SAFETY DATA SHEET



Date of issue 8/13/2024 (month/day/year)

Version 26.02

Section 1. Chemical product and company identification

Α.	Product name	:	SIGMA NEXEON 750 BROWN
	Product code	1	00328757

B. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product use	: Professional applications, Used by spraying.
Use of the substance/ mixture	: Antifouling products
Uses advised against	: Product is not intended, labelled or packaged for consumer use.
C. Supplier's or Importer' information	s : PPG SSC (680-090) 19, Yeocheon-ro 217beon-gil, Nam-gu, Ulsan, Korea Tel: +82-52-210-8222
Email Address	Korea.MSDS@PPG.COM
Emergency telephone number:	: +82-52-210-8331

Section 2. Hazards identification

A. Hazard classification	: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4
	ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4
	ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 3
	SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1
	SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1
	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
	TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2
	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1
	AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 1
	AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 1
This product is classified in	accordance with the Industrial Safety and Health Act and the Chemical Control Act

This product is classified in accordance with the Industrial Safety and Health Act and the Chemical Control Act.

B. GHS label elements, including precautionary statements
Symbol :
Signal word : Danger

Korea (GHS) Page: 1/16

Product code 00328757

Date of issue 8/13/2024 (month/day/year)

Product name SIGMA NEXEON 750 BROWN

Section 2. Hazards identification

	Hazard statements Precautionary statements		 H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor. H302 + H312 - Harmful if swallowed or in contact with skin. H315 - Causes skin irritation. H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction. H318 - Causes serious eye damage. H331 - Toxic if inhaled. H351 - Suspected of causing cancer. H361 - Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (central nervous system (CNS), kidneys, liver) H410 - Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
			Reason Description in the first section of the sect
	Prevention	:	 P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment. P242 - Use non-sparking tools. P243 - Take action to prevent static discharges. P273 - Avoid release to the environment. P260 - Do not breathe vapor. P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. P264 - Wash thoroughly after handling.
	Response	:	 P391 - Collect spillage. P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. P304 + P340, P311 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor. P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. P302 + P312, P352 - IF ON SKIN: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. Wash with plenty of water. P333 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. P305 + P351 + P338, P310 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.
	Storage	1	P403 + P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
	Disposal		P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
) .	Other hazards which do not result in	:	Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

classification

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number

С

: Not applicable.

Korea (GHS) Page: 2/16

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Chemical name	Common name	Identifiers	%
Xylene	XYLENES	CAS: 1330-20-7	10 -<20
ethylbenzene	ETHYLBENZENE	CAS: 100-41-4	5 - <10
1-methoxy-2-propanol	PROPYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL ETHER	CAS: 107-98-2	5 - <10
zinc pyrithione	pyrithione zinc	CAS: 13463-41-7	5 - <10
Kaolin	ALUMINUM SILICATE	CAS: 1332-58-7	5 - <10
diiron trioxide	Diiron trioxide	CAS: 1309-37-1	5 - <10
4-Bromo-2-(4-chlorophenyl)-5-	1H-pyrrole-3-carbonitrile,4-bromo-2-	CAS: 122454-29-9	1 - <5
(trifluoromethyl)-1H-pyrrole-3-carbonitrile	(4-chlorophenyl)-5-(trifluoromethyl)-		
dimethyl carbonate	DIMETHYL CARBONATE	CAS: 616-38-6	1 - <5
Octadecanamide, N,N'-1,6-hexanediylbis	N,N-1,6-HEXANEDIYLBIS	CAS: 55349-01-4	1 - <5
[12-hydroxy-	(12-HYDROXY-OCTADECANEIMIDE)		
carbon black	CARBON BLACK	CAS: 1333-86-4	0.1 - <1
ethanol	ETHYL ALCOHOL	CAS: 64-17-5	0.1 - <1
methyl alcohol	METHYL ALCOHOL	CAS: 67-56-1	0.1 - <1

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Α.	Eye contact	:	Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical attention. In case of accidental eye contact, avoid direct exposure to the sun or other sources of UV light as severe irritation including burns may result. These reactions can be delayed – get medical attention if pain, irritation or blistering occurs after contact.
В.	Skin contact	:	Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
C.	Inhalation	:	Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
D.	Ingestion	:	If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.
Е.	Notes to physician		In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
	Specific treatments	÷	No specific treatment.
	Protection of first-aiders	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Korea (GHS) Page: 3/16

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Product name SIGMA NEXEON 750 BROWN

	•		5
Α.	Extinguishing media		
	Suitable extinguishing media	1	Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
	Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	Do not use water jet.
В.	Specific hazards arising from the chemical	:	Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
	Hazardous thermal decomposition products	:	Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides
C.	Special equipment for fire-fighting	:	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.
	Fire-fighting procedures	:	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

contractor.

A. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
B. Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.
C. Methods and materials for	containment and cleaning up
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an

appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal

Section 6. Accidental release measures

- Large spill
- : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with noncombustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

A. Precautions for safe Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a handling history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

B. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities
 Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

A. Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Xylene	Ministry of Employment and Labor
	(Republic of Korea, 1/2020). [Xylene]
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
ethylbenzene	Ministry of Employment and Labor
•	(Republic of Korea, 1/2020).
	STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Ministry of Employment and Labor
	(Republic of Korea, 1/2020).
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
Kaolin	Ministry of Employment and Labor
<u> </u>	Korea (GHS) Page: 5/16

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

	•			(Republic of Korea, 1/2020).
				TWA: 2 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable
				fraction
	diiron trioxide			Ministry of Employment and Labor
				(Republic of Korea, 1/2020). [Iron oxide]
				TWA: 5 mg/m ³ , (as Fe) 8 hours. Form:
				Fume
				TWA: 5 mg/m³, (as Fe) 8 hours.
	carbon black			Ministry of Employment and Labor
				(Republic of Korea, 1/2020).
				TWA: 3.5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: inhalable
				fraction
	ethanol			Ministry of Employment and Labor
				(Republic of Korea, 1/2020).
				TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.
	methyl alcohol			Ministry of Employment and Labor
				(Republic of Korea, 1/2020). Absorbed through skin.
				STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes.
				TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.
	Recommended	÷		ate monitoring standards. Reference to
	monitoring procedures			ods for the determination of hazardous
			substances will also be required.	
_				
В.	Appropriate engineering	÷	Use only with adequate ventilation. Us	
	controls		ventilation or other engineering control	
				d or statutory limits. The engineering controls
			limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation	oncentrations below any lower explosive
	Environmentel			
	Environmental exposure controls	÷		cess equipment should be checked to ensure nvironmental protection legislation. In some
	exposure controis		cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engin	
			equipment will be necessary to reduce	
			- 1	
С.	Personal protective equip	me	ent	
				h known or anticipated exposure levels, the
	Respiratory protection	1		orking limits of the selected respirator. If
			•	s above the exposure limit, they must use
				a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed
				standard if a risk assessment indicates this is
			necessary.	
	Eye protection	1	Chemical splash goggles and face shi	eld.
	Hand protection	:	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves	complying with an approved standard should
				emical products if a risk assessment indicates
				rameters specified by the glove manufacturer,
			e	till retaining their protective properties. It
			should be noted that the time to break	
				rers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of
			several substances, the protection tim estimated.	e or the gloves cannot be accurately
	0			
	Gloves	÷	butyl rubber	

Korea (GHS) Page: 6/16

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

	• · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·								
Α.	Appearance								
	Physical state	÷	Liquid.						
	Color	÷	Brown.						
	Odor	÷	Aromatic.						
С.	Odor threshold	4	Not available.						
D.	рН	1	Not applicable.						
Ε.	Melting/freezing point	:	Not available.						
F.	Boiling point/boiling range	:	>37.78°C (>100°F)						
G.	Flash point	:	Closed cup: 22°C (7	1.6°F)					
н.	Evaporation rate	:	Not available.						
Т.	Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Not available.						
J.	Lower and upper explosive (flammable)	;	Greatest known rang	ge: Lower:	1.48%	Upper: 13.74	% (1-me	thoxy-2-p	oropanol)
	limits								
K.		:		Vapo	r Press	ure at 20°C	Va	oor press	sure at 50°C
ĸ.	limits	:	Ingredient name	Vapo mm Hg	r Press kPa	ure at 20°C Method	Va mm Hg	oor press kPa	sure at 50°C Method
K.	limits	:	Ingredient name		1		mm		1
	limits Vapor pressure	:		mm Hg 56.78	kPa	Method	mm		1
K. L.	limits Vapor pressure	:	dimethyl carbonate	mm Hg 56.78	kPa 7.6	Method OECD 104	mm		1
	limits Vapor pressure	:	dimethyl carbonate	mm Hg 56.78	kPa 7.6 sult	Method OECD 104	mm		1
L.	limits Vapor pressure Solubility(ies)	: :	dimethyl carbonate Media cold water	mm Hg 56.78	kPa 7.6 sult	Method OECD 104	mm		1
L. M.	limits Vapor pressure Solubility(ies) Solubility in water Vapor density		dimethyl carbonate Media cold water Not available.	mm Hg 56.78	kPa 7.6 sult	Method OECD 104	mm		1
L.	limits Vapor pressure Solubility(ies) Solubility in water		dimethyl carbonate Media cold water Not available. Not available.	mm Hg 56.78	kPa 7.6 sult	Method OECD 104	mm		1

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

	Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method	
	1-methoxy-2-propanol	270	518		
Q. Decomposition temperature	: Not available.		I		
Viscosity	: Kinematic (40°C (104°F))): >21 mm²/s (>2	21 cSt)		
R. Flow time (ISO 2431) : Not available.				
Molocularwoight	Not applicable				

Molecular weight S.

: Not applicable.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Α.	Chemical stability	1	The product is stable.
	Possibility of hazardous reactions	-	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
в.	Conditions to avoid	:	When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.
C .	Incompatible materials	:	Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
D.	Hazardous decomposition products	:	Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides

Section 11. Toxicological information

A. Information on the lil routes of exposure	kely : Not available.
Potential acute health e	effects
Inhalation	: Toxic if inhaled.
Ingestion	: Harmful if swallowed.
Skin contact	: Harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.
Over-exposure signs/sy	<u>ymptoms</u>
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Section 11. Toxicological information

Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness dryness cracking blistering may occur reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness

B. Health hazards

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Xylene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.7 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.5 g/kg	-
1-methoxy-2-propanol	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	>7000 ppm	6 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	13 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5.2 g/kg	-
zinc pyrithione	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	0.14 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	177 mg/kg	-
Kaolin	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and	Rat	>5.07 mg/l	4 hours
	mists			
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
diiron trioxide	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and	Rat	>5 mg/l	4 hours
	mists		-	
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10 g/kg	-
4-Bromo-2-(4-chlorophenyl)-5-	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and	Rat	<0.25 mg/l	4 hours
(trifluoromethyl)-1H-pyrrole- 3-carbonitrile	mists			
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	520 to 750 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	28.7 mg/kg	-
dimethyl carbonate	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	140000 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2.5 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	12.9 g/kg	-
carbon black	LD50 Oral	Rat	>10 g/kg	-
ethanol	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	124700 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	17100 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	7 g/kg	-
methyl alcohol	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	64000 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	15800 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5600 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Irritation/Corrosion

Korea (GHS) Page: 9/16

Version 26.02

Product name SIGMA NEXEON 750 BROWN

Section 11. Toxicological information

	•••	- 9				
Product/ingredient name		Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Xylene		Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
zinc pyrithione		Eyes - Cornea opacity	Rabbit	4	24 hours	24 hours
Conclusion/Summary			!			-
Skin	: T	here are no data available o	on the mixture i	tself.		
Eyes	: T	here are no data available c	on the mixture i	tself.		
Respiratory	: T	here are no data available o	on the mixture i	tself.		
Sensitization Conclusion/Summary Skin : There are no data available on the mixture itself. Respiratory : There are no data available on the mixture itself.						
Mutagenicity Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.						
Carcinogenicity Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.						
Reproductive toxicity Conclusion/Summary						
Teratogenicity Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.						

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Classification	Route of exposure	Target organs
Xylene 1-methoxy-2-propanol dimethyl carbonate	Category 3 Category 3 Category 3	-	Narcotic effects Narcotic effects Respiratory tract irritation
methyl alcohol	Category 1	-	-

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Classification	Route of exposure	Target organs
Xylene	Category 1		central nervous system (CNS), kidneys, liver
zinc pyrithione	Category 1	-	-

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Section 11. Toxicological information

Potential chronic health effects

General	: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	: Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	: Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Additional information

Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing.

Chemical name	Identifiers	GHS Classification
Xylene	CAS: 1330-20-7	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
		ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4
		ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4
		SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
		EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE
		EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY
		(REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1
ethylbenzene	CAS: 100-41-4	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
		ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4
		CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
		ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
		AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3
1-methoxy-2-propanol	CAS: 107-98-2	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE
		EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3
zinc pyrithione	CAS: 13463-41-7	ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 3
		ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 2
		SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1
		TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY
		(REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1
		AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 1
		AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 1
Kaolin	CAS: 1332-58-7	Not classified.
diiron trioxide	CAS: 1309-37-1	Not classified.
4-Bromo-2-(4-chlorophenyl)-5-	CAS: 122454-29-9	ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 2
(trifluoromethyl)-1H-pyrrole-3-carbonitrile		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 3
		ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 3
		AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 1
		AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 1
dimethyl carbonate	CAS: 616-38-6	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
		EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
	1	Korea (GHS) Page: 11/16

Section 11. Toxicological information

		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
Octadecanamide, N,N'-1,6-hexanediylbis [12-hydroxy-	CAS: 55349-01-4	SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1B
		AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 4
carbon black	CAS: 1333-86-4	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
ethanol	CAS: 64-17-5	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
		EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
		CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
methyl alcohol	CAS: 67-56-1	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
		ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 3
		ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 3
		ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 3
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE
		EXPOSURE) - Category 1
		AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3
	<u> </u>	

Section 12. Ecological information

A. <u>Ecotoxicity</u>

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia	48 hours
-	Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Ceriodaphnia dubia	-
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Acute LC50 23300 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 >4500 mg/l Fresh water	Fish	96 hours
zinc pyrithione	Acute EC50 5.513 µg/l Marine water	Algae - Nitzschia pungens	96 hours
	Acute LC50 0.0082 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Chronic NOEC 1.889 µg/l Marine water	Algae - <i>Nitzschia pungens</i>	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.0027 mg/l	Daphnia	21 days
diiron trioxide	Acute EC50 >100 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
4-Bromo-2-(4-chlorophenyl) -5-(trifluoromethyl)-1H- pyrrole-3-carbonitrile	Acute EC50 0.012 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
	Acute LC50 0.0015 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 0.0013 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
	Acute NOEC 0.00073 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.0002 mg/l	Daphnia	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 0.00017 mg/l	Fish	33 days
dimethyl carbonate	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
ethanol	Acute EC50 7640 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	48 hours
methyl alcohol	Acute LC50 13 mg/l Fresh water	Fish	96 hours

B. Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose	Inoculum
ethylbenzene zinc pyrithione		79 % - Readily - 10 days 39 % - 28 days	-	-

Section 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
Xylene ethylbenzene zinc pyrithione ethanol	- - -	- - 50%; < 28 day(s) -	Readily Readily Not readily Readily

C. Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Xylene	3.12	7.4 to 18.5	Low
ethylbenzene	3.6	79.43	Low
1-methoxy-2-propanol	<1	-	Low
zinc pyrithione	0.9	0.9	Low
dimethyl carbonate	0.354	-	Low
ethanol	-0.35	-	Low
methyl alcohol	-0.77	-	Low

D. Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition : Not available. coefficient (Koc)

E. <u>Other adverse effects</u> : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

 A. Disposal methods
 The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.
 B. Disposal precautions
 This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product

residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

Section 14. Transport information

	UN	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
A. UN number	UN1992	UN1992	UN1992
B. UN proper shipping name	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S.	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S.	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S.
	(xylene, pyrithione zinc)	(xylene, pyrithione zinc)	(xylene, pyrithione zinc)
C. Transport hazard class(es)	3 (6.1)	3 (6.1)	3 (6.1)
D. Packing group		II	I
Environmental hazards	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.
E. Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	(pyrithione zinc)	Not applicable.

Additional information

UN	: None identified.
IMDG	: The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of \leq 5 L or \leq 5 kg.
ΙΑΤΑ	: The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.

F. Special precaution which a user to be aware of or needs to comply with in connection with transport or transportation

Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

Section 15. Regulatory information

Α.	Regulation according to I	<u>SHA</u>	
	ISHA article 117 (Harmful substances prohibited from manufacture)	: None of the components are listed.	
	ISHA article 118 (Harmful substances requiring permission)	: None of the components are listed.	
	Article 2 of Youth Protection Act on Substances Hazardous to Youth	: It is not allowed to sell to persons under the age of 19	•

Exposure Limits of Chemical Substances and Physical Factors

The following components have an OEL:

Section 15. Regulatory information

	U		,		
	Xylene ethylbenzene 1-methoxy-2-propanol Kaolin diiron trioxide carbon black ethanol methyl alcohol				
	ISHA Enforcement Regs Annex 19 (Exposure standards established for harmful factors)	:	The following components are listed: methanol		
	ISHA Enforcement Regs Annex 21 (Harmful factors subject to Work Environment Measurement)	:	The following components are listed: xylene, ethyl benzene, silicates, iron oxide		
		:	The following components are listed: Xylene, Ethyl benzene, Iron oxide (dust, fume)		
	Standard of Industrial Safety and Health Annex 12 (Hazardous substances subject to control)	:	The following components are listed: xylene, ethyl benzene, zinc and its compounds, iron and its compounds		
В.	Regulation according to Chemicals Control Act				
	Article 11 (TRI)	:	The following components are listed: Barium and its compounds, Xylene including o- ,m-,p- isomer, Ethylbenzene, Zinc and its compounds		
	Article 18 Prohibited (K- Reach Article 27)	:	None of the components are listed.		
	Article 19 Subject to authorization (K-Reach Article 25)	:	None of the components are listed.		
	Article 20 Restricted (K- Reach Article 27)	:	None of the components are listed.		
	Article 20 Toxic Chemicals (K-Reach Article 20)	:	Toxic		
	Korea inventory	1	All components are listed or exempted.		
	Article 39 (Accident Precaution Chemicals)	:	The following components are listed: zinc pyrithione		
C.	Dangerous Materials Safety Management Act	:	Class: Class 4 - Flammable Liquid Item: 4. Class 2 petroleums - Water-insoluble liquid Threshold: 1000 L Danger category: III Signal word: Contact with sources of ignition prohibited		

Product code 00328757

Date of issue 8/13/2024 (month/day/year)

Product name SIGMA NEXEON 750 BROWN

D. <u>V</u>	Vastes regulation	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
E. <u>F</u>	Regulation according to	other foreign laws
e r	Safety, health and Invironmental egulations specific for he product	: No known specific national and/or regional regulations applicable to this product (including its ingredients).

Α.	References	: Korean Ministry of Environment; Chemical Control Act Korean Ministry of Labor; Industrial Safety and Health Act NIER Notice Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances (RTECS) U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, AQUIRE (Aquatic toxicity Information Retrieval) ECOTOX Database System.	I
В.	First issue date	: 2/13/2019	
C.	Date of issue/Date of revision	: 8/13/2024	
D.	Version	: 26.02	
	Prepared by	: EHS	
Ε.	Other		

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Disclaimer

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.