# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

#### **AMERCOAT 3279 ALUMINUM**



Date of issue 13 July 2024

**Version 7** 

### 1. Product and company identification

Product name : AMERCOAT 3279 ALUMINUM

Product code : 00336274 Product type : Liquid.

#### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product use : Professional applications, Used by spraying.

Use of the substance/

mixture

: Coating.

Uses advised against : Not applicable.

Supplier's details : PPG PMC Japan Co., Ltd., 8F, Shintetsu Bldg., 1-1, Daikaidori 1-chome, Kobe

652-0803 Japan; Tel: +81-78-574-2777

**Emergency telephone** 

number

: 078 574 2777

### 2. Hazards identification

GHS Classification : FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3

SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A

TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 1B

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract

irritation) - Category 3

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) -

Category 3

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1 HAZARDOUS TO THE AQUATIC ENVIRONMENT - ACUTE HAZARD - Category 1

HAZARDOUS TO THE AQUATIC ENVIRONMENT - CHRONIC HAZARD -

Category 1

**GHS label elements** 

Hazard pictograms :









Signal word : Danger

**Hazard statements** : Fammable liquid and vapor.

Causes skin irritation.

May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

May cause cancer.

May damage fertility or the unborn child.

Causes damage to organs. (central nervous system (CNS), kidneys, liver,

Japan Page: 1/15

**Product name AMERCOAT 3279 ALUMINUM** 

### 2. Hazards identification

respiratory organs)

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (liver, nervous system, respiratory organs, testes)

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### **Precautionary statements**

**Prevention** 

: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment. Do not breathe vapor. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling.

Response

: Collect spillage. IF exposed or concerned: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice or attention.

**Storage Disposal** 

- : Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
- : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

result in classification

Other hazards which do not : Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

### 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture

#### **CAS** number/other identifiers

**CAS** number : Not applicable. **CSCL** number : Not available.

Ingredient name	%	CAS number	CSCL
Stoddard solvent	25 - <50	8052-41-3	Not available.
aluminium metal	25 - <50	7429-90-5	Not available.
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliph.	3 - <5	64742-89-8	Not available.
Xylene	1 - <2	1330-20-7	3-3; 3-60
Ethyl Benzene	0.1 - < 0.2	100-41-4	3-28; 3-60
Butan-2-one oxime	0.1 - < 0.2	96-29-7	2-546
Silica	0.1 - < 0.2	7631-86-9	1-548
Fatty acids, C9-13-neo-, cobalt salts	<0.1	68955-83-9	Not available.
neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt	<0.1	27253-31-2	2-615

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

Japan Page: 2/15

**Product name AMERCOAT 3279 ALUMINUM** 

### 4. First aid measures

#### **Description of necessary first aid measures**

**Eye contact**: Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the

eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.

**Inhalation** : Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is

irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by

trained personnel.

**Skin contact**: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and

water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label.

Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Inhalation : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or

dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.

**Skin contact**: Causes damage to organs following a single exposure in contact with skin. Causes

skin irritation. Defatting to the skin.

**Ingestion**: Causes damage to organs following a single exposure if swallowed. Can cause

central nervous system (CNS) depression.

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

**Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation watering redness

**Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness dryness cracking

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

**Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

#### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large

quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

**Specific treatments**: No specific treatment.

Japan Page: 3/15

### 4. First aid measures

**Protection of first-aiders** 

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## 5. Fire-fighting measures

#### **Extinguishing media**

Suitable extinguishing media

: Use dry chemical, CO<sub>2</sub>, water spray (fog) or foam.

**Unsuitable extinguishing** media

: Do not use water jet.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

**Hazardous thermal** decomposition products : Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides

metal oxide/oxides

**Special protective actions** for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

**Special protective** equipment for fire-fighters : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

### 6. Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

Environmental precautions: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Japan Page: 4/15

### 6. Accidental release measures

#### **Small spill**

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

#### Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with noncombustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

### 7. Handling and storage

#### **Precautions for safe** handling

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only nonsparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Materials such as cleaning rags, paper wipes and protective clothing, which are contaminated with the product may spontaneously self-ignite some hours later. To avoid the risks of fires, all contaminated materials should be stored in purpose-built containers or in metal containers with tight-fitting, self-closing lids. Contaminated materials should be removed from the workplace at the end of each working day and be stored outside.

Conditions for safe storage: Do not store above the following temperature: 50°C (122°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

## 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

**Control parameters** 

Occupational exposure limits

Japan Page: 5/15

### 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
auminium metal	Japan Society for Occupational Health (Japan, 5/2023). [Class 1 dusts (Activated charcoal, Alumina, Aluminium, Bentonite, Diatomite, Graphite, Kaolinite, Pagodite, Pyrites, Pyrite cinder)]  OEL-M: 0.5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable dust (Class 1 Dust)  OEL-M: 2 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust (Class 1 Dust)
Xylene	Industrial Safety and Health Act (Japan, 6/2020). [xylene]  TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.  Japan Society for Occupational Health (Japan, 5/2023).  OEL-M: 50 ppm 8 hours.  OEL-M: 217 mg/m³ 8 hours.
Ethyl Benzene	Japan Society for Occupational Health (Japan, 5/2023). Absorbed through skin.  OEL-M: 87 mg/m³ 8 hours.  OEL-M: 20 ppm 8 hours.  Industrial Safety and Health Act (Japan, 6/2020).  TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
Fatty acids, C9-13-neo-, cobalt salts	Japan Society for Occupational Health (Japan, 5/2023). [Cobalt and compounds] Skin sensitizer. Inhalation sensitizer.  OEL-M: 0.05 mg/m³, (as Co) 8 hours.
neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt	Japan Society for Occupational Health (Japan, 5/2023). [Cobalt and compounds] Skin sensitizer. Inhalation sensitizer.  OEL-M: 0.05 mg/m³, (as Co) 8 hours.

# procedures

**Recommended monitoring**: Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

#### **Appropriate engineering** controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

#### **Environmental exposure** controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

#### **Individual protection measures**

**Hygiene measures** 

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

**Eye protection Skin protection** 

: Chemical splash goggles.

Japan Page: 6/15

Version 7 Product code 00336274 Date of issue 13 July 2024

**Product name AMERCOAT 3279 ALUMINUM** 

### 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

**Hand protection** 

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

**Gloves** 

: For prolonged or repeated handling, use the following type of gloves:

Recommended: polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), Viton®

May be used: nitrile rubber

**Body protection** 

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

**Respiratory protection** 

: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

### 9. Physical and chemical properties

**Appearance** 

**Physical state** : Liquid. Color : Silver-white. Odor : Characteristic. : >37.78°C (>100°F) **Boiling point** 

: Closed cup: 36.67°C (98°F) Flash point **Evaporation rate** : 0.68 (butyl acetate = 1) Vapor pressure : 0.27 kPa (2 mm Hg)

: 1.12 Relative density

Solubility(ies)

Media Result cold water Not soluble

## 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

**Chemical stability** : The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Japan Page: 7/15

**Product name AMERCOAT 3279 ALUMINUM** 

### 10. Stability and reactivity

**Conditions to avoid** 

: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.

**Incompatible materials** 

: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

**Hazardous decomposition** 

: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following

materials: carbon oxides metal oxide/oxides

## 11. Toxicological information

### Information on toxicological effects

#### **Acute toxicity**

products

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Stoddard solvent	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5 g/kg	-
aluminium metal	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>15900 mg/kg	-
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliph.	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	>20 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
Xylene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.7 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-
Ethyl Benzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.5 g/kg	-
Butan-2-one oxime	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1100 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	100 mg/kg	-
Silica	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat - Male,	>5000 mg/kg	-
		Female		
neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt	LD50 Oral	Rat - Female	1098 mg/kg	-

#### **Irritation/Corrosion**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
<b>X</b> ylene	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	

#### **Sensitization**

<b>3</b>	Route of exposure	Species	Result
reodecanoic acid, cobalt salt	skin	Mouse	Sensitizing

#### **Mutagenicity**

Not available.

#### **Carcinogenicity**

Not available.

#### **Reproductive toxicity**

Not available.

#### **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Japan Page: 8/15

Product code 00336274	Date of issue 13 July 2024	Version 7
Product name AMERCOAT 3279 ALUMINUM		

# 11. Toxicological information

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Stoddard solvent	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
aluminium metal	Category 1	-	respiratory organs
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliph.	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Xylene	Category 1	-	central nervous system (CNS), kidneys, liver, respiratory organs
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
Ethyl Benzene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
Butan-2-one oxime	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Silica	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
Fatty acids, C9-13-neo-, cobalt salts	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation

#### **Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)**

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Stoddard solvent	Category 2	-	liver, testes
aluminium metal	Category 1	-	respiratory organs
Xylene	Category 1	-	nervous system, respiratory organs
Ethyl Benzene	Category 1	-	hearing organs, nervous system
Butan-2-one oxime	Category 1	-	haematopoietic system
Silica	Category 1	-	immune system, kidneys,
neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt	Category 1	oral	respiratory organs gastrointestinal tract

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Name	Result
Stoddard solvent	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliph.	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Xylene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Ethyl Benzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely routes of exposure

: Not available.

#### Potential acute health effects

Eye contact

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Inhalation : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or

dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.

**Skin contact**: Causes damage to organs following a single exposure in contact with skin. Causes

skin irritation. Defatting to the skin.

**Ingestion** : Causes damage to organs following a single exposure if swallowed. Can cause

central nervous system (CNS) depression.

Japan Page: 9/15

**Product name AMERCOAT 3279 ALUMINUM** 

### 11. Toxicological information

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

**Eye contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation watering redness

**Inhalation**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness dryness cracking

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

**Ingestion**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

#### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

**Short term exposure** 

Potential immediate

effects

: Not available.

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

**Long term exposure** 

**Potential immediate** 

: Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

General: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or

repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis.

**Carcinogenicity**: May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.

Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Reproductive toxicity**: May damage fertility or the unborn child.

**Numerical measures of toxicity** 

**Acute toxicity estimates** 

Japan Page: 10/15

Product code 00336274 Date of issue 13 July 2024 Version 7
Product name AMERCOAT 3279 ALUMINUM

## 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
MERCOAT 3279 ALUMINUM	N/A	3267.2	N/A	681.0	N/A
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliph.	N/A	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
Xylene	4300	1700	N/A	11	N/A
Ethyl Benzene	3500	17800	N/A	17.8	N/A
Butan-2-one oxime	500	1100	N/A	N/A	N/A
Fatty acids, C9-13-neo-, cobalt salts	500	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt	1098	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

#### Other information

Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Trimethoxysilanes are capable of forming methanol if hydrolyzed or ingested. If swallowed, methanol may be harmful or fatal or cause blindness. Avoid contact with skin and clothing.

# 12. Ecological information

#### **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Ethyl Benzene	Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia Daphnia - Ceriodaphnia dubia	48 hours
Silica	Acute EC50 2.2 g/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 >10000 mg/l Chronic NOEC 12.5 mg/l Fresh water	Fish Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - Neonate	96 hours 21 days

#### Persistence/degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose		Inoculum
<b>E</b> thyl Benzene	-	79 % - Readily - 10 days		-		-
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life		Photolysis		Biodegradability	
▼ylene Ethyl Benzene	-		-		Readily Readily	

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
<b>≶</b> toddard solvent	3.16 to 7.06	-	High
Xylene	3.12	7.4 to 18.5	Low
Ethyl Benzene	3.6	79.43	Low
Butan-2-one oxime	0.63	5.01	Low

#### **Mobility in soil**

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Mobility : Not available.

Japan Page: 11/15

Product code 00336274 Version 7 Date of issue 13 July 2024

**Product name AMERCOAT 3279 ALUMINUM** 

### 12. Ecological information

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## 13. Disposal considerations

#### **Disposal methods**

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

# 14. Transport information

	UN	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
Packing group	III	III	III
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.

#### **Additional information**

: None identified. UN : None identified. **IMDG IATA** : None identified.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are

upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in

the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according: Not applicable.

to IMO instruments

**Japan** Page: 12/15 Product code 00336274 Date of issue 13 July 2024 Version 7
Product name AMERCOAT 3279 ALUMINUM

# 15. Regulatory information

#### **Fire Service Law**

Category	Substance name/Type	Danger category	Signal word	Designated quantity
Category IV	Class II petroleums	III	Flammable - Keep Fire Away	1000 L

#### Pollutant Release and Transfer Registers (PRTR)

Ingredient name	%	Status	Reference number
₹ylene	1.0	Class 1	80

#### **Industrial Safety and Health Act**

#### Ordinance on the Prevention of the Hazard due to Specified Chemical Substances

None of the components are listed.

#### Substance(s) requiring labelling

Ingredient name	%	Status	Reference number
Mineral spirit (including mineral thinner, petroleum spirit, white spirit and mineral terpene)	≥30 - ≤40	Listed	551
Xylene	≤10	Listed	136
Ethylbenzene	≤10	Listed	70
Crystalline silica Cobalt and its compounds	≤10 ≤10	Listed Listed	165-2 172

#### **Chemicals requiring notification**

Ingredient name	%	Status	Reference number
Mineral spirit (including mineral thinner, petroleum spirit, white spirit and mineral terpene)	≥30 - ≤40	Listed	551
Aluminium and its water-soluble salts	≥20 - ≤30	Listed	37
Xylene	≤10	Listed	136
Ethylbenzene	≤10	Listed	70
Crystalline silica	≤10	Listed	165-2
Cobalt and its compounds	≤10	Listed	172

#### Carcinogens based on Article 577-2 of the Ordinance on ISH

Ingredient name	%		Reference number
silicon dioxide	≤10	Listed	-

#### Mutagen

None of the components are listed.

Corrosive liquid : Not listed

Occupational Safety and

**Health Law** 

: Inflammable, Combustible

Regulations on the Prevention of Tetraalkyl

**Lead Poisoning** 

: Not listed

Japan Page: 13/15

#### **Product name AMERCOAT 3279 ALUMINUM**

# 15. Regulatory information

: Not listed

: Not listed

: Inflammable, Combustible

**Harmful Substances Subject to Obtaining** 

**Permission for** 

Harmful Substances,

**Prohibited for Manufacturing** 

**Manufacturing** 

**ISHL Enforcement Order** 

**Appendix 1 - Dangerous** 

**Substances** 

**Lead regulation** : Not listed **Organic solvents** : Class 3

poisoning prevention

#### **Poisonous and Deleterious Substances**

None of the components are listed.

#### **Chemical Substances Control Law (CSCL)**

Ingredient name	%	Status	Reference number
✓ylene	≤10	Priority assessment	125
Ethylbenzene	≤10	Priority assessment	50
Butan-2-one oxime	≤10	Priority assessment	262
1,1'-Oxydi(propan-2-ol)	≤10	Priority assessment	240
2,6-Di-tert-butyl-4-methylphenol	≤10	Priority assessment	64
Ethyl acrylate	≤10	Priority assessment	32
Dimethylamine	≤10	Priority assessment	16
Ethylene glycol	≤10	Priority assessment	105

: Not available. **High Pressure Gas Control** 

Law

#### **Explosives Control Law**

None of the components are listed.

Law concerning prevention : Marine pollutant: P

of pollution of the ocean

#### **Maritime Safety Law**

#### **Notification Regulating Transportation of Dangerous Materials by Sea**

None of the components are listed.

#### **Container class**

None of the components are listed.

**JSOH Carcinogen** : Group 2B **List of Specially Controlled** : Not listed

**Industrial Waste** 

**Japan inventory** : Not determined. **Road law** : Not available.

Page: 14/15 **Japan** 

**Product name AMERCOAT 3279 ALUMINUM** 

#### 16. Other information

**History** 

Date of issue/Date of

revision

: 13 July 2024

Date of previous issue : 3/1/2022

Version : 7
Prepared by : EHS

**Key to abbreviations** : ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous

Goods by Inland Waterway

ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of

Dangerous Goods by Road ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships,

1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods

by Rail

**UN = United Nations** 

**▼** Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### **Notice to reader**

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.

Japan Page: 15/15