statements	 Flammable liquid and vapor. Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Suspected of causing cancer. May damage fertility or the unborn child. Causes damage to organs. (central nervous system (CNS), kidneys, liver, respiratory organs, systemic toxicity, whole body) Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (hearing organs, nervous system, respiratory organs) Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. 	
Precautionary statements		
Prevention	: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Wear respiratory protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment. Do not breathe vapor. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.	
Response	: Collect spillage. IF exposed or concerned: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor. IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.	
Storage	: Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.	
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.	
Other hazards which do not result in classification	: Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.	

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	÷	Mixture
CAS number/other identifiers		
CAS number	:	Not applicable.
CSCL number	1	Not available.

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Product name SIGMA SAILADVANCE DX II BROWN

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Ingredient name	%	CAS number	CSCL
dicopper oxide	25 - <50	1317-39-1	1-297
Zinc oxide	15 - <20	1314-13-2	1-561
Ethyl Benzene	10 - <12.5	100-41-4	3-28; 3-60
Xylene	7 - <10	1330-20-7	3-3; 3-60
Rosin	5 - <7	8050-09-7	7-935
Talc (containing no asbestos or quartz)	5 - <7	14807-96-6	Not available.
Diiron trioxide	1 - <2	1309-37-1	1-357; 5-5188
Bis(2-sulfidopyridin-1-olato)copper	1 - <2	14915-37-8	5-6271
copper(II) oxide	0.5 - <1	1317-38-0	1-297
Titanium dioxide (excluding nanoparticle)	0.5 - <1	13463-67-7	1-558; 5-5225
carbon black	0.5 - <1	1333-86-4	5-3328; 5-5222
Copper	0.5 - <1	7440-50-8	Not available.
Octadecanoic acid, 12-hydroxy-, reaction products with ethylenediamine	0.1 - <0.2	100545-48-0	Not available.
TRIISOPROPYLSILYL ACRYLATE	<0.1	157859-20-6	9-1939

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	: Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical attention.
Inhalation	: Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion	: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Most important symptoms/e Potential acute health effe		
Eye contact	Causes serious eye irritation.	
Inhalation	: Harmful if inhaled. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.	
Skin contact	: Causes damage to organs following a single exposure in contact with skin. Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.	
Ingestion	: Harmful if swallowed. Causes damage to organs following a single exposure if swallowed. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.	
Over-exposure signs/symptoms		
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness	

Product code 00000117791 Product name SIGMA SAI			
4. First aid measures			
Inhalation	 Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing wheezing and breathing difficulties asthma nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations 		
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations		
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations		
Indication of immediate me	dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary		
Notes to physician	 In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours. 		
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.		
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.		

See toxicological information (Section 11)

5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides metal oxide/oxides oxides of lead
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.
Methods and materials for co	ntainment and cleaning up
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with noncombustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

7. Handling and storage		
Precautions for safe handling	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems or asthma, allergies or chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.	
Conditions for safe storage	: Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.	

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
dicopper oxide	Japan Society for Occupational Health
	(Japan, 5/2023). [Copper and compounds] Skin sensitizer.
Ethyl Benzene	Japan Society for Occupational Health
	(Japan, 5/2023). Absorbed through skin.
	OEL-M: 87 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	OEL-M: 20 ppm 8 hours.
	Industrial Safety and Health Act (Japan,
	6/2020).
	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
Xylene	Industrial Safety and Health Act (Japan,
	6/2020). [xylene]
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	Japan Society for Occupational Health
	(Japan, 5/2023).
	OEL-M: 50 ppm 8 hours.
Desin	OEL-M: 217 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
Rosin	Japan Society for Occupational Health (Japan, 5/2023). Skin sensitizer.
	(Japan, 5/2025). Skill Sensitizer.
Talc (containing no asbestos or quartz)	Japan Society for Occupational Health
	(Japan, 5/2023). [Class 1 dusts (Activated
	charcoal, Alumina, Aluminium, Bentonite,
	Diatomite, Graphite, Kaolinite, Pagodite,
	Pyrites, Pyrite cinder)]
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8. Exposure controls/personal protection			
		OEL-M: 0.5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable dust (Class 1 Dust)	

	Respirable dust (Class 1 Dust) OEL-M: 2 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust
	(Class 1 Dust)
Diiron trioxide	Japan Society for Occupational Health
	(Japan, 5/2023). [Class 2 dusts (Bakelite
	(asbestos-free, technical grade), Carbon
	black, Coal, Cork dust, Cotton dust, Iron
	oxide, Grain dust, Joss stick material
	dust, Marble, Portland cement, Zinc
	oxide)]
	OEL-M: 1 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable
	dust (Class 2 Dust)
	OEL-M: 4 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust
	(Class 2 Dust)
Bis(2-sulfidopyridin-1-olato)copper	Japan Society for Occupational Health
	(Japan, 5/2023). [Copper and compounds]
	Skin sensitizer.
copper(II) oxide	Japan Society for Occupational Health
	(Japan, 5/2023). [Copper and compounds]
	Skin sensitizer.
Titanium dioxide (excluding nanoparticle)	Japan Society for Occupational Health
	(Japan, 5/2023). [titanium dioxide]
	OEL-M: 1.5 mg/m³, (as Ti) 8 hours. Form: Respirable particulate matter
	OEL-M: 2 mg/m ³ , (as Ti) 8 hours. Form:
	Total particulate matter
	Japan Society for Occupational Health
	(Japan, 5/2023). [titanium dioxide
	(nanoparticle)]
	OEL-M: 0.3 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form:
	nanoparticle
Copper	Japan Society for Occupational Health
	(Japan, 5/2023). [Copper and compounds]
	Skin sensitizer.
Recommended monitoring : Reference should be ma	ade to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to
	nents for methods for the determination of hazardous
procedures national galdance docan	

	substances will also be required.
Appropriate engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Environmental experies	· Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be shocked to ensure

Environmental exposure	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure
controls	they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some
	cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment
	will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measuresHygiene measures: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before
eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period.
Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing.
Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash
contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety
showers are close to the workstation location.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection Eve protection : Chemical splash goggles and face shield. Skin protection Hand protection : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. Gloves : butyl rubber **Body protection** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static

9. Physical and chemical properties

necessary.

Other skin protection

Respiratory protection

Appearance			
Physical state	: Liquid.		
Odor	: Characteristic.		
Boiling point	: >37.78°C (>100°F)		
Flash point	: Closed cup: 26°C (78.8°F)		
Relative density	: 1.84		
Solubility/icc)	Media	Result	
Solubility(ies)	cold water	Not soluble	

approved by a specialist before handling this product.

discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be

selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be

: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is

10. Stability and reactivity					
Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.				
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.				
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.				
Conditions to avoid	: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.				
Incompatible materials	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.				
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10. Stability and reactivity

Hazardous decomposition products

: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides metal oxide/oxides

11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
dicopper oxide	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	3.34 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	500 mg/kg	-
Zinc oxide	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5700 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
Ethyl Benzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.5 g/kg	-
Xylene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.7 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-
Rosin	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	7600 mg/kg	-
Diiron trioxide	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10 g/kg	-
Bis(2-sulfidopyridin-1-olato) copper	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	70 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1075 mg/kg	-
copper(II) oxide	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
Titanium dioxide (excluding nanoparticle)	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>6.82 mg/l	4 hours
, ,	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
carbon black	LD50 Oral	Rat	>10 g/kg	-
Copper	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5.11 mg/l	4 hours
Octadecanoic acid,	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	5.05 mg/l	4 hours
12-hydroxy-, reaction			Ū	
products with				
ethylenediamine				
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
TRIISOPROPYLSILYL ACRYLATE	LD50 Oral	Rat	2500 mg/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Xylene	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	

Sensitization

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result	
Octadecanoic acid, 12-hydroxy-, reaction products with ethylenediamine	skin	Guinea pig	Sensitizing	

Mutagenicity

Not available.

11. Toxicological information

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
dicopper oxide	Category 1 Category 3	-	whole body Respiratory tract irritation
Zinc oxide	Category 1	-	respiratory organs, systemic toxicity
Ethyl Benzene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
Xylene	Category 1	-	central nervous system (CNS), kidneys, liver,
			respiratory organs
D so the	Category 3		Narcotic effects
Rosin	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
Talc (containing no asbestos or quartz)	Category 1	-	respiratory organs
Diiron trioxide	Category 1	-	respiratory organs
copper(II) oxide	Category 1	-	systemic toxicity
	Category 3		Respiratory tract irritation
Copper	Category 1	-	digestive organs
	Category 3		Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Ethyl Benzene	Category 1	-	hearing organs, nervous system
Xylene	Category 1	-	nervous system, respiratory organs
Talc (containing no asbestos or quartz)	Category 1	-	respiratory organs
Diiron trioxide	Category 1	-	respiratory organs
Titanium dioxide (excluding nanoparticle) carbon black	Category 1 Category 1	-	respiratory organs respiratory organs

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result		
	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1		

Information on the likely : Not available.

routes of exposure

Potential acute health effects

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11. Toxicological information

Eye contact	:	Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	:	Harmful if inhaled. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
Skin contact	:	Causes damage to organs following a single exposure in contact with skin. Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	1	Harmful if swallowed. Causes damage to organs following a single exposure if swallowed. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.
Symptoms related to the pl	<u>ıys</u>	ical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing wheezing and breathing difficulties asthma nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
elayed and immediate effect	<u>cts</u>	and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
<u>Short term exposure</u>		
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.
<u>Long term exposure</u>		
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.
Potential chronic health eff	ect	<u>S</u>
General	:	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
		, ,

11. Toxicological information

Carcinogenicity	: Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity Reproductive toxicity	No known significant effects or critical hazards.May damage fertility or the unborn child.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
SIGMA SAILADVANCE DX II BROWN	1563.8	16075.2	N/A	61.1	2.9
dicopper oxide	500	2500	N/A	N/A	3.34
Zinc oxide	N/A	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
Ethyl Benzene	3500	17800	N/A	17.8	N/A
Xylene	4300	1700	N/A	11	N/A
Rosin	7600	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
Diiron trioxide	10000	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Bis(2-sulfidopyridin-1-olato)copper	1075	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.07
copper(II) oxide	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Octadecánoic acid, 12-hydroxy-, reaction products with ethylenediamine	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A	5.05
TRIISOPROPYLSILYL ACRYLATE	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Other information

Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing.

12. Ecological information

2

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
dicopper oxide	LC50 0.003 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
Zinc oxide	Acute EC50 0.17 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
	Acute EC50 0.481 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - Neonate	48 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.017 mg/l Fresh water	Algae	72 hours
Ethyl Benzene	Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia	48 hours
-	Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Ceriodaphnia dubia	-
Diiron trioxide	Acute EC50 >100 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
Titanium dioxide (excluding nanoparticle)	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	48 hours
Copper	Acute LC50 810 ppb	Fish	96 hours
	Chronic EC10 8.1 µg/l	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - Neonate	21 days
Octadecanoic acid, 12-hydroxy-, reaction products with ethylenediamine	Acute EC50 >100 mg/l	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72 hours
-	Acute EC50 >10 mg/l	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	48 hours
	Acute LC50 >10 mg/l	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
TRIISOPROPYLSILYL	EC50 0.07 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
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Product code 000001177915		Date of issue 17 June 2024	Version 1			
Product name SIGMA SAILADVANCE DX II BROWN						
12. Ecological info	2. Ecological information					
	EC50 3.5 mg/l LC50 4 mg/l	Daphnia Fish	48 hours 96 hours			

Persistence/degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose		Inoculum
Ethyl Benzene Octadecanoic acid, 12-hydroxy-, reaction products with ethylenediamine	- 301D Ready Biodegradability - Closed Bottle Test	79 % - Rea 22 % - 28 d	dily - 10 days lays	-		-
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life		Photolysis		Biodeg	radability
Ethyl Benzene Xylene Octadecanoic acid, 12-hydroxy-, reaction products with ethylenediamine	- - -				Readily Readily Inherer	1
TRÌISOPROPYLSILYL ACRYLATE	-		-		Not rea	dily

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Ethyl Benzene	3.6	79.43	Low
Xylene	3.12	7.4 to 18.5	Low
Rosin	1.9 to 7.7	-	High
Octadecanoic acid,	>5.86	-	High
12-hydroxy-, reaction			-
products with			
ethylenediamine			
TRÍISOPROPYLSILYL ACRYLATE	>6.2	-	High

: Not available.
: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or

13. Disposal considerations

liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

14. Transport information

	UN	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
Packing group	=	Ш	II
Environmental hazards	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	(dicopper oxide)	Not applicable.

Additional information

UN	: None identified.
IMDG	: The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤ 5 L or ≤ 5 kg.
ΙΑΤΑ	 The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

15. Regulatory information

Fire Service Law

Category	Substance name/Type	Danger category	Signal word	Designated quantity
Category IV	Class II petroleums	III	Flammable - Keep Fire Away	1000 L

Pollutant Release and Transfer Registers (PRTR)

Ingredient name	%	Status	Reference number
Ethylbenzene	12	Class 1	53
Xylene	8.6	Class 1	80
Bis(2-sulfidopyridin-1-olato)copper	1.5	Class 1	703

Industrial Safety and Health Act

Japan Page: 14/17

Product name SIGMA SAILADVANCE DX II BROV

15. Regulatory information

Ordinance on the Prevention of the Hazard due to Specified Chemical Substances

Ingredient name	%		Reference number
ethyl benzene	≥10 - ≤20	Special Organic Solvents	3-3

Substance(s) requiring labelling

Ingredient name	%	Status	Reference number
Copper and its compounds	≥30 - ≤40	Listed	379
Zinc oxide	≥10 - ≤20	Listed	188
Ethylbenzene	≥10 - ≤20	Listed	70
Xylene	≤10	Listed	136
Rosin	≤10	Listed	632
Iron oxide	≤10	Listed	192

Chemicals requiring notification

Ingredient name	%	Status	Reference number
Copper and its compounds	≥30 - ≤40	Listed	379
Zinc oxide	≥10 - ≤20	Listed	188
Ethylbenzene	≥10 - ≤20	Listed	70
Xylene	≤10	Listed	136
Rosin	≤10	Listed	632
Iron oxide	≤10	Listed	192
Copper compounds	≤10	Listed	379
Titanium(IV) oxide	≤10	Listed	191
Carbon black	≤10	Listed	130

Carcinogens based on Article 577-2 of the Ordinance on ISH

None of the components are listed.

<u>Mutagen</u>

None of the components are listed.

Corrosive liquid	: Not listed
Occupational Safety and Health Law	: Inflammable, Combustible
Regulations on the Prevention of Tetraalkyl Lead Poisoning	: Not listed
Harmful Substances Subject to Obtaining Permission for Manufacturing	: Not listed
Harmful Substances, Prohibited for Manufacturing	: Not listed
ISHL Enforcement Order Appendix 1 - Dangerous Substances	: Inflammable, Combustible
Lead regulation	: Not listed
Organic solvents poisoning prevention	: Class 2

Product name SIGMA SAILADVANCE DX II BROWN

15. Regulatory information

Poisonous and Deleterious Substances

None of the components are listed.

Chemical Substances Control Law (CSCL)

Ingredient name	%	Status	Reference number
Ethylbenzene	≥10 - ≤20	Priority assessment	50
Xylene	≤10	Priority assessment	125
Bis(2-sulfidopyridin-1-olato)copper	≤10	Priority assessment	84

High Pressure Gas Control : Not available. Law

Explosives Control Law

None of the components are listed.

Law concerning prevention : Not available. of pollution of the ocean

Maritime Safety Law

Notification Regulating Transportation of Dangerous Materials by Sea

None of the components are listed.

Container class

None of the components are listed.

JSOH Carcinogen	: Group 2B
List of Specially Controlled Industrial Waste	: Not listed
Japan inventory	: Not determined.
Road law	: Not available.

16. Other information

<u>History</u>	
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 17 June 2024
Date of previous issue	: No previous validation
Version	: 1
Prepared by	: EHS
Key to abbreviations	: ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods

16. Other information

by Rail UN = United Nations

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.