## **SAFETY DATA SHEET**



#### Conforms to Official Mexican Standard NOM-018-STPS-2015

Date of revision 24 July 2024

Version 8

Date of issue 24 July 2024

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product name	: AMERLOCK SEALER HARDENER
Product code	: 10100-BHARD/4L
Other means of identification	: 😡 0281136
Product type	: Liquid.
Relevant identified uses of	the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Product use	: <b>P</b> rofessional applications, Used by spraying.
Use of the substance/ mixture	: Coating.
Uses advised against	: Not applicable.
Manufacturer	: PPG Industries, Inc. One PPG Place Pittsburgh, PA 15272
<u>Emergency telephone</u> <u>number</u>	: (412) 434-4515 (U.S.) (514) 645-1320 (Canada) SETIQ Interior de la República: 800-00-214-00 (México) SETIQ Ciudad de México: (55) 5559-1588 (México)
<b>Technical Phone Number</b>	: 888-977-4762

### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

Classification of the substance or mixture	<ul> <li>FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 4 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 5 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 2 SKIN CORROSION - Category 1B SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2 Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity:</li> </ul>

#### **GHS label elements**

### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

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Hazard pictograms
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Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	<ul> <li>H227 - Combustible liquid.</li> <li>H302 - Harmful if swallowed.</li> <li>H313 - May be harmful in contact with skin.</li> <li>H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.</li> <li>H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.</li> <li>H330 - Fatal if inhaled.</li> <li>H335 - May cause respiratory irritation.</li> <li>H351 - Suspected of causing cancer.</li> <li>H361 - Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.</li> <li>H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (kidneys)</li> </ul>
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	<ul> <li>P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.</li> <li>P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.</li> <li>P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection.</li> <li>P284 - In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.</li> <li>P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.</li> <li>P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.</li> <li>P260 - Do not breathe vapor.</li> <li>P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.</li> <li>P264 - Wash thoroughly after handling.</li> <li>P272 - Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.</li> </ul>
Response	<ul> <li>P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. P304 + P340, P310 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. P301 + P310, P330, P331 - IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. P303 + P361 + P353, P310 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.</li> <li>P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. P302 + P312, P352 - IF ON SKIN: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. Wash with plenty of water.</li> <li>P333 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. P305 + P351 + P338, P310 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.</li> </ul>
Storage	<ul> <li>P405 - Store locked up.</li> <li>P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.</li> </ul>
Disposal	: P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Product name AMERLOCK SEALER HARDENER

### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

Other hazards which do not	: 🖸 auses digestive tract burns. Contains a substance that may emit formaldehyde if
result in classification	stored beyond its shelf life and/or during cure at curing temperatures greater than 60C (140F). Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes
	headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Emits toxic fumes when heated.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

### **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Product name	: AMERLOCK SEALER HARDENER
Other means of	: 🔎 0281136
identification	

Ingredient name	%	CAS number	
furfuryl alcohol	≥10 - ≤21	98-00-0	
Poly[ $\alpha$ xy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)], $\alpha$ -(2-aminomethylethyl)- $\omega$ -	≥10 - ≤17	9046-10-0 (n = 2-6)	
(2-aminomethylethoxy)-		,	
Polyaminoamide	≥10 - ≤20	68082-29-1	
Formaldehyde, oligomeric reaction products with toluene	≥5.0 - ≤11	25155-81-1	
benzyl alcohol	≥5.0 - ≤8.7	100-51-6	
Formaldehyde, polymer with benzenamine, hydrogenated	≥5.0 - ≤10	135108-88-2	
2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol	≤1.7	90-72-2	
nonylphenol	≤1.3	25154-52-3	
3,6-diazaoctanethylenediamin	≤1.0	112-24-3	
salicylic acid	≥0.10 - ≤2.9	69-72-7	
4,4'-methylenebis(cyclohexylamine)	≤1.0	1761-71-3	
toluene	<1.0	108-88-3	

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	<ul> <li>Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical attention.</li> </ul>
Inhalation	<ul> <li>Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.</li> </ul>
Skin contact	<ul> <li>Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.</li> </ul>
Ingestion	: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	: Fatal if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	: Causes severe burns. May be harmful in contact with skin. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: Harmful if swallowed. Corrosive to the digestive tract. Causes burns.

#### **Over-exposure signs/symptoms**

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary		
Notes to physician	: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.	
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.	
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.	

### **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Combustible liquid. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of <u>a</u> subsequent explosion.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides Formaldehyde.
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

 

 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

 For non-emergency personnel
 : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

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### SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for co	nt	ainment and cleaning up
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	<ul> <li>Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.</li> </ul>
Special precautions	: Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. If this material is part of a multiple component system, read the Safety Data Sheet(s) for the other component or components before blending as the resulting mixture may have the hazards of all of its parts.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

Conditions for safe storage,	÷	Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in
including any		accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store
incompatibilities		in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated
		area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store
		locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep
		container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not
		store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental
		contamination.

### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

#### Control parameters

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
furfuryl alcohol	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). Absorbed through skin. STEL: 15 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.
Poly[oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)], α-(2-aminomethylethyl)-ω- (2-aminomethylethoxy)-	None.
Polyaminoamide	None.
Formaldehyde, oligomeric reaction products with toluene	None.
benzyl alcohol	IPEL (-).
	TWA: 5 ppm STEL: 10 ppm
Formaldehyde, polymer with benzenamine, hydrogenated	None.
2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol	None.
nonylphenol	None.
3,6-diazaoctanethylenediamin	IPEL (-). Absorbed through skin.
-	TWA: 1 ppm
salicylic acid	None.
4,4'-methylenebis(cyclohexylamine)	None.
toluene	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).
	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.

Key to abbreviations

C = Ceiling Limit IPEL = Internal Permissible Exposure Limit STEL = Short term exposure limit

TLV = Threshold Limit Value

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TWA = Time Weighted Average
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#### Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

Recommended monitoring procedures	: Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.
Appropriate engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

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### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

#### Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures	:	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection <u>Skin protection</u>	:	Chemical splash goggles and face shield.
Hand protection	:	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Gloves	1	nitrile neoprene
Body protection	:	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Other skin protection	:	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	:	Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

**Appearance** 

Physical state	: Liquid.
Color	: Colorless.
Odor	: Amine-like.
Odor threshold	: Not available.
Molecular weight	: Not applicable.
рН	: Not applicable.
Melting point	: Not available.
Boiling point	: >37.78°C (>100°F)
Flash point	: Closed cup: 91°C (195.8°F)
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not available.
<b>Decomposition temperature</b>	: Not available.
Flammability	: Not available.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	: Not available.
Evaporation rate	: Not available.
Vapor pressure	: Not available.
Vapor density	: Not available.

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Relative density	: 1.02
Density(lbs / gal)	: 8.51
	Media Result
Solubility(ies)	cold water Not soluble
Solubility in water	: Not available.
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Not applicable.
Viscosity	: Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >21 mm²/s (>21 cSt)
Volatility	: 38% (v/v), 39.341% (w/w)
% Solid. (w/w)	: 60.659

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.
Incompatible materials	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides Formaldehyde.

### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
furfuryl alcohol	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	934 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	233 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	400 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	3825 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	0.132 g/kg	-
Poly[oxy(methyl- 1,2-ethanediyl)], α- (2-aminomethylethyl)-ω- (2-aminomethylethoxy)-	LD50 Dermal	Rat	2980 mg/kg	-
(2-animometry/ethoxy)-	LD50 Oral	Rat	2885 mg/kg	_
Formaldehyde, oligomeric reaction products with toluene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2 g/kg	-
benzyl alcohol	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>4178 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2000 mg/kg	-

## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

SECTION TT. TOXIC	cologic	ai ini	ormation	1			
	LD50 Oral			Rat	1.23 g/kg	-	
Formaldehyde, polymer with benzenamine, hydrogenated	LD50 Oral			Rat	300 mg/kg	-	
2,4,6-tris	LD50 Derm	nal		Rat	1280 mg/kg		
(dimethylaminomethyl)	LD30 Dem			i tat	1200 mg/kg	-	
phenol							
F	LD50 Oral			Rat	1200 mg/kg	-	
nonylphenol	LD50 Derm	nal		Rabbit	2.14 g/kg	-	
	LD50 Oral			Rat	580 mg/kg	-	
3,6-diazaoctanethylenediamin		nal		Rabbit	1465 mg/kg	-	
	LD50 Oral			Rat	1716 mg/kg	-	
salicylic acid	LD50 Oral	1		Rat	0.891 g/kg	-	
4,4'-methylenebis	LD50 Derm	iai		Rabbit	2.11 g/kg	-	
(cyclohexylamine)	LD50 Oral			Rat	0.625 g/kg		
toluene	LC50 Inhala	ation Va	por	Rat	49 g/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours	
	LD50 Derm		P	Rabbit	8.39 g/kg	-	
	LD50 Oral			Rat	5580 mg/kg	-	
Conclusion/Summary		o no dat	a available en	the mixture itse		Į	
					II.		
Irritation/Corrosion							
Conclusion/Summary					_		
Skin		: There are no data available on the mixture itself.					
Eyes	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.						
Respiratory	: There are	e no dat	a available on	the mixture itse	f.		
Sensitization							
Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	S	Species		Result		
3,6-diazaoctanethylenediamin	skin		Guinea pig		Sensitizing		
Conclusion/Summary	+	<u>.</u>			÷		
Skin	: There ar	e no dat	a available on	the mixture itse	f.		
Respiratory	: There ar	e no dat	a available on	the mixture itse	f.		
Mutagenicity							
Conclusion/Summary	. There er	o no dot		the mixture itse	£		
	. There are	e no uat	a avaliable on		1.		
Carcinogenicity					_		
Conclusion/Summary	: There ar	e no dat	a available on	the mixture itse	f.		
<b>Classification</b>							
Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP				
furfuryl alcohol	-	2B	-				
toluene	-	3	-				
Carcinogen Classificatio	n code:		1				
IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3							
		rcinogen;	Reasonably anti	cipated to be a hun	nan carcinogen		
OSHA: + Not listed/not reg							
OSHA: + Not listed/not reg							
OSHA: + Not listed/not reg	gulated: -		·	41	£		
OSHA: + Not listed/not reg Reproductive toxicity Conclusion/Summary	gulated: -		·	the mixture itse	f.		
OSHA: + Not listed/not reg	gulated: -		·	the mixture itse	f.		

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
furfuryl alcohol	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
Formaldehyde, oligomeric reaction products with toluene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
toluene	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
forfuryl alcohol	Category 2	-	-
Formaldehyde, polymer with benzenamine, hydrogenated	Category 2	oral	kidneys
4,4'-methylenebis(cyclohexylamine)	Category 2	oral	-
toluene	Category 2	-	-

Target organs

: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: blood, liver, heart, brain, central nervous system (CNS).

Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: kidneys, bladder, gastrointestinal tract, upper respiratory tract, skin, eye, lens or cornea, muscle tissue, nose/sinuses.

#### Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
furfuryl alcohol	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 2
benzyl alcohol	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 2
toluene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

#### Information on the likely routes of exposure

Potential acute health	<u>effects</u>
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	: Fatal if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	<ul> <li>Causes severe burns. May be harmful in contact with skin. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.</li> </ul>
Ingestion	: Harmful if swallowed. Corrosive to the digestive tract. Causes burns.
Over-exposure signs/	<u>symptoms</u>
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

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### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness dryness cracking blistering may occur reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Delayed and immediate effe	s and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the mixture itself. This product either contains formaldehyde or is capable of releasing formaldehyde above 0.5 ppm under certain conditions. Formaldehyde is a known cancer hazard, a skin sensitizer and a respiratory sensitizer. Can form nitrosamines in the presence of certain organic materials and if heated. Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects or the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. There is some evidence that repeated exposure to organic solvent vapors in combination with constant loud noise can cause greater hearing loss than expected from exposure to noise alone. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Ingestion may cause nausead diarrhea and vomiting. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.
Short term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential delayed effects	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Long term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential delayed effects	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential chronic health effe	<u>ts</u>
General	: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	: Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	: Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
Numerical measures of toxic	t <b>v</b>
Acute toxicity estimates	

### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
MERLOCK SEALER HARDENER	882.3	2019.2	N/A	1.3	0.63
furfuryl alcohol	500	1100	N/A	0.934	0.5
Poly[oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)], α-	2885	2980	N/A	N/A	N/A
(2-aminomethylethyl)-ω-(2-aminomethylethoxy)-					
Formaldehyde, oligomeric reaction products with	2500	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
toluene					
benzyl alcohol	1230	2000	N/A	N/A	1.5
Formaldehyde, polymer with benzenamine, hydrogenated	300	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol	1200	1280	N/A	N/A	N/A
nonylphenol	580	2140	N/A	N/A	N/A
3,6-diazaoctanethylenediamin	1716	1465	N/A	N/A	N/A
salicylic acid	891	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
4,4'-methylenebis(cyclohexylamine)	625	2110	N/A	N/A	N/A
toluene	5580	8390	N/A	49	N/A

### **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Poly[oxy(methyl- 1,2-ethanediyl)], α- (2-aminomethylethyl)-ω- (2-aminomethylethoxy)-	EC50 15 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
Formaldehyde, polymer with benzenamine, hydrogenated	Acute EC50 43.94 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
	Acute EC50 15.4 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 63 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
2,4,6-tris	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol			
	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
nonylphenol	Acute EC50 0.056 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Desmodesmus subspicatus	72 hours
	Chronic EC10 0.003 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Desmodesmus subspicatus	72 hours
	Chronic NOEC 1 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	21 days
salicylic acid	Acute EC50 1147.57 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia longispina</i> - Neonate	48 hours
	Chronic NOEC 5.6 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - Neonate	21 days

Persistence and degradability

#### Product name AMERLOCK SEALER HARDENER

### **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose	Inoculum
Formaldehyde, polymer with benzenamine, hydrogenated 2,4,6-tris (dimethylaminomethyl)phenol	- OECD 301D Ready Biodegradability - Closed Bottle Test	0 % - Not readily - 2 4 % - Not readily - 2	,	-	-
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life		Photolysi	s	Biodegradability
Poly[oxy(methyl- 1,2-ethanediyl)], α- (2-aminomethylethyl)-ω- (2-aminomethylethoxy)-	-		-		Not readily
benzyl alcohol Formaldehyde, polymer with benzenamine, hydrogenated	-		-		Readily Not readily
2,4,6-tris (dimethylaminomethyl)phenol	-		-		Not readily
toluene	-		-		Readily

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
furfuryl alcohol	0.3	-	Low
benzyl alcohol	0.87	-	Low
Formaldehyde, polymer with	2.68	209 to 219	Low
benzenamine, hydrogenated			
2,4,6-tris	0.219	-	Low
(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol			
nonylphenol	3.28	154.88	Low
3,6-diazaoctanethylenediamin	-1.66 to -1.4	-	Low
salicylic acid	2.21 to 2.26	-	Low
4,4'-methylenebis	2.03	-	Low
(cyclohexylamine)			
toluene	2.73	8.32	Low

#### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

Disposal methods : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and nonrecyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when

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Product name AMERLOCK SEALER HARDENER

### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations. Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees. Section 6. Accidental release measures

### **SECTION 14: Transport information**

	-		
	Mexico Classification	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN3066	UN3066	UN3066
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	8	8	8
Packing group	II	II	II
Environmental hazards	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	(nonylphenol)	Not applicable.

Additional info	rmation				
Mexico	: None identified.				
IMDG	: The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of $\leq 5$ L or $\leq 5$ kg.				
ΙΑΤΑ	: The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.				
<b>Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises:</b> always transport in closed containers that a upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to d the event of an accident or spillage.					
Transport in b to IMO instrum	ulk according : Not applicable. nents				

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#### Product name AMERLOCK SEALER HARDENER

### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

#### **Mexico**

Classification

Flammability : 2 Health : 3 Reactivity : 1

#### International regulations

**Montreal Protocol** 

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

#### Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

### SECTION 16: Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

Health : 3 \* Flammability : 2 Physical hazards : 1

(\*) - Chronic effects

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

Date of previous issue	: 9/21/2022
Organization that prepared the SDS	: EHS
Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations
<b>7</b> L	

#### Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### Notice to reader

The information, which is based on the current knowledge of the chemical substance or mixture and applies to appropriate safety precautions for the product, is deemed correct but is not exhaustive and will be used only as a guide.

#### **Disclaimer**

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.