# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

Date of issue/Date of revision

: 11 July 2024

Version

: 1.01



#### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking **1.1 Product identifier Product name** : SIGMAFAST 278 HARDENER **Product code** : 000001201895 Other means of identification 00453618; 00453619 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against **Product use** : Professional applications, Used by spraying. Use of the substance/ : Coating. mixture Uses advised against : Product is not intended, labelled or packaged for consumer use. 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet PPG Protective and Marine Coatings Pty Ltd 7 Arnold Street, Alrode, Alberton, Gauteng South Africa Tel: 0027 11 389 4800 e-mail address of person : PS.ACEMEA@ppg.com responsible for this SDS **1.4 Emergency telephone** : +27 51 444 2134 number

# **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture Product definition : Mixture <u>Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]</u>

Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT SE 3, H335 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

#### 2.2 Label elements

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SIGMAFAST 278 HARDENER SECTION 2: Hazards	
	Identification
Hazard pictograms	: Danger
Hazard statements	: Flammable liquid and vapour.
	Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye damage. May cause respiratory irritation. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Avoid release the environment.
Response	: Collect spillage.
Storage	: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
Disposal	<ul> <li>Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.</li> <li>P280, P210, P273, P391, P403 + P233, P501</li> </ul>
Hazardous ingredients	<ul> <li>xylene proprietary aralkylpolyamine 2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol</li> <li>Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers, oligomeric reaction products with tall-oil fatty acids and triethylenetetramine 3,6-diazaoctanethylenediamin ethylenediamine 3-aminopropyldimethylamine</li> </ul>
Supplemental label elements	: Not applicable.
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	: Not applicable.
Special packaging requirem	nents
Containers to be fitted with child-resistant fastenings	: Not applicable.
Tactile warning of danger	: Not applicable.
2.3 Other hazards	
Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB	: This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvI
Other hazards which do not result in classification	: Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

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# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

#### 3.2 Mixtures

: Mixture

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATEs	Туре
vylene	REACH #: 01-2119488216-32 EC: 215-535-7 CAS: 1330-20-7	≥25 - ≤49	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	ATE [Dermal] = 1700 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 11 mg/l	[1] [2]
proprietary aralkylpolyamine	CAS: SUB119920	≥10 - ≤25	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1B, H317	-	[1]
1-methoxy-2-propanol	REACH #: 01-2119457435-35 EC: 203-539-1 CAS: 107-98-2 Index: 603-064-00-3	≥5.0 - ≤10	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336	-	[1] [2]
benzyl alcohol	REACH #: 01-2119492630-38 EC: 202-859-9 CAS: 100-51-6 Index: 603-057-00-5	≥5.0 - ≤10	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Eye Irrit. 2, H319	ATE [Oral] = 1230 mg/ kg ATE [Inhalation (dusts and mists)] = 1.5 mg/l	[1] [2]
ethylbenzene	REACH #: 01-2119489370-35 EC: 202-849-4 CAS: 100-41-4 Index: 601-023-00-4	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4, H332 STOT RE 2, H373 (hearing organs) Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 17.8 mg/l	[1] [2]
2,4,6-tris (dimethylaminomethyl) phenol	REACH #: 01-2119560597-27 EC: 202-013-9 CAS: 90-72-2	≥1.0 - <5.0	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Skin Corr. 1C, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318	ATE [Oral] = 1200 mg/ kg ATE [Dermal] = 1280 mg/kg	[1]
Formaldehyde, polymer with N,N-dimethyl- 1,3-propanediamine and phenol	CAS: 445498-00-0	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	ATE [Oral] = 500 mg/ kg M [Acute] = 1 M [Chronic] = 1	[1]
Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers, oligomeric reaction products with tall-oil fatty acids and triethylenetetramine	REACH #: 01-2119972320-44 EC: 500-191-5 CAS: 68082-29-1	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	-	[1]
3,6-diazaoctanethylenediamin	EC: 203-950-6 CAS: 112-24-3 Index: 612-059-00-5	<1.0	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	ATE [Oral] = 1716 mg/ kg ATE [Dermal] = 1465 mg/kg	[1] [2]
		English	(GB) South	Africa	3/17

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# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

					1
ethylenediamine	REACH #: 01-2119480383-37 EC: 203-468-6 CAS: 107-15-3 Index: 612-006-00-6	<1.0	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Resp. Sens. 1, H334 Skin Sens. 1, H317	ATE [Oral] = 500 mg/ kg ATE [Dermal] = 1100 mg/kg	[1] [2] [3]
3-aminopropyldimethylamine	REACH #: 01-2119486842-27 EC: 203-680-9 CAS: 109-55-7 Index: 612-061-00-6	≤0.30	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	ATE [Oral] = 410 mg/ kg ATE [Dermal] = 1100 mg/kg	[1]

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

[3] Substance of equivalent concern

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

# **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact	:	Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical attention.
Inhalation	:	Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	:	Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion	:	If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.
Protection of first-aiders	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

#### **4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed**

Potential acute health	<u>effects</u>
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	: May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Over-exposure signs/s	symptoms

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# **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness dryness cracking blistering may occur
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains

#### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

# **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

5.1 Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture	:	Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous combustion products	:	Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides
5.3 Advice for firefighters		
Special precautions for fire-fighters	:	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	:	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to Europear standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

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### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

6.1 Personal precautions, pro	otective equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
6.2 Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.
6.3 Methods and material for	containment and cleaning up
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into

explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.
 6.4 Reference to other

sections See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

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SECTION 7: Handli	ng and storage
7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

#### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

See Section 1.2 for Identified uses.

## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

#### 8.1 Control parameters

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values			
xylene	DOL OEL (South Africa, 3/2021). [xylene, o-, m-, p- or mixed isomers] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 300 ppm 15 minutes.			
1-methoxy-2-propanol	DOL OEL (South Africa, 3/2021). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.			
ethylbenzene	DOL OEL (South Africa, 3/2021). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 40 ppm 8 hours.			

#### **Biological exposure indices**

Product/ingredient name	Exposure indices
xylene	<b>DOL BEI (South Africa, 3/2021) [xylenes]</b> BEI: 1.5 g/g creatinine, methylhippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift.
ethylbenzene	<b>DOL BEI (South Africa, 3/2021)</b> BEI: 0.15 g/g creatinine, sum of mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift.
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European

procedures Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

#### 8.2 Exposure controls

Conforms to Regulation (EC) 2020/878	No	. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU)
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Appropriate engineering controls	:	Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Individual protection measu	res	
Hygiene measures	:	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection Skin protection	:	Chemical splash goggles and face shield.
Hand protection	:	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 6 (breakthrough time greater than 480 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. When only brief contact is expected, a glove with a protection class of 2 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 30 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.
Gloves	:	butyl rubber
Body protection		Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.
Other skin protection		Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	:	Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Wear a respirator conforming to EN140. Filter type: organic vapour (Type A) and particulate filter P3
Environmental exposure controls	:	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

# **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

#### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	
Physical state	
Colour	

- : Liquid.
- : Colourless.

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# **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

Odour	: Amine-like. [Strong]	Amine-like. [Strong]					
Odour threshold	: Not available.	Not available.					
Melting point/freezing point		lay start to solidify at the following temperature: -15.4°C (4.3°F) This is based on ata for the following ingredient: benzyl alcohol. Weighted average: -79.4°C -110.9°F)					
Initial boiling point and boiling range	: >37.78°C	37.78°C					
Flammability	: Not available.						
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	: Greatest known range	: Lower: 1.48% Up	per: 13.74% (	(1-methoxy-2-propanol)			
Flash point	: Closed cup: 29°C						
Auto-ignition temperature	: Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method			
	1-methoxy-2-propanol	270	518				
Decomposition temperature	: Stable under recomme	ended storage and	handling cond	ditions (see Section 7).			
рН	: Not applicable.						
Viscosity		Kinematic (room temperature): >400 mm²/s Kinematic (40°C): >21 mm²/s					
Viscosity	: 60 - 100 s (ISO 6mm)						
Solubility(ies)	:						
Media	Result						

Media	Result
cold water	Not soluble
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ : water	Not applicable.

# Vapour pressure

÷.,	Ingradient nome	Vapour Pressure at 20°C			Vapour pressure at 50°C		
	Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method
	ethylbenzene	9.30076	1.2				

**Evaporation rate** 

Relative density Vapour density

- : Highest known value: 0.84 (ethylbenzene) Weighted average: 0.69compared with butyl acetate
- : 0.97
- Highest known value: 3.7 (Air = 1) (xylene). Weighted average: 3.58 (Air = 1)
  The product itself is not explosive, but the formation of an explosible mixture of
- Explosive properties
- Oxidising properties Particle characteristics Median particle size
- : Not applicable.

vapour or dust with air is possible.

: Product does not present an oxidizing hazard.

#### 9.2 Other information

No additional information.

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# **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

10.1 Reactivity	: No	o specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
10.2 Chemical stability	: Th	e product is stable.
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Un	nder normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
10.4 Conditions to avoid		hen exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products. efer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.
10.5 Incompatible materials		eep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: idising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products		epending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: rbon oxides nitrogen oxides

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### **11.1 Information on toxicological effects**

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
xylene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.7 g/kg	-
•	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-
1-methoxy-2-propanol	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	>7000 ppm	6 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	13 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5.2 g/kg	-
benzyl alcohol	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and	Rat	>4178 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
,	mists			
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1.23 g/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
,	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.5 g/kg	-
2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol	LD50 Dermal	Rat	1280 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1200 mg/kg	-
Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers, oligomeric reaction products with tall-oil	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
fatty acids and triethylenetetramine				
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
3,6-diazaoctanethylenediamin	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1465 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1716 mg/kg	-
ethylenediamine	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	0.73 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	0.5 g/kg	-
3-aminopropyldimethylamine	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>1000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	410 mg/kg	-

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers, oligomeric reaction products with tall-oil fatty acids and triethylenetetramine	Skin - Moderate irritant Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg -	-
	Skin - Irritant	Human	-	-	-

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# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

## **Conclusion/Summary**

- : There are no data available on the mixture itself. Skin
- Eyes

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### Respiratory **Sensitisation**

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result
Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers, oligomeric reaction products with tall-oil fatty acids and triethylenetetramine	skin	Mouse	Sensitising
3,6-diazaoctanethylenediamin	skin	Guinea pig	Sensitising

#### **Conclusion/Summary**

Broduct/ir	are diant name	Cotomory	Doute of	Torget ergene
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data availa	able on the mixture	itself.	
Teratogenicity				
<b>Conclusion/Summary</b>	: There are no data availa	able on the mixture	itself.	
Reproductive toxicity				
<b>Conclusion/Summary</b>	: There are no data availa	able on the mixture	itself.	
<b>Carcinogenicity</b>				
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data availa	able on the mixture	itself.	
<b>Mutagenicity</b>				
Respiratory	: There are no data availa	able on the mixture	itself.	
Skin	: There are no data availa	able on the mixture	itself.	

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Information on likely : Not available.			

routes of exposure

#### Potential acute health effects

Potential acute nealth	<u>enects</u>
Inhalation	: May cause respiratory irritation.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.
Symptoms related to t	he physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness dryness cracking blistering may occur
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Delayed and immediat	e effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

#### Short term exposure

English (GB)

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## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

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Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
<u>Long term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate effects	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health effe	<u>ts</u>
Not available.	
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.
General	Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Other information	: Not available.

Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapour/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing. Exposure to amine vapor has been reported to cause transient corneal edema described as blue haze, halo effect, foggy or blurred vision for several hours. This condition is typically temporary and does not cause permanent visual effects. When the proper eye protection specified in Section 8 is worn, exposure is significantly reduced and the condition has not been observed.

#### 11.2 Information on other hazards

#### **11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties**

Not available.

#### 11.2.2 Other information

Not available.

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
✓-methoxy-2-propanol	Acute LC50 23300 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 >4500 mg/l Fresh water	Fish	96 hours
ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia	48 hours
	Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Ceriodaphnia dubia	-
2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l Acute LC50 >100 mg/l	Daphnia Fish	48 hours 96 hours
Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers, oligomeric reaction products with tall-oil fatty acids and triethylenetetramine	EC10 1.78 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
3-aminopropyldimethylamine	Acute LC50 122 mg/l	Fish	96 hours

**Conclusion/Summary** 

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

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# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose	Inoculum
ethylbenzene	-	79 % - Readily - 10 days	-	-
2,4,6-tris	OECD 301D	4 % - Not readily - 28 days	-	-
(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol	Ready			
	Biodegradability -			
	Closed Bottle			
	Test			
3-aminopropyldimethylamine	OECD 301D	69 % - Readily - 20 days	-	-

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
xylene	-	-	Readily
benzyl alcohol	-	-	Readily
ethylbenzene	-	-	Readily
2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol	-	-	Not readily
Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers, oligomeric reaction products with tall-oil fatty acids and triethylenetetramine	-	-	Not readily
3-aminopropyldimethylamine	-	-	Readily

#### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
xylene	3.12	7.4 to 18.5	Low
1-methoxy-2-propanol	<1	-	Low
benzyl alcohol	0.87	-	Low
ethylbenzene	3.6	79.43	Low
2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol	0.219	-	Low
3,6-diazaoctanethylenediamin	-1.66 to -1.4	-	Low
ethylenediamine	-2.04	-	Low
3-aminopropyldimethylamine	-0.352	-	Low

#### 12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition	: Not available.
coefficient (Koc)	
Mobility	: Not available.

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

#### **12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties**

Not available.

#### 12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

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## **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

# ProductMethods of disposal: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal<br/>of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the<br/>requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any<br/>regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products<br/>via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to<br/>the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.Hazardous waste: The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.

#### European waste catalogue (EWC)

Waste code	Waste designation
08 01 11*	waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other hazardous substances

#### Packaging

Methods of disposal

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

Type of packaging         European waste catalogue (EWC)		uropean waste catalogue (EWC)
Container	15 01 06 mix	ed packaging
Special precautions	taken when handling empti Empty containers or liners r residues may create a high Do not cut, weld or grind us	ner must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be ed containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. may retain some product residues. Vapour from product ly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. sed containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways,

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

	ADR/RID	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
14.1 UN number or ID number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
14.2 UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
14.4 Packing group			III
14.5 Environmental hazards	Yes.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	(Formaldehyde, polymer with N,N-dimethyl- 1,3-propanediamine and phenol)	Not applicable.

#### Additional information

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# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

	-	
ADR/RID	: This class 3 viscous liquid that is also environmentally hazardous is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 5 L, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8 according to 2.2.3.1.5.2.	
Tunnel code	: (D/E)	
IMDG	This class 3 viscous liquid that is also environmentally hazardous is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 5 L, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8 according to 2.3.2.5.	
ΙΑΤΑ	: The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.	
<b>14.6 Special precautions for : Transport within user's premises:</b> always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.		

14.7 Transport in bulk	: Not applicable.
according to IMO	
instruments	

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture <u>EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)</u>

#### Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

#### Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

#### Substances of very high concern

Intrinsic property	Ingredient name	Status		Date of revision
Substance of equivalent concern for human health	ethylenediamine	Recommended	D(2021) 4569-DC	4/12/2023

Annex XVII - Restrictions : Not applicable. on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Other national and international regulations.

**Explosive precursors** : Not applicable.

Ozone depleting substances (1005/2009/EU)

Not listed.

**15.2 Chemical safety** : No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

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# **SECTION 16: Other information**

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.					
Abbreviations and					
acronyms	<ul> <li>ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008] DNEL = Derived No Effect Level EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number</li> </ul>				
Full text of abbreviated H statements	H226Flammable liquidH302Harmful if swalloH304May be fatal if swH312Harmful in contactH314Causes severe sH315Causes skin irritaH317May cause an allH318Causes serious eH319Causes serious eH332Harmful if inhaleeH335May cause allergH336May cause drowsH373May cause damaH400Very toxic to aquH410Very toxic to aquatic	wed. vallowed and enters airways. ct with skin. kin burns and eye damage. ation. lergic skin reaction. eye damage. eye irritation. d. ly or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. ratory irritation. siness or dizziness. age to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.			
Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]	: Acute Tox. 4 Aquatic Acute 1 Aquatic Chronic 1 Aquatic Chronic 2 Aquatic Chronic 3 Asp. Tox. 1 Eye Dam. 1 Eye Irrit. 2 Flam. Liq. 2 Flam. Liq. 3 Resp. Sens. 1 Skin Corr. 1B Skin Corr. 1C Skin Irrit. 2 Skin Sens. 1 Skin Sens. 1 Skin Sens. 1B STOT RE 2	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4 SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 RESPIRATORY SENSITISATION - Category 1 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1 SKIN SENSITISATION - CATEGORY 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - CATEGORY 3			
<u>History</u> Date of issue/ Date of	: 11 July 2024				
revision	·				
Date of previous issue	: 29 March 2024				
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Version	: 1.01				
<u>Disclaimer</u>					

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# **SECTION 16: Other information**

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by us, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.