SAFETY DATA SHEET

PPG AQUACOVER ONE 645 (TINTED)



Date of issue 28 June 2024

Version 7

Product type

| 1. Product and company identification | | |
|---------------------------------------|--|--|
| Product name | : PPG AQUACOVER ONE 645 (TINTED) | |
| Product code | : 000001189976 | |
| Other means of identification | : 00452714; 00452715; 00454115; 00454116 | |

: Liquid.

| Relevant identified uses | of the substance or mixture | and uses advised against |
|--------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------|
| | | |

| Product use | : Professional applications, Used by spraying. |
|----------------------------------|--|
| Use of the substance/ mixture | : Coating. |
| Uses advised against | : Not applicable. |
| Supplier's details | : PPG PMC Japan Co., Ltd., 8F, Shintetsu Bldg., 1-1, Daikaidori 1-chome, Kobe 652-0803 Japan; Tel: +81-78-574-2777 |
| Emergency telephone number | : 078 574 2777 |

| 2. Hazards identif | cation |
|--------------------------|---|
| GHS Classification | : CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2 HAZARDOUS TO THE AQUATIC ENVIRONMENT - ACUTE HAZARD - Category 3 HAZARDOUS TO THE AQUATIC ENVIRONMENT - CHRONIC HAZARD - Category 3 |
| GHS label elements | |
| Hazard pictograms | |
| Signal word | : Warning |
| Hazard statements | : Suspected of causing cancer. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (liver, respiratory organs) Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. |
| Precautionary statements | |
| Prevention | : Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Avoid release to the environment. Do not breathe vapor. |
| Response | : IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. |
| Storage | : Store locked up. |
| Disposal | : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations. |
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2. Hazards identification

Other hazards which do not : Contains isothiazolinones. May cause allergic reaction. **result in classification**

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

Mixture

CAS number/other identifiers

| CAS number | : Not applicable. |
|-------------|-------------------|
| CSCL number | : Not available. |

| Ingredient name | % | CAS number | CSCL |
|---|------------|------------|-----------------|
| Tranium dioxide (excluding nanoparticle) | 7 - <10 | 13463-67-7 | 1-558; 5-5225 |
| Diethylene glycol mono butyl ether | 1 - <2 | 112-34-5 | 2-422; 7-97 |
| Ammonium hydroxide | 0.1 - <0.2 | 1336-21-6 | 1-314 |
| Cobalt aluminate blue spinel | 0.1 - <0.2 | 1345-16-0 | Not available. |
| phthalocyanine blue | 0.1 - <0.2 | 147-14-8 | 5-3299; 5-3300; |
| | | | 5-5216 |
| 3-iodo-2-propynyl butylcarbamate | <0.1 | 55406-53-6 | 2-3456 |
| reaction mass of mixed (3,3,4,4,5,5,6,6,7,7, 8,8,8- | <0.1 | SUB141402 | Not available. |
| tridecafluorooctyl) phosphates, ammonium salt | | | |
| Zinc salt of 2-pyridinethiol 1-oxide | <0.1 | 13463-41-7 | 5-3725; 9-1110 |

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

4. First aid measures

| Description of necessary first aid measures | | | |
|---|--|--|--|
| Eye contact | Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice. | | |
| Inhalation | : Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. | | |
| Skin contact | Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners. | | |
| Ingestion | If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting. | | |

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects Eye contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards. Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards. : No known significant effects or critical hazards. **Skin contact** Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards. **Over-exposure signs/symptoms** : No specific data. Eye contact : No specific data. Inhalation **Skin contact** : No specific data.

| 4. F | irst aid m | easures | | |
|------|------------|---------|------|--|
| | | | | |

Ingestion

: No specific data.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

| Notes to physician | Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled. |
|----------------------------|--|
| Specific treatments | : No specific treatment. |
| Protection of first-aiders | : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. |

See toxicological information (Section 11)

| 5. Fire-fighting measures | | |
|--|---|--|
| Extinguishing media | | |
| Suitable extinguishing media | : Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire. | |
| Unsuitable extinguishing media | : None known. | |
| Specific hazards arising from the chemical | : In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain. | |
| Hazardous thermal decomposition products | : Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides metal oxide/oxides | |
| Special protective actions for fire-fighters | : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. | |
| Special protective equipment for fire-fighters | : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. | |

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

| For non-emergency personnel | : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. |
|--------------------------------|--|
| For emergency responders | : If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel". |
| Environmental precautions | : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. |

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

6. Accidental release measures

| Small spill | Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. |
|-------------|---|
| Large spill | Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal. |

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Conditions for safe storage : Store between the following temperatures: 5 to 35°C (41 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

| Ingredient name | Exposure limits |
|---|--|
| Interview Provide (excluding nanoparticle) Interview Provide (excluding nanoparticle) | Japan Society for Occupational Health (Japan, 5/2023). [titanium dioxide] OEL-M: 1.5 mg/m ³ , (as Ti) 8 hours. Form: Respirable particulate matter OEL-M: 2 mg/m ³ , (as Ti) 8 hours. Form: Total particulate matter Japan Society for Occupational Health (Japan, 5/2023). [titanium dioxide (nanoparticle)] OEL-M: 0.3 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: nanoparticle |
| Ammonium hydroxide | Japan Society for Occupational Health (Japan, 9/2022). [Ammonia] OEL-M: 25 ppm 8 hours. OEL-M: 17 mg/m ³ 8 hours. |
| Cobalt aluminate blue spinel | Japan Society for Occupational Health |
| | Japan Page: 4/13 |

| | (Japan, 5/2023). [Cobalt and compound Skin sensitizer. Inhalation sensitizer. |
|-----------------------------------|--|
| | OEL-M: 0.05 mg/m ³ , (as Co) 8 hours. Industrial Safety and Health Act (Japan 6/2020). [cobalt and its inorganic compounds] TWA: 0.02 mg/m ³ , (as Cobalt) 8 hours. |
| phthalocyanine blue | Japan Society for Occupational Health (Japan, 5/2023). [Copper and compoun Skin sensitizer. |
| Recommended monitoring procedures | : Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required. |
| Appropriate engineering controls | : If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosur local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. |
| Environmental exposure controls | : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensurt they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In som cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipm will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels. |
| Individual protection measu | res |
| Hygiene measures | : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. |
| Eye protection | : Safety glasses with side shields. |
| Skin protection | |
| Hand protection | : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard shou be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicate this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacture check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. |
| Gloves | : For prolonged or repeated handling, use the following type of gloves: |
| | Recommended: butyl rubber |
| Body protection | : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. |
| Other skin protection | : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. |
| Respiratory protection | : Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this necessary. |

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9. Physical and chemical properties

| Appearance | | | |
|------------------|----------------------|-------------------|--|
| Physical state | : Liquid. | | |
| Color | : Various | | |
| Odor | : Faint odor. | | |
| рН | : 8.4 | | |
| Boiling point | : >37.78°C (>100°F) | | |
| Flash point | : Closed cup: Not ap | olicable. | |
| Relative density | <mark>:</mark> 1.13 | | |
| | Media | Result | |
| Solubility(ies) | cold water | Partially soluble | |
| Vienerity | | | |

Viscosity

: > 100 s (ISO 6mm)

| 10. Stability and r | 10. Stability and reactivity | | | | | |
|------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Reactivity | : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients. | | | | | |
| Chemical stability | : The product is stable. | | | | | |
| Possibility of hazardous reactions | : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur. | | | | | |
| Conditions to avoid | : When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products. | | | | | |
| Incompatible materials | : Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids. | | | | | |
| Hazardous decomposition products | : Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides metal oxide/oxides | | | | | |

11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Dose | Exposure |
|---|---------------------------------|---------|-------------|----------|
| Ritanium dioxide (excluding nanoparticle) | LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists | Rat | >6.82 mg/l | 4 hours |
| . , | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | >5000 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | >5000 mg/kg | - |
| Diethylene glycol mono butyl ether | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 2700 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 4500 mg/kg | - |
| Ammonium hydroxide | LD50 Oral | Rat | 350 mg/kg | - |
| phthalocyanine blue | LD50 Dermal | Rat | >5000 mg/kg | - |
| , | LD50 Oral | Rat | 5.1 g/kg | - |
| 3-iodo-2-propynyl butylcarbamate | LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists | Rat | 0.67 mg/l | 4 hours |
| | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | >2 g/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 1470 mg/kg | - |
| reaction mass of mixed | LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists | Rat | 0.047 mg/l | 4 hours |
| | I | | Japan | Page: 6/ |

| 1 | 1. Toxicological information | | | | | | |
|---|--|---------------------------------|---------------|----------------------|---------|--|--|
| | (3,3,4,4,5,5,6,6,7,7, 8,8,8- tridecafluorooctyl) phosphates, ammonium salt Zinc salt of 2-pyridinethiol | LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists | Rat | 0.14 mg/l | 4 hours | | |
| | 1-oxide | LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral | Rabbit Rat | >2 g/kg 177 mg/kg | - | | |

Irritation/Corrosion

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Score | Exposure | Observation |
|---|------------------------|---------|-------|----------|-------------|
| 3-iodo-2-propynyl butylcarbamate | Eyes - Severe irritant | Rabbit | - | - | - |
| Zinc salt of 2-pyridinethiol 1-oxide | Eyes - Cornea opacity | Rabbit | 4 | 24 hours | 24 hours |

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

| Name | Category | Route of exposure | Target organs |
|--|--------------------------|-------------------|--|
| Diethylene glycol mono butyl ether Ammonium hydroxide | Category 3 Category 1 | - | Narcotic effects central nervous system (CNS), respiratory organs |
| 3-iodo-2-propynyl butylcarbamate Zinc salt of 2-pyridinethiol 1-oxide | Category 1 Category 1 | - | respiratory organs nervous system |

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

| Name | Category | Route of exposure | Target organs |
|--|------------|-------------------|------------------------------------|
| Titanium dioxide (excluding nanoparticle) | Category 1 | - | respiratory organs |
| Diethylene glycol mono butyl ether | Category 1 | - | liver, respiratory organs |
| 3-iodo-2-propynyl butylcarbamate | Category 1 | - | respiratory organs |
| reaction mass of mixed (3,3,4,4,5,5,6,6,7,7, 8,8,8- tridecafluorooctyl) phosphates, ammonium salt | Category 2 | - | liver |
| Zinc salt of 2-pyridinethiol 1-oxide | Category 1 | - | nervous system, respiratory system |

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on the likely routes of exposure

: Not available.

11. Toxicological information

| I II I OXIOOIOgioui | | |
|--------------------------------|------------|--|
| Potential acute health effect | ts | |
| Eye contact | : | No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Inhalation | : | No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Skin contact | : | No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Ingestion | : | No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Symptoms related to the ph | <u>ıys</u> | ical, chemical and toxicological characteristics |
| Eye contact | : | No specific data. |
| Inhalation | : | No specific data. |
| Skin contact | : | No specific data. |
| Ingestion | : | No specific data. |
| Delayed and immediate effect | <u>cts</u> | and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure |
| Short term exposure | | |
| Potential immediate effects | : | Not available. |
| Potential delayed effects | : | Not available. |
| Long term exposure | | |
| Potential immediate effects | : | Not available. |
| Potential delayed effects | : | Not available. |
| Potential chronic health eff | <u>ect</u> | <u>s</u> |
| General | : | May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. |
| Carcinogenicity | : | Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure. |
| Mutagenicity | : | No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Reproductive toxicity | | No known significant effects or critical bazards |

Reproductive toxicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

| Product/ingredient name | Oral (mg/ kg) | Dermal (mg/kg) | Inhalation (gases) (ppm) | Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l) | Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l) |
|--|------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|
| Diethylene glycol mono butyl ether | 4500 | 2700 | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Ammonium hydroxide | 350 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| phthalocyanine blue | 5100 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 3-iodo-2-propynyl butylcarbamate | 1470 | 2500 | N/A | N/A | 0.67 |
| reaction mass of mixed (3,3,4,4,5,5,6,6,7,7, 8,8,8- tridecafluorooctyl) phosphates, ammonium salt | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | 0.047 |
| Zinc salt of 2-pyridinethiol 1-oxide | 177 | 2500 | N/A | N/A | 0.14 |

Other information

Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Contains isothiazolinones. May cause allergic reaction.

12. Ecological information

Toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Exposure |
|---|--|---|---------------------|
| ✔ tanium dioxide (excluding nanoparticle) | Acute LC50 >100 mg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> | 48 hours |
| phthalocyanine blue | Acute LC50 >100 mg/l | Fish | 96 hours |
| 3-iodo-2-propynyl butylcarbamate | Acute EC50 0.186 mg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 0.067 mg/l | Fish | 96 hours |
| | Chronic NOEC 0.049 mg/l | Fish | 96 hours |
| Zinc salt of 2-pyridinethiol 1-oxide | Acute EC50 5.513 µg/l Marine water | Algae - Nitzschia pungens | 96 hours |
| | Acute LC50 0.0082 mg/l | Daphnia | 48 hours |
| | Chronic NOEC 1.889 µg/l Marine water Chronic NOEC 0.0027 mg/l | Algae - <i>Nitzschia pungens</i> Daphnia | 96 hours 21 days |

Persistence/degradability

| Product/ingredient name | Test | Result | | Dose | | Inoculum |
|--|-------------|------------------------|----------------------------|------|-------------------|-------------|
| 3-iodo-2-propynyl butylcarbamate Zinc salt of 2-pyridinethiol 1-oxide | - | 25 % - In 39 % - 28 | herent - 28 days 8 days | - | | - |
| Product/ingredient name | Aquatic hal | f-life | Photolysis | | Biodeg | gradability |
| 3-iodo-2-propynyl butylcarbamate Zinc salt of 2-pyridinethiol 1-oxide | - | | - 50%; < 28 day(s |) | Inhere Not rea | |

Bioaccumulative potential

| Product/ingredient name | LogPow | BCF | Potential |
|--|------------|----------|-------------|
| Diethylene glycol mono butyl ether | 1 | - | Low |
| phthalocyanine blue Zinc salt of 2-pyridinethiol 1-oxide | 6.6 0.9 | - 0.9 | High Low |

Mobility in soil

| Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc) | : Not available. |
|---|------------------|
| Mobility | : Not available. |

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

14. Transport information

| | UN | IMDG | ΙΑΤΑ |
|-----------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| UN number | Not regulated. | Not regulated. | Not regulated. |
| UN proper shipping name | - | - | - |
| Transport hazard class(es) | - | - | - |
| Packing group | - | - | - |
| Environmental hazards | No. | No. | No. |
| Marine pollutant substances | Not applicable. | Not applicable. | Not applicable. |

Additional information

| UN | : None identified. |
|------|--------------------|
| IMDG | : None identified. |
| ΙΑΤΑ | : None identified. |

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

15. Regulatory information

Fire Service Law

None of the components are listed.

Pollutant Release and Transfer Registers (PRTR)

| Ingredient name | % | Status | Reference number |
|-----------------------------------|-----|---------|---------------------|
| Diethylene glycol monobutyl ether | 1.8 | Class 1 | 627 |

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Product name PPG AQUACOVER ONE 645 (TINTED)

15. Regulatory information

Industrial Safety and Health Act

Ordinance on the Prevention of the Hazard due to Specified Chemical Substances

None of the components are listed.

Substance(s) requiring labelling

| Ingredient name | % | Status | Reference number |
|---|------------|------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Titanium(IV) oxide Diethylene glycol monobutyl ether | ≤10 ≤10 | Listed Listed | 191 224-3, 224-4 (2024-04) |
| Cobalt and its compounds | ≤10 | Listed | 172 |

Chemicals requiring notification

| Ingredient name | % | Status | Reference number |
|---|-------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| | ≤10 ≤10 | Listed Listed | 191 224-3, 224-4 (2024-04) |
| Copper and its compounds Ammonia Cobalt and its compounds | ≤10 ≤10 ≤10 | Listed Listed Listed | 379 39 172 |

Carcinogens based on Article 577-2 of the Ordinance on ISH

None of the components are listed.

<u>Mutagen</u>

None of the components are listed.

| Corrosive liquid | : Not listed |
|---|---------------------------------------|
| Occupational Safety and Health Law | : Oxidizing, Inflammable, Combustible |
| Regulations on the Prevention of Tetraalkyl Lead Poisoning | : Not listed |
| Harmful Substances Subject to Obtaining Permission for Manufacturing | : Not listed |
| Harmful Substances, Prohibited for Manufacturing | : Not listed |
| ISHL Enforcement Order Appendix 1 - Dangerous Substances | : Oxidizing, Inflammable, Combustible |
| Lead regulation | : Not listed |
| Organic solvents poisoning prevention | : Not applicable. |

Poisonous and Deleterious Substances

None of the components are listed.

15. Regulatory information

Chemical Substances Control Law (CSCL)

| Ingredient name | % | Status | Reference number |
|---|------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| Image in the image is a set of a light and the image is a linear set a light and the image is | ≤10 | Priority assessment | 223 |
| [alpha-(Alkyl(C16-18))-omega-hydroxypoly(oxyethane- 1,2-diyl) or alpha-(alkenyl(C16-18))-omega-hydroxypoly (oxyethane-1,2-diyl)] (It is limited that the number-average molecular weight of the polymer is less than 1,000.) | ≤10 | Priority assessment | 250 |
| (T-4)-Bis[2-(thioxo-kappaS)-pyridin-1(2H)-olato-kappaO] zinc(II) | ≤10 | Priority assessment | 139 |
| 2-Butoxyethanol | ≤10 | Priority assessment | 109 |
| Triethanolamine | ≤10 | Priority assessment | 108 |
| [alpha-(Alkyl(C16-18))-omega-hydroxypoly(oxyethane- 1,2-diyl) or alpha-(alkenyl(C16-18))-omega-hydroxypoly (oxyethane-1,2-diyl)] (It is limited that the number-average molecular weight of the polymer is less than 1,000.) | ≤10 | Priority assessment | 250 |
| 2-Aminoethanol | ≤10 | Priority assessment | 107 |
| alpha-(Alkyl(C6-18))-omega-hydroxypoly[oxyethane- 1,2-diyl/oxy(methylethane-1,2-diyl)] (It is limited that the number-average molecular weight of the polymer is less than 1,000.) | ≤10 | Priority assessment | 271 |
| 2,2,4,4,6,6,8,8-Octamethyl- 1,3,5,7,2,4,6,8-tetraoxatetrasilocane | ≤10 | Monitoring | 40 |
| 2,2,4,4,6,6,8,8,10,10,12,12-Dodecamethyl- 1,3,5,7,9,11-hexaoxa-2,4,6,8,10,12-hexasilacyclododecane | ≤10 e | Monitoring | 41 |
| 2-(2-Ethoxyethoxy)ethanol | ≤10 | Priority assessment | 110 |
| Cyclohexane | ≤10 | Priority assessment | 96 |
| Sodium 1-oxo-1lambda(5)-pyridine-2-thiolate | ≤10 | Priority assessment | 251 |
| Acetaldehyde | ≤10 | Priority assessment | 26 |
| Formaldehyde | ≤10 | Priority assessment | 25 |
| 1,4-Dioxane | ≤10 | Priority assessment | 80 |
| Éthylene oxide | ≤10 | Priority assessment | 19 |
| Chloromethane | ≤10 | Priority assessment | 6 |
| Ethylbenzene | ≤10 | Priority assessment | 50 |
| Toluene | ≤10 ≤10 | Priority assessment | 46 |
| Cumene | ≤10 ≤10 | Priority assessment | 126 |

High Pressure Gas Control : Not available. Law

Explosives Control Law

None of the components are listed.

Law concerning prevention : Not available. of pollution of the ocean

Maritime Safety Law

Notification Regulating Transportation of Dangerous Materials by Sea

None of the components are listed.

Container class

None of the components are listed.

JSOH Carcinogen

: Group 2B

16. Other information

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| <u>History</u> | |
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| Key to abbreviations | ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail UN = United Nations |

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

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