SAFETY DATA SHEET



Date of issue	1 July 2024
---------------	-------------

Version 3.01

Section 1. Product and company identification

Product name	: SIGMARINE 28 GRE	ΞY
Product code	: 000001191561	
Other means of identification	: 00195038; 00203253	3
Product type	: Liquid.	

0001191561

- 195038; 00203253
- quid.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses

Coating. Paints. Painting-related materials.

Uses advised against	Reason
Not applicable.	

Supplier's details:	
Supplier	 PPG Industrial do Brasil – Tintas e Vernizes Ltda Via Anhanguera KM 106, Bairro Sao Judas Tadeu Sumare / SP, Brasil Teléfono: 55 19 2103-6000 (Recepción)
Email address:	: HazComLatam@ppg.com
Emergency telephone number	: Centro de intoxicaciones 0800-333-0160 /CIQUIME 0800-222-2933

Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture	 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 5 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 2
	AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3

English (US) Arge	ntina
-------------------	-------

Date of issue

Product name SIGMARINE	28	GREY	
Section 2. Hazards identification			
Target organs	:	Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: brain. Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: blood, kidneys, lungs, the nervous system, liver, cardiovascular system, upper respiratory tract, skin, central nervous system (CNS), ears, eye, lens or cornea.	
		Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute dermal toxicity: 67.2% Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute inhalation toxicity: 20.4%	
		Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown hazards to the aquatic environment: 20.4%	
GHS label elements			
Hazard pictograms	:		
Signal word	:	Danger	
Hazard statements	:	Flammable liquid and vapor. May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause cancer. Toxic to aquatic life. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.	
Precautionary statements			
Prevention	:	Obtain special instructions before use. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take action to prevent static discharges. Avoid release to the environment. Avoid breathing vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling.	
Response	:	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. Wash with plenty of water. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.	
Storage	:	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool.	
Disposal	:	Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.	
Other hazards which do not result in classification	:	Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.	

3.01

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture Other means of identification

CAS number

: Mixture

: 00195038; 00203253

CAS number/other identifiers

: Not applicable.

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
xylene	20 - <30	1330-20-7
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	7 - <10	14807-96-6
ethylbenzene	3 - <5	100-41-4
titanium dioxide	3 - <5	13463-67-7
trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	0.5 - <1	7779-90-0
Quaternary ammonium compounds, C12-14 (even-numbered)- alkylethyldimethyl, ethyl sulphates	0.5 - <1	1474044-65-9
crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	0.1 - <0.2	14808-60-7

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	: Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.
Inhalation	: Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion	: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.
Indication of immediate med	cal attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician Specific treatments	 Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled. No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.
Potential acute health effect	
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	: Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	: May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin.
	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

English (US)

Argentina

1 July 2024

3.01

Section 4. First aid measures

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is toxic to aquatic life. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	 Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Date of issue

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions		Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.
Methods and materials for co	on	tainment and cleaning up
Small spill		Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble.

and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble.
Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an
appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal
contractor.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Large spill : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof t and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent er	tools
sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into a effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage w combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceo and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbe material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.	ntry into an with non- ous earth on 13). ent

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe : handling	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non- sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
	Materials such as cleaning rags, paper wipes and protective clothing, which are contaminated with the product may spontaneously self-ignite some hours later. To avoid the risks of fires, all contaminated materials should be stored in purpose-built containers or in metal containers with tight-fitting, self-closing lids. Contaminated materials should be removed from the workplace at the end of each working day and be stored outside.
Conditions for safe storage, : including any incompatibilities	Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

<u>Control parameters</u> <u>Occupational exposure limits</u>

Version

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
<mark>I</mark> mestone	Ministry of Labor, Employment and Social Security. Argentina (Resolution 295,11/2003) (Argentina, 11/2003). TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: respirable fibers: length> 5 .mu.m; length / diameter ratio (aspect) ³ 3: 1, determined by the membrane filter method at 400 - 450 x magnification (4mm objective) using illumination of phase contrast.
xylene	Ministry of Labor, Employment and Social Security. Argentina (Resolution 295,11/2003) (Argentina, 11/2003). [Xileno] TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	Ministry of Labor, Employment and Social Security. Argentina (Resolution 295,11/2003) (Argentina, 11/2003). TWA: 2 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable fibers: length> 5 .mu.m; Length / diameter ratio (aspect) ³ 3: 1, determined by the membrane filter method at 400 - 450 x magnification (4mm objective) using illumination of phase contrast – Respirable fraction.
ethylbenzene	Ministry of Labor, Employment and Social Security. Argentina (Resolution 295,11/2003) (Argentina, 11/2003). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.
titanium dioxide	Ministry of Labor, Employment and Social Security. Argentina (Resolution 295,11/2003) (Argentina, 11/2003). TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	propriate monitoring standards. Reference to methods for the determination of hazardous
controls ventilation or other engineering contaminants below any recomm	n. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ontrols to keep worker exposure to airborne ended or statutory limits. The engineering controls dust concentrations below any lower explosive ation equipment.
Environmental exposure controls : Emissions from ventilation or wor they comply with the requirement cases, fume scrubbers, filters or	k process equipment should be checked to ensure s of environmental protection legislation. In some engineering modifications to the process educe emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye protection	: Chemical splash goggles.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Gloves	: For prolonged or repeated handling, use the following type of gloves:
	Not recommended: nitrile rubber Recommended: polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), Viton®
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

		English (US)	Argentina	7/15
Vapor density	: Not available.			
Vapor pressure	: Not available.			
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	: Not available.			
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not available.			
Evaporation rate	: Not available.			
Flash point	: Closed cup: 31°C (87.8°F)			
Boiling point	: >37.78°C (>100°F)			
Melting point	: Not available.			
рН	: Not applicable.			
Odor	: Aromatic. [Slight]			
Color	: Gray.			
Physical state	: Liquid.			
Appearance				

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Relative density	:	1.47		
Solubility/ioc)		Media	Result	
Solubility(ies)	1	cold water	Not soluble	
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not applicable.		
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Not available.		
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.		
Viscosity	:	Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >21 mm²/s (>21 cSt)		

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.
Incompatible materials	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materia carbon oxides metal oxide/oxides

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
xylene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.7 g/kg	-
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.5 g/kg	-
titanium dioxide	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>6.82 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5.7 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
Quaternary ammonium compounds, C12-14 (even- numbered)- alkylethyldimethyl, ethyl sulphates	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	528 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	570 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result		Species	Score	Exposure	Observation			
xylene	Skin - Mod	erate irritan	nt Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-			
Conclusion/Summary									
Skin	: There ar	e no data a	available on the mix	cture itself.					
Eyes	: There ar	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.							
Respiratory	: There ar	e no data a	available on the mix	cture itself.					
<u>Sensitization</u>									
Not available.									
Conclusion/Summary									
Skin	: There ar	e no data a	available on the mix	cture itself.					
Respiratory	: There ar	e no data a	available on the mix	ture itself.					
<u>Mutagenicity</u>									
Not available.									
Conclusion/Summary	: There ar	e no data a	available on the mix	ture itself.					
Carcinogenicity									
Not available.									
	-								
Conclusion/Summary	: There ar	e no data a	available on the mix	ature itself.					
<u>Classification</u>									
Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP						
xylene	-	3	-						
ethylbenzene titopium dioxido	-	2B 2B	-						
titanium dioxide crystalline silica, respirable	-+	2D 1	- Known to be a hu	man carcinoo	ien				
powder (<10 microns)					J OII.				
Carcinogen Classification	code:		L						
IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3, 4									
NTP: Known to be		nogen; Reas	onably anticipated to I	oe a human car	cinogen				
OSHA: + Not listed/not regul	ated: -								
-									
Reproductive toxicity									
Not available.									
Conclusion/Summary	: There ar	e no data a	available on the mix	cture itself.					
<u>Feratogenicity</u>									
Not available									

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself. <u>Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)</u>

3.01

Section 11. Toxicological information

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
	Category 2	-	hearing organs
	Category 1	inhalation	-

Target organs

: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: brain.

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely routes of exposure	Not available.	
Potential acute health effects		
Eye contact	Causes serious eye irritation.	
Inhalation	Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation.	
Skin contact	May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin.	
Ingestion	No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Symptoms related to the physical sectors and the sectors and the sector sectors and the sectors and the sectors and the sectors are set of the sectors and the sectors are set of the s	al, chemical and toxicological characteristics	
Eye contact	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness	
Inhalation	Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing	
Skin contact	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking	
Ingestion	No specific data.	

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: blood, kidneys, lungs, the nervous system, liver, cardiovascular system, upper respiratory tract, skin, central nervous system (CNS), ears, eye, lens or cornea.

3.01

Section 11. Toxicological information

Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the mixture itself. This product contains crystalline silica which can cause lung cancer or silicosis. The risk of cancer depends on the duration and level of exposure to dust from sanding surfaces or mist from spray applications. For many products, TiO2 is utilized as a raw material in a liquid coating formulation. In this case, the TiO2 particles are bound in a matrix with no meaningful potential for human exposure to unbound particles of TiO2 when the product is applied with a brush or roller. Sanding the coating surface or mist from spray applications may be harmful depending on the duration and level of exposure and require the use of appropriate personal protective equipment and/or engineering controls (see Section 8). Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. There is some evidence that repeated exposure to organic solvent vapors in combination with constant loud noise can cause greater hearing loss than expected from exposure to noise alone. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.
<u>Short term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate effects	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential delayed effects	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
<u>Long term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate effects	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential delayed effects	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential chronic health eff	<u>zts</u>
Not available.	
General	: Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/ or dermatitis.
Carcinogenicity	: May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
SIGMARINE 28 GREY xylene ethylbenzene Quaternary ammonium compounds, C12-14 (even- numbered)-alkylethyldimethyl, ethyl sulphates	14927.2 4300 3500 570	2696.0 1700 17800 528	N/A N/A N/A N/A	37.7 11 17.8 N/A	4.8 1.5 1.5 N/A

Other information

: Not available.

Section 12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia	48 hours
	Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Ceriodaphnia dubia	-
titanium dioxide	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	48 hours
trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	Acute LC50 0.112 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.026 mg/l	Fish	30 days
Quaternary ammonium compounds, C12-14 (even- numbered)- alkylethyldimethyl, ethyl sulphates	EC50 0.14 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
	EC50 0.036 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	LC50 13.8 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
	NOEC 10 mg/m ³	Algae	72 hours
	NOEC 7 mg/m ³	Daphnia	21 days
	NOEC 3.2 mg/m ³	Fish	28 days

Persistence/degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose		Inoculum
ethylbenzene Quaternary ammonium compounds, C12-14 (even- numbered)- alkylethyldimethyl, ethyl sulphates	-	79 % - Readily - 10 days 67.77 % - Readily - 28 days		-		-
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life		Photolysis		Biodeg	radability
xylene ethylbenzene Quaternary ammonium compounds, C12-14 (even- numbered)- alkylethyldimethyl, ethyl sulphates	-		-		Readily Readily Readily	/

English (US)	Argentina	12/15

Code	00000119	91561	Date of issue	1 July 2024	Version	3.01
Product na	me	SIGMARINE 28 GREY				

Section 12. Ecological information

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential	
xylene ethylbenzene Quaternary ammonium compounds, C12-14 (even- numbered)- alkylethyldimethyl, ethyl sulphates	3.12 3.6 3.2	7.4 to 18.5 79.43 -	Low Low Low	

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition	: Not available.
coefficient (Koc)	

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non- recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been
	cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and
	contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	UN	Brazil (ANTT)	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3
Packing group	III	III		III
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.

1 July 2024

Section 14. Transport information

Additional information					
UN	: None identified.				
Brazil	: None identified.				
Risk number	: 30				
IMDG	: None identified.				
ΙΑΤΑ	: None identified.				

Special precautions for user	1	Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are
		upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in
		the event of an accident or spillage.

Date of issue

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

Section 15. Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product : No known specific national and/or regional regulations applicable to this product (including its ingredients).

Section 16. Other information

History

·····	
Date of previous issue	: 2/1/2024
Version	: 3.01
	EHS
Key to abbreviations	 ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods
	by Rail UN = United Nations
	ON - Onited Nations
References	ABNT NBR 14725-4: 2014
_	ANTT - National Land Transportation Agency

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version. Disclaimer

Section 16. Other information

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.