# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**



Date of issue/Date of revision 18 June 2024

Version 1.05

Section 1. Identification			
Product code	: 000001099578		
Product name	: PSX 700 RESIN LIGHT TINT		
Other means of identificati	Other means of identification		
00289167; 00289168; 00428	3638		
Product type	: Liquid.		
Relevant identified uses of	Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against		
Product use	Coating. Professional applications, Used by spraying.		
Supplier's details	: PPG Industries (Singapore) Pte. Ltd., No. 1 Tuas Basin Close, Singapore 638803. Tel +65 68653737		
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	: CHEMTREC +(65)-31581349 (CCN 17704)		

Classification of the	1	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1
substance or mixture		

Hazard pictograms

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Signal word Hazard statements	: Warning : May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: Wear protective gloves. Avoid breathing vapour.
Response	: Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention.
Storage	: Not applicable.
Disposal	: Not applicable.

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### Section 2. Hazards identification

Other hazards which do not : None known. result in classification

# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

### CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number: Not applicable.EC number: Mixture.		
Ingredient name	%	CAS number
<b>4</b> ,4'-Isopropylidenedicyclohexanol, oligomeric reaction 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane	products with 25 - <50	30583-72-3
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	1 - <3	41556-26-7
methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	0.3 - <1	82919-37-7
toluene	0.3 - <1	108-88-3
propylidynetrimethanol	0.1 - <0.3	77-99-6

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

### Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necess	ary first aid measures
Eye contact	<ul> <li>Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.</li> </ul>
Inhalation	<ul> <li>Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.</li> </ul>
Skin contact	<ul> <li>Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.</li> </ul>
Ingestion	<ul> <li>If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.</li> </ul>

### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute heal	th effects
Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<u>Over-exposure sign</u>	s/symptoms
Eye contact	: No specific data.
Inhalation	: No specific data.

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# Section 4. First aid measures

Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	: No specific data.
Indication of immediate me	lical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

# Section 5. Firefighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: None known.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	<ul> <li>Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.</li> </ul>

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and material for con	tai	inment and cleaning up
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined

areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

### Section 7. Handling and storage

### Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Conditions for safe storage,	: Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in
including any	accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct
incompatibilities	sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials
	(see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until
	ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and
	kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use
	appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for
	incompatible materials before handling or use.
	incompatible matchalo belore handling of doc.

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

Ingredient name			Exposure limits	
toluene			Workplace Safety and Health Act (Singapore, 2/2006). PEL (long term): 188 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. PEL (long term): 50 ppm 8 hours.	
Recommended monitoring procedures	:	Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.		
Appropriate engineering controls	:	Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.		
Environmental exposure controls	:	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.		
Individual protection measure	<u>es</u>			
Hygiene measures	:	eating, smoking and using the lavator Appropriate techniques should be use Contaminated work clothing should no	bughly after handling chemical products, before y and at the end of the working period. ed to remove potentially contaminated clothing. bt be allowed out of the workplace. Wash Ensure that eyewash stations and safety location.	
Eye/face protection	:	Safety glasses with side shields.		
Skin protection				
Hand protection	:	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.		
Gloves		butyl rubber		

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# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

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Body protection	<ul> <li>Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.</li> </ul>
Other skin protection	<ul> <li>Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.</li> </ul>
Respiratory protection	: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>		
Physical state	.iquid.	
Colour	/arious	
Odour	Aromatic. [Slight]	
рН	nsoluble in water.	
Boiling point	·37.78°C (>100°F)	
Flash point	Closed cup: 80°C (176°F)	
Evaporation rate	lot available.	
Flammability (solid, gas)	quid	
Vapour pressure	lot available.	
Relative density	.43	
Bulk Density (g/cm³)	.44	
Solubility/ico)	Media Result	
Solubility(ies)	cold water Not soluble	
Auto-ignition temperature	lot available.	
Viscosity	(inematic (40°C (104°F)): >21 mm²/s (>21 cSt)	
Viscosity	• 100 s (ISO 6mm)	

# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

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Conditions to avoid	: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.	
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.	
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.	
Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.	

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Incompatible materials	:	Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
Hazardous decomposition products	:	Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides

# Section 11. Toxicological information

### Information on toxicological effects

### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
s(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl- 4-piperidyl) sebacate	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.125 g/kg	-
methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl- 4-piperidyl sebacate	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.125 g/kg	-
toluene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour LD50 Dermal	Rat Rabbit	49 g/m³ 8.39 g/kg	4 hours -
propylidynetrimethanol	LD50 Oral LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral	Rat Rabbit Rat	5580 mg/kg 10 g/kg 14000 mg/kg	- - -
Conclusion/Summary :	There are no data available on the	e mixture itself.		
Irritation/Corrosion				
Conclusion/Summary				
	There are no data available on the			
Eyes :	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.			
	There are no data available on the	e mixture itself.		
Sensitisation				
Conclusion/Summary				
	There are no data available on the			
Respiratory :	There are no data available on the	e mixture itself.		
<u>Mutagenicity</u>				
Conclusion/Summary :	There are no data available on the	e mixture itself.		
<b>Carcinogenicity</b>				
Conclusion/Summary :	There are no data available on the	e mixture itself.		
Reproductive toxicity				
Conclusion/Summary :	There are no data available on the	e mixture itself.		
Teratogenicity				
Conclusion/Summary :	There are no data available on the	e mixture itself.		
Specific target organ toxicit	<u>y (single exposure)</u>			

# Section 11. Toxicological information

Name		Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
toluene		Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Specific target organ toxicit	ty (repeated exposure	1		
Name		Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
toluene		Category 2	-	-
Aspiration hazard				
Name			Result	
toluene			ASPIRATION HAZA	RD - Category 1
nformation on likely routes of exposure <u>Potential acute health effect</u>	t <u>s</u>			
Eye contact	: No known significat			
Inhalation	: No known significat		nazards.	
Skin contact	•	: May cause an allergic skin reaction.		
Ingestion	: No known significa	nt effects or critical h	nazards.	
Symptoms related to the phy	ysical, chemical and t	oxicological chara	<u>cteristics</u>	
Eye contact	: No specific data.			
Inhalation	: No specific data.			
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms irritation redness	may include the foll	lowing:	
Ingestion	: No specific data.			
Delayed and immediate effe	cts as well as chronic	effects from short	and long-term expo	<u>sure</u>
<u>Short term exposure</u>				
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.			
	: Not available.			
effects				
effects Potential delayed effects				
effects Potential delayed effects Long term exposure Potential immediate	: Not available.			
effects Potential delayed effects <u>Long term exposure</u> Potential immediate effects Potential delayed effects <u>Potential chronic health effe</u>	<ul> <li>Not available.</li> <li>Not available.</li> <li>Not available.</li> </ul>			
effects Potential delayed effects Long term exposure Potential immediate effects	<ul> <li>Not available.</li> <li>Not available.</li> <li>Not available.</li> </ul>	severe allergic reac	tion may occur when	subsequently exposed
effects Potential delayed effects Long term exposure Potential immediate effects Potential delayed effects Potential chronic health effe	<ul> <li>Not available.</li> <li>Not available.</li> <li>Not available.</li> <li>ects <ul> <li>Once sensitized, a</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Ũ		subsequently exposed

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Section 11. Toxicological information

**Mutagenicity** 

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Reproductive toxicity** 

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Numerical measures of toxicity

#### Acute toxicity estimates

Not available.

#### Other information

Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Trimethoxysilanes are capable of forming methanol if hydrolyzed or ingested. If swallowed, methanol may be harmful or fatal or cause blindness.

### Section 12. Ecological information

#### **Toxicity** Product/ingredient name Result **Species Exposure** 4.4'-LC50 11.5 mg/l Fish 96 hours Isopropylidenedicyclohexanol, oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane propylidynetrimethanol Acute LC50 >1000 mg/l Fish 96 hours **Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

### Persistence/degradability

Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
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Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
toluene	-	-	Readily

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
oluene	2.73	8.32	Low
propylidynetrimethanol	-0.47	-	Low

Mobility in soil Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)	: Not available.
Other adverse effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

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Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** 

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

### Section 14. Transport information

	UN	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
UN proper shipping name	-	-	-
Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-
Packing group	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.

#### Additional information

UN	: None identified.
IMDG	: None identified.
ΙΑΤΑ	: None identified.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

### Section 15. Regulatory information

Singapore - hazardous chemicals under government control

None.

International regulations Montreal Protocol Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

### Section 16. Other information

<u>History</u>	
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 18 June 2024
Date of previous issue	: 5/29/2024
Version	: 1.05
Prepared by	: EHS
Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### Notice to reader

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.