SAFETY DATA SHEET

Date of issue/Date of revision : 27 August 2024 Version : 5



SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name : SIGMATHERM 230 HARDENER

Product code : 00429451

Other means of identification

Not available.

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product use : Professional applications, Used by spraying.

Use of the substance/

mixture

: Coating.

Uses advised against : Pr

: Product is not intended, labelled or packaged for consumer use.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Sigma Paint Saudi Arabia Ltd.

PO Box 7509 Dammam 31472 Saudi Arabia

Tel: 00966 138 47 31 00 Fax: 00966 138 47 17 34

e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS

: ndpic@sfda.gov.sa

1.4 Emergency telephone

number

: 00966 138473100 extn 1001

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition: Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Fam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Repr. 1B, H360F STOT SE 3, H335 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

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SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Hazard pictograms











Signal word Danger

Fammable liquid and vapour. **Hazard statements**

Harmful if swallowed.

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

May cause an allergic skin reaction. May cause respiratory irritation.

May damage fertility.

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

Prevention : Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from

heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Avoid

release to the environment.

Response : Collect spillage.

Storage Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

Disposal : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and

international regulations.

P280, P210, P273, P391, P403 + P233, P501

Hazardous ingredients : penzyl alcohol

xylene

Formaldehyde, oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane and phenol

m-phenylenebis(methylamine)

Formaldehyde, polymer with N,N-dimethyl-1,3-propanediamine and phenol

2-methylpropan-1-ol

2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol N-(3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl)ethylenediamine oxirane, mono[(C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] derivs.

bisphenol A

3-aminopropyldimethylamine

Supplemental label

elements

: Not applicable.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

: Restricted to professional users.

Special packaging requirements

Containers to be fitted with child-resistant

fastenings

: Not applicable.

Tactile warning of danger : Not applicable.

2.3 Other hazards

Product meets the criteria

for PBT or vPvB

: This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

Other hazards which do not result in classification : Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Contains a substance that may emit formaldehyde if stored beyond its shelf life and/or during cure at curing temperatures greater than 60C/140F.

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SECTION 2: Hazards identification

May cause endocrine disruption.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures : Mixture

| 3.2 Mixtures | Mixture | | | | |
|--|---|-------------|--|---|---------|
| Product/ingredient name | Identifiers | % | Classification | Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATEs | Туре |
| <mark>b</mark> enzyl alcohol | REACH #: 01-2119492630-38 EC: 202-859-9 CAS: 100-51-6 Index: 603-057-00-5 | ≥10 - ≤25 | Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 | ATE [Oral] = 1230 mg/ kg ATE [Inhalation (dusts and mists)] = 1.5 mg/l | [1] [2] |
| xylene | REACH #: 01-2119488216-32 EC: 215-535-7 CAS: 1330-20-7 | ≥10 - ≤25 | Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412 | ATE [Dermal] = 1700 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 11 mg/l | [1] [2] |
| Formaldehyde, oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane and phenol | REACH #: 01-2119454392-40 EC: 500-006-8 CAS: 9003-36-5 | ≥10 - ≤25 | Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 | - | [1] |
| m-phenylenebis (methylamine) | REACH #: 01-2119480150-50 EC: 216-032-5 CAS: 1477-55-0 | ≥10 - ≤22 | Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1B, H317 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412 EUH071 | ATE [Oral] = 930 mg/ kg ATE [Inhalation (gases)] = 4500 ppm | [1] [2] |
| Formaldehyde, polymer with N,N-dimethyl-1,3-propanediamine and phenol | CAS: 445498-00-0 | ≥5.0 - ≤8.8 | Acute Tox. 4, H302 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 | ATE [Oral] = 500 mg/ kg M [Acute] = 1 M [Chronic] = 1 | [1] |
| 2-methylpropan-1-ol | REACH #: 01-2119484609-23 EC: 201-148-0 CAS: 78-83-1 Index: 603-108-00-1 | ≥5.0 - ≤10 | Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336 | - | [1] [2] |
| 2,4,6-tris (dimethylaminomethyl) phenol | REACH #: 01-2119560597-27 EC: 202-013-9 CAS: 90-72-2 | ≥1.0 - ≤5.0 | Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Skin Corr. 1C, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 | ATE [Oral] = 1200 mg/kg ATE [Dermal] = 1280 mg/kg | [1] |
| N-(3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl) ethylenediamine | EC: 217-164-6 CAS: 1760-24-3 | ≥1.0 - ≤5.0 | Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1B, H317 STOT SE 3, H335 | - | [1] |
| ethylbenzene | REACH #: 01-2119489370-35 | ≥1.0 - ≤5.0 | Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4, H332 | ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 17.8 mg/l | [1] [2] |

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SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

| | EC: 202-849-4 CAS: 100-41-4 Index: 601-023-00-4 | | STOT RE 2, H373 (hearing organs) Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412 | | |
|---|---|-------------|---|--|----------------|
| oxirane, mono[(C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] derivs. | REACH #: 01-2119485289-22 EC: 271-846-8 CAS: 68609-97-2 Index: 603-103-00-4 | ≥1.0 - ≤5.0 | Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Skin Sens. 1, H317 | - | [1] |
| bisphenol A | REACH #: 01-2119457856-23 EC: 201-245-8 CAS: 80-05-7 Index: 604-030-00-0 | ≤1.6 | Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Repr. 1B, H360F STOT SE 3, H335 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 | M [Acute] = 1 M [Chronic] = 10 | [1] [2] [3] |
| salicylic acid | REACH #: 01-2119486984-17 EC: 200-712-3 CAS: 69-72-7 Index: 607-732-00-5 | ≥1.0 - <3.0 | Acute Tox. 4, H302 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Repr. 2, H361d | ATE [Oral] = 891 mg/ kg | [1] |
| bis[(dimethylamino)methyl] phenol | EC: 275-162-0 CAS: 71074-89-0 | ≥1.0 - ≤5.0 | Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 | - | [1] |
| 3-aminopropyldimethylamine | REACH #: 01-2119486842-27 EC: 203-680-9 CAS: 109-55-7 Index: 612-061-00-6 | ≤0.30 | Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above. | ATE [Oral] = 410 mg/ kg ATE [Dermal] = 1100 mg/kg | [1] |

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

<u>Type</u>

- [1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard
- [2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit
- [3] Substance of equivalent concern

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact

: Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical attention.

Inhalation

: Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.

Skin contact

: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.

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SECTION 4: First aid measures

Ingestion
 If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Protection of first-aiders : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is

suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water

before removing it, or wear gloves.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye damage.Inhalation : May cause respiratory irritation.

Skin contact: Causes severe burns. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Ingestion : Harmful if swallowed.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain watering redness

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness dryness cracking

blistering may occur reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed.

The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Specific treatments: No specific treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing : Us

media

: Use dry chemical, CO₂, water spray (fog) or foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: Do not use water jet.

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SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture

: Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Hazardous combustion products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon oxides nitrogen oxides

halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides Formaldehyde.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special precautions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders

If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

6.2 Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.

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SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.4 Reference to other sections

- : See Section 1 for emergency contact information.
 - See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.
 - See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

- Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
- 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities
- Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

See Section 1.2 for Identified uses.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

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| Product/ingredient name | Exposure limit values |
|-----------------------------|---|
| x ylene | Abu Dhabi - OSHAD - Occupational air quality threshold limit values (United Arab Emirates, 7/2016). [xylene (o, m & p isomers)] STEL: 651 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 434 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. Cabinet Decree (12) of 2006 Regarding Regulation Concerning Protection of Air from Pollution (United Arab Emirates, 5/2006). [xylene (all isomers)] STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 434 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 651 mg/m³ 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023). [p-xylene and mixtures containing p-xylene] Ototoxicant. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. |
| m-phenylenebis(methylamine) | Abu Dhabi - OSHAD - Occupational air quality threshold limit values (United Arab Emirates, 7/2016). Absorbed through skin. Ceiling: 0.1 mg/m³ ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023). Absorbed through skin. C: 0.018 ppm |
| 2-methylpropan-1-ol | Abu Dhabi - OSHAD - Occupational air quality threshold limit values (United Arab Emirates, 7/2016). TWA: 152 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. Cabinet Decree (12) of 2006 Regarding Regulation Concerning Protection of Air from Pollution (United Arab Emirates, 5/2006). TWA: 152 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023). TWA: 152 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. |
| ethylbenzene | Abu Dhabi - OSHAD - Occupational air quality threshold limit values (United Arab Emirates, 7/2016). STEL: 543 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 434 mg/m³ 8 hours. Cabinet Decree (12) of 2006 Regarding Regulation Concerning Protection of Air from Pollution (United Arab Emirates, 5/2006). STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 434 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 543 mg/m³ 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023). Ototoxicant. Notes: Substances for which there is a Biological Exposure Index or Indices 2002 Adoption. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. |

Recommended monitoring procedures

Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination

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of hazardous substances will also be required.

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection Skin protection Hand protection

Chemical splash goggles and face shield.

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 6 (breakthrough time greater than 480 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. When only brief contact is expected, a glove with a protection class of 2 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 30 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.

Gloves

: nitrile neoprene

Body protection

Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear antistatic protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.

Other skin protection

Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

Environmental exposure

controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state : Liquid.

Colour : Not available.

Odour : Characteristic.

Odour threshold : Not available.

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SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Melting point/freezing point : May start to solidify at the following temperature: 14°C (57.2°F) This is based on

data for the following ingredient: m-phenylenebis(methylamine). Weighted average:

-39.44°C (-39°F)

Initial boiling point and

boiling range

: >37.78°C

Flammability

Upper/lower flammability or

explosive limits

: Not available.

: Greatest known range: Lower: 1.3% Upper: 13% (benzyl alcohol)

Closed cup: 37°C Flash point

Auto-ignition temperature

°C °F Ingredient name Method 2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol 382 719.6 EU A.15

Decomposition temperature

pН

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).

Not applicable, insoluble in water.

Kinematic (40°C): >21 mm²/s **Viscosity**

Solubility(ies)

| Media | Result |
|------------|-------------|
| cold water | Not soluble |

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ : Not applicable.

water

Vapour pressure

| Ingredient name | Vapour Pressure at 20°C | | | Vapour pressure at 50°C | | |
|-------------------|-------------------------|------|-------------------|-------------------------|-----|--------|
| Ingredient name | mm Hg | kPa | Method | mm Hg | kPa | Method |
| methylpropan-1-ol | <12.00102 | <1.6 | DIN EN 13016-2 | | | |

Highest known value: 0.84 (ethylbenzene) Weighted average: 0.42compared with **Evaporation rate**

butyl acetate

Relative density

Vapour density

Highest known value: 3.7 (Air = 1) (benzyl alcohol). Weighted average: 3.55 (Air =

: 1

Explosive properties

The product itself is not explosive, but the formation of an explosible mixture of

vapour or dust with air is possible.

Oxidising properties

Particle characteristics

: Product does not present an oxidizing hazard.

Median particle size : Not applicable.

9.2 Other information

No additional information.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

10.2 Chemical stability : The product is stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid : When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.

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SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.

10.5 Incompatible materials

: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides halogenated compounds Formaldehyde. metal oxide/oxides

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Dose | Exposure |
|---|---------------------------|-------------|-------------------------|----------|
| penzyl alcohol | LC50 Inhalation Dusts and | Rat | >4178 mg/m ³ | 4 hours |
| • | mists | | | |
| | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 2000 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 1.23 g/kg | - |
| xylene | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 1.7 g/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 4.3 g/kg | - |
| Formaldehyde, oligomeric reaction | LD50 Oral | Rat | >10000 mg/kg | - |
| products with 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane | | | | |
| and phenol | | | | |
| m-phenylenebis(methylamine) | LC50 Inhalation Gas. | Rat | 700 ppm | 1 hours |
| | LD50 Dermal | Rat - Male, | >3100 mg/kg | - |
| | | Female | | |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 930 mg/kg | - |
| 2-methylpropan-1-ol | LC50 Inhalation Vapour | Rat | 24.6 mg/l | 4 hours |
| • • | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 2460 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 2830 mg/kg | - |
| 2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol | LD50 Dermal | Rat | 1280 mg/kg | - |
| · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | LD50 Oral | Rat | 1200 mg/kg | - |
| N-(3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl) | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | >2000 mg/kg | - |
| ethylenediamine | | | | |
| • | LD50 Oral | Rat | 2413 mg/kg | - |
| ethylbenzene | LC50 Inhalation Vapour | Rat | 17.8 mg/l | 4 hours |
| - | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 17.8 g/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 3.5 g/kg | - |
| oxirane, mono[(C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] | LD50 Oral | Rat | 17100 mg/kg | - |
| derivs. | | | | |
| bisphenol A | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 3600 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 3.25 g/kg | - |
| salicylic acid | LD50 Oral | Rat | 0.891 g/kg | - |
| 3-aminopropyldimethylamine | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | >1000 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 410 mg/kg | - |

Conclusion/Summary

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Irritation/Corrosion

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Score | Exposure | Observation |
|-------------------------|--|---------------|-------|----------------------------|--------------|
| 1, 3 | Skin - Moderate irritant Skin - Severe irritant | Rabbit Rat | - | 24 hours 500 mg 4 hours | - 4 hours |

Conclusion/Summary

Skin : There are no data available on the mixture itself.
 Eyes : There are no data available on the mixture itself.
 Respiratory : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Sensitisation

| Product/ingredient name | Route of exposure | Species | Result |
|--|-------------------|------------|-------------|
| m-phenylenebis(methylamine) | skin | Mouse | Sensitising |
| oxirane, mono[(C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] derivs. | skin | Guinea pig | Sensitising |

Conclusion/Summary

Skin : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Respiratory : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Mutagenicity

Conclusion/Summary: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Carcinogenicity

Conclusion/Summary: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

| Product/ingredient name | Category | Route of exposure | Target organs |
|--|--|-------------------|--|
| xylene 2-methylpropan-1-ol | Category 3 Category 3 Category 3 | - | Respiratory tract irritation Respiratory tract irritation Narcotic effects |
| N-(3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl)ethylenediamine bisphenol A | Category 3 Category 3 | - - | Respiratory tract irritation Respiratory tract irritation |

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

| Product/ingredient name | Category | Route of exposure | Target organs |
|-------------------------|------------|-------------------|----------------|
| ethylbenzene | Category 2 | - | hearing organs |

Aspiration hazard

| Product/ingredient name | Result |
|-------------------------|---|
| xylene ethylbenzene | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |

Information on likely : Not available.

routes of exposure

Potential acute health effects

Inhalation : May cause respiratory irritation.

Ingestion : Harmful if swallowed.

Skin contact: Causes severe burns. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Eye contact : Causes serious eye damage.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains

reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation redness dryness cracking

blistering may occur reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

Eye contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain watering redness

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate

effects

: Not available.

Potential delayed effects: Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate

effects

: Not available.

Potential delayed effects: Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

General : Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or

dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently

exposed to very low levels.

Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Reproductive toxicity: May damage fertility.

Other information : Not available.

Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapour/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Trimethoxysilanes are capable of forming methanol if hydrolyzed or ingested. If swallowed, methanol may be harmful or fatal or cause blindness. Contains a substance that may emit formaldehyde if stored beyond its shelf life and/or during cure at curing temperatures greater than 60C/140F. Avoid contact with skin and clothing. Exposure to amine vapor has been reported to cause transient corneal edema described as blue haze, halo effect, foggy or blurred vision for several hours. This condition is typically temporary and does not cause permanent visual effects. When the proper eye protection specified in Section 8 is worn, exposure is significantly reduced and the condition has not been observed.

11.2 Information on other hazards

11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties

May cause endocrine disruption.

11.2.2 Other information

Not available.

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SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Exposure |
|--|--------------------------------------|--|----------|
| Formaldehyde, oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane and phenol | Acute LC50 2.54 mg/l | Fish | 96 hours |
| 2-methylpropan-1-ol | Acute EC50 1100 mg/l | Daphnia | 48 hours |
| 2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol | Acute LC50 >100 mg/l | Daphnia | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 >100 mg/l | Fish | 96 hours |
| N-(3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl)ethylenediamine | EC50 597 mg/l | Fish | 96 hours |
| ethylbenzene | Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water | Daphnia | 48 hours |
| | Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh | Daphnia - | - |
| | water | Ceriodaphnia dubia | |
| oxirane, mono[(C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] derivs. | LC50 >100 mg/l | Fish | 96 hours |
| bisphenol A | Acute LC50 0.885 mg/l Fresh water | Crustaceans | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 8.11 mg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - <i>Daphnia</i> <i>magna</i> - Neonate | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 4.6 mg/l Fresh water | Fish | 96 hours |
| | Chronic NOEC 0.000174 mg/ | Fish | 5 months |
| salicylic acid | Acute EC50 1147.57 mg/l | Daphnia - <i>Daphnia</i> | 48 hours |
| | Fresh water | Iongispina - Neonate | |
| | Chronic NOEC 5.6 mg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - <i>Daphnia</i> <i>magna</i> - Neonate | 21 days |
| 3-aminopropyldimethylamine | Acute LC50 122 mg/l | Fish | 96 hours |

Conclusion/Summary

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

| Product/ingredient name | Test | Result | Dose | Inoculum |
|--|---|--|------|----------|
| 2,4,6-tris (dimethylaminomethyl)phenol | OECD 301D Ready Biodegradability - Closed Bottle Test | 4 % - Not readily - 28 days | - | - |
| ethylbenzene 3-aminopropyldimethylamine | - OECD 301D | 79 % - Readily - 10 days 69 % - Readily - 20 days | - | - |

Conclusion/Summary: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

| Product/ingredient name | Aquatic half-life | Photolysis | Biodegradability |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------|------------|------------------|
| penzyl alcohol | - | - | Readily |
| xylene | - | - | Readily |
| 2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol | - | - | Not readily |
| ethylbenzene | - | - | Readily |
| bisphenol A | - | - | Readily |
| 3-aminopropyldimethylamine | - | - | Readily |

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

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SECTION 12: Ecological information

| Product/ingredient name | LogPow | BCF | Potential |
|---|--------------|-------------|-----------|
| penzyl alcohol | 0.87 | - | Low |
| xylene | 3.12 | 7.4 to 18.5 | Low |
| Formaldehyde, oligomeric reaction products with | 2.7 | - | Low |
| 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane and phenol | | | |
| m-phenylenebis(methylamine) | 0.18 | 2.69 | Low |
| 2-methylpropan-1-ol | 1 | - | Low |
| 2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol | 0.219 | - | Low |
| ethylbenzene | 3.6 | 79.43 | Low |
| oxirane, mono[(C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] derivs. | 3.77 | - | Low |
| bisphenol A | 3.4 | 43.65 | Low |
| salicylic acid | 2.21 to 2.26 | - | Low |
| 3-aminopropyldimethylamine | -0.352 | - | Low |

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition

: Not available.

coefficient (Koc)

Mobility : Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

May cause endocrine disruption.

12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

Methods of disposal

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

Hazardous waste

European waste catalogue (EWC)

| Waste code | Waste designation |
|------------|---|
| 08 01 11* | waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other hazardous substances |

Packaging

Methods of disposal

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

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SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

| Type of packaging | European waste catalogue (EWC) | | |
|---------------------|---|--|--|
| Container | 15 01 06 | mixed packaging | |
| Special precautions | taken when Empty conta residues ma Do not cut, v | al and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. ainers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product ay create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways. | |

SECTION 14: Transport information

drains and sewers.

| | ADR/RID | IMDG | IATA |
|------------------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|--|
| 14.1 UN number or ID number | ⊌ N3470 | ⊌ N3470 | ⊌ N3470 |
| 14.2 UN proper shipping name | PAINT, CORROSIVE, FLAMMABLE | AINT, CORROSIVE, FLAMMABLE | FAINT, CORROSIVE, FLAMMABLE |
| 14.3 Transport hazard class(es) | 8 (3) | 8 (3) | 8 (3) |
| 14.4 Packing group | W | ₩ | ₩ |
| 14.5 Environmental hazards | Yes. | Yes. | Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required. |
| Marine pollutant substances | Not applicable. | Epoxy Resin) | Not applicable. |

Additional information

ADR/RID : The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or

Tunnel code : (D/E)

IMDG : The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.

: The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation **IATA**

regulations.

user

14.6 Special precautions for : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the

event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Transport in bulk

according to IMO instruments

: Not applicable.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

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SECTION 15: Regulatory information

| Intrinsic property | Ingredient name | Status | Reference number | Date of revision |
|---|--|-------------|--------------------------|------------------------|
| Toxic to reproduction Endocrine disrupting properties for human health | 4,4'-isopropylidenediphenol 4,4'-isopropylidenediphenol | | ED/01/2018 ED/01/2018 | 10/1/2019 10/1/2019 |
| Endocrine disrupting properties for environment | 4,4'-isopropylidenediphenol | Recommended | ED/01/2018 | 10/1/2019 |

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Other national and international regulations.

Explosive precursors : Not applicable.

Ozone depleting substances (1005/2009/EU)

Not listed.

15.2 Chemical safety

assessment

: No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and acronyms

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

: Restricted to professional users.

CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation (EC) No.

1272/2008]

DNEL = Derived No Effect Level

EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration

RRN = REACH Registration Number

Full text of abbreviated H statements

: H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H312 Harmful in contact with skin.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H318 Causes serious eye damage.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H360F May damage fertility.

H361d Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

EUH071 Corrosive to the respiratory tract.

Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

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SECTION 16: Other information

ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4 : Acute Tox. 4

Aquatic Acute 1 SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1 Aquatic Chronic 1 Aquatic Chronic 2 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2 Aquatic Chronic 3 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3

Asp. Tox. 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Eye Dam. 1 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1 Eye Irrit. 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2

Flam. Liq. 2 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 Flam. Liq. 3 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 Repr. 1B REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Category 1B Repr. 2 REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Category 2 Skin Corr. 1B SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B Skin Corr. 1C SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1C Skin Irrit. 2 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2

Skin Sens. 1 SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1 Skin Sens. 1B SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1B

STOT RE 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED

EXPOSURE - Category 2

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE STOT SE 3

EXPOSURE - Category 3

History

Date of issue/ Date of

Date of previous issue

revision

: 27 August 2024

: 24 November 2023

: EHS Prepared by **Version** : 5

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