SAFETY DATA SHEET



Date of issue	3 July 2024
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Version 9.01

Section 1. Product and company identification

Product name	1	SI
Product code	1	00
Other means of identification	1	No
Product type	:	Lio

SIGMA SAILADVANCE RX BROWN 00371224

: Not available.

Liquid.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses

Coating. Paints. Painting-related materials.

Uses advised against	Reason
Not applicable.	

Supplier's details:	
Supplier	 PPG Industrial do Brasil – Tintas e Vernizes Ltda Via Anhanguera KM 106, Bairro Sao Judas Tadeu Sumare / SP, Brasil 55 19 2103-6000 (Recepção e Portaria)
Email address:	: HazComLatam@ppg.com
Emergency telephone number	: 0800 707 1767 / 0800 707 7022 – Empresa Suatrans Cotec 0800 14 8110 – CEATOX - Centro de Assistência Toxicológica

Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture	: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4
	ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 5
	ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4
	SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1
	SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1
	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1B
	AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 1
	AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 1
Target organs	 Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: brain, central nervous system (CNS).
	Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: blood, kidneys, lungs, the nervous system, liver, gastrointestinal tract, upper respiratory tract, skin, ears, eye, lens or cornea.

English (US) Brazil	
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Section 2. Hazarus	
	Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute oral toxicity: 4.7%
	Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute dermal toxicity: 17.6%
	Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute inhalation toxicity: 32%
	Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown hazards to the aquatic environment: 9.1%
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	 Flammable liquid and vapor. Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled. May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye damage. May cause cancer. Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: Obtain special instructions before use. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take action to prevent static discharges. Avoid release to the environment. Avoid breathing vapor. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling.
Response	: Collect spillage. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.
Storage	: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Other hazards which do not result in classification	: Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

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Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

Other means of identification

CAS number

- : Not available.
- CAS number/other identifiers

: Not applicable.

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
dicopper oxide	20 - <30	1317-39-1
rosin	10 - <12.5	8050-09-7
zinc oxide	10 - <12.5	1314-13-2
4-methylpentan-2-one	7 - <10	108-10-1
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	7 - <10	64742-95-6
Propane, 1-(ethenyloxy)-2-methyl-, polymer with chloroethene	3 - <5	25154-85-2
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	3 - <5	95-63-6
zineb (ISO)	3 - <5	12122-67-7
diiron trioxide	3 - <5	1309-37-1
calcium carbonate	3 - <5	471-34-1
12-hydroxyoctadecanoic acid, reaction products with	1 - <2	220926-97-6
1,3-benzenedimethanamine and hexamethylenediamine		
ethylbenzene	1 - <2	100-41-4
copper oxide	0.5 - <1	1317-38-0
copper	0.2 - <0.5	7440-50-8
p-mentha-1,4(8)-diene	0.1 - <0.2	586-62-9
cumene	0.1 - <0.2	98-82-8

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary	first aid measures
Eye contact	 Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical attention.
Inhalation	: Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion	: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.
Indication of immediate r	nedical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician Specific treatments	 In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours. No specific treatment.

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Section 4. First a	id meas	ures			
Protection of first-aiders	is susp mask o providir	on shall be taken involving ected that fumes are still p r self-contained breathing ng aid to give mouth-to-mo phy with water before remo	resent, the rescuer sho apparatus. It may be o outh resuscitation. Was	ould wear an app langerous to the sh contaminated	ropriate person
Potential acute health effect	<u>:ts</u>				
Eye contact	: Causes	s serious eye damage.			
Inhalation	: Harmfu	l if inhaled.			

: May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin.

Ingestion

Skin contact

: Harmful if swallowed.

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	 Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	 Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, pr	otective equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

English (US)	Brazil
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Code00371224Product name\$	SIGMA SAILADVANCE RX BI	Date of issue ROWN	3 July 2024	Version	9.01
Section 6. Ac	ccidental releas	se measures			
For emergency resp		.	and unsuitable materi		
	environmenta May be harm	wers. Inform the relevant of t	nd runoff and contact v /ant authorities if the pr aterways, soil or air). W if released in large qua	roduct has cause Vater polluting ma	d aterial.
Methods and materia	als for containment and	cleaning up			
Small spill	and explosior Alternatively,	n-proof equipment. Di or if water-insoluble, a	ainers from spill area. lute with water and mo bsorb with an inert dry er. Dispose of via a lice	p up if water-solu material and plac	ble. ce in an
Large spill	and explosion sewers, wate effluent treatr combustible, and place in o Dispose of via material may	n-proof equipment. Ap r courses, basements nent plant or proceed absorbent material e.c container for disposal a a licensed waste dis pose the same hazard	ainers from spill area. oproach release from up or confined areas. Wa as follows. Contain an g. sand, earth, vermicul according to local regul posal contractor. Containe d as the spilled product Section 13 for waste of	pwind. Prevent e ash spillages into d collect spillage lite or diatomaced lations (see Sectional aminated absorbe . Note: see Sectional . Note: see Sectional	ntry into an with non- ous earth on 13). ent

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	:	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
dícopper oxide	ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023). [copper fume]
rosin	TWA: 0.2 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Fume ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023). [resin acids] Skin sensitizer. Inhalation
	sensitizer. TWA: 0.001 mg/m³, (as total Resin acids) 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction
zinc oxide	ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023). STEL: 10 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Form: Respirable fraction
	TWA: 2 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction
4-methylpentan-2-one	ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023). STEL: 75 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023). TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.
diiron trioxide	ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023). TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable
calcium carbonate	fraction ACGIH TLV (United States). TWA: 3 mg/m ³ Form: Respirable
12-hydroxyoctadecanoic acid, reaction products with 1,3-benzenedimethanamine and hexamethylenediamine	TWA: 10 mg/m ³ Form: Total dust ACGIH TLV (United States). TWA: 10 mg/m ³ Form: Inhalable particle
	TWA: 3 mg/m³, (inhalable dust) Form: Respirable particle
ethylbenzene	Ministry of Labor and Employment (Brazil, 11/2001).
copper oxide	TWA: 340 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 78 ppm 8 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023).
	[copper fume] TWA: 0.2 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Fume
copper	ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023). [copper dusts and mists]
	TWA: 1 mg/m ³ , (as Cu) 8 hours. Form: Dust and mist ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023).
	[copper fume] TWA: 0.2 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Fume
cumene	Ministry of Labor and Employment (Brazil, 11/2001). Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 190 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 39 ppm 8 hours.

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Section 8. Exposu Recommended monitoring		Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to
procedures		national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.
Appropriate engineering controls	:	Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Environmental exposure controls	:	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
ndividual protection measur	res	
Hygiene measures	:	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye protection	1	Chemical splash goggles and face shield.
Skin protection Hand protection	:	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Gloves	:	butyl rubber
Body protection	:	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	:	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	:	Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this necessary.

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Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>			
Physical state	1	Liquid.	
Color	1	Brown.	
Odor	:	Characteristic.	
рН	:	Not applicable.	
Melting point	:	Not available.	
Boiling point	:	>37.78°C (>100°F)	
Flash point	:	Closed cup: 34°C (93.2°F)	
Evaporation rate	:	Not available.	
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Not available.	
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	:	Not available.	
Vapor pressure	:	Not available.	
Vapor density	:	Not available.	
Relative density	:	1.65	
Solubility(icc)		Media Re	sult
Solubility(ies)	ľ	cold water No	at soluble
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not applicable.	
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Not available.	
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.	
Viscosity	:	Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >21	l mm²/s (>21 cSt)

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Section 10. Stability and reactivity

	-	
Reactivity	No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ing	gredients.
Chemical stability	he product is stable.	
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Inder normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not	occur.
Conditions to avoid	When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposit products.	lion
Incompatible materials	Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reac oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.	tions:
Hazardous decomposition products	epending on conditions, decomposition products may include the followin carbon oxides nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides halogenated compounds m oxides	•

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
dicopper oxide	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	3.34 mg/l	4 hours
•••	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	500 mg/kg	-
rosin	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	7600 mg/kg	-
zinc oxide	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5700 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
4-methylpentan-2-one	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	11 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2.08 g/kg	-
Solvent naphtha (petroleum),	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3.48 g/kg	-
light aromatic				
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	8400 mg/kg	-
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	18000 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5 g/kg	-
zineb (ISO)	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
diiron trioxide	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10 g/kg	-
calcium carbonate	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	6450 mg/kg	-
12-hydroxyoctadecanoic	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	3.56 mg/l	4 hours
acid, reaction products with			U U	
1,3-benzenedimethanamine				
and hexamethylenediamine				
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.5 g/kg	-
copper oxide	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
copper	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5.11 mg/l	4 hours
p-mentha-1,4(8)-diene	LD50 Oral	Rat	4390 mg/kg	-
cumene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	39000 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	12.3 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2260 mg/kg	-

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary
Skin
Eyes
Respiratory
Sensitization

- : There are no data available on the mixture itself.
 - : There are no data available on the mixture itself.
 - : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Code 00371224 Product name SIGMA SAILADVANCE RX		Date of issue ROWN	3 July 2024	Version	9.01
Section 11. Toxic	ological i	nformation			
Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result		
zí́neb (ISO)	skin	Guinea pig	Sensitizing		
Conclusion/Summary	•				

Skin: zineb (ISO): Weakly positive.Respiratory: There are no data available on the mixture itself.MutagenicityNot available.Not available.: There are no data available on the mixture itself.Conclusion/Summary: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
-methylpentan-2-one	-	2B	-
zineb (ISO)	-	3	-
diiron trioxide	-	3	-
ethylbenzene	-	2B	-
carbon black	-	2B	-
cumene	-	2B	Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen.

Carcinogen Classification code:

IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3, 4 NTP: Known to be a human carcinogen; Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen OSHA: + Not listed/not regulated: -

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
zineb (ISO)	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
cumene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Section 11. Toxicological information

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
12-hydroxyoctadecanoic acid, reaction products with 1,3-benzenedimethanamine and hexamethylenediamine	Category 2	inhalation	lungs
ethylbenzene cumene	Category 2 Category 2	-	hearing organs -

Target organs

: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: brain, central nervous system (CNS). Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: blood, kidneys, lungs, the nervous system, liver, gastrointestinal tract, upper respiratory tract, skin, ears, eye, lens or cornea.

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
4-methylpentan-2-one	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 2
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
p-mentha-1,4(8)-diene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
cumene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely routes of exposure	: Not available.
Potential acute health effects	
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	: Harmful if inhaled.
Skin contact	: May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: Harmful if swallowed.
Symptoms related to the phy	sical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness

Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness dryness cracking blistering may occur
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the mixture itself. Carbon black is utilized as a raw material in many liquid coating formulations. In this case, the carbon black particles are bound in a matrix with no meaningful potential for human exposure to unbound particles of carbon black when the product is applied with a brush or roller. Sanding the coating surface or mist from spray applications may be harmful depending on the duration and level of exposure and require the use of appropriate personal protective equipment and/or engineering controls (see Section 8). Most carbon blacks contain trace quantities of polyaromatic hydrocarbons (PAH). PAHs are not expected to be released in biological fluids and are therefore not likely available for biological activity. Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. There is some evidence that repeated exposure to organic solvent vapors in combination with constant loud noise can cause greater hearing loss than expected from exposure to noise alone. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.
<u>Short term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate effects	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential delayed effects	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
<u>Long term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate effects	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential delayed effects	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential chronic health eff	icts
Not available.	
General	: Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/ or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	: May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
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Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
SIGMA SAILADVANCE RX BROWN	1523.9	3320.8	N/A	62.1	3.7
dicopper oxide	500	2500	N/A	N/A	3.34
rosin	7600	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
zinc oxide	N/A	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
4-methylpentan-2-one	2080	N/A	N/A	11	1.5
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	8400	3480	N/A	N/A	N/A
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	5000	N/A	N/A	18	1.5
zineb (ISO)	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
diiron trioxide	10000	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
calcium carbonate	6450	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
12-hydroxyoctadecanoic acid, reaction products with 1,3-benzenedimethanamine and hexamethylenediamine	2500	2500	N/A	N/A	3.56
ethylbenzene	3500	17800	N/A	17.8	1.5
copper oxide	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
p-mentha-1,4(8)-diene	4390	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
cumene	2260	12300	N/A	39	N/A

Other information

: Not available.

Section 12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

Result	Species	Exposure
LC50 0.003 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
Acute EC50 0.17 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
Acute EC50 0.481 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - Neonate	48 hours
Chronic NOEC 0.017 mg/l Fresh water	Algae	72 hours
Acute LC50 >179 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
Acute LC50 8.2 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
Acute EC50 >100 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
Acute EC10 >14 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
Acute EC50 >100 mg/l	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (microalgae)	72 hours
Acute EC50 >100 mg/l	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> <i>(Water flea)</i>	48 hours
Acute LC50 >100 mg/l	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)	96 hours
Chronic NOEC 100 mg/l	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella	72 hours
Chronic NOEC ≥50 mg/l	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> (Water flea)	21 days
Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute EC50 0.17 mg/l Acute EC50 0.481 mg/l Fresh water Chronic NOEC 0.017 mg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 >179 mg/l Acute LC50 >12 mg/l Acute EC50 >100 mg/l Acute EC50 >100 mg/l Acute EC50 >100 mg/l Acute EC50 >100 mg/l Chronic NOEC 100 mg/l Chronic NOEC 250 mg/l	Acute EC50 0.17 mg/l Acute EC50 0.481 mg/l Fresh waterAlgae Daphnia - Daphnia magna - NeonateChronic NOEC 0.017 mg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 >179 mg/l Acute LC50 8.2 mg/lAlgae Fish FishAcute EC50 >100 mg/l Acute EC10 >14 mg/l Acute EC50 >100 mg/lDaphnia Algae Algae Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (microalgae)Acute EC50 >100 mg/l Acute EC50 >100 mg/lDaphnia Algae Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (microalgae)Acute EC50 >100 mg/l Acute LC50 >100 mg/lDaphnia - Daphnia magna (Water flea) Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)Acute LC50 >100 mg/l Chronic NOEC 100 mg/lDaphnia - Daphnia magna (Water flea) Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)Chronic NOEC 100 mg/l Chronic NOEC 250 mg/lDaphnia - Daphnia magna (Water flea)

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Product na	me	SIGMA SAILADVANCE RX	BROWN			
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copperChronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water
Acute LC50 810 ppbDaphnia - Ceriodaphnia dubia
Fish-Chronic EC10 8.1 μg/l96 hours
Daphnia - Daphnia magna -
Neonate21 days

Persistence/degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose		Inoculum
4-methylpentan-2-one 12-hydroxyoctadecanoic acid, reaction products with 1,3-benzenedimethanamine and hexamethylenediamine	OECD 301F OECD 301D Ready Biodegradability - Closed Bottle Test	9 % - Not r	dily - 28 days eadily - 29 days	-		-
ethylbenzene	-	79 % - Rea	dily - 10 days	-		-
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life		Photolysis		Biodeg	gradability
4-methylpentan-2-one ethylbenzene	-		-		Readily Readily	,

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
rosin	1.9 to 7.7	-	High
4-methylpentan-2-one	1.9	-	Low
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	3.63	120.23	Low
zineb (ISO)	1.3	-	Low
12-hydroxyoctadecanoic acid, reaction products with 1,3-benzenedimethanamine and hexamethylenediamine	>6	-	High
ethylbenzene	3.6	79.43	Low
p-mentha-1,4(8)-diene	4.47	-	High
cumene	3.55	35.48	Low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition	: Not available.
coefficient (Koc)	

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non- recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty
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English (US)	Brazil	14/16
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Section 13. Disposal considerations

containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	Brazil (ANTT)	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
Packing group	III	III	III
Environmental hazards	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	(dicopper oxide)	Not applicable.

Additional information

specific for the product

Brazil Risk number IMDG IATA	 None identified. 30 The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg. The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.
Special precautio	ons for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.
Transport in bulk to IMO instrumer	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
Section 15	. Regulatory information
Safety, health an environmental re	

Date of issue

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Section 16. Other information

<u>History</u>	
Date of previous issue	: 10/30/2023
Version	: 9.01
Prepared by	: EHS
Key to abbreviations	 ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail UN = United Nations
References	ABNT NBR 14725-4: 2014 ANTT - National Land Transportation Agency

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Disclaimer

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.