SAFETY DATA SHEET

Safety Data Sheet according to GB/T 16483-2008 and GB/T 17519-2013



Date of issue/Date of revision 7 July 2024

Version 2.02

Section 1. Chemic	I product and company identification	n
Product code	00445158	
Product name	SIGMA ECOFLEET 530 BLACK	
Product name	SIGMA ECOFLEET 530 BLACK	
Product type	Liquid.	
Relevant identified uses of t	substance or mixture and uses advised against	
Product use	Professional applications, Used by spraying.	
Use of the substance/ mixture	Antifouling products	
Uses advised against	Not applicable.	
Supplier's details	PPG Coatings (Kunshan) Co., Ltd 53 Jinyang Road, Lujia Town, 215331 Kunshan City, Jiangsu Province, P.R. China Tel: 86 512 57678859 Fax: 86 512 57678857	
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	00 86 532 83889090	

Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture according to GB 13690-2009 and GB 30000-2013

Emergency overview

Liquid. Black.

Characteristic.

Flammable liquid and vapor. Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled. May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye damage. Suspected of causing cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. Very toxic to aquatic life. Very toxic to aquatic life.

Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. IF ON SKIN: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

See Section 12 for environmental precautions.

Version 2.02

Product name SIGMA ECOFLEET 530 BLACK

Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture	: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 5 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2 AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 1 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 1
	 Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute oral toxicity: 4.8% Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute dermal toxicity: 13.5% Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute inhalation toxicity: 20.7%
	Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown hazards to the aquatic environment: 9.6%
GHS label elements Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	 Flammable liquid and vapor. Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled. May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye damage. Suspected of causing cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. Very toxic to aquatic life. Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take action to prevent static discharges. Keep container tightly closed. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment. Avoid breathing vapor. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

Section 2. Hazards identification

Response	: Collect spillage. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. IF ON SKIN: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Storage	: Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Physical and chemical hazards	: Flammable liquid and vapor.
Health hazards	: Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye damage. Suspected of causing cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.
Symptoms related to the p	hysical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness dryness cracking blistering may occur reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
<u>Delayed and immediate eff</u> <u>Short term exposure</u>	ects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

effects

Section 2. Hazards identification

Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Long term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Environmental hazards	: Very toxic to aquatic life. Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Other hazards which do not result in classification	: Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

: Mixture

CAS number/other identifiers

Substance/mixture

CAS number : Not applicable.		
Ingredient name	%	CAS number
dícopper oxide	25 - <40	1317-39-1
zinc oxide	10 - <25	1314-13-2
xylene isomers mixture	10 - <25	1330-20-7
rosin	10 - <25	8050-09-7
5-methylhexan-2-one	1 - <10	110-12-3
Propane, 1-(ethenyloxy)-2-methyl-, polymer with chloroethene	1 - <10	25154-85-2
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	1 - <10	14807-96-6
4,5-dichloro-2-octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one	1 - <10	64359-81-5
ethylbenzene	1 - <10	100-41-4
copper oxide	1 - <10	1317-38-0
copper	0.1 - <1	7440-50-8

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessa	<u>ry first aid measures</u>
Eye contact	 Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical attention.
Inhalation	: Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	 Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion	: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Section 4. First aid measures

effects, acute and delayed
icts
: Causes serious eye damage.
: Harmful if inhaled.
: May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
: Harmful if swallowed.
<u>ptoms</u>
: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness dryness cracking blistering may occur reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
: No specific treatment.
: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Version 2.02

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protecti	ve equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.
Methods and materials for cor	tainment and cleaning up
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

China Page: 6/16

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
dícopper oxide	GBZ 2.1 (China, 11/2022). [Copper]
	PC-TWA: 0.2 mg/m ³ , (as Cu) 8 hours.
	Form: fume
zinc oxide	GBZ 2.1 (China, 11/2022).
	PC-STEL: 5 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	PC-TWA: 3 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
xylene isomers mixture	GBZ 2.1 (China, 11/2022). [Xylene]
-	PC-STEL: 100 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

		PC-TWA: 50 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
rosin		ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023). [resin
		acids] Skin sensitizer. Inhalation
		sensitizer.
		TWA: 0.001 mg/m ³ , (as total Resin acids) 8
		hours. Form: Inhalable fraction
5-methylhexan-2-one		ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023).
		TWA: 93 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
		TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes.
		STEL: 234 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
Talc , not containing asbestife	arm fibros	GBZ 2.1 (China, 11/2022).
Taic, not containing aspestite	JIII IIDIES	PC-TWA: 1 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form:
		respirable dust
		PC-TWA: 3 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: total dust
ethylbenzene		GBZ 2.1 (China, 11/2022).
		PC-STEL: 150 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
		PC-TWA: 100 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
copper oxide		GBZ 2.1 (China, 11/2022). [Copper]
		PC-TWA: 0.2 mg/m^3 , (as Cu) 8 hours.
		Form: fume
copper		GBZ 2.1 (China, 11/2022).
		PC-TWA: 1 mg/m ³ , (as Cu) 8 hours. Form:
		dust
Recommended monitoring procedures		opriate monitoring standards. Reference to nethods for the determination of hazardous
Appropriate engineering controls		Use process enclosures, local exhaust
	contaminants below any recommer	ntrols to keep worker exposure to airborne nded or statutory limits. The engineering controls st concentrations below any lower explosive
Environmental exposure	contaminants below any recommer also need to keep gas, vapor or due limits. Use explosion-proof ventilatEmissions from ventilation or work	ntrols to keep worker exposure to airborne nded or statutory limits. The engineering controls st concentrations below any lower explosive tion equipment. process equipment should be checked to ensure
Environmental exposure controls	 contaminants below any recommer also need to keep gas, vapor or due limits. Use explosion-proof ventilat Emissions from ventilation or work they comply with the requirements cases, fume scrubbers, filters or en 	ntrols to keep worker exposure to airborne nded or statutory limits. The engineering controls st concentrations below any lower explosive tion equipment. process equipment should be checked to ensure of environmental protection legislation. In some ngineering modifications to the process
	 contaminants below any recommer also need to keep gas, vapor or due limits. Use explosion-proof ventilat Emissions from ventilation or work they comply with the requirements cases, fume scrubbers, filters or en 	ntrols to keep worker exposure to airborne inded or statutory limits. The engineering controls st concentrations below any lower explosive tion equipment. process equipment should be checked to ensure of environmental protection legislation. In some
controls	 contaminants below any recommer also need to keep gas, vapor or dua limits. Use explosion-proof ventilat Emissions from ventilation or work they comply with the requirements cases, fume scrubbers, filters or en equipment will be necessary to reduce 	ntrols to keep worker exposure to airborne inded or statutory limits. The engineering controls st concentrations below any lower explosive tion equipment. process equipment should be checked to ensure of environmental protection legislation. In some ngineering modifications to the process uce emissions to acceptable levels.
controls	 contaminants below any recommer also need to keep gas, vapor or dua limits. Use explosion-proof ventilat Emissions from ventilation or work they comply with the requirements cases, fume scrubbers, filters or en equipment will be necessary to reduce Wash hands, forearms and face the eating, smoking and using the lava Appropriate techniques should be u Contaminated work clothing should 	ntrols to keep worker exposure to airborne inded or statutory limits. The engineering controls st concentrations below any lower explosive tion equipment. process equipment should be checked to ensure of environmental protection legislation. In some ingineering modifications to the process uce emissions to acceptable levels. oroughly after handling chemical products, before tory and at the end of the working period. used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. I not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash ng. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety
controls	 contaminants below any recommer also need to keep gas, vapor or due limits. Use explosion-proof ventilat Emissions from ventilation or work they comply with the requirements cases, fume scrubbers, filters or en equipment will be necessary to reduce Wash hands, forearms and face the eating, smoking and using the lavar Appropriate techniques should be u Contaminated work clothing should contaminated clothing before reusing showers are close to the workstation 	 attrols to keep worker exposure to airborne anded or statutory limits. The engineering controls st concentrations below any lower explosive tion equipment. process equipment should be checked to ensure of environmental protection legislation. In some ngineering modifications to the process uce emissions to acceptable levels. oroughly after handling chemical products, before tory and at the end of the working period. used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. d not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash ng. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety on location.
controls <u>ndividual protection measur</u> Hygiene measures	 contaminants below any recommer also need to keep gas, vapor or dua limits. Use explosion-proof ventilat Emissions from ventilation or work they comply with the requirements cases, fume scrubbers, filters or en equipment will be necessary to reduce Wash hands, forearms and face the eating, smoking and using the lava Appropriate techniques should be us Contaminated work clothing should contaminated clothing before reusing 	 attrols to keep worker exposure to airborne anded or statutory limits. The engineering controls st concentrations below any lower explosive tion equipment. process equipment should be checked to ensure of environmental protection legislation. In some ngineering modifications to the process uce emissions to acceptable levels. oroughly after handling chemical products, before tory and at the end of the working period. used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. d not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash ng. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety on location.

Product name SIGMA ECOFLEET 530 BLACK

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Gloves	: butyl rubber
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	 Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>		
Physical state	iquid.	
Color	lack.	
Odor	haracteristic.	
Boiling point	37.78°C (>100°F)	
Flash point	losed cup: 28°C (82.4°F)	
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	reatest known range: Lower: 1.8% Upper: 9% (5-methylhexan-2-one)	
Relative density	86	
Solubility(ies)	ledia Result	
Solubility(les)	old water Not soluble	
Viscosity	inematic (40°C): >21 mm²/s	

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	:	No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	:	The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Product code 00445158 Date of issue 7 July 2024 Version 2 Product name SIGMA ECOFLEET 530 BLACK Version 2			Version 2.02
Section 10. Stabil	ity and reactivity		
Conditions to avoid	: When exposed to high temp products.	eratures may produce hazardous d	ecomposition
Incompatible materials	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reaction oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.		ermic reactions:
Hazardous decomposition products		composition products may include trogen oxides sulfur oxides haloge	

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
dicopper oxide	LC50 Inhalation Dusts	Rat	3.34 mg/l	4 hours
	and mists		-	
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	500 mg/kg	-
zinc oxide	LC50 Inhalation Dusts	Rat	>5700 mg/m ³	4 hours
	and mists		_	
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
xylene isomers mixture	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.7 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-
rosin	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	7600 mg/kg	-
5-methylhexan-2-one	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	5000 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	8.14 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5657 mg/kg	-
4,5-dichloro-2-octyl-2H-	LC50 Inhalation Dusts	Rat	0.16 mg/l	4 hours
isothiazol-3-one	and mists			
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3.9 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	567 mg/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.5 g/kg	-
copper oxide	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
copper	LC50 Inhalation Dusts	Rat	>5.11 mg/l	4 hours
	and mists			

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
ylene isomers mixture	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit		24 hours 500 mg	-

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Product name SIGMA ECOFLEET 530 BLACK

Date of issue 7 July 2024

Section 11. Toxicological information

Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Maternal toxicity	Fertility	Development toxin	Species	Dose	Exposure
5-methylhexan-2-one	-	-	Equivocal		Inhalation: 1250 ppm	

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	Category 3		Respiratory tract irritation
4,5-dichloro-2-octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one	Category 3		Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
ethylbenzene	Category 2	-	-

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely routes of exposure	: Not available.
Potential acute health effect	<u>S</u>
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	: Harmful if inhaled.
Skin contact	: May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: Harmful if swallowed.
Symptoms related to the ph Eye contact Inhalation	 Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Section 11. Toxicological information

Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following:
	pain or irritation
	redness
	dryness
	cracking
	blistering may occur
	reduced fetal weight
	increase in fetal deaths
	skeletal malformations
Ingestion	 Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains reduced fetal weight
	increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

s and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
: Not available.
: Not available.
: Not available.
: Not available.
<u>ets</u>
: Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/ or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
: Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<u>ec</u>

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
GMA ECOFLEET 530 BLACK	1217.8	2604.7	53638.1	42.5	2.0
dicopper oxide	500	2500	N/A	N/A	3.34
zinc oxide	N/A	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
xylene isomers mixture	4300	1700	N/A	11	1.5
rosin	7600	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
5-methylhexan-2-one	5657	8140	5000	11	1.5
4,5-dichloro-2-octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one	567	1100	N/A	N/A	0.16
ethylbenzene	3500	17800	N/A	17.8	1.5
copper oxide	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Section 11. Toxicological information

Other information

Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing.

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
dicopper oxide	LC50 0.003 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
zinc oxide	Acute EC50 0.17 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
	Acute EC50 0.481 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - Neonate	48 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.017 mg/l Fresh water	Algae	72 hours
5-methylhexan-2-one	Acute LC50 159 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
4,5-dichloro-2-octyl-2H- isothiazol-3-one	Acute EC50 267.368 µg/l Marine water	Algae - Nitzschia pungens	96 hours
	Acute LC50 0.318 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia sp.	48 hours
	Acute LC50 0.0027 mg/l Fresh water	Fish	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 19.789 µg/l Marine water	Algae - Nitzschia pungens	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.00056 mg/l Fresh water	Fish	97 days
ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia	48 hours
	Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Ceriodaphnia dubia	-
copper	Acute LC50 810 ppb	Fish	96 hours
	Chronic EC10 8.1 µg/l	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - Neonate	21 days

Persistence/degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose		Inoculum
methylhexan-2-one ethylbenzene	OECD 301D -	67 % - Readily - 28 days 79 % - Readily - 10 days		-		-
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life		Photolysis		Biodeg	radability
ylene isomers mixture 5-methylhexan-2-one ethylbenzene	- - -		- -		Readily Readily Readily	/

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
✓ylene isomers mixture	3.12	7.4 to 18.5	Low
rosin	1.9 to 7.7	-	High
5-methylhexan-2-one	1.88	-	Low
ethylbenzene	3.6	79.43	Low

Mobility in soil

Date of issue 7 July 2024

Version 2.02

Product name SIGMA ECOFLEET 530 BLACK

Section 12. Ecological information

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

	China	UN	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3
Packing group		Ш	111	111
Environmental hazards	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	dicopper oxide)	Not applicable.

Additional information

CN	: None identified.
UN	: None identified.
IMDG	: The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤ 5 L or ≤ 5 kg.
ΙΑΤΑ	: The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.

Product name SIGMA ECOFLEET 530 BLACK

Section 14. Transport information

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

Section 15. Regulatory information

China inventory (IECSC) :	All components are listed or exempted.
References :	Production Safety Law of the People's Republic of China Code of Occupational Disease Prevention of the People's Republic of China Environmental Protection Law of the People's Republic of China Fire Control Law of the People's Republic of China Regulations on the Control over Safety of Dangerous Chemicals Occupational exposure limits for hazardous agents in the workplace chemical hazardous agents (GBZ2.1) General rule for classification and hazard communication of chemicals (GB13690) Safety data sheet for chemical products - Content and order of sections (GB/ T16483) Guidance on the compilation of safety data sheet for chemical products (GB/ T17519) General rule for preparation of precautionary label for chemicals (GB15258) Safety rules for classification, precautionary labeling and precautionary statements of chemicals (GB30000.2-29)

Section 16. Other information

<u>History</u>	
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 7 July 2024
Date of previous issue	: 11/22/2022
Version	: 2.02
	EHS
Key to abbreviations	: ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of
	Dangerous Goods by Road
	ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
	BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
	GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association
	IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
	LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
	MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)
	RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods
	by Rail UN = United Nations
Indicates information that	has changed from previously issued version

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Section 16. Other information

Notice to reader

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.