SAFETY DATA SHEET



The information in this Safety Data Sheet is required pursuant to GHS UN rev. 7

Date of issue/Date of revision 12 August 2024 Version 9.03

Section 1. Identification

| Product code | : 00176798 |
|---|--|
| Product name | : SIGMACOVER 256 BASE RAL 5021 |
| Product type | : Liquid. |
| Other means of identification Not available. | |
| Relevant identified uses of th | e substance or mixture and uses advised against |
| Product use | Coating. Professional applications, Used by spraying. |
| Uses advised against | : Product is not intended, labelled or packaged for consumer use. |
| Supplier's information | : PPG Asian Paints Private Limited 6A Shanti Nagar Santa Cruz (East) Mumbai - 400055 India |
| Emergency telephone number: | : +91 22 6815 8700 |

Section 2. Hazards identification

| Classification of the substance or mixture | FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 5 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1 SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2 Fercentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute dermal toxicity: 62% Fercentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown hazards to the aquatic environment: 35.3% |
|---|--|
| GHS label elements Hazard pictograms | |
| Signal word | : Danger |

Section 2. Hazards identification

| Hazard statements | : | Flammable liquid and vapour. May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye damage. May cause respiratory irritation. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. |
|----------------------------|---|---|
| Precautionary statements | | |
| Prevention | : | Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment. Avoid breathing vapour. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. |
| Response | : | Collect spillage. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. IF ON SKIN: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. |
| Storage | 1 | Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. |
| Disposal | : | Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations. |
| Other hazards which do not | : | Causes digestive tract burns. Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and |

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

cause irritation.

Substance/mixture

result in classification

: Mixture

CAS number/other identifiers

| CAS number : Not applicable. | | |
|--|------------|------------|
| Ingredient name | % | CAS number |
| Epoxy Resin | 20 - <25 | SUB110652 |
| Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres | 10 - <20 | 14807-96-6 |
| xylene | 10 - <20 | 1330-20-7 |
| trizinc bis(orthophosphate) | 5 - <10 | 7779-90-0 |
| epoxy resin (MW \leq 700) | 5 - <10 | 25068-38-6 |
| ethylbenzene | 1 - <3 | 100-41-4 |
| 2-methylpropan-1-ol | 1 - <3 | 78-83-1 |
| 1-methoxy-2-propanol | 1 - <3 | 107-98-2 |
| 4-nonylphenol, branched | 1 - <3 | 84852-15-3 |
| zinc oxide | 0.1 - <0.3 | 1314-13-2 |
| Phenol, 2-nonyl-, branched | <0.1 | 91672-41-2 |

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

Section 4. First aid measures

| Description of necess | ary first aid measures |
|-----------------------|--|
| Eye contact | Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical attention. |
| Inhalation | : Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. |
| Skin contact | Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners. |
| Ingestion | If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting. |

| Most important symptoms/ | effects, acute and delayed |
|-----------------------------|---|
| Potential acute health effe | cts |
| Eye contact | : Causes serious eye damage. |
| Inhalation | : May cause respiratory irritation. |
| Skin contact | : May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction. |
| Ingestion | : Corrosive to the digestive tract. Causes burns. |
| Over-exposure signs/sym | <u>ptoms</u> |
| Eye contact | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness |
| Inhalation | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing |
| Skin contact | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness dryness cracking blistering may occur |
| Ingestion | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains |
| | dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary |
| Notes to physician | : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours. |
| Specific treatments | : No specific treatment. |
| Protection of first-aiders | : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. |

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Firefighting measures

| Extinguishing media | |
|--|--|
| Suitable extinguishing media | : Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam. |
| Unsuitable extinguishing media | : Do not use water jet. |
| Specific hazards arising from the chemical | : Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain. |
| Hazardous thermal decomposition products | : Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides phosphorus oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides |
| Special protective actions for fire-fighters | : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. |
| Special protective equipment for fire-fighters | : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. |

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

| For non-emergency personnel | No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. |
|--------------------------------|---|
| For emergency responders | If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel". |
| Environmental precautions | : Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage. |
| Methods and material for con | tainment and cleaning up |
| Small spill | : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. |
| Large spill | : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent |
| | |

Section 6. Accidental release measures

material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

| Precautions for safe handling | 1 | |
|--|---|--|
| Protective measures | : | Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container. |
| Advice on general occupational hygiene | : | Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures. |
| Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities | : | Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use. |

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

| Ingredient name | Exposure limits |
|---|--|
| ■ ■ ■ ■ ■ ■ ■ ■ ■ ■ ■ ■ ■ ■ ■ ■ ■ ■ ■ | ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023). |
| | TWA: 2 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable |
| xylene | ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023). [p- |
| | xylene and mixtures containing p-xylene] |
| | Ototoxicant. |
| | TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. |
| ethylbenzene | ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023). |
| | Ototoxicant. |
| | TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. |
| 2-methylpropan-1-ol | ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023). |
| | TWA: 152 mg/m ³ 8 hours. |
| | TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. |
| 1-methoxy-2-propanol | ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023). |
| | STEL: 369 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. |
| | STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. |
| | TWA: 184 mg/m ³ 8 hours. |
| | TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. |
| | |
| | India Page: 5/13 |

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

| zinc oxide | | ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023). STEL: 10 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Form: Respirable fraction TWA: 2 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction |
|-----------------------------------|---|--|
| Recommended monitoring procedures | : Reference should be made to appro national guidance documents for m substances will also be required. | opriate monitoring standards. Reference to ethods for the determination of hazardous |
| Appropriate engineering controls | ventilation or other engineering con contaminants below any recommen | Use process enclosures, local exhaust trols to keep worker exposure to airborne ided or statutory limits. The engineering controls ust concentrations below any lower explosive |
| Environmental exposure controls | : Emissions from ventilation or work they comply with the requirements of | process equipment should be checked to ensure of environmental protection legislation. In some gineering modifications to the process |
| Individual protection measure | e <u>s</u> | |
| Hygiene measures | eating, smoking and using the lavat Appropriate techniques should be u Contaminated work clothing should | broughly after handling chemical products, before cory and at the end of the working period. Ised to remove potentially contaminated clothing. not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash ng. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety n location. |
| Eye/face protection | : Safety eyewear complying with an a assessment indicates this is necess gases or dusts. If contact is possib unless the assessment indicates a | approved standard should be used when a risk sary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, le, the following protection should be worn, higher degree of protection: chemical splash ation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be |
| Skin protection | - | |
| Hand protection | be worn at all times when handling this is necessary. Considering the check during use that the gloves are should be noted that the time to bre different for different glove manufac | ves complying with an approved standard should chemical products if a risk assessment indicates parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, e still retaining their protective properties. It eakthrough for any glove material may be cturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of time of the gloves cannot be accurately |
| Gloves | : butyl rubber | |
| Body protection | being performed and the risks invol before handling this product. Wher wear anti-static protective clothing. | he body should be selected based on the task ved and should be approved by a specialist n there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, For the greatest protection from static anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. |
| Other skin protection | | ional skin protection measures should be erformed and the risks involved and should be idling this product. |
| Respiratory protection | appropriate standard or certification | for exposure, select a respirator that meets the a. Respirators must be used according to a asure proper fitting, training, and other important |
| | | |

Chemical stability

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

| <u>Appearance</u> | | | | | | | | | |
|---|----|-----------------------|--------------|----------|---------------------|-----------|-------------------------|----------------|--|
| Physical state | 4 | Liquid. | | | | | | | |
| Colour | ÷ | Not available. | | | | | | | |
| Odour | ÷ | Aromatic. | | | | | | | |
| Odour threshold | | Not available. | | | | | | | |
| Melting point/freezing point | | Not available. | | | | | | | |
| Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range | : | >37.78°C (>100°F) | | | | | | | |
| Flammability | 4 | Not available. | | | | | | | |
| Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits | : | Not available. | | | | | | | |
| Flash point | 4 | Closed cup: 34°C (9 | 93.2°F) | | | | | | |
| Auto-ignition temperature | 4 | Ingredient name | | °C | °F | | Method | | |
| | | 1-methoxy-2-propanol | | 270 | 518 | | | | |
| Decomposition temperature | : | Not available. | | - | I | | | | |
| рН | 1 | Not applicable. | | | | | | | |
| Viscosity | 1 | Kinematic (40°C): >2 | 21 mm²/s | | | | | | |
| Viscosity | 1 | 60 - 100 s (ISO 6mm | n) | | | | | | |
| 0 - 1 - 1 - 11((1 | | Media | Re | sult | | | | | |
| Solubility(ies) | 1 | old water | No | t solubl | e | | | | |
| Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water | : | Not applicable. | | | | | | | |
| Vapour pressure | : | | Vapou | | ar Pressure at 20°C | | Vapour pressure at 50°C | | |
| | | Ingredient name | mm Hg | kPa | Method | mm Hg | kPa | Method | |
| | | rethylpropan-1-ol | <12.00102 | <1.6 | DIN EN 13016-2 | | | | |
| Relative density | : | 1.46 | | | | | | | |
| Relative vapour density | : | Not available. | | | | | | | |
| Particle characteristics | | | | | | | | | |
| Median particle size | : | Not applicable. | | | | | | | |
| Evaporation rate | : | Not available. | | | | | | | |
| Section 10. Stabili | ty | and reactivi | ty | | | | | | |
| Reactivity | : | No specific test data | a related to | reactiv | ity available fo | or this p | roduct or it | ts ingredients | |
| Chamical stability | | | _ | | | | | | |

Possibility of hazardous : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur. **reactions**

Conditions to avoid : When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.

: The product is stable.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

| Incompatible materials | : | Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids. |
|----------------------------------|---|---|
| Hazardous decomposition products | : | Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides phosphorus oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides |
| Hazardous polymerisation | : | Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerisation will not occur. |

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Dose | Exposure | |
|-----------------------------|---------------------------------|---------|-------------------------|----------|--|
| x ylene | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 1.7 g/kg | - | |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 4.3 g/kg | - | |
| trizinc bis(orthophosphate) | LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists | Rat | >5.7 mg/l | 4 hours | |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | >5000 mg/kg | - | |
| epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700) | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | >2 g/kg | - | |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | >2 g/kg | - | |
| ethylbenzene | LC50 Inhalation Vapour | Rat | 17.8 mg/l | 4 hours | |
| | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 17.8 g/kg | - | |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 3.5 g/kg | - | |
| 2-methylpropan-1-ol | LC50 Inhalation Vapour | Rat | 24.6 mg/l | 4 hours | |
| | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 2460 mg/kg | - | |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 2830 mg/kg | - | |
| 1-methoxy-2-propanol | LC50 Inhalation Vapour | Rat | >7000 ppm | 6 hours | |
| | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 13 g/kg | - | |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 5.2 g/kg | - | |
| 4-nonylphenol, branched | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 2.14 g/kg | - | |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 1300 mg/kg | - | |
| zinc oxide | LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists | Rat | >5700 mg/m ³ | 4 hours | |
| | LD50 Dermal | Rat | >2000 mg/kg | - | |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | >5000 mg/kg | - | |

Conclusion/Summary Irritation/Corrosion

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Score | Exposure | Observation |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|---------|-------|--------------|-------------|
| x ylene | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 500 | - |
| | | | | mg | |
| epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700) | Eyes - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | - | - |
| | Skin - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | - | - |
| 4-nonylphenol, branched | Skin - Erythema/Eschar | Rabbit | 4 | - | - |
| Conclusion/Summary | • | | | | |

| Skin | : There are no data available on the mixture itself. |
|------|--|
| Eves | : There are no data available on the mixture itself. |

Respiratory : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Sensitisation

| •••••• | Route of exposure | Species | Result |
|------------------------|-------------------|---------|-------------|
| epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700) | skin | Mouse | Sensitising |

Conclusion/Summary

Section 11. Toxicological information

| | - |
|---------------------------|--|
| Skin | : There are no data available on the mixture itself. |
| Respiratory | : There are no data available on the mixture itself. |
| Mutagenicity | |
| Conclusion/Summary | : There are no data available on the mixture itself. |
| Carcinogenicity | |
| Conclusion/Summary | : There are no data available on the mixture itself. |
| Reproductive toxicity | |
| Conclusion/Summary | : There are no data available on the mixture itself. |
| Teratogenicity | |
| Conclusion/Summary | : There are no data available on the mixture itself. |

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

| Name | Category | Route of exposure | Target organs |
|----------------------|--------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------------|
| | Category 3 | - | Respiratory tract irritation |
| xylene | Category 3 | - | Respiratory tract irritation |
| 2-methylpropan-1-ol | Category 3 | - | Respiratory tract irritation |
| 1-methoxy-2-propanol | Category 3 Category 3 | - | Narcotic effects Narcotic effects |

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

| Name | | Route of exposure | Target organs |
|--------------|------------|----------------------|----------------|
| ethylbenzene | Category 2 | - | hearing organs |

Aspiration hazard

| Name | Result |
|--------------|--|
| ethylbenzene | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 2 |

| Information on likely routes of exposure | : | Not available. |
|--|------------|---|
| Potential acute health effects | | |
| Eye contact | 1 | Causes serious eye damage. |
| Inhalation | 1 | May cause respiratory irritation. |
| Skin contact | : | May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction. |
| Ingestion | : | Corrosive to the digestive tract. Causes burns. |
| Symptoms related to the phy | <u>sic</u> | cal, chemical and toxicological characteristics |
| Eye contact | : | Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering |

redness

Section 11. Toxicological information

| Inhalation | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing |
|--------------|---|
| Skin contact | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness dryness cracking blistering may occur |
| Ingestion | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains |

| Delayed and immediate effect | ts | as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure |
|-------------------------------|-----|---|
| Short term exposure | | |
| Potential immediate effects | 1 | Not available. |
| Potential delayed effects | : | Not available. |
| Long term exposure | | |
| Potential immediate effects | : | Not available. |
| Potential delayed effects | : | Not available. |
| Potential chronic health effe | ect | <u>s</u> |
| Not available. | | |
| General | : | Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/ or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels. |
| Carcinogenicity | : | No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Mutagenicity | : | No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Reproductive toxicity | : | No known significant effects or critical hazards. |

Numerical measures of toxicity

.

Acute toxicity estimates

| Route | ATE value |
|------------------------------|----------------|
| Øral | 10622.91 mg/kg |
| Dermal | 3336.24 mg/kg |
| Inhalation (vapours) | 40.99 mg/l |
| Inhalation (dusts and mists) | 5.27 mg/l |

Other information

Causes digestive tract burns. Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapour/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing.

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Exposure |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------|
| trizinc bis(orthophosphate) | Acute LC50 0.112 mg/l | Fish | 96 hours |
| | Chronic NOEC 0.026 mg/l | Fish | 30 days |
| epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700) | Acute LC50 1.8 mg/l | Daphnia | 48 hours |
| | Chronic NOEC 0.3 mg/l | Daphnia | 21 days |
| ethylbenzene | Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water | Daphnia | 48 hours |
| - | Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - Ceriodaphnia dubia | - |
| 2-methylpropan-1-ol | Acute EC50 1100 mg/l | Daphnia | 48 hours |
| 1-methoxy-2-propanol | Acute LC50 23300 mg/l | Daphnia | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 >4500 mg/l Fresh water | Fish | 96 hours |
| 4-nonylphenol, branched | Acute EC50 0.044 mg/l | Crustaceans - Moina macrocopa | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 0.221 mg/l | Fish | 96 hours |
| zinc oxide | Acute EC50 0.17 mg/l | Algae | 72 hours |
| | Acute EC50 0.481 mg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - | 48 hours |
| | | Neonate | |
| | Chronic NOEC 0.017 mg/l Fresh water | Algae | 72 hours |
| Phenol, 2-nonyl-, branched | Acute LC50 0.017 mg/l | Fish - Pleuronectes americanus | 96 hours |

Persistence and degradability

| Product/ingredient name | Test | Result | | Dose | | Inoculum |
|---|-------------------|---|------------|------|-------------------------------|------------|
| poxy resin (MW ≤ 700) ethylbenzene | OECD 301F - | 5 % - 28 days 79 % - Readily - 10 days | | - | | - |
| Product/ingredient name | Aquatic half-life | | Photolysis | | Biodeg | radability |
| xylene epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700) ethylbenzene | - - - | | - - | | Readily Not rea Readily | idily |

Bioaccumulative potential

| Product/ingredient name | LogPow | BCF | Potential |
|-----------------------------|--------|-------------|-----------|
| x ylene | 3.12 | 7.4 to 18.5 | Low |
| epoxy resin (MW \leq 700) | 3 | 31 | Low |
| ethylbenzene | 3.6 | 79.43 | Low |
| 2-methylpropan-1-ol | 1 | - | Low |
| 1-methoxy-2-propanol | <1 | - | Low |
| 4-nonylphenol, branched | 5.4 | 251.19 | Low |

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

| | UN | IMDG | ΙΑΤΑ |
|-----------------------------|--|--|--|
| UN number | UN1263 | UN1263 | UN1263 |
| UN proper shipping name | PAINT | PAINT | PAINT |
| Transport hazard class(es) | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| Packing group | III | III | = |
| Environmental hazards | Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required. | Yes. | Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required. |
| Marine pollutant substances | Not applicable. | <pre>(trizinc bis(orthophosphate))</pre> | Not applicable. |

Additional information

IMDG

ΙΑΤΑ

UN : None identified.

- : The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of \leq 5 L or \leq 5 kg.
- : The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.

Special precautions for user :**Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

Section 15. Regulatory information

International regulations

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants Not listed.

Section 16. Other information

| <u>History</u> | |
|--------------------------------|--|
| Date of issue/Date of revision | : 12 August 2024 |
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| Version | : 9.03 |
| Prepared by | : EHS |
| key to abbreviations | ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations |

Procedure used to derive the classification

| Classification | Justification |
|---|-----------------------|
| FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 | On basis of test data |
| ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 5 | Calculation method |
| SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 | Calculation method |
| SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1 | Calculation method |
| SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1 | Calculation method |
| SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE (Respiratory tract | Calculation method |
| irritation) - Category 3 | |
| SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2 | Calculation method |
| LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2 | Calculation method |

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

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