SAFETY DATA SHEET

Date of issue/Date of revision

: 1 September 2024 Version



: 2

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking **1.1 Product identifier Product name** : SIGMADUR 550 BASE APM BLUE **Product code** : 00445268 Other means of identification Not available. 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against **Product use** : Professional applications, Used by spraying. Use of the substance/ : Coating. mixture : Product is not intended, labelled or packaged for consumer use. **Uses advised against** 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet Sigma Paint Saudi Arabia Ltd. PO Box 7509 Dammam 31472 Saudi Arabia Tel: 00966 138 47 31 00 Fax: 00966 138 47 17 34 e-mail address of person : ndpic@sfda.gov.sa responsible for this SDS : 00966 138473100 extn 1001 **1.4 Emergency telephone** number

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture Product definition : Mixture Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS] Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Carc. 1B, H350 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412 The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above. See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

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SECTION 2: Hazards	identification
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	 Fammable liquid and vapour. May cause an allergic skin reaction. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause cancer. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
Response	: F exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention.
Storage	: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
Disposal	 Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations. P202, P280, P210, P308 + P313, P403 + P233, P501
Hazardous ingredients	 Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, methyl ester, polymer with butyl 2-propenoate, ethenylbenzene, 1,2-propanediol mono(2-methyl-2-propenoate) and 2-propenoic acid Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics > 0.1% cumene xylene n-butyl acetate Reaction mass of bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate and methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate
Supplemental label elements	: Not applicable.
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	: Restricted to professional users.
Special packaging requiren	<u>nents</u>
Containers to be fitted with child-resistant fastenings	: Not applicable.
Tactile warning of danger	: Not applicable.
2.3 Other hazards	
Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB	: This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPv
Other hazards which do not result in classification	: Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

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SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures

: Mixture

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATEs	Туре
Propenoic acid, 2-methyl- , methyl ester, polymer with butyl 2-propenoate, ethenylbenzene, 1,2-propanediol mono (2-methyl-2-propenoate) and 2-propenoic acid	CAS: 37237-99-3	≥25 - ≤50	Skin Sens. 1, H317	-	[1]
Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics > 0.1% cumene	REACH #: 01-2119455851-35 EC: 918-668-5 CAS: 128601-23-0	≥10 - <20	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Carc. 1B, H350 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 EUH066	Carc. 1B, H350: C ≥ 10% EUH066: C ≥ 20%	[1]
xylene	REACH #: 01-2119488216-32 EC: 215-535-7 CAS: 1330-20-7	≥5.0 - <10	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	ATE [Dermal] = 1700 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 11 mg/l	[1] [2]
n-butyl acetate	REACH #: 01-2119485493-29 EC: 204-658-1 CAS: 123-86-4 Index: 607-025-00-1	≥5.0 - ≤10	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 EUH066	-	[1] [2]
ethylbenzene	REACH #: 01-2119489370-35 EC: 202-849-4 CAS: 100-41-4 Index: 601-023-00-4	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4, H332 STOT RE 2, H373 (hearing organs) Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 17.8 mg/l	[1] [2]
Reaction mass of bis (1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl- 4-piperidyl) sebacate and methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl- 4-piperidyl sebacate	REACH #: 01-2119491304-40 EC: 915-687-0 CAS: 1065336-91-5	≤0.36	Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Repr. 2, H361f Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	M [Acute] = 1 M [Chronic] = 1	[1]
			See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.		

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section. <u>Type</u>

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SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

This mixture contains \geq 1% of titanium dioxide. The Annex VI classification of titanium dioxide does not apply to this mixture according to Note 10.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact	: Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.
Inhalation	: Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion	 If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

4.3 Indication of any imm	nediate medical attention and special treatment needed
Ingestion	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking
	respiratory tract irritation coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following:
Eye contact	: No specific data.
Over-exposure signs/s	
Skin contact	 Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Defancing to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.
Inhalation	 Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.
Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

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SECTION 4: First aid	measures
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
SECTION 5: Firefigh	ting measures
5.1 Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
5.2 Special hazards arising f	rom the substance or mixture
Hazards from the substance or mixture	: Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous combustion products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides sulfur oxides metal oxide/oxides
5.3 Advice for firefighters	
Special precautions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures				
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.			
For emergency responders	: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".			
6.2 Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.			
6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up				
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.			

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SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.
6.4 Reference to other sections	 See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

See Section 1.2 for Identified uses.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
<mark>p∕a</mark> rium sulfate	Abu Dhabi - OSHAD - Occupational air quality threshold limit values (United Arab Emirates, 7/2016). TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	Cabinet Decree (12) of 2006 Regarding Regulation Concerning Protection of Air from Pollution (United Arab Emirates, 5/2006).
	TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 8 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023). Notes: The value is for total
	dust containing no asbestos and < 1% crystalline silica. TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction
xylene	Abu Dhabi - OSHAD - Occupational air quality threshold limit
Aylon o	values (United Arab Emirates, 7/2016). [xylene (o, m & p
	isomers)]
	STEL: 651 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 434 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. Cabinet Decree (12) of 2006 Regarding Regulation Concerning
	Protection of Air from Pollution (United Arab Emirates, 5/2006).
	[xylene (all isomers)]
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 434 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 651 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023). [p-xylene and mixtures containing p-xylene] Ototoxicant.
	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
titanium dioxide	Abu Dhabi - OSHAD - Occupational air quality threshold limit
	values (United Arab Emirates, 7/2016).
	TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	Cabinet Decree (12) of 2006 Regarding Regulation Concerning
	Protection of Air from Pollution (United Arab Emirates, 5/2006).
	TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023). TWA: 2.5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: respirable fraction, finescale
	particles
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Abu Dhabi - OSHAD - Occupational air quality threshold limit
	values (United Arab Emirates, 7/2016). [trimethyl benzene (mixed
	isomers)]
	TWA: 123 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.
	ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023).
	TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.
n-butyl acetate	Abu Dhabi - OSHAD - Occupational air quality threshold limit
	values (United Arab Emirates, 7/2016). STEL: 950 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 713 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours.
	ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023). [Butyl acetates]
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
	OTEL. 100 ppm 10 minutes.

Code : 00445268 Date of issue/Date of revision : 1 September 202 SIGMADUR 550 BASE APM BLUE TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. Atu Dhabi - OSHAD - Occupational air quality threshold limit values (initiad Arab Emirates, 7/2016). TWA: 2 mg/m² b hours. Form: measured as respirable fraction of the aerosol Cabinet Decree (12) of 2006 Regarding Regulation Concerning Protection of Air from Pollution (United Arab Emirates, 7/2017). ethylbenzene ACHI TVU (United States, 7/2023). TWA: 2 mg/m² b hours. Form: Respirable Abu Dhabi - OSHAD - Occupational air quality threshold limit values (United Arab Emirates, 7/2018). STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. Recommended monitoring protection of Air from Pollution (United Arab Emirates, 5/2008). STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 489 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure big inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement of the application action of the asplaced soft or the adjusce of thereside of the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure to chemical agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the determinator of hazardous substances will also be requived. 8.2 Expos	Conforms to Regulation (EC) 2020/878	No. 1907/2006 (RE	ACH), Annex II, as amended by Commission	Regulation (EU)
Tale , not containing asbestiform fibres TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. Abu Dhabi - OSHAD - Occupational air quality threshold limit values (United Arab Emirates, 7/2016). TWA: 2 mg/m ² 8 hours. Form: measured as respirable fraction of the aerosol Cabinet Decree (12) of 2006 Regarding Regulation Concorning Protection of Air from Pollution (United Arab Emirates, 5/2006). TWA: 2 mg/m ² 8 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2013). TWA: 2 mg/m ² 8 hours. STEL: 543 mg/m ² 16 minutes. STEL: 543 mg/m ² 16 minutes. Statiandard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposus by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy/ European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the application and use of procedures for the A82 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the application and use of procedures for the A82 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the application and use of procedures for the A82 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the application and use of procedures for the A82 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the application and use of procedures for the A82 (Workplace atmospheres - Guida for the application and use of procedures for the A82 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical agents). Freefores to naional guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will aliso be required. 8.	Code : 00445268		Date of issue/Date of revision	: 1 September 2024
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ethylbenzene Protection of Air from Pollution (United Arab Emirates, 5/2006). TWA: 2 mg/m ² 8 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023). TWA: 2 mg/m ² 8 hours. Form. Respirable ethylbenzene Abu Dhabi - OSLPADA - OSCUPATIONAL Abu Dhabi - OSLPADA - OSCUPATIONAL STEL: 543 mg/m ² 8 hours. STEL: 543 mg/m ² 15 minutes. STEL: 543 mg/m ² 16 minutes. TWA: 20 mg/m ² 16 minutes. TWA: 434 mg/m ² 8 hours. Cabinet Decree (12) of 2006 Regarding Regulation Concerning Protection of Air from Pollution (United Arab Emirates, 5/2006). STEL: 125 pm 15 minutes. TWA: 434 mg/m ² 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 543 mg/m ² 8 hours. STEL: 542 pm 15 minutes. TWA: 20 pm 8 hours. TWA: 20 pm 8 hours. STEL: 542 pm/m ² 8 hours. Recommended monitoring : Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposu by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement. Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the asplication and use of procedures for the assessment of exposu by inhalation to chemical agents for the assessment of exposure to athemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 442 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of themical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determinator of hazardous substances will also be required.			the aerosol	·
ethylbenzene ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023), TWA: 2 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable Abu Dhabi - OSHAD - Occupational air quality threshold limit values (United Arab Emirates, 7/2016), STEL: 543 mg/m ³ 15 minutes, TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. Cabinet Decree (12) of 2006 Regarding Regulation Concerning Protection of Air from Pollution (United Arab Emirates, 5/2006), STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes, TWA: 434 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Cabinet Decree (12) of 2006 Regarding Regulation Concerning Protection of Air from Pollution (United Arab Emirates, 5/2006), STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 434 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Cabinet Decree (12) of 2006 Regarding Regulation Concerning Protection of Air from Pollution (United Arab Emirates, 5/2006), STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 434 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Cabinet Decree (12) of 2006 Regarding Regulation Concerning Protection of Air from Pollution (United Arab Emirates, 5/2006), STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023), Ototoxicant. Notes: Substances for which there is a Biological Exposure Index or Indices 2002 Adoption. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. Recommended monitoring procedures : Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 489 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the asplication and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy): European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents): Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required. Appropriate engineering controls : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation other engineering controls to keep worker e			Protection of Air from Pollution (United Ar	
values (United Arab Emirates, 72016). STEL: 543 mg/m 15 minutes. STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 343 mg/m 28 hours. Cabinet Decree (12) of 2006 Regarding Regulation Concerning Protection of Air from Pollution (United Arab Emirates, 5/2006). STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 434 mg/m 28 hours. Cabinet Decree (12) of 2006 Regarding Regulation Concerning Protection of Air from Pollution (United Arab Emirates, 5/2006). STEL: 543 mg/m 15 minutes. TWA: 434 mg/m 28 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023). Ototoxicant. Notes: Substances for which there is a Biological Exposure Index or Indices 2002 Adoption. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. Recommended monitoring procedures : Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General application and use of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents). Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required. 8.2 Exposure controls : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below a recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any			ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023).	
STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 434 mg/m ² 8 hours. Cabinet Decree (12) of 2006 Regarding Regulation Concerning Protection of Air from Pollution (United Arab Emirates, 5/2006). STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 434 mg/m ² 8 hours. STEL: 343 mg/m ² 8 hours. STEL: 433 mg/m ² 8 hours. TWA: 434 mg/m ² 8 hours. STEL: 543 mg/m ² 15 minutes. TWA: 434 mg/m ² 8 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023). Ototoxicant. Notes: Substances for which there is a Biological Exposure Index or Indices 2002 Adoption. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. Recommended monitoring procedures : Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposu- by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposu- biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required. 8.2 Exposure controls : Appropriate engineering controls : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation of hazardous substances will also be required. Individual protection measures : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use proces enclosures, local exhaust ventilation exaptour or dust c	ethylbenzene		values (United Arab Emirates, 7/2016).	lity threshold limit
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Skin protection	Hygiene measures	eating, smoking Appropriate tech Contaminated w contaminated cl	and using the lavatory and at the end of the wo nniques should be used to remove potentially co rork clothing should not be allowed out of the wo othing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash sta	rking period. ntaminated clothing. orkplace. Wash
Hand protection :		: Chemical splash	n goggles.	
	Hand protection	:		

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	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 6 (breakthrough time greater than 480 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. When only brief contact is expected, a glove with a protection class of 2 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 30 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.
Gloves	: <mark>ø</mark> utyl rubber
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.
Other skin protection	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance				
Physical state	: Liquid.			
Colour	: Blue.			
Odour	: Not available.			
Odour threshold	: Not available.			
Melting point/freezing point	 May start to solidify at the follo on data for the following ingre -78.28°C (-108.9°F) 			
Initial boiling point and boiling range	: >37.78°C			
Flammability	: Not available.			
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	: Greatest known range: Lower light aromatic)	: 1.4% Upp	er: 7.6% (Sol	vent naphtha (petroleum),
explosive mints	light alonatio			
	: Closed cup: 24°C			
Flash point	ç ,	°C	°F	Method
Flash point Auto-ignition temperature	: Closed cup: 24°C	° C 415	° F 779	Method EU A.15
Flash point Auto-ignition temperature	Closed cup: 24°C Ingredient name	415	779	EU A.15
Flash point	 Closed cup: 24°C Ingredient name Produtyl acetate 	415 torage and h	779	EU A.15

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SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Madia	•	Decult						
Media		Result						
cold water		Not soluble						
Partition coefficient: n-octa water	nol/ :	Not applicable.						
Vapour pressure	:		Vapou	ur Pres	sure at 20°C	Vapour pressure at 50°C		
		Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method
		p≁butyl acetate	11.25096	1.5	DIN EN 13016-2			
Evaporation rate	:	₩ighest known value butyl acetate	: 1 (n-but	yl aceta	te) Weighted a	average:	0.85com	pared with
Relative density	:	1.31						
Vapour density	:	Highest known value 3.87 (Air = 1)	e: 4.1 (Air	= 1) (1	,2,4-trimethylb	enzene).	Weighte	ed average:
Explosive properties	:	The product itself is vapour or dust with a	•		the formation	of an exp	losible m	nixture of
	- A.	Product does not pre	esent an o	xidizina	hazard.			
Oxidising properties		i loudot dooo not pre						
Oxidising properties article characteristics								

9.2 Other information

No additional information.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity	:	No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
10.2 Chemical stability	:	The product is stable.
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
10.4 Conditions to avoid	:	When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.
10.5 Incompatible materials	:	Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	:	Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides sulfur oxides metal oxide/oxides

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, methyl ester, polymer with butyl 2-propenoate, ethenylbenzene, 1,2-propanediol mono (2-methyl-2-propenoate) and 2-propenoic acid	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics > 0.1% cumene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>3160 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat - Female	3492 mg/kg	-
xylene	LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral	Rabbit Rat	1.7 g/kg 4.3 g/kg	-
n-butyl acetate	LC50 Inhalation Vapour LC50 Inhalation Vapour LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral	Rat Rat Rabbit Rat	>21.1 mg/l 2000 ppm >17600 mg/kg 10.768 g/kg	4 hours 4 hours - -
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral	Rat Rabbit Rat	17.8 mg/l 17.8 g/kg 3.5 g/kg	4 hours - -
Reaction mass of bis (1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate and methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>3170 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat - Male, Female	3230 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
₩ylene	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-

Conclusion/Summary

Conclusion/Summary

Teratogenicity

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Eyes

Skin

There are no data available on the mixture itself.There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Respiratory Sensitisation

Product/ingredient name		Route of exposure	Species	Result
 Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, methyl ester, polymer with butyl 2-propenoate, ethenylbenzene, 1,2-propanediol mono(2-methyl-2-propenoate) and 2-propenoic acid 		skin	Mouse	Sensitising
Conclusion/Summary				
Skin	: There are no data ava	ailable on the mixtur	re itself.	
Respiratory	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.			
Mutagenicity				
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data ava	ailable on the mixtur	re itself.	
Carcinogenicity				
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data ava	ailable on the mixtur	re itself.	

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
₩ydrocarbons, C9, aromatics > 0.1% cumene	Category 3 Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation Narcotic effects
xylene n-butyl acetate	Category 3 Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
ethylbenzene	Category 2	-	hearing organs

Aspiration hazard

Product/ingredient name	Result
	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Information on likely : Not available.	

Information on likely routes of exposure

Potential acute health effects

Inhalation : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation. Ingestion : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation. May cause an allergic skin Skin contact ÷. reaction. Eye contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards. Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness Ingestion : No specific data. **Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking : No specific data. Eye contact Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure Short term exposure **Potential immediate** : Not available.

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

effects

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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

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Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health effe	ects
Not available.	
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.
General	: Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	: May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Other information	: Not available.

Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapour/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing.

11.2 Information on other hazards

11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

11.2.2 Other information

Not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
₩ydrocarbons, C9, aromatics > 0.1% cumene	EC50 3.2 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
•	LC50 9.2 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
n-butyl acetate	Acute LC50 18 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia	48 hours
	Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Ceriodaphnia dubia	-
Reaction mass of bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl- 4-piperidyl) sebacate and methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	EC50 1.68 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
·,_,_,_,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	LC50 0.9 mg/l	Fish	96 hours

Conclusion/Summary

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose	Inoculum
√ydrocarbons, C9, aromatics > 0.1% cumene	-	75 % - Readily - 28 days	-	-
n-butyl acetate	TEPA and OECD 301D	83 % - Readily - 28 days	-	-
ethylbenzene		79 % - Readily - 10 days	-	-

Conclusion/Summary

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

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SECTION 12: Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
✓ydrocarbons, C9, aromatics > 0.1% cumene xylene	-	-	Readily Readily
n-butyl acetate ethylbenzene	-	-	Readily Readily
citybenzene	_	_	Тсевану

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
x ylene	3.12	7.4 to 18.5	Low
n-butyl acetate	2.3	-	Low
ethylbenzene	3.6	79.43	Low

12.4 Mobility in soil	
Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)	: Not available.
Mobility	: Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product	
Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.
Hazardous waste	: Yes.

European waste catalogue (EWC)

Waste code	Waste designation
08 01 11*	waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other hazardous substances
Packaging	
Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste

F

packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

Conforms 2020/878		2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Commissio	n Regulation (EU)
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SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

Type of packaging	European waste catalogue (EWC)		
Container	15 01 06 mixed packaging		
Special precautions	 This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. 		

SECTION 14: Transport information

	ADR/RID	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
14.1 UN number or ID number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
14.2 UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
14.4 Packing group	Ш	Ш	
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.

Additional information

ADR/RID	: None identified.
Tunnel code	: (D/E)
IMDG	: None identified.
ΙΑΤΑ	: None identified.

14.6 Special precautions for : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the user event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Transport in bulk	: Not applicable.
according to IMO	
instruments	

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

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SECTION 15: Regula	tory information		
Annex XVII - Restrictions	: Restricted to profession		
on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles			
Other national and internat	ional regulations.		
Explosive precursors	: Not applicable.		
Ozone depleting substance	<u>es (1005/2009/EU)</u>		
Not listed.			
15.2 Chemical safety assessment	: No Chemical Safety Ass	sessment has been carried out.	
SECTION 16: Other i	nformation		
Indicates information that h	nas changed from previously	y issued version.	
Abbreviations and acronyms	1272/2008] DNEL = Derived No Eff	abelling and Packaging Regulation [Re fect Level specific Hazard statement Effect Concentration	ygulation (EC) No.
Full text of abbreviated H statements	H226Flammable liaH304May be fatal iH312Harmful in coH315Causes skin iH317May cause arH319Causes serioH332Harmful if inhH335May cause reH336May cause drH350May cause drH361fSuspected ofH373May cause daH400Very toxic to aH410Very toxic to aH411Toxic to aquaH412Harmful to ac	n allergic skin reaction. us eye irritation. aled. espiratory irritation. rowsiness or dizziness. ancer. ⁶ damaging fertility. amage to organs through prolonged or	
Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]	 Acute Tox. 4 Aquatic Acute 1 Aquatic Chronic 1 Aquatic Chronic 2 Aquatic Chronic 3 Asp. Tox. 1 Carc. 1B Eye Irrit. 2 Flam. Liq. 2 Flam. Liq. 3 Repr. 2 Skin Irrit. 2 Skin Sens. 1 Skin Sens. 1A STOT RE 2 	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4 SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUAT LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUA LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUA LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUA ASPIRATION HAZARD - Categor CARCINOGENICITY - Categor SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IR FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Categor FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Categor REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Ca SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION SKIN SENSITISATION - Categor SKIN SENSITISATION - Categor SKIN SENSITISATION - Categor	TIC HAZARD - Category 1 TIC HAZARD - Category 2 TIC HAZARD - Category 3 y 1 IB RITATION - Category 2 y 2 y 3 ategory 2 - Category 2 y 1 y 1

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SECTION 16: Other	r information		
	STOT SE 3	EXPOSURE - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3	
<u>History</u>			
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Date of previous issue	: 14 November 2023		
Prepared by	: EHS		
Version	: 2		
<u>Disclaimer</u>			

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