# SAFETY DATA SHEET



The information in this Safety Data Sheet is required pursuant to GHS UN rev. 7

Date of issue/Date of revision 13 August 2024 Version 2.01

# Section 1. Identification

Product code	: 00392463
Product name	: SIGMADUR 550 BASE BASE Z(D)
Product type	: Liquid.
Other means of identification Not available.	1
Relevant identified uses of th	he substance or mixture and uses advised against
Product use	Coating. Professional applications, Used by spraying.
Uses advised against	: Product is not intended, labelled or packaged for consumer use.
Supplier's information	: PPG Asian Paints Private Limited 6A Shanti Nagar Santa Cruz (East) Mumbai - 400055 India
Emergency telephone number:	: +91 22 6815 8700

# Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture	: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 5 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1
	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
	SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3
	Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute dermal toxicity: 25.5%
	Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute inhalation toxicity: 25.5%
	Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown hazards to the aquatic environment: 24.5%
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Warning

## Section 2. Hazards identification

Hazard statements	1	Flammable liquid and vapour.
		May be harmful in contact with skin.
		Causes skin irritation.
		May cause an allergic skin reaction.
		Causes serious eye irritation.
		Harmful if inhaled.
		May cause respiratory irritation.
		Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements		
Prevention	:	Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment. Avoid breathing vapour. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
Response	:	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. IF ON SKIN: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.
Storage	1	Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
Disposal	:	Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Other hazards which do not	:	Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

result in classification

# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

<b>CAS number/other identifiers</b>		
CAS number	:	Not applicable.
Ingredient name		
wlene		

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
xylene	25 - <50	1330-20-7
n-butyl acetate	5 - <10	123-86-4
ethylbenzene	5 - <10	100-41-4
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	5 - <10	14807-96-6
Octadecanamide, N,N'-1,6-hexanediylbis[12-hydroxy-	1 - <3	55349-01-4
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	0.3 - <1	41556-26-7

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

## Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necess	ary first aid measures
Eye contact	<ul> <li>Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.</li> </ul>
Inhalation	: Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	<ul> <li>Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.</li> </ul>
Ingestion	<ul> <li>If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.</li> </ul>

Most important symptoms/e	ffects, acute and delayed
Potential acute health effect	its
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	: Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	: May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<u>Over-exposure signs/symp</u>	<u>toms</u>
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking
Ingestion	: No specific data.
	lical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing

thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

# Section 5. Firefighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.

# Section 5. Firefighting measures

Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

# Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protect	ive equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.
Methods and material for cont	tainment and cleaning up
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spill product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Product code 00392463 Product name SIGMADUR 550 BASE BASE Z(D)

# Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling		
Protective measures	:	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	:	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

## Control parameters

## **Occupational exposure limits**

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
<b>x</b> ylene	ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023). [p-
	xylene and mixtures containing p-xylene]
	Ototoxicant.
	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
n-butyl acetate	ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023). [Butyl
-	acetates]
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
ethylbenzene	ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023).
,	Ototoxicant.
	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023).
····· , ···· · · ········· · · · · · ·	TWA: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable

# Recommended monitoring procedures

: Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Appropriate engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection measu	<u>res</u>
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Gloves	: butyl rubber
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	<ul> <li>Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.</li> </ul>
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

# **Section 9. Physical and chemical properties**

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

# AppearancePhysical state<br/>Colour: Liquid.<br/>: VariousOdour: VariousOdour threshold: Characteristic.Melting point/freezing point: Not available.

		( )								
Section 9. Physica		and chemica	l prop	erties	S					
Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range	1	>37.78°C (>100°F)								
Flammability	:	Not available.	ot available.							
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	:	lot available.								
Flash point	:	Closed cup: 25°C (7	Closed cup: 25°C (77°F)							
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Ingredient name		°C	•	°F		Metho	d	
		n-butyl acetate		415	7	79		EU A.15		
Decomposition temperature		Not available.								]
рН	-	Not applicable.								
Viscosity		Kinematic (40°C): >2		: >400 m	ım²/s					
		Media	Re	sult						
Solubility(ies)	÷	cold water	No	t soluble						
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not applicable.								]
Vapour pressure	:		Vapou	r Pressu	ure at 20	at 20°C V		apour pressure at 50°C		
		Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Metho	d	mm Hg	kPa	Method	I
		n-butyl acetate	11.25096	1.5	DIN EN 13016-2					
Relative density	÷	1.16			4		•			
Relative vapour density	:	Not available.								
Particle characteristics										
Median particle size	:	Not applicable.								
Evaporation rate	:	Not available.								
Section 10. Stabili	ty	and reactivi	ty							
Reactivity	:	No specific test data	related to	reactivit	y availal	ble for	this pr	oduct o	r its ingredier	ıts.
Chemical stability	:	The product is stable	The product is stable.							
Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	Under normal condit	tions of sto	orage and	d use, h	azardo	ous rea	ictions v	vill not occur.	
Conditions to avoid	:	When exposed to hi products.	When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.							
Incompatible materials	:	Keep away from the oxidising agents, str				ent st	rong e>	kotherm	ic reactions:	

Hazardous decomposition products	: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides metal oxide/oxides	
Hazardous polymerisation	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerisation will no occur.	ot

# Section 11. Toxicological information

## Information on toxicological effects

## Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
xylene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.7 g/kg	-
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-
n-butyl acetate	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	>21.1 mg/l	4 hours
-	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	2000 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>17600 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10.768 g/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
2	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.5 g/kg	-
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl- 4-piperidyl) sebacate	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.125 g/kg	-

**Conclusion/Summary** 

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

## Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
xylene	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
Conclusion/Summary					
Skin	: There are no data avai	lable on the mi	xture itself.		
Eyes	: There are no data avai	lable on the mi	xture itself.		
Respiratory <u>Sensitisation</u>	: There are no data avai	lable on the mi	xture itself.		
Conclusion/Summary					
Skin	: There are no data avai	lable on the mi	xture itself.		
Respiratory	: There are no data avai	lable on the mi	xture itself.		
<u>Mutagenicity</u> Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data avai	lable on the mi	xture itself.		
<u>Carcinogenicity</u> Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data avai	lable on the mi	xture itself.		
Reproductive toxicity Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data avai	lable on the mi	xture itself.		
<u>Teratogenicity</u> Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data avai	lable on the mi	xture itself.		

## Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
n-butyl acetate Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	Category 3 Category 3	-	Narcotic effects Respiratory tract
, , ,	- 3 9 -		irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

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# Section 11. Toxicological information

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
ethylbenzene	Category 2	-	hearing organs

## Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

		India Page: 9/12
Carcinogenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
General	:	Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/ or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Not available.		
Potential chronic health eff	ect	t <u>s</u>
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
Long term exposure		
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.
<u>Short term exposure</u> Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
Delayed and immediate effect	<u>cts</u>	as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure
Ingestion	:	dryness cracking No specific data.
Skin contact	:	coughing Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Inhalation	:	watering redness Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation
Symptoms related to the phy Eye contact		cal, chemical and toxicological characteristics Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation
ingestion		No known signmeant checks of childer nazards.
Ingestion		May cause an allergic skin reaction. No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact		May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin.
Eye contact Inhalation		Causes serious eye irritation. Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation.
Potential acute health effects		
Information on likely routes of exposure		Not available.
Information on likely routes	۰.	Not available

Product name SIGMADUR 550 BASE BASE Z(D)

## Section 11. Toxicological information

- **Mutagenicity**
- **Reproductive toxicity**

No known significant effects or critical hazards.No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Numerical measures of toxicity

## Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Øral	9080.07 mg/kg
Dermal	4076.2 mg/kg
Inhalation (vapours)	23.76 mg/l
Inhalation (dusts and mists)	3.05 mg/l

#### Other information

Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapour/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing.

## Section 12. Ecological information

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#### **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
n-butyl acetate ethylbenzene	Acute LC50 18 mg/l Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water	Fish Daphnia	96 hours 48 hours
	Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Ceriodaphnia dubia	-

#### Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose		Inoculum
n-butyl acetate	TEPA and OECD 301D	83 % - Readily - 28 days		-		-
ethylbenzene	-	79 % - Rea	79 % - Readily - 10 days			-
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life		Photolysis		Biodegradability	
xylene n-butyl acetate ethylbenzene			- -		Readily Readily Readily	/

## **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
xylene	3.12	7.4 to 18.5	Low
n-butyl acetate	2.3	-	Low
ethylbenzene	3.6	79.43	Low

#### Mobility in soil

# Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

#### Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

# Section 12. Ecological information

# Section 13. Disposal considerations

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Disposal methods
                                : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible.
                                  Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply
                                  with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and
                                  any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable
                                  products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of
                                  untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities
                                  with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill
                                  should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its
                                  container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling
                                  emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or
                                  liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create
                                  a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld
                                  or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid
                                  dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and
                                  sewers.
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## Section 14. Transport information

	UN	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
Packing group	III	III	III
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.

#### **Additional information**

UN : This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 450 L according to 2.3.2.5.1.
 IMDG : This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 450 L according to 2.3.2.5.

IATA : None identified.

**Special precautions for user** :**Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

# Section 15. Regulatory information

International regulations

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

## Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants Not listed.

# Section 16. Other information

<u>History</u>	
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 13 August 2024
Date of previous issue	: 8/12/2024
Version	: 2.01
Prepared by	: EHS
key to abbreviations	<ul> <li>ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations</li> </ul>

## Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3	On basis of test data
ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 5	Calculation method
ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4	Calculation method
SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2	Calculation method
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A	Calculation method
SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1	Calculation method
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE (Respiratory tract	Calculation method
irritation) - Category 3 SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3	Calculation method Calculation method

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

## Notice to reader

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by us, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.