# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**



Date of issue/Date of revision19 August 2024Version 9.02

# Section 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

| Product code                     | : 00192495                |
|----------------------------------|---------------------------|
| Product name                     | : SIGMADUR CLEARCOAT BASE |
| Other means of<br>identification | : Not available.          |
| Product type                     | : Liquid.                 |

| Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against |  |  |  |
|---|--|--|--|
| Product use   | Coating.<br>Professional applications, Used by spraying.   |  |  |
| Uses advised against  | : Product is not intended, labelled or packaged for consumer use.  |  |  |
| Supplier's details  | : PPG Coatings (Thailand) Co., Ltd.<br>15 Rama 9 Road, Kwaeng Huamark,<br>Khet Bangkapi, Bangkok 10240 Thailand<br>T: 662-319-4190 #224<br>F: 662-319-4189 |  |  |
| Emergency telephone<br>number (with hours of<br>operation)                    | : CHEMTREC 001-800-13-203-9987 (CCN 17704)   |  |  |

### Section 2. Hazards identification

| Classification of the<br>substance or mixture | <ul> <li>FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3         ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4         SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2         SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A         SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3         AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 3         AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3         Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute inhalation toxicity: 10.7%     </li> </ul> |
|---|---|
|---|---|

#### **GHS label elements**

### Section 2. Hazards identification

| Hazard pictograms                                   |  |
|---|--|
|   |  |
| Signal word   | : Warning  |
| Hazard statements                                   | <ul> <li>Flammable liquid and vapor.<br/>Causes skin irritation.<br/>Causes serious eye irritation.<br/>Harmful if inhaled.<br/>May cause respiratory irritation.<br/>Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.</li> </ul>  |
| Precautionary statements                            |  |
| Prevention  | : Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take action to prevent static discharges. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment. Avoid breathing vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling.   |
| Response  | : IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call<br>a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off<br>immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. Take off<br>contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of<br>water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse<br>cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and<br>easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or<br>attention. |
| Storage   | : Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool.   |
| Disposal  | : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.  |
| Other hazards which do not result in classification | : Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.   |
| Section 3. Compo                                    | sition/information on ingredients  |
| Substance/mixture                                   | : Mixture  |

| CAS number/other identifier | <u>'S</u> |                 |
|-----------------------------|-----------|-----------------|
| CAS number                  | :         | Not applicable. |

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### Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

| Ingredient name   | %         | CAS number  |
|---|-----------|-------------|
| xylene  | 25- <50   | 1330-20-7   |
| Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic                               | 5- <10    | 64742-95-6  |
| 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate   | 3 - <5    | 108-65-6    |
| ethylbenzene  | 3 - <5    | 100-41-4    |
| 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene  | 3 - <5    | 95-63-6     |
| 3-ethyltoluene  | 3 - <5    | 620-14-4    |
| Phenol, 2-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-6-dodecyl-4-methyl-, branched and linear | 1- <3     | 125304-04-3 |
| bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate                           | 0.3 - <1  | 41556-26-7  |
| methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate                         | 0.1- <0.3 | 82919-37-7  |
| toluene   | 0.1- <0.3 | 108-88-3    |

There are no ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

### Section 4. First aid measures

#### Description of necessary first aid measures

| Eye contact  | <ul> <li>Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the<br/>eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.</li> </ul>                  |
|--------------|--|
| Inhalation   | : Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. |
| Skin contact | : Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.   |
| Ingestion    | : If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label.<br>Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.   |

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

## Potential acute health effectsEye contact: Causes serious eye irritation

| Lyc contact                |  |
|----------------------------|--|
| Inhalation                 | : Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation.                                    |
| Skin contact               | : Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin.   |
| Ingestion                  | : No known significant effects or critical hazards.  |
| Over-exposure signs/sympto | <u>ms</u>  |
| Eye contact                | : Adverse symptoms may include the following:<br>pain or irritation<br>watering<br>redness |

### Section 4. First aid measures

| Inhalation       : Adverse symptoms may include the following:<br>respiratory tract irritation<br>coughing         Skin contact       : Adverse symptoms may include the following:<br>irritation<br>redness<br>dryness<br>cracking         Ingestion       : Adverse symptoms may include the following:<br>irritation<br>redness<br>dryness<br>cracking         Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary         Notes to physician       : Freat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large<br>quantities have been ingested or inhaled.         Specific treatments       : No specific treatment.         Protection of first-aiders       : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training<br>is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropria<br>mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person<br>providing aid to rive mouth-to-mouth resuscitation |                                 |   |                 |
|--|---------------------------------|---|-----------------|
| Ingestion: rritation<br>redness<br>dryness<br>crackingIngestion: No specific data.Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessaryNotes to physician: Freat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large<br>quantities have been ingested or inhaled.Specific treatments: No specific treatment.Protection of first-aiders: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training<br>is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropria<br>mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the personal   | Inhalation                      | piratory tract irritation   |                 |
| Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary         Notes to physician       If reat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.         Specific treatments       : No specific treatment.         Protection of first-aiders       : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriation mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the personal risk or without suitable training is contained breathing apparatus.  | Skin contact                    | ation<br>Iness<br>ness  |                 |
| Notes to physician       : Freat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.         Specific treatments       : No specific treatment.         Protection of first-aiders       : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriation mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the personal contained breathing apparatus.  | Ingestion                       | specific data.  |                 |
| <ul> <li>quantities have been ingested or inhaled.</li> <li>Specific treatments</li> <li>Protection of first-aiders</li> <li>No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropria mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the personal contained breathing apparatus.</li> </ul>   | Indication of immediate mediate | ention and special treatment needed, if necessary                 |                 |
| Protection of first-aiders : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the personal risk or without suitable training mask or self-contained breathing apparatus.   | Notes to physician              |   | iately if large |
| is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropria<br>mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the perso  | Specific treatments             | specific treatment.   |                 |
|  | Protection of first-aiders      | suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear a | an appropriate  |

See toxicological information (Section 11)

### Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

| Extinguishing media                            |   |
|--|---|
| Suitable extinguishing media                   | : Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.  |
| Unsuitable extinguishing media                 | : Do not use water jet.   |
| Specific hazards arising from the chemical     | : Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.<br>In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with<br>the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long<br>lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and<br>prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain. |
| Hazardous thermal decomposition products       | : Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides   |
| Special protective actions for fire-fighters   | : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.  |
| Special protective equipment for fire-fighters | : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.   |

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

| For non-emergency<br>personnel                        | : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.<br>Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from<br>entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources.<br>No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist.<br>Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is<br>inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.   |  |  |
|---|---|--|--|
| For emergency responders                              | <ul> <li>If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any<br/>information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the<br/>information in "For non-emergency personnel".</li> </ul>   |  |  |
| Environmental precautions                             | <ul> <li>Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways,<br/>drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused<br/>environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material.<br/>May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.</li> </ul>  |  |  |
| Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up |   |  |  |
| Small spill   | : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.  |  |  |
| Large spill   | : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for |  |  |

### Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling
 Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

### Section 7. Handling and storage

| Conditions for safe storage, | : Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in            |
|------------------------------|---|
| including any                | accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store       |
| incompatibilities            | in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated |
|                              | area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store       |
|                              | locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep      |
|                              | container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been      |
|                              | opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not           |
|                              | store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental       |
|                              | contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.        |

### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

| Ingredient name                     |  |   | Exposure limits   |  |
|-------------------------------------|--|---|---|--|
| <b>x</b> ylene                      | Ministry of Labor (Thailand, 8/2017).<br>[xylene (o-, m-, p- isomers)] |   |   |  |
| ethylbenzene                        |  |   | Ministry of Labor (Thailand, 8/2017).<br>TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.  |  |
| 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene              |  |   | ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023).<br>TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.  |  |
| toluene                             |  |   | Ministry of Labor (Thailand, 8/2017).<br>CEIL: 300 ppm<br>STEL: 500 ppm 10 minutes.<br>TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.                            |  |
| Recommended monitoring procedures   | :  |   | riate monitoring standards. Reference to hods for the determination of hazardous  |  |
| Appropriate engineering<br>controls | :  | contaminants below any recommende   | ols to keep worker exposure to airborne<br>ed or statutory limits. The engineering controls<br>concentrations below any lower explosive |  |
| Environmental exposure<br>controls  | :  | Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure<br>they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some<br>cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process<br>equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.   |   |  |
| ndividual protection measur         | <u>'es</u>   |   |   |  |
| Hygiene measures                    | :  | Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before<br>eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period.<br>Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing.<br>Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and<br>safety showers are close to the workstation location. |   |  |
| Eye protection                      | :  | Chemical splash goggles.  |   |  |
| Skin protection                     |  |   |   |  |

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### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

| Hand protection        | : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should<br>be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates<br>this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer,<br>check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It<br>should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be<br>different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of<br>several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately<br>estimated. |
|------------------------|---|
| Gloves                 | : For prolonged or repeated handling, use the following type of gloves:   |
|                        | May be used: Chloroprene, nitrile rubber<br>Recommended: butyl rubber, polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), Viton®  |
| Body protection        | : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task<br>being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist<br>before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity,<br>wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static<br>discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.   |
| Other skin protection  | <ul> <li>Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be<br/>selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be<br/>approved by a specialist before handling this product.</li> </ul>   |
| Respiratory protection | : Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.  |

### Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

| Appearance                                   |  |  |
|--|--|--|
| Physical state                               | : Liquid.  |  |
| Color  | : Colorless.   |  |
| Odor   | : Aromatic.  |  |
| Odor threshold                               | : Not available.   |  |
| рН   | : insoluble in water.  |  |
| Melting point                                | : May start to solidify at the following temperature: -43.77°C (-46.8°F) This is based<br>on data for the following ingredient: 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene. Weighted average:<br>-83.29°C (-117.9°F) |  |
| Boiling point                                | : >37.78°C (>100°F)  |  |
| Flash point                                  | : Closed cup: 29°C (84.2°F)  |  |
| Evaporation rate                             | : Highest known value: 0.84 (ethylbenzene) Weighted average: 0.78compared with butyl acetate   |  |
| Flammability (solid, gas)                    | : liquid   |  |
| Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits | : Greatest known range: Lower: 1.4% Upper: 7.6% (Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic)  |  |
| Vapor pressure                               | : Highest known value: 1.2 kPa (9.3 mm Hg) (at 20°C) (ethylbenzene). Weighted average: 0.71 kPa (5.33 mm Hg) (at 20°C)   |  |
|  |  |  |

### Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

| Vapor density                              | : | Highest known value: 4.6<br>average: 3.88 (Air = 1)  | (Air = 1) (2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate). Weighted |  |
|--|---|--|---|--|
| Relative density                           | : | 0.96   |   |  |
| Solubility(ies)                            |   | Media  | Result  |  |
| Solubility(les)                            | Ċ | cold water   | Not soluble   |  |
| Partition coefficient: n-<br>octanol/water | : | Not applicable.  |   |  |
| Auto-ignition temperature                  | : | Lowest known value: 280 to 470°C (536 to 878°F) (Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic).           |   |  |
| Decomposition temperature<br>Viscosity     |   | Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).<br>Kinematic (40°C): >21 mm²/s |   |  |

### Section 10. Stability and reactivity

| Reactivity                         | : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.                                     |
|------------------------------------|--|
| Chemical stability                 | : The product is stable.   |
| Possibility of hazardous reactions | : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.  |
| Conditions to avoid                | : When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.  |
| Incompatible materials             | : Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids. |
| Hazardous decomposition products   | <ul> <li>Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following<br/>materials: carbon oxides</li> </ul>       |

### Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

| Product/ingredient name                     | Result                | Species | Dose       | Exposure |
|---|-----------------------|---------|------------|----------|
| xylene                                      | LD50 Dermal           | Rabbit  | 1.7 g/kg   | -        |
|   | LD50 Oral             | Rat     | 4.3 g/kg   | -        |
| Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic | LD50 Dermal           | Rabbit  | 3.48 g/kg  | -        |
|   | LD50 Oral             | Rat     | 8400 mg/kg | -        |
| 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate             | LC50 Inhalation Vapor | Rat     | 30 mg/l    | 4 hours  |
|   | LD50 Dermal           | Rabbit  | >5 g/kg    | -        |
|   | LD50 Oral             | Rat     | 6190 mg/kg | -        |
| ethylbenzene                                | LC50 Inhalation Vapor | Rat     | 17.8 mg/l  | 4 hours  |
| -   | LD50 Dermal           | Rabbit  | 17.8 g/kg  | -        |
|   | LD50 Oral             | Rat     | 3.5 g/kg   | -        |
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| 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene                                | LC50 Inhalation Vapor | Rat    | 18000 mg/m <sup>3</sup> | 4 hours |
|---|-----------------------|--------|-------------------------|---------|
|   | LD50 Oral             | Rat    | 5 g/kg                  | -       |
| bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate       | LD50 Oral             | Rat    | 3.125 g/kg              | -       |
| methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-<br>4-piperidyl sebacate | LD50 Oral             | Rat    | 3.125 g/kg              | -       |
| toluene   | LC50 Inhalation Vapor | Rat    | 49 g/m³                 | 4 hours |
|   | LD50 Dermal           | Rabbit | 8.39 g/kg               | -       |
|   | LD50 Oral             | Rat    | 5580 mg/kg              | -       |

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### Irritation/Corrosion

| Product/ingredient name       | Result                      | Species        | Score   | Exposure           | Observation |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------|---------|--------------------|-------------|
| xylene                        | Skin - Moderate irritant    | Rabbit         | -       | 24 hours 500<br>mg | -           |
| Conclusion/Summary            |                             |                |         |                    |             |
| Skin :                        | There are no data available | on the mixture | itself. |                    |             |
| Eyes :                        | There are no data available | on the mixture | itself. |                    |             |
| Respiratory :                 | There are no data available | on the mixture | itself. |                    |             |
| Sensitization                 |                             |                |         |                    |             |
| Conclusion/Summary            |                             |                |         |                    |             |
| Skin :                        | There are no data available | on the mixture | itself. |                    |             |
| Respiratory :                 | There are no data available | on the mixture | itself. |                    |             |
| <u>Mutagenicity</u>           |                             |                |         |                    |             |
| Conclusion/Summary :          | There are no data available | on the mixture | itself. |                    |             |
| <b>Carcinogenicity</b>        |                             |                |         |                    |             |
| Conclusion/Summary :          | There are no data available | on the mixture | itself. |                    |             |
| Reproductive toxicity         |                             |                |         |                    |             |
| Conclusion/Summary :          | There are no data available | on the mixture | itself. |                    |             |
| Teratogenicity                |                             |                |         |                    |             |
| Conclusion/Summary :          | There are no data available | on the mixture | itself. |                    |             |
| Specific target organ toxicit | <u>y (single exposure)</u>  |                |         |                    |             |
|                               |                             |                |         |                    |             |

| Name  | Category   | Route of exposure | Target organs  |
|---|--|-------------------|--|
| xylene<br>Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic<br>2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate<br>1,2,4-trimethylbenzene<br>toluene | Category 3<br>Category 3<br>Category 3<br>Category 3<br>Category 3 | -<br>-<br>-<br>-  | Respiratory tract irritation<br>Narcotic effects<br>Narcotic effects<br>Respiratory tract irritation<br>Narcotic effects |

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Section 11. Toxicological information

| Name | • •                      | Route of<br>exposure | Target organs       |
|------|--------------------------|----------------------|---------------------|
|      | Category 2<br>Category 2 | -                    | hearing organs<br>- |

#### **Aspiration hazard**

| Name  | Result                         |
|---|--------------------------------|
| xylene                                      | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| ethylbenzene                                | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| 3-ethyltoluene                              | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| toluene                                     | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |

| Information on the likely | : Not available. |
|---------------------------|------------------|
| routes of exposure        |                  |

#### Potential acute health effects

| Eye contact  | : Causes serious eye irritation.                        |
|--------------|---|
| Inhalation   | : Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. |
| Skin contact | : Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin.        |
| Ingestion    | : No known significant effects or critical hazards.     |

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

| Eye contact  | : Adverse symptoms may include the following:<br>pain or irritation<br>watering<br>redness    |
|--------------|---|
| Inhalation   | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing           |
| Skin contact | : Adverse symptoms may include the following:<br>irritation<br>redness<br>dryness<br>cracking |
| Ingestion    | : No specific data.   |

#### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

| <u>Short term exposure</u>                      |                  |
|---|------------------|
| Potential immediate effects                     | : Not available. |
| Potential delayed effects<br>Long term exposure | : Not available. |

### Section 11. Toxicological information

| Potential immediate effects  | : Not available.   |
|------------------------------|--|
| Potential delayed effects    | : Not available.   |
| Potential chronic health eff | <u>fects</u>   |
| General                      | : Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/<br>or dermatitis. |
| Carcinogenicity              | : No known significant effects or critical hazards.  |
| Mutagenicity                 | : No known significant effects or critical hazards.  |
| Reproductive toxicity        | : No known significant effects or critical hazards.  |

#### Numerical measures of toxicity

#### Acute toxicity estimates

| Route                        | ATE value      |
|------------------------------|----------------|
| Oral                         | 12017.62 mg/kg |
| Dermal                       | 5802.04 mg/kg  |
| Inhalation (vapors)          | 30.83 mg/l     |
| Inhalation (dusts and mists) | 3.79 mg/l      |

#### Other information

Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing.

### Section 12. Ecological information

#### **Toxicity**

| Product/ingredient name      | Result                          | Species                      | Exposure   |
|------------------------------|---------------------------------|------------------------------|------------|
| Trouterningreatent name      | Kesut                           | opecies                      | Lyposure   |
| Solvent naphtha (petroleum), | Acute LC50 8.2 mg/l             | Fish                         | 96 hours   |
| light aromatic               | 5                               |                              |            |
| 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl      | Acute LC50 134 mg/l Fresh water | Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss   | 96 hours   |
| acetate                      | ,                               |                              |            |
| ethylbenzene                 | Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water | Daphnia                      | 48 hours   |
|                              |                                 |                              | 10 110 010 |
|                              | Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - Ceriodaphnia dubia | -          |

**Conclusion/Summary** 

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### Persistence/degradability

| Product/ingredient name         | Test | Result                   | Dose | Inoculum |
|---------------------------------|------|--------------------------|------|----------|
| 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate | -    | 83 % - Readily - 28 days | -    | -        |
| ethylbenzene                    | -    | 79 % - Readily - 10 days | -    | -        |

**Conclusion/Summary** 

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

### Section 12. Ecological information

| Product/ingredient name                      | Aquatic half-life | Photolysis | Biodegradability   |
|--|-------------------|------------|--------------------|
| xylene<br>2-methoxy-1-methylethyl<br>acetate | -                 | -          | Readily<br>Readily |
| ethylbenzene<br>toluene                      | -                 | -          | Readily<br>Readily |

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

| Product/ingredient name         | LogPow | BCF         | Potential |
|---------------------------------|--------|-------------|-----------|
| xylene                          | 3.12   | 7.4 to 18.5 | Low       |
| 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate | 1.2    | -           | Low       |
| ethylbenzene                    | 3.6    | 79.43       | Low       |
| 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene          | 3.63   | 120.23      | Low       |
| 3-ethyltoluene                  | 3.98   | -           | Low       |
| toluene                         | 2.73   | 8.32        | Low       |

#### Mobility in soil

| Soil/water partition<br>coefficient (Koc) | : Not available.                                    |
|---|---|
| Other adverse effects                     | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

### Section 14. Transport information

### Section 14. Transport information

|                                | •               |                 |                 |
|--------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
|                                | UN              | IMDG            | ΙΑΤΑ            |
| UN number                      | UN1263          | UN1263          | UN1263          |
| UN proper<br>shipping name     | PAINT           | PAINT           | PAINT           |
| Transport hazard<br>class(es)  | 3               | 3               | 3               |
| Packing group                  | III             |                 | =               |
| Environmental hazards          | No.             | No.             | No.             |
| Marine pollutant<br>substances | Not applicable. | Not applicable. | Not applicable. |

#### **Additional information**

| UN   | : None identified. |
|------|--------------------|
| IMDG | : None identified. |
| ΙΑΤΑ | : None identified. |

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

### Section 15. Regulatory information

| Ha | rmf | iul C | hemi | cals | List |  |
|----|-----|-------|------|------|------|--|
| _  |     |       |      |      |      |  |

: Listed

Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product

: No known specific national and/or regional regulations applicable to this product (including its ingredients).

#### **International regulations**

**Montreal Protocol** 

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants Not listed.

### Section 16. Other information

| <u>History</u>                 |   |
|--------------------------------|---|
| Date of issue/Date of revision | : 19 August 2024  |
| Date of previous issue         | : 4/4/2024  |
| Version                        | : 9.02  |
| Prepared by                    | : EHS   |
| Key to abbreviations           | <ul> <li>ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous<br/>Goods by Inland Waterway</li> <li>ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of<br/>Dangerous Goods by Road</li> <li>ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate</li> <li>BCF = Bioconcentration Factor</li> <li>GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals</li> <li>IATA = International Air Transport Association</li> <li>IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods</li> <li>LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient</li> <li>MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships,<br/>1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)</li> <li>RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods<br/>by Rail</li> <li>UN = United Nations</li> </ul> |

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### Notice to reader

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.