SAFETY DATA SHEET



Date of issue	1 July 2024
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Version 5.01

Section 1. Product and company identification

Product name
Product code
Other means of identification
Product type

- : AMERCOAT 68HS RESIN
- : AT68HS-A
- Not available.
 - : Liquid.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses

Coating. Paints. Painting-related materials.

Uses advised against	Reason
Not applicable.	

Supplier's details:	
Supplier	 PPG Industries Colombia Ltda Calle 51 # 40-13 Municipio de Itagüí Antioquia, Colombia (57) (4) 3787400 (Porteria)
Email address:	: HazComLatam@ppg.com
Emergency telephone number	: Colombia: 01 8000 916012 (CISPROQUIM) + 571 288 6012 (CISPROQUIM) Ecuador: 1800-59-3005 (CISPROQUIM) Peru: 080-050-847 (CISPROQUIM)

Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture	 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 5 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1 AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 3 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3

English (US) Colombia	
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Code AT68HS-A Product name Al	MERCOAT 68HS RESIN	Date of issue	1 July 2024	Version	5.01
Section 2. Ha	zards identifio	cation			
Target organs	bone marro Contains m lungs, the i	naterial which causes d ow, central nervous sys naterial which may caus nervous system, periph /stem, skin, eye, lens of	tem (CNS). se damage to the follo eral nervous system, i	wing organs: bloo	od, kidneys,
	28.5%	e of the mixture consist e of the mixture consist %			-
	Percentage	e of the mixture consist vironment: 46.3%	ing of ingredient(s) of	unknown hazards	to the
GHS label elements					
Hazard pictograms			>		
Signal word	: Danger				
Hazard statements	: Flammable May be hau Causes sk May cause Causes se Harmful if i May cause May cause Causes da	an allergic skin reactic rious eye irritation. nhaled. drowsiness or dizzines	ss. h prolonged or repeate	ed exposure.	
Precautionary state	ments				
Prevention	and eye or flames and	cial instructions before face protection. Keep l other ignition sources. or lighting equipment.	away from heat, hot s No smoking. Use ex	urfaces, sparks, o plosion-proof elec	open ctrical,

static discharges. Avoid release to the environment. Do not breathe vapor. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. : IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Call a Response POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do.

Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention. **Storage** : Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool.

Disposal : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Other hazards which do not : Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

result in classification

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Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture Other means of identification

: Mixture

: Not available.

CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number

: Not applicable.

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
vystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	20 - <30	14808-60-7
bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propane	15 - <20	1675-54-3
Epoxy Resin (700 <mw<=1100)< td=""><td>10 - <12.5</td><td>25036-25-3</td></mw<=1100)<>	10 - <12.5	25036-25-3
4-methylpentan-2-one	10 - <12.5	108-10-1
heptan-2-one	10 - <12.5	110-43-0
xylene	3 - <5	1330-20-7
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	3 - <5	64742-95-6
Cashew, nutshell liq., oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro-	3 - <5	68413-24-1
2,3-epoxypropane		
tetraethyl silicate	2 - <3	78-10-4
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	1 - <2	95-63-6
[3-(2,3-epoxypropoxy)propyl]trimethoxysilane	1 - <2	2530-83-8
ethylbenzene	0.5 - <1	100-41-4

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first	st aid measures
Eye contact	 Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.
Inhalation	: Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion	: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.
Indication of immediate med	lical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician Specific treatments	 Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled. No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.
Potential acute health effect	S

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Section 4. First aid measures

Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	 Harmful if inhaled. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Skin contact Ingestion	 Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction. May be harmful if swallowed. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	 Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protect	tive equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up				
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.			
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non- combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.			

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe : handling	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Conditions for safe storage, : including any incompatibilities	Do not store above the following temperature: 50°C (122°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

<u>Control parameters</u> <u>Occupational exposure limits</u>

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Ingredient name		Exposure limits		
Fystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)		ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023). [Silica, crystalline] TWA: 0.025 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable		
4-methylpentan-2-one		ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023). STEL: 75 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.		
heptan-2-one		ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023). TWA: 233 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.		
xylene		ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023). [p- xylene and mixtures containing p-xylene] Ototoxicant.		
tetraethyl silicate		TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023). TWA: 85 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.		
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene		ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023). TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.		
Recommended monitoring procedures		ppropriate monitoring standards. Reference to or methods for the determination of hazardous I.		
Appropriate engineering controls	ventilation or other engineering contaminants below any recom also need to keep gas, vapor of	on. Use process enclosures, local exhaust controls to keep worker exposure to airborne mended or statutory limits. The engineering controls dust concentrations below any lower explosive tilation equipment		
Environmental exposure controls	 limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment. Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels. 			
ndividual protection measure	<u>98</u>			
Hygiene measures	before eating, smoking and usin Appropriate techniques should Contaminated work clothing sho contaminated clothing before re showers are close to the works	e thoroughly after handling chemical products, ng the lavatory and at the end of the working period. be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. buld not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash susing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety tation location.		
Eye protection Skin protection	: Chemical splash goggles.			
Hand protection	be worn at all times when hand this is necessary. Considering check during use that the glove should be noted that the time to different for different glove man	gloves complying with an approved standard should ing chemical products if a risk assessment indicates the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, s are still retaining their protective properties. It breakthrough for any glove material may be ufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of ion time of the gloves cannot be accurately		

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Gloves	: butyl rubber
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	 Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

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Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance				
Physical state	:	Liquid.		
Color	1	White to yellowish.		
Odor	:	Characteristic.		
рН	:	Not applicable.		
Melting point	:	Not available.		
Boiling point	:	>37.78°C (>100°F)		
Flash point	:	Closed cup: 27.78°C (82°F)		
Evaporation rate	:	0.81 (butyl acetate = 1)		
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Not available.		
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	:	Not available.		
Vapor pressure	:	1.1 kPa (8.6 mm Hg)		
Vapor density	:	Not available.		
Relative density	:	1.21		
Solubility/icc)		Media Result		
Solubility(ies)	1	cold water Not soluble		
Water Solubility at room temperature	:	0.3 g/l		
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not applicable.		
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Not available.		
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.		
Viscosity	:	Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >21 mm²/s (>21 cSt)		
-				

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingre	dients.
Chemical stability	The product is stable.	
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not oc	cur.
Conditions to avoid	When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.	n
Incompatible materials	Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactio oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.	ins:
Hazardous decomposition products	Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following carbon oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides	materials:

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
øís-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi) phenyl]propane	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	23000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	15000 mg/kg	-
Epoxy Resin (700 <mw <=1100)</mw 	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
,	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
4-methylpentan-2-one	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	11 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2.08 g/kg	-
heptan-2-one	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	16.7 mg/l	4 hours
•	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	10.206 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1.6 g/kg	-
xylene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.7 g/kg	-
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3.48 g/kg	-
0	LD50 Oral	Rat	8400 mg/kg	-
Cashew, nutshell liq., oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro- 2,3-epoxypropane	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2 g/kg	-
2,3-epoxyproparie	LD50 Oral	Rat	5 g/kg	
tetraethyl silicate	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	10 to 16 mg/l	- 4 hours
ieu aeu iyi Silicale	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	5.878 g/kg	
	LD50 Oral	Rat	6270 mg/kg	
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	18000 mg/m ³	- 4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5 g/kg	-
[3-(2,3-epoxypropoxy)propyl] trimethoxysilane	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5.3 mg/l	4 hours
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	7.01 g/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	17.8 mg/l	4 hours

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	LD50 Derm LD50 Oral	nal		Rabbi Rat	it	17.8 g/kg 3.5 g/kg	-	
Conclusion/Summary Irritation/Corrosion	: There ar	e no da	ta availabl	e on the mi	ixture itsel	f.		
Product/ingredient name	Result		5	Species	Score	e Exposure	Observation	
øs-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi) phenyl]propane	Eyes - Mild	irritant	F	Rabbit	-	24 hours	-	
	Eyes - Red conjunctiva		the F	Rabbit	0.4	24 hours	-	
	Skin - Eder		F	Rabbit	0.5	4 hours	-	
	Skin - Eryth	nema/Es	schar F	Rabbit	0.8	4 hours	-	
	Skin - Mild	irritant	F	Rabbit	-	4 hours	-	
xylene	Skin - Mode	erate irr	itant F	Rabbit	-	24 hours 50 mg	0 -	
Conclusion/Summary						<i>.</i>		
Skin				e on the mi				
Eyes	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.							
Respiratory	: There ar	e no da	ta availabl	e on the mi	ixture itse	f.		
Sensitization								
Product/ingredient name	Route of Species exposure		Species			Result		
bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi) phenyl]propane	skin	Mouse				Sensitizing		
Conclusion/Summary								
Skin	: There ar	e no da	ta availabl	e on the mi	ixture itsel	f.		
Respiratory	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.							
Mutagenicity								
Not available.								
Not available.								
Conclusion/Summary	: There ar	e no da	ta availabl	e on the mi	ixture itse	f.		
<u>Carcinogenicity</u>								
Not available.								
Conclusion/Summary	: There ar	e no da	ta availabl	e on the mi	ixture itsel	f.		
Classification								
	OSHA	IARC	NTP					
Product/ingredient name								
Product/ingredient name rystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)		1	Know	n to be a hu	uman caro	sinogen.		
Fystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns) bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)		1 3	Knowi -	n to be a hu	uman caro	sinogen.		
Fystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns) bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi) phenyl]propane			Knowi - -	n to be a hi	uman carc	sinogen.		
Fystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns) bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)		3	Knowi - - -	n to be a hı	uman carc	sinogen.		

Carcinogen Classification code:

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Section 11. Toxicological information

IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3, 4 NTP: Known to be a human carcinogen; Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen OSHA: + Not listed/not regulated: -

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
4-methylpentan-2-one	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
heptan-2-one	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
tetraethyl silicate	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	Category 1	inhalation	-
ethylbenzene	Category 2	-	hearing organs

Target organs

: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: liver, spleen, brain, bone marrow, central nervous system (CNS).

Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: blood, kidneys, lungs, the nervous system, peripheral nervous system, upper respiratory tract, immune system, skin, eye, lens or cornea.

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
4-methylpentan-2-one	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 2
heptan-2-one	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 2
xylene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely : Not available.

routes of exposure

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact

: Causes serious eye irritation.

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Section 11. Toxic	ological i	nformation			
Inhalation		nhaled. Can cause ce vsiness or dizziness.	ntral nervous system (C	CNS) depression.	Мау
Skin contact	: Causes ski	in irritation. Defatting to	o the skin. May cause a	an allergic skin re	action.
Ingestion	: May be hai	rmful if swallowed. Car	n cause central nervous	s system (CNS) d	epression.
Symptoms related to the phy	ysical, chemica	al and toxicological cl	naracteristics		
Eye contact	: Adverse sy pain or irrit watering redness	mptoms may include th ation	ne following:		
Inhalation	: Adverse sy nausea or headache drowsiness dizziness/v unconsciou	s/fatigue ertigo	ne following:		
Skin contact	: Adverse sy irritation redness dryness cracking	mptoms may include th	ne following:		
Ingestion	: No specific	data.			
Delayed and immediate effe	cts and also ch	nronic effects from sh	ort and long term exp	<u>osure</u>	
Conclusion/Summary	: There are n forming me or fatal or o lung cance exposure to to compone exposure li respiratory nervous sy muscular w Solvents m There is so combinatio from expos and reversi takes into a effects of o	no data available on the ethanol if hydrolyzed or cause blindness. This p r or silicosis. The risk o dust from sanding su ent solvent vapor conce mit may result in adver system irritation and a stem. Symptoms and veakness, drowsiness a ay cause some of the a ome evidence that repe n with constant loud no sure to noise alone. If s ible damage. Ingestion account, where known,	e mixture itself. Trimeth ingested. If swallowed, product contains crystal of cancer depends on the faces or mist from spra- entrations in excess of the se health effects such a dverse effects on the ki- signs include headache and, in extreme cases, above effects by absorp ated exposure to organ ise can cause greater have plashed in the eyes, the may cause nausea, di delayed and immediate term and long-term exp	noxysilanes are ca methanol may be lline silica which o he duration and le ay applications. E the stated occupa as mucous memb dneys, liver and o e, dizziness, fatigu loss of conscious otion through the lic solvent vapors hearing loss than e liquid may caus arrhea and vomit e effects and also	e harmful can cause evel of Exposure ational orane and central ue, ness. skin. in expected se irritation ing. This o chronic
<u>Short term exposure</u> Potential immediate	: There are I	no data available on the	e mixture itself.		
effects Potential delayed effects	: There are I	no data available on the	e mixture itself.		
Long term exposure Potential immediate	. Thora are :	no data available on the	a mixture itealf		
effects	. mere are i				

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Potential delayed effects : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

General	: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	: May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
MERCOAT 68HS RESIN	3934.6	7017.2	N/A	18.2	2.3
bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propane	15000	23000	N/A	N/A	N/A
Epoxy Resin (700 <mw<=1100)< td=""><td>2500</td><td>2500</td><td>N/A</td><td>N/A</td><td>N/A</td></mw<=1100)<>	2500	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
4-methylpentan-2-one	2080	N/A	N/A	11	1.5
heptan-2-one	1600	10206	N/A	16.7	1.5
xylene	4300	1700	N/A	11	1.5
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	8400	3480	N/A	N/A	N/A
Cashew, nutshell liq., oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane	5000	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
tetraethyl silicate	6270	5878	N/A	11	N/A
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	5000	N/A	N/A	18	1.5
[3-(2,3-epoxypropoxy)propyl]trimethoxysilane	7010	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
ethylbenzene	3500	17800	N/A	17.8	1.5

Other information

: Not available.

Section 12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
bís-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)	Acute LC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>daphnia magna</i>	48 hours
phenyl]propane			
	Chronic NOEC 0.3 mg/l	Daphnia	21 days
4-methylpentan-2-one	Acute LC50 >179 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
heptan-2-one	Acute LC50 131 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
	0	Fish	96 hours
[3-(2,3-epoxypropoxy)propyl] trimethoxysilane	Acute EC50 255 mg/l Fresh water	Algae	72 hours
,	Acute EC50 473 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 55 mg/l	Fish	96 hours

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Section 12. Ecological information

ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia	48 hours
	Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Ceriodaphnia dubia	-

Persistence/degradability

Product/ingredient name Test		Result	Result			Inoculum
 methylpentan-2-one heptan-2-one [3-(2,3-epoxypropoxy)propyl] trimethoxysilane ethylbenzene 	OECD 301F OECD 310 - -	69 % - Rea 37 % - Not	dily - 28 days dily - 28 days readily - 28 days dily - 10 days	- - -		- - -
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	I	Photolysis		Biodeg	radability
bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi) phenyl]propane 4-methylpentan-2-one heptan-2-one xylene [3-(2,3-epoxypropoxy)propyl] trimethoxysilane					Not rea Readily Readily Readily Not rea	y y adily
ethylbenzene	-		-		Readily	/

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
-methylpentan-2-one	1.9	-	Low
heptan-2-one	2.26	-	Low
xylene	3.12	7.4 to 18.5	Low
tetraethyl silicate	3.18	-	Low
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	3.63	120.23	Low
ethylbenzene	3.6	79.43	Low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc) : Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

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English (US) Colombia	
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Section 13. Disposal considerations

cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	UN	Brazil (ANTT)	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3
Packing group		Ш	III	III
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.

Additional information

UN	: None identified.
Brazil	: None identified.
Risk number	: 30
IMDG	: None identified.
ΙΑΤΑ	: None identified.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

Section 15. Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product : No known specific national and/or regional regulations applicable to this product (including its ingredients).

Section 16. Other information

History

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	EHS

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Section 16. Other information

Key to abbreviations	 ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway
	ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road
	ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
	BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
	GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association
	•
	IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
	LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
	MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)
	RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail
	UN = United Nations
References	: ABNT NBR 14725-4: 2014 ANTT - National Land Transportation Agency

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Disclaimer

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.