# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**



Date of issue/Date of revision20 August 2024Version 6

Section 1. Identification			
Product code	: 00333380		
Product name	: SIGMARINE 28 US GREY 5000		
Product type	: Liquid.		
Relevant identified uses of	Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against		
Product use	Coating. Industrial applications, Used by spraying.		
Supplier's details	: PPG Industries (Singapore) Pte. Ltd., No. 1 Tuas Basin Close, Singapore 638803. Tel +65 68653737		
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	: CHEMTREC +(65)-31581349 (CCN 17704)		

## Section 2. Hazards identification

<b>Classification of the</b>	: 🖬 AMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
substance or mixture	ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4
	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
	SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1
	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1B
	TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 1B
	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract
	irritation) - Category 3

GHS label elements, including precautionary statements

:			
	<b>•</b>	•	•

Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	<ul> <li>Mammable liquid and vapor. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye irritation. Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause cancer.</li> </ul>

Hazard pictograms

### Section 2. Hazards identification

	May damage fertility or the unborn child.
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Avoid breathing vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling.
Response	: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.
Storage	: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
Disposal	: Not applicable.
Other hazards which do not result in classification	: Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture

#### **CAS number/other identifiers**

EC number	: Mixture.
CAS number	: Not applicable.

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
<b>x</b> ylene	20 - <25	1330-20-7
Hydrocarbons, C9-unsatd., polymd.	5 - <10	71302-83-5
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	5 - <10	14807-96-6
ethylbenzene	3 - <5	100-41-4
2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt	1 - <3	22464-99-9
2-butanone oxime	0.1 - <0.3	96-29-7
toluene	0.1 - <0.3	108-88-3

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

## Section 4. First aid measures

<b>Description of</b>	<sup>i</sup> necessary	first aid	measures	

Eye contact	<ul> <li>Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.</li> </ul>
Inhalation	<ul> <li>Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.</li> </ul>
Skin contact	: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion	<ul> <li>If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label.</li> <li>Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.</li> </ul>

Most important symptom	s/effects, acute and delayed
Potential acute health ef	<u>fects</u>
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	: Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reactior
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Over-exposure signs/sy	<u>mptoms</u>
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
ndication of immediate n	nedical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.

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### Section 4. First aid measures

Protection of first-aiders
 No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	<ul> <li>Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.</li> </ul>

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	to action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel fro entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sou to flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is nadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.	
For emergency responders	f specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any nformation in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the nformation in "For non-emergency personnel".	
Environmental precautions	avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, lrains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).	

#### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Product name SIGMARINE 28 US GREY 5000

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	
Protective measures :	Fut on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
	Materials such as cleaning rags, paper wipes and protective clothing, which are contaminated with the product may spontaneously self-ignite some hours later. To avoid the risks of fires, all contaminated materials should be stored in purpose-built containers or in metal containers with tight-fitting, self-closing lids. Contaminated materials should be removed from the workplace at the end of each working day and be stored outside.
Advice on general : occupational hygiene	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

### Section 7. Handling and storage

Conditions for safe storage,	: Do not store above the following temperature: 50°C (122°F). Store in accordance
including any	with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original
incompatibilities	container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away
	from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up.
	Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container
	tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened
	must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in
	unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental
	contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
xylene	Workplace Safety and Health Act (Singapore, 2/2006). [Xylene] PEL (short term): 651 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. PEL (short term): 150 ppm 15 minutes. PEL (long term): 434 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. PEL (long term): 100 ppm 8 hours.
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	Workplace Safety and Health Act (Singapore, 2/2006). PEL (long term): 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
ethylbenzene	Workplace Safety and Health Act (Singapore, 2/2006). PEL (short term): 543 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. PEL (short term): 125 ppm 15 minutes. PEL (long term): 434 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. PEL (long term): 100 ppm 8 hours.
2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt	Workplace Safety and Health Act (Singapore, 2/2006). [Zirconium and compounds] PEL (short term): 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (Zr) 15 minutes. PEL (long term): 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (Zr) 8 hours.
toluene	Workplace Safety and Health Act (Singapore, 2/2006). PEL (long term): 188 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. PEL (long term): 50 ppm 8 hours.
	made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to cuments for methods for the determination of hazardous be required.
	te ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust

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## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

The design of the base of the	
Environmental exposure controls	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection measures	
Hygiene measures	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	Chemical splash goggles.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Gloves	butyl rubber
Body protection	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance	
Physical state	: Liquid.
Odor	: Characteristic.
рН	insoluble in water.
Boiling point	: >37.78°C (>100°F)
Flash point	: Closed cup: 27.22°C (81°F)
Evaporation rate	: 0.61 (butyl acetate = 1)

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Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Flammability (solid, gas)	1	liquid	
Vapor pressure	:	0.8 kPa (6.2 mm Hg) (at 20°C)	
Vapor density	:	Highest known value: 3.7 (Air = 1) (xylene). Weighted average: 3.7 (Air = 1)	
Relative density	1	1.48	
Solubility(ies)		Media Result	
	•	Cold water Not soluble	
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Lowest known value: >375°C (>707°F) (Hydrocarbons, C9-unsatd., polymd.).	
Viscosity		Kinematic (room temperature): >400 mm²/s (>400 cSt) Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >21 mm²/s (>21 cSt)	

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.
Incompatible materials	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides metal oxide/oxides

## Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
xylene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.7 g/kg	-
. ,	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-
Hydrocarbons, C9-unsatd., polymd.	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.5 g/kg	-
2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5 g/kg	-
2-butanone oxime	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1100 mg/kg	-

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Section 11. Tox	cic	ological informat	ion					
toluene		LD50 Oral LC50 Inhalation Vapor LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral		Rat Rat Rabbit Rat		49 g 8.39	mg/kg /m³ g/kg ) mg/kg	- 4 hours - -
Conclusion/Summary Irritation/Corrosion	:	There are no data available	on the	mixture it	tself.			
Product/ingredient nan	ne	Result	Spec	ies	Score		Exposure	Observation
<b>x</b> ylene		Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabb	it	-		24 hours 500 mg	-
Conclusion/Summary								
Skin	1	There are no data available	on the	mixture it	tself.			
Eyes	1	There are no data available						
Respiratory	1	There are no data available	here are no data available on the mixture itself.					
<u>Sensitization</u>								
Conclusion/Summary								
Skin		here are no data available on the mixture itself.						
Respiratory	1	There are no data available	here are no data available on the mixture itself.					
<u>Mutagenicity</u>								
Conclusion/Summary	:	There are no data available on the mixture itself.						
Carcinogenicity								
Conclusion/Summary	:	There are no data available	on the	mixture i	itself.			
Reproductive toxicity								
Conclusion/Summary	:	There are no data available	on the	mixture	itself.			
Teratogenicity								
Conclusion/Summary	:	There are no data available	on the	mixture	itself.			
		y (single exposure)						

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
2-butanone oxime	Category 1	-	upper respiratory tract
toluene	Category 3 Category 3	_	Narcotic effects Narcotic effects

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
ethylbenzene	Category 2	-	hearing organs
2-butanone oxime	Category 2	-	blood system
toluene	Category 2	-	-

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## Section 11. Toxicological information

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Ingestion

Name	Result
xylene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
toluene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely	: Not available.
routes of exposure	
Potential acute health effec	t <u>s</u>
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	: Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
• • • • • • •	
Symptoms related to the pr	nysical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following:
	pain or irritation watering
	redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following:
	respiratory tract irritation coughing
	reduced fetal weight
	increase in fetal deaths
	skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation
	redness

Delayed and immediate effe	cts and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
Short term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Long term exposure	

dryness cracking

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reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

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Adverse symptoms may include the following:

Section 11. Toxicological information

Potential immediate effects	Not available.	
Potential delayed effects	Not available.	
Potential chronic health effe		
General	Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking an or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.	d/
Carcinogenicity	May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.	
Mutagenicity	No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Reproductive toxicity	May damage fertility or the unborn child.	

#### Numerical measures of toxicity

#### Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Oral	45228.02 mg/kg
Dermal	3839.09 mg/kg
Inhalation (vapors)	37.47 mg/l
Inhalation (dusts and mists)	4.82 mg/l

#### Other information

Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing.

## Section 12. Ecological information

#### **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
₩ydrocarbons, C9-unsatd., polymd.	Acute EC50 >100 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
	Acute EC50 54 mg/l Acute LC50 25.8 mg/l	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> Fish	48 hours 96 hours
ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia Daphnia - Ceriodaphnia dubia	48 hours -
2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l	Fish	96 hours

Persistence/degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose	Inoculum
ethylbenzene	-	79 % - Readily - 10 days	-	-

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## Section 12. Ecological information

Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data availa	ble on the mixture itself.	
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
<b>x</b> ylene	-	-	Readily
ethylbenzene	-	-	Readily
toluene	-	-	Readily

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
<b>x</b> ylene	3.12	7.4 to 18.5	Low
Hydrocarbons, C9-unsatd., polymd.	3.627	-	Low
ethylbenzene	3.6	79.43	Low
2-butanone oxime toluene	0.63 2.73	5.01 8.32	Low Low

#### **Mobility in soil**

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods	:	The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and
		sewers.

## Section 14. Transport information

Product name SIGMARINE 20 US GRET 5000

### Section 14. Transport information

	UN	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
Packing group	III	III	III
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.

#### Additional information

UN	: This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 450 L according to 2.3.2.5.1.
IMDG	: This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 450 L according to 2.3.2.5.

#### IATA : None identified.

**Special precautions for user** : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

## Section 15. Regulatory information

Singapore - hazardous chemicals under government control

None.

International regulations

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants Not listed.

### Section 16. Other information

<u>History</u>	
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 20 August 2024
Date of previous issue	: 3/1/2022
Version	: 6
Prepared by	: EHS
Key to abbreviations	<ul> <li>ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations</li> </ul>

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### Notice to reader

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.