# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**



Date of issue/Date of revision 7 July 2024 Version 2.03

| Section 1. Identification   |   |  |
|---|---|--|
| Product code  | : 00445546  |  |
| Product name  | : SIGMA ECOFLEET 270 REDBROWN   |  |
| Product type  | : Liquid.   |  |
| Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against |   |  |
| Product use   | : Antifouling products<br>Professional applications, Used by spraying.                                |  |
| Supplier's details  | : PPG Industries (Singapore) Pte. Ltd., No. 1 Tuas Basin Close, Singapore 638803.<br>Tel +65 68653737 |  |
| Emergency telephone<br>number (with hours of<br>operation)                    | : CHEMTREC +(65)-31581349 (CCN 17704)   |  |

# Section 2. Hazards identification

| Classification of the substance or mixture | : FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3<br>ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4<br>SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2<br>SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1<br>SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1<br>CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2<br>SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE (Respiratory tract<br>irritation) - Category 3 |
|--|--|
|  | irritation) - Category 3<br>SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1<br>LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1  |

GHS label elements, including precautionary statements

Hazard pictograms : Signal word : Danger Product code 00445546

Product name SIGMA ECOFLEET 270 REDBROWN

# Section 2. Hazards identification

| Hazard statements                                   | : | Flammable liquid and vapour.<br>Causes skin irritation.<br>May cause an allergic skin reaction.<br>Causes serious eye damage.<br>Harmful if inhaled.<br>May cause respiratory irritation.<br>Suspected of causing cancer.<br>Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.   |
|---|---|--|
| Precautionary statements                            |   |  |
| Prevention  | : | Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Avoid release to the environment. Avoid breathing vapour. Wash thoroughly after handling.   |
| Response  | : | Collect spillage. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF<br>INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. Take off<br>contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of<br>water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES:<br>Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present<br>and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. |
| Storage   | : | Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.   |
| Disposal  | ; | Not applicable.  |
| Other hazards which do not result in classification | : | Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.   |
| Warning! Contains lead.                             | 1 | Contains lead. Should not be used on surfaces liable to be chewed or sucked by children. Keep out of reach of children.  |

### Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

#### **CAS number/other identifiers**

| CAS number | : Not applicable. |
|------------|-------------------|
| EC number  | : Mixture.        |

| Ingredient name   | %        | CAS number  |
|---|----------|-------------|
| dicopper oxide  | 20 - <25 | 1317-39-1   |
| rosin   | 10 - <20 | 8050-09-7   |
| zinc oxide  | 10 - <20 | 1314-13-2   |
| xylene  | 10 - <20 | 1330-20-7   |
| Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres  | 10 - <20 | 14807-96-6  |
| 4-methylpentan-2-one  | 5 - <10  | 108-10-1    |
| ethylbenzene  | 1 - <3   | 100-41-4    |
| Oils, pine  | 1 - <3   | 8002-09-3   |
| Propane, 1-(ethenyloxy)-2-methyl-, polymer with chloroethene  | 1 - <3   | 25154-85-2  |
| copper oxide  | 0.3 - <1 | 1317-38-0   |
| Reaction products of 12-hydroxyoctadecanoic acid and octadecanoic acid and 1,3-phenylenedimethanamine | 0.3 - <1 | 911674-82-3 |
| p-mentha-1,4(8)-diene   | 0.3 - <1 | 586-62-9    |

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There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

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Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

### Section 4. First aid measures

#### Description of necessary first aid measures

| Eye contact  | : Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical attention.  |
|--------------|--|
| Inhalation   | <ul> <li>Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is<br/>irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by<br/>trained personnel.</li> </ul> |
| Skin contact | <ul> <li>Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and<br/>water or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.</li> </ul>   |
| Ingestion    | <ul> <li>If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label.</li> <li>Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.</li> </ul>  |

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

| most important sympton        | is/enects, dedte and delayed  |
|-------------------------------|---|
| Potential acute health e      | effects   |
| Eye contact                   | : Causes serious eye damage.  |
| Inhalation                    | : Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation.   |
| Skin contact                  | : Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.   |
| Ingestion                     | : No known significant effects or critical hazards.   |
| <u>Over-exposure signs/sy</u> | <u>/mptoms</u>  |
| Eye contact                   | : Adverse symptoms may include the following:<br>pain<br>watering<br>redness  |
| Inhalation                    | : Adverse symptoms may include the following:<br>respiratory tract irritation<br>coughing                                     |
| Skin contact                  | : Adverse symptoms may include the following:<br>pain or irritation<br>redness<br>dryness<br>cracking<br>blistering may occur |
| Ingestion                     | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains   |
| Indication of immediate       | medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary  |
| Notes to physician            | : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.   |
|                               |   |

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|-----------|--------------|------------|

### Section 4. First aid measures

| Specific treatments        | : No specific treatment.  |
|----------------------------|---|
| Protection of first-aiders | : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. |

# Section 5. Firefighting measures

| <u>Extinguishing media</u>                        |   |
|---|---|
| Suitable extinguishing media                      | : Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.  |
| Unsuitable extinguishing media                    | : Do not use water jet.   |
| Specific hazards arising from the chemical        | : Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.<br>In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with<br>the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is very toxic to aquatic life with<br>long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained<br>and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain. |
| Hazardous thermal decomposition products          | : Decomposition products may include the following materials:<br>carbon oxides<br>halogenated compounds<br>metal oxide/oxides<br>oxides of lead   |
| Special protective actions for fire-fighters      | : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.  |
| Special protective<br>equipment for fire-fighters | : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.   |

# Section 6. Accidental release measures

| Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures |   |  |  |  |
|---|---|--|--|--|
| For non-emergency :<br>personnel                                    | No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.<br>Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from<br>entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources.<br>No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapour or mist.<br>Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is<br>inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. |  |  |  |
| For emergency responders :  | If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".   |  |  |  |

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### Section 6. Accidental release measures

| Environmental precautions | : . | Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains |
|---------------------------|-----|---|
|                           |     | and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental   |
|                           |     | pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful  |
|                           |     | to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.                 |

| Methods and material for containment and cleaning up |  |  |  |  |
|--|--|--|--|--|
| Small spill  | : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.   |  |  |  |
| Large spill  | : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spill product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal. |  |  |  |

## Section 7. Handling and storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

| Protective measures                    | : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container. |
|--|---|
| Advice on general occupational hygiene | : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.   |

### Section 7. Handling and storage

**Conditions for safe storage,** : Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in including any accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated incompatibilities area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

| Ingredient name                          | Exposure limits                                      |
|--|--|
| dicopper oxide                           | Workplace Safety and Health Act                      |
|  | (Singapore, 2/2006). [Copper (fume)]                 |
|  | PEL (long term): 0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form |
|  | Fume   |
| rosin                                    | ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023). [resi             |
|  | acids] Skin sensitiser. Inhalation                   |
|  | sensitiser.  |
|  | TWA: 0.001 mg/m³, (as total Resin acids)             |
|  | hours. Form: Inhalable fraction                      |
| zinc oxide                               | Workplace Safety and Health Act                      |
|  | (Singapore, 2/2006).                                 |
|  | PEL (long term): 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form  |
|  | Dust   |
|  | PEL (short term): 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.   |
|  | Form: Fume   |
|  | PEL (long term): 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form:  |
|  | Fume   |
| xylene                                   | Workplace Safety and Health Act                      |
|  | (Singapore, 2/2006). [Xylene]                        |
|  | PEL (short term): 651 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.  |
|  | PEL (short term): 150 ppm 15 minutes.                |
|  | PEL (long term): 434 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.      |
|  | PEL (long term): 100 ppm 8 hours.                    |
| Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres | Workplace Safety and Health Act                      |
|  | (Singapore, 2/2006).                                 |
|  | PEL (long term): 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.        |
| 4-methylpentan-2-one                     | Workplace Safety and Health Act                      |
|  | (Singapore, 2/2006).                                 |
|  | PEL (short term): 307 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.  |
|  | PEL (short term): 75 ppm 15 minutes.                 |
|  | PEL (long term): 205 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.      |
|  | PEL (long term): 50 ppm 8 hours.                     |
| ethylbenzene                             | Workplace Safety and Health Act                      |
|  | (Singapore, 2/2006).                                 |
|  | PEL (short term): 543 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.  |
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# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

|   | •   |           | • •   |  |  |
|---|---|-----------|---|--|--|
|   | copper oxide  |           |   | PEL (short term): 125 ppm 15 minutes.<br>PEL (long term): 434 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.<br>PEL (long term): 100 ppm 8 hours.<br>Workplace Safety and Health Act<br>(Singapore, 2/2006). [Copper (fume)]<br>PEL (long term): 0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form:<br>Fume  |  |
|   | Reaction products of 12-hydra acid and 1,3-phenylenedimet   |           | voctadecanoic acid and octadecanoic<br>namine   | <b>ACGIH TLV (United States).</b><br>TWA: 3 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (Respirable fraction)  |  |
|   | Recommended monitoring procedures   | :         |   | riate monitoring standards. Reference to nods for the determination of hazardous   |  |
|   | Appropriate engineering<br>controls : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust<br>ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne<br>contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering control<br>also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive<br>limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment. |           |   |  |  |
|   | Environmental exposure<br>controls  | :         | Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure<br>they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some<br>cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process<br>equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels. |  |  |
| Ŀ | ndividual protection measur   | <u>es</u> |   |  |  |
|   | Hygiene measures  | :         | eating, smoking and using the lavator<br>Appropriate techniques should be use<br>Contaminated work clothing should no   | bughly after handling chemical products, before<br>y and at the end of the working period.<br>In the end of the working period.<br>In the allowed out of the workplace. Wash<br>Ensure that eyewash stations and safety<br>ocation.  |  |
|   | Eye/face protection   | 1         | Chemical splash goggles and face shi  | ield.  |  |
|   | Skin protection   |           | <b>.</b>  |  |  |
|   | Hand protection   | :         | be worn at all times when handling ch<br>this is necessary. Considering the par<br>check during use that the gloves are s<br>should be noted that the time to break   | s complying with an approved standard should<br>emical products if a risk assessment indicates<br>rameters specified by the glove manufacturer,<br>still retaining their protective properties. It<br>through for any glove material may be<br>rers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of<br>the gloves cannot be accurately |  |
|   | Gloves  | 1         | butyl rubber  |  |  |
|   | Body protection   | :         | being performed and the risks involve   |  |  |

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# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

| Other skin protection  | <ul> <li>Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be<br/>selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be<br/>approved by a specialist before handling this product.</li> </ul>  |
|------------------------|--|
| Respiratory protection | : Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. |

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

| <u>Appearance</u>         |   |   |  |  |
|---------------------------|---|---|--|--|
| Physical state            | : | Liquid.   |  |  |
| Odour                     | : | Characteristic.   |  |  |
| рН                        | 1 | insoluble in water.   |  |  |
| Boiling point             | : | >37.78°C (>100°F)   |  |  |
| Flash point               | : | Closed cup: 24°C (75.2°F)   |  |  |
| Evaporation rate          | : | Highest known value: 1.7 (4-methylpentan-2-one) Weighted average: 1.12compared with butyl acetate                                 |  |  |
| Flammability (solid, gas) | : | liquid  |  |  |
| Vapour pressure           | : | Highest known value: 2.1 kPa (15.8 mm Hg) (at 20°C) (4-methylpentan-2-one).<br>Weighted average: 1.37 kPa (10.28 mm Hg) (at 20°C) |  |  |
| Vapour density            | : | Highest known value: 3.7 (Air = 1) (xylene). Weighted average: 3.61 (Air = 1)   |  |  |
| Relative density          | : | 1.68  |  |  |
| Solubility(ies)           |   | Media Result  |  |  |
|                           |   | cold water Not soluble  |  |  |
| Auto-ignition temperature | : | Lowest known value: 432°C (809.6°F) (xylene).   |  |  |
| Viscosity                 | : | Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >21 mm²/s (>21 cSt)   |  |  |

# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

| Reactivity                         | : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.                                     |
|------------------------------------|--|
| Chemical stability                 | : The product is stable.   |
| Possibility of hazardous reactions | : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.  |
| Conditions to avoid                | : When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.  |
| Incompatible materials             | : Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids. |

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### Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Hazardous decomposition products

: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides

### Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on toxicological effects

#### **Acute toxicity**

| Product/ingredient name        | Result                          | Species | Dose                    | Exposure |
|--------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------|-------------------------|----------|
| dicopper oxide                 | LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists | Rat     | 3.34 mg/l               | 4 hours  |
|                                | LD50 Dermal                     | Rat     | >2000 mg/kg             | -        |
|                                | LD50 Oral                       | Rat     | 500 mg/kg               | -        |
| rosin                          | LD50 Dermal                     | Rat     | >2000 mg/kg             | -        |
|                                | LD50 Oral                       | Rat     | 7600 mg/kg              | -        |
| zinc oxide                     | LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists | Rat     | >5700 mg/m <sup>3</sup> | 4 hours  |
|                                | LD50 Dermal                     | Rat     | >2000 mg/kg             | -        |
|                                | LD50 Oral                       | Rat     | >5000 mg/kg             | -        |
| xylene                         | LD50 Dermal                     | Rabbit  | 1.7 g/kg                | -        |
|                                | LD50 Oral                       | Rat     | 4.3 g/kg                | -        |
| 4-methylpentan-2-one           | LC50 Inhalation Vapour          | Rat     | 11 mg/l                 | 4 hours  |
|                                | LD50 Dermal                     | Rabbit  | >5000 mg/kg             | -        |
|                                | LD50 Oral                       | Rat     | 2.08 g/kg               | -        |
| ethylbenzene                   | LC50 Inhalation Vapour          | Rat     | 17.8 mg/l               | 4 hours  |
|                                | LD50 Dermal                     | Rabbit  | 17.8 g/kg               | -        |
|                                | LD50 Oral                       | Rat     | 3.5 g/kg                | -        |
| Oils, pine                     | LD50 Dermal                     | Rabbit  | 5 g/kg                  | -        |
|                                | LD50 Oral                       | Rat     | 2.1 g/kg                | -        |
| copper oxide                   | LD50 Oral                       | Rat     | >2000 mg/kg             | -        |
| Reaction products of           | LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists | Rat     | >5.08 mg/l              | 4 hours  |
| 12-hydroxyoctadecanoic         |                                 |         |                         |          |
| acid and octadecanoic acid and |                                 |         |                         |          |
| 1,3-phenylenedimethanamine     |                                 |         |                         |          |
| p-mentha-1,4(8)-diene          | LD50 Oral                       | Rat     | 4390 mg/kg              | -        |

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### Irritation/Corrosion

| Product/ingredient name | Result                      | Species         | Score     | Exposure           | Observation |
|-------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------|-----------|--------------------|-------------|
| xylene                  | Skin - Moderate irritant    | Rabbit          | -         | 24 hours 500<br>mg | -           |
| Conclusion/Summary      |                             |                 |           | ·                  |             |
| Skin :                  | There are no data available | e on the mixtur | e itself. |                    |             |
| Eyes :                  | There are no data available | e on the mixtur | e itself. |                    |             |
| Respiratory :           | There are no data available | e on the mixtur | e itself. |                    |             |
| <u>Sensitisation</u>    |                             |                 |           |                    |             |
| Conclusion/Summary      |                             |                 |           |                    |             |
| Skin :                  | There are no data available | e on the mixtur | e itself. |                    |             |
| Respiratory :           | There are no data available | e on the mixtur | e itself. |                    |             |
| Mutagenicity            |                             |                 |           |                    |             |
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# Section 11. Toxicological information

| Conclusion/Summary        | : There are no data available on the mixture itself. |
|---------------------------|--|
| <b>Carcinogenicity</b>    |  |
| <b>Conclusion/Summary</b> | : There are no data available on the mixture itself. |
| Reproductive toxicity     |  |
| <b>Conclusion/Summary</b> | : There are no data available on the mixture itself. |
| Teratogenicity            |  |
| Conclusion/Summary        | : There are no data available on the mixture itself. |

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

| Name                                     | Category   | Route of exposure | Target organs                   |
|--|------------|-------------------|---------------------------------|
| xylene                                   | Category 3 | -                 | Respiratory tract<br>irritation |
| Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres | Category 3 | -                 | Respiratory tract<br>irritation |
| 4-methylpentan-2-one                     | Category 3 | -                 | Narcotic effects                |

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

| Name         |            | Route of<br>exposure | Target organs  |
|--------------|------------|----------------------|----------------|
| ethylbenzene | Category 2 | -                    | hearing organs |

#### **Aspiration hazard**

| Name                  | Result                         |
|-----------------------|--------------------------------|
| xylene                | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| ethylbenzene          | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| Oils, pine            | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| p-mentha-1,4(8)-diene | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |

| Information on likely routes of exposure | : Not available.  |
|--|---|
| Potential acute health effects           |   |
| Eye contact                              | : Causes serious eye damage.  |
| Inhalation                               | : Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation.                               |
| Skin contact                             | : Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction. |
| Ingestion                                | : No known significant effects or critical hazards.                                   |
| Symptoms related to the phy              | sical, chemical and toxicological characteristics                                     |
| Eye contact                              | : Adverse symptoms may include the following:   |
| -  | pain  |
|  |   |

watering redness

Section 11. Toxicological information

|              | 5   |  |  |
|--------------|---|--|--|
| Inhalation   | : Adverse symptoms may include the following:<br>respiratory tract irritation<br>coughing                                     |  |  |
| Skin contact | : Adverse symptoms may include the following:<br>pain or irritation<br>redness<br>dryness<br>cracking<br>blistering may occur |  |  |
| Ingestion    | : Adverse symptoms may include the following:<br>stomach pains  |  |  |

| Delayed and immediate effe     | cts as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure  |
|--------------------------------|---|
| Short term exposure            |   |
| Potential immediate<br>effects | : Not available.  |
| Potential delayed effects      | : Not available.  |
| Long term exposure             |   |
| Potential immediate<br>effects | : Not available.  |
| Potential delayed effects      | : Not available.  |
| Potential chronic health eff   | ects  |
| General                        | : Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/<br>or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when<br>subsequently exposed to very low levels. |
| Carcinogenicity                | : Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.  |
| Mutagenicity                   | : No known significant effects or critical hazards.   |
| Reproductive toxicity          | : No known significant effects or critical hazards.   |

#### Numerical measures of toxicity

#### Acute toxicity estimates

| Route                        | ATE value      |
|------------------------------|----------------|
| Øral                         | 2011.91 mg/kg  |
| Dermal                       | 12392.49 mg/kg |
| Inhalation (vapours)         | 36.64 mg/l     |
| Inhalation (dusts and mists) | 3.16 mg/l      |

#### Other information

1.1

#### Product code 00445546 Product name SIGMA ECOFLEET 270 REDBROWN

### Section 11. Toxicological information

Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapour/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing.

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### Section 12. Ecological information

#### **Toxicity**

| Product/ingredient name   | Result                              | Species                                     | Exposure |
|---|-------------------------------------|---|----------|
| dicopper oxide  | LC50 0.003 mg/l                     | Fish  | 96 hours |
| zinc oxide  | Acute EC50 0.17 mg/l                | Algae                                       | 72 hours |
|   | Acute EC50 0.481 mg/l Fresh water   | Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> -<br>Neonate | 48 hours |
|   | Chronic NOEC 0.017 mg/l Fresh water | Algae                                       | 72 hours |
| 4-methylpentan-2-one  | Acute LC50 >179 mg/l                | Fish  | 96 hours |
| ethylbenzene  | Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water     | Daphnia                                     | 48 hours |
| -   | Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water     | Daphnia - Ceriodaphnia dubia                | -        |
| Reaction products of<br>12-hydroxyoctadecanoic<br>acid and octadecanoic acid<br>and<br>1,3-phenylenedimethanamine | Acute LC50 >100 mg/l                | Fish  | 96 hours |

**Conclusion/Summary** 

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### Persistence/degradability

| Product/ingredient name   | Test             | Result   | Dose | Inoculum                      |
|---|------------------|--|------|-------------------------------|
| 4-methylpentan-2-one<br>ethylbenzene                                    | OECD 301F<br>-   | 83 % - Readily - 28 days<br>79 % - Readily - 10 days |      | -                             |
| Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself. |                  |  |      |                               |
| Product/ingredient name   | Aquatic half-lif | Aquatic half-life Photoly                            |      | Biodegradability              |
| xylene<br>4-methylpentan-2-one<br>ethylbenzene                          | -<br>-<br>-      |  |      | Readily<br>Readily<br>Readily |

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

| Product/ingredient name | LogP <sub>ow</sub> | BCF         | Potential |
|-------------------------|--------------------|-------------|-----------|
| <b>po</b> sin           | 1.9 to 7.7         | -           | High      |
| xylene                  | 3.12               | 7.4 to 18.5 | Low       |
| 4-methylpentan-2-one    | 1.9                | -           | Low       |
| ethylbenzene            | 3.6                | 79.43       | Low       |
| p-mentha-1,4(8)-diene   | 4.47               | -           | High      |

#### Mobility in soil

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|           |              |             |

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### Section 12. Ecological information

Soil/water partition coefficient (K<sub>oc</sub>)

: Not available.

#### **Other adverse effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

### Section 14. Transport information

|                             | UN   | IMDG             | ΙΑΤΑ   |
|-----------------------------|--|------------------|--|
| UN number                   | UN1263   | UN1263           | UN1263   |
| UN proper<br>shipping name  | PAINT  | PAINT            | PAINT  |
| Transport hazard class(es)  | 3  | 3                | 3  |
| Packing group               | III  | III              | Ш  |
| Environmental<br>hazards    | Yes. The environmentally<br>hazardous substance mark is<br>not required. | Yes.             | Yes. The environmentally<br>hazardous substance mark is<br>not required. |
| Marine pollutant substances | Not applicable.  | (dicopper oxide) | Not applicable.  |

#### Additional information

| UN   | : None identified.   |
|------|--|
| IMDG | : The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of $\leq$ 5 L or $\leq$ 5 kg.        |
| ΙΑΤΑ | : The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations. |

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|------|------------------------|------------|-------------|

### Section 14. Transport information

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

# Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

### Section 15. Regulatory information

#### Singapore - hazardous chemicals under government control

| Ingredient name         | Status |
|-------------------------|--------|
| lead compounds in paint | Listed |

#### International regulations

#### Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

#### Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

### Section 16. Other information

#### **History**

| Date of issue/Date of revision | : 7 July 2024   |
|--------------------------------|---|
| Date of previous issue         | : 3/22/2024   |
| Version                        | : 2.03  |
| Prepared by                    | : EHS   |
| Key to abbreviations           | : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate<br>BCF = Bioconcentration Factor<br>GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals<br>IATA = International Air Transport Association<br>IBC = Internediate Bulk Container<br>IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods<br>LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient<br>MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships,<br>1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)<br>UN = United Nations |

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### Notice to reader

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.

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