SAFETY DATA SHEET



The information in this Safety Data Sheet is required pursuant to GHS UN rev. 7

Date of issue/Date of revision 29 August 2024 Version 2

Section 1. Identification

| Product code | : 00445240 |
|---|--|
| Product name | : SIGMACOVER 456 BASE RED 6188 |
| Product type | : Liquid. |
| Other means of identification Not available. | |
| Relevant identified uses of th | e substance or mixture and uses advised against |
| Product use | Coating. Professional applications, Used by spraying. |
| Uses advised against | : Product is not intended, labelled or packaged for consumer use. |
| Supplier's information | : PPG Asian Paints Private Limited 6A Shanti Nagar Santa Cruz (East) Mumbai - 400055 India |
| Emergency telephone number: | : +91 22 6815 8700 |

Section 2. Hazards identification

| Classification of the substance or mixture | : FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 5 | |
|--|--|--|
| | ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 | |
| | SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 | |
| | SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A | |
| | SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1 | |
| | SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 | |
| | SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3 | |
| | LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2 | |
| | Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute dermal toxicity: 55.5% | |
| | Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute inhalation toxicity: 76% | |
| | Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown hazards to the aquatic environment: 42.9% | |
| GHS label elements | | |
| Hazard pictograms | | |
| Signal word | : Warning | |

Section 2. Hazards identification

| Hazard statements | : | Fammable liquid and vapour. May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye irritation. Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. Harmful to aquatic life. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. |
|--------------------------|---|--|
| Precautionary statements | | |
| Prevention | : | Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment. Avoid breathing vapour. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. |
| Response | : | Collect spillage. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. IF ON SKIN: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention. |
| Storage | : | Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. |
| Disposal | : | Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations. |

Other hazards which do not : Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. result in classification

Sincation

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

CAS number/other identifiers

| CAS number : Not applicable. | | |
|---|----------|------------|
| Ingredient name | % | CAS number |
| 4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol, oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro- 2,3-epoxypropane, reaction products with fatty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers | 25 - <50 | 67989-52-0 |
| xylene | 10 - <20 | 1330-20-7 |
| barium sulfate | 10 - <20 | 7727-43-7 |
| Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres | 3 - <5 | 14807-96-6 |
| ethylbenzene | 3 - <5 | 100-41-4 |
| 2-methylpropan-1-ol | 0.3 - <1 | 78-83-1 |

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

Section 4. First aid measures

| Description of necessary first aid measures | | | |
|---|--|--|--|
| Eye contact | Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice. | | |
| Inhalation | : Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. | | |
| Skin contact | Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners. | | |
| Ingestion | If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting. | | |

| Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed | | |
|--|---|-----|
| Potential acute health effect | | |
| Eye contact | Causes serious eye irritation. | |
| Inhalation | Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. | |
| Skin contact | May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the sk May cause an allergic skin reaction. | in. |
| Ingestion | No known significant effects or critical hazards. | |
| Over-exposure signs/symp | 2 | |
| Eye contact | Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness | |
| Inhalation | Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing | |
| Skin contact | Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking | |
| Ingestion | No specific data. | |
| Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary | | |
| Notes to physician | In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be de The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 ho | |
| Specific treatments Protection of first-aiders | No specific treatment. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training | |
| | is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropria mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the perso providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothin thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. | on |

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Firefighting measures

| Extinguishing media | |
|--------------------------------|---|
| Suitable extinguishing media | : Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam |
| Unsuitable extinguishing media | : Do not use water jet. |

Section 5. Firefighting measures

| Specific hazards arising from the chemical | : Mammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain. |
|---|---|
| Hazardous thermal decomposition products | : Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides |
| Special protective actions for fire-fighters | : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. |
| Special protective equipment for fire-fighters | : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. |
| | |

Section 6. Accidental release measures

| Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures | | | |
|---|--|--|--|
| For non-emergency personnel | : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. | | |
| For emergency responders | : If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel". | | |
| Environmental precautions | : Kvoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage. | | |
| Methods and material for cont | tainment and cleaning up | | |
| Small spill | : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. | | |
| Large spill | : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal. | | |

Section 7. Handling and storage

| Precautions for safe handling | L | |
|--|---|---|
| Protective measures | : | Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container. |
| Advice on general occupational hygiene | : | Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures. |
| Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities | : | Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use. |

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

| Ingredient name | Exposure limits | | |
|--|--|--|--|
| xylene | ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023). [p- xylene and mixtures containing p-xylene] Ototoxicant. | | |
| | TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. | | |
| barium sulfate | ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023). | | |
| | TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable | | |
| | fraction | | |
| Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres | ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023). | | |
| | TWA: 2 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable | | |
| ethylbenzene | ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023). | | |
| | Ototoxicant. | | |
| | TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. | | |
| 2-methylpropan-1-ol | ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023). | | |
| | TWA: 152 mg/m ³ 8 hours. | | |
| | TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. | | |

procedures

Recommended monitoring : Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

| controlsventilation or other eng contaminants below an also need to keep gas, limits. Use explosion-pic Emissions from ventila they comply with the re cases, fume scrubbers equipment will be neceIndividual protection measuresWash hands, forearms eating, smoking and us Appropriate techniques Contaminated clothing showers are close to th Safety eyewear comply assessment indicates t gases or dusts. If cont unless the assessment goggles.Skin protectionChemical-resistant, im be worn at all times wh this is necessary. Con check during use that t should be noted that th different for different gl several substances, the estimated.Glovesbutyl rubberBody protectionPersonal protective equ being performed and th before handling this pro- wear anti-static protect discharges, clothing shaped on the approved by a specialisRespiratory protectionBased on the hazard a appropriate standard o | - |
|---|---|
| Hygiene measures: Wash hands, forearms eating, smoking and us Appropriate techniques Contaminated work clo contaminated clothing showers are close to the : Safety eyewear comply assessment indicates to gases or dusts. If cont unless the assessment goggles.Skin protection: Chemical-resistant, imple be worn at all times why this is necessary. Con check during use that to should be noted that the different for different gl several substances, the estimated.Gloves: butyl rubberBody protection: Personal protective equ being performed and the before handling this pro- wear anti-static protect discharges, clothing shOther skin protection: Appropriate footwear a selected based on the approved by a specialisRespiratory protection: Based on the hazard a appropriate standard o | e ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne by recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive proof ventilation equipment. tion or work process equipment should be checked to ensure quirements of environmental protection legislation. In some , filters or engineering modifications to the process ssary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels. |
| Evelface protectioneating, smoking and us Appropriate techniques Contaminated work clo contaminated clothing showers are close to the sasessment indicates tigases or dusts. If cont unless the assessment goggles.Skin protection: Safety eyewear comply assessment indicates tigases or dusts. If cont unless the assessment goggles.Skin protection: Chemical-resistant, implee worn at all times whe this is necessary. Con check during use that tig should be noted that the different for different gl several substances, the estimated.Gloves: butyl rubberBody protection: Personal protective equ being performed and the before handling this pro- wear anti-static protect discharges, clothing shOther skin protection: Appropriate footwear and selected based on the approved by a specialiseRespiratory protection: Based on the hazard and appropriate standard o | |
| Eye/face protection: Safety eyewear comply assessment indicates t gases or dusts. If cont unless the assessment goggles.Skin protection: Chemical-resistant, imp be worn at all times wh this is necessary. Con check during use that t should be noted that th different for different gl several substances, the estimated.Gloves: butyl rubberBody protection: Personal protective equ being performed and th before handling this pro- wear anti-static protect discharges, clothing shOther skin protection: Appropriate footwear a selected based on the approved by a specialisRespiratory protection: Based on the hazard a appropriate standard o | and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before sing the lavatory and at the end of the working period. s should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. thing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety be workstation location |
| Hand protection: Chemical-resistant, implete worn at all times which this is necessary. Concheck during use that the should be noted that the different for different gle several substances, the estimated.Gloves: butyl rubberBody protection: Personal protective equipation being performed and the before handling this provide wear anti-static protect discharges, clothing sheet approved by a specialist.Other skin protection: Appropriate footwear and selected based on the approved by a specialist.Respiratory protection: Based on the hazard and appropriate standard or beind appropriete standa | ving with an approved standard should be used when a risk his is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, act is possible, the following protection should be worn, t indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash |
| be worn at all times wh this is necessary. Con check during use that th should be noted that th different for different gl several substances, the estimated.Gloves: butyl rubberBody protection: Personal protective equ being performed and th before handling this pro- wear anti-static protect discharges, clothing shOther skin protection: Appropriate footwear a selected based on the approved by a specialisRespiratory protection: Based on the hazard a appropriate standard o | |
| Body protection: Personal protective equilibrium being performed and the before handling this provide wear anti-static protect discharges, clothing sheet and the before handling this provide standard on the selected based on the approved by a specialistic standard on the hazard and appropriate standard on the standard on th | pervious gloves complying with an approved standard should en handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates sidering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, he gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It e time to breakthrough for any glove material may be ove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of e protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately |
| being performed and the before handling this provide a specialOther skin protection: Appropriate footwear and selected based on the approved by a special isRespiratory protection: Based on the hazard a appropriate standard o | |
| Respiratory protectionselected based on the approved by a specialisRespiratory protection: Based on the hazard a appropriate standard o | uipment for the body should be selected based on the task ne risks involved and should be approved by a specialist oduct. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, ive clothing. For the greatest protection from static ould include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. |
| appropriate standard o | nd any additional skin protection measures should be task being performed and the risks involved and should be st before handling this product. |
| aspects of use. | nd potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the r certification. Respirators must be used according to a program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important |

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

| <u>Appearance</u> | | |
|------------------------------|---|----------------|
| Physical state | : | Liquid. |
| Colour | 1 | Red. |
| Odour | : | Aromatic. |
| Odour threshold | : | Not available. |
| Melting point/freezing point | : | Not available. |

| Section 9. Physica | al a | and chemica | al prop | ertie | s | | | | |
|---|------|--|-----------------------|-----------|-------------------|------------|---------------|----------------|--|
| Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range | : | >37.78°C (>100°F) | ′.78°C (>100°F) | | | | | | |
| Flammability | : | Not available. | t available. | | | | | | |
| Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits | : | Not available. | ot available. | | | | | | |
| Flash point | : | Closed cup: 25°C (7 | osed cup: 25°C (77°F) | | | | | | |
| Auto-ignition temperature | 1 | Ingredient name °C °F Method | | | | | | | |
| | | 4-[[4-(aminocarbonyl)ph (2-ethoxyphenyl) -3-hydroxynaphthalene-2 | | >140 e | >284 | | | | |
| Decomposition temperature | 1 | Not available. | | | | | | | |
| рН | : | Not applicable. | | | | | | | |
| Viscosity | : | Kinematic (room ter Kinematic (40°C): > | | >400 ı | mm²/s | | | | |
| Colubility/ico) | | Media | Re | sult | | | | | |
| Solubility(ies) | • | cold water | Not | solubl | e | | | | |
| Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water | : | Not applicable. | | | | | | | |
| Vapour pressure | : | | Vapou | r Press | sure at 20°C | Va | pour pres | sure at 50°C | |
| | | Ingredient name | mm Hg | kPa | Method | mm Hg | kPa | Method | |
| | | 2-methylpropan-1-ol | <12.00102 | <1.6 | DIN EN 13016-2 | | | | |
| Relative density | : | 1.42 | | | | | | | |
| Relative vapour density | 1 | Not available. | | | | | | | |
| Particle characteristics | | | | | | | | | |
| Median particle size | 4 | Not applicable. | | | | | | | |
| Evaporation rate | 4 | Not available. | | | | | | | |
| Section 10. Stabili | ty | and reactivi | ity | | | | | | |
| Reactivity | : | No specific test data | a related to | reactiv | ity available | for this p | product or it | s ingredients. | |
| Chemical stability | : | The product is stabl | he product is stable. | | | | | | |
| Possibility of hazardous reactions | : | Under normal condi | tions of sto | rage ai | nd use, haza | rdous re | actions will | not occur. | |

- **Conditions to avoid** : When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.
- Incompatible materials : Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
- Hazardous decomposition products
 Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides
 Hazardous polymerisation
 Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerisation will not occur.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Dose | Exposure |
|-------------------------|------------------------|---------|-------------|----------|
| xylene | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 1.7 g/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 4.3 g/kg | - |
| barium sulfate | LD50 Dermal | Rat | >2000 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | >5000 mg/kg | - |
| ethylbenzene | LC50 Inhalation Vapour | Rat | 17.8 mg/l | 4 hours |
| | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 17.8 g/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 3.5 g/kg | - |
| 2-methylpropan-1-ol | LC50 Inhalation Vapour | Rat | 24.6 mg/l | 4 hours |
| | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 2460 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 2830 mg/kg | - |

Conclusion/Summary

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Irritation/Corrosion

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Score | Exposure | Observation |
|--|--|-----------------|---------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| x ylene | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 500 mg | - |
| Conclusion/Summary | | | | | |
| Skin | : There are no data avai | lable on the mi | xture itself. | | |
| Eyes | : There are no data avai | lable on the mi | xture itself. | | |
| Respiratory Sensitisation | : There are no data avai | lable on the mi | xture itself. | | |
| Conclusion/Summary | | | | | |
| Skin | : There are no data available on the mixture itself. | | | | |
| Respiratory <u>Mutagenicity</u> | : There are no data avai | lable on the mi | xture itself. | | |
| Conclusion/Summary Carcinogenicity | : There are no data avai | lable on the mi | xture itself. | | |
| Conclusion/Summary | : There are no data avai | lable on the mi | xture itself. | | |
| <u>Reproductive toxicity</u> Conclusion/Summary | : There are no data avai | lable on the mi | xture itself. | | |
| <u>Feratogenicity</u> Conclusion/Summary | : There are no data avai | lable on the mi | xture itself. | | |

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

| Name | Category | Route of exposure | Target organs |
|--|------------|-------------------|------------------------------|
| xylene | Category 3 | - | Respiratory tract irritation |
| Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres | Category 3 | - | Respiratory tract irritation |
| 2-methylpropan-1-ol | Category 3 | - | Respiratory tract irritation |
| | Category 3 | | Narcotic effects |

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Section 11. Toxicological information

| Name | | Route of exposure | Target organs |
|--------------|------------|----------------------|----------------|
| ethylbenzene | Category 2 | - | hearing organs |

Aspiration hazard

| Name | Result |
|--------------|--|
| ethylbenzene | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 2 |

| Information on likely routes of exposure | : | Not available. |
|--|------------|---|
| Potential acute health effects | 2 | |
| Eye contact | : | Causes serious eye irritation. |
| Inhalation | : | Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. |
| Skin contact | 1 | May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction. |
| Ingestion | 1 | No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Symptoms related to the phy | <u>sio</u> | cal, chemical and toxicological characteristics |
| Eye contact | | Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness |
| Inhalation | : | Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing |
| Skin contact | : | Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking |
| Ingestion | : | No specific data. |
| Delayed and immediate effect | <u>ts</u> | as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure |
| Short term exposure | | |
| Potential immediate effects | : | Not available. |
| Potential delayed effects | 1 | Not available. |
| Long term exposure | | |
| Potential immediate effects | ; | Not available. |
| Potential delayed effects | : | Not available. |
| Potential chronic health effe | ect | <u>s</u> |
| Not available. | | |
| General | : | Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/ or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels. |
| | | |

Section 11. Toxicological information

- Carcinogenicity Mutagenicity
- : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Reproductive toxicity
- : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

| Route | ATE value |
|------------------------------|---------------|
| Øral | 9284.68 mg/kg |
| Dermal | 2536.74 mg/kg |
| Inhalation (vapours) | 13.54 mg/l |
| Inhalation (dusts and mists) | 1.74 mg/l |

Other information

Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapour/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing.

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Exposure |
|-------------------------|---------------------------------|------------------------------|----------|
| | Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water | Daphnia | 48 hours |
| | Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - Ceriodaphnia dubia | - |
| 2-methylpropan-1-ol | Acute EC50 1100 mg/l | Daphnia | 48 hours |

Persistence and degradability

| Product/ingredient name | Test | Result | | Dose | | Inoculum |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------|------------|------|--------------------|------------|
| ethylbenzene | - | 79 % - Readily - 10 days | | - | | - |
| Product/ingredient name | Aquatic half-life | | Photolysis | | Biodeg | radability |
| <mark>xy</mark> lene ethylbenzene | - | | - | | Readily Readily | |

Bioaccumulative potential

| Product/ingredient name | LogPow | BCF | Potential |
|-------------------------|--------|-------------|-----------|
| x ylene | 3.12 | 7.4 to 18.5 | Low |
| ethylbenzene | 3.6 | 79.43 | Low |
| 2-methylpropan-1-ol | 1 | - | Low |

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

| | UN | IATA | |
|--------------------------------|--|---|--|
| | UN | IMDG | |
| UN number | UN1263 | UN1263 | UN1263 |
| UN proper shipping name | PAINT | PAINT | PAINT |
| Transport hazard class(es) | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| Packing group | III | III | III |
| Environmental hazards | Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required. | Yes. | Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required. |
| Marine pollutant substances | Not applicable. | (4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol, oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro- 2,3-epoxypropane, reaction products with fatty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers) | Not applicable. |

Additional information

| UN | packagings | 3 viscous liquid that is also environmentally hazardous is not subject to regulation in up to 5 L, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 to 4.1.1.8 according to 2.3.2.5.2. | | |
|-------------|----------------------------|---|--|--|
| IMDG | packagings | : This class 3 viscous liquid that is also environmentally hazardous is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 5 L, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8 according to 2.3.2.5. | | |
| ΙΑΤΑ | : The enviror regulations. | nmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation | | |
| Special pre | ecautions for user | :Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage. | | |

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

Section 15. Regulatory information

International regulations

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants Not listed.

Section 16. Other information

| <u>History</u> | |
|--------------------------------|---|
| Date of issue/Date of revision | : 29 August 2024 |
| Date of previous issue | : 5/13/2024 |
| Version | : 2 |
| Prepared by | : EHS |
| ey to abbreviations | : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations |

Procedure used to derive the classification

| Classification | Justification |
|---|--|
| AMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 | On basis of test data |
| ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 5 | Calculation method |
| ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 | Calculation method |
| SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 | Calculation method |
| SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A | Calculation method |
| SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1 | Calculation method |
| SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 | Calculation method |
| SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2 | Calculation method Calculation method |

V Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

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