# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**



Date of issue/Date of revision 1 September 2024 Version 2

Section 1. Identification		
Product name	: SIGMADUR 550 BASE RAL 7047	
Product code	: 00445292	
Other means of identification	: Not available.	
Product type	: Liquid.	
Relevant identified uses of	the substance or mixture and uses advised against	
Product use	: Professional applications, Used by spraying.	
Use of the substance/ mixture	: Coating.	
Uses advised against	: Not applicable.	
Manufacturer	: PPG Industries, Inc. One PPG Place Pittsburgh, PA 15272	
Emergency telephone number	: (412) 434-4515 (U.S.) (514) 645-1320 (Canada) SETIQ Interior de la República: 800-00-214-00 (México) SETIQ Ciudad de México: (55) 5559-1588 (México)	
Technical Phone Number	: 888-977-4762	

### Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status	<ul> <li>This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).</li> </ul>
Classification of the substance or mixture	<ul> <li>AMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3</li> <li>ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4</li> </ul>
	SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
	EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1
	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1B
	TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2
	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2
	Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity: 35.8% (dermal), 59% (inhalation)

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### Section 2. Hazards identification

This product contains TiO2 which has been classified as a GHS Carcinogen Category 2 based on its IARC 2B classification. For many products, TiO2 is utilized as a raw material in a liquid coating formulation. In this case, the TiO2 particles are bound in a matrix with no meaningful potential for human exposure to unbound particles of TiO2 when the product is applied with a brush or roller. Sanding the coating surface or mist from spray applications may be harmful depending on the duration and level of exposure and require the use of appropriate personal protective equipment and/or engineering controls (see Section 8).

<u>GHS label elements</u> Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	<ul> <li>Mammable liquid and vapor. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye irritation. Harmful if inhaled. May cause cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (hearing organs)</li> </ul>
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: Øbtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take action to prevent static discharges. Keep container tightly closed. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not breathe vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.
Response	: F exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.
Storage	: Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Supplemental label elements	: Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Emits toxic fumes when heated.

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### Section 2. Hazards identification

Hazards not otherwise classified

: Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

Product name

### Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

- Substance/mixture
- : Mixture

: SIGMADUR 550 BASE RAL 7047

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, methyl ester, polymer with butyl 2-propenoate, ethenylbenzene, 1,2-propanediol mono(2-methyl-2-propenoate) and	≥20 - ≤50	37237-99-3
2-propenoic acid		
barium sulfate	≥10 - ≤20	7727-43-7
titanium dioxide	≥10 - ≤20	13463-67-7
xylene	≥5.0 - ≤9.7	1330-20-7
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	≥5.0 - ≤10	64742-95-6
n-butyl acetate	≥5.0 - ≤7.3	123-86-4
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	≥1.0 - ≤5.1	95-63-6
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	14807-96-6
ethylbenzene	≥0.10 - ≤2.8	100-41-4
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	<1.0	41556-26-7
cumene	<1.0	98-82-8
titanium dioxide (<10 microns)	≤1.0	13463-67-7
propylidynetrimethanol	≤1.0	77-99-6

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### Section 4. First aid measures

If ingestion, irritation, any type of overexposure or symptoms of overexposure occur during or persists after use of this product, contact a POISON CONTROL CENTER, EMERGENCY ROOM OR PHYSICIAN immediately; have Safety Data Sheet information available. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious or convulsing person.

#### Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	<ul> <li>Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.</li> </ul>
Inhalation	<ul> <li>Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.</li> </ul>
Skin contact	<ul> <li>Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.</li> </ul>
Ingestion	<ul> <li>If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.</li> </ul>

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

### Section 4. First aid measures

Potential acute health effe	<u>cts</u>
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	: 📕 armful if inhaled.
Skin contact	: $ ot\!$
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<u>Over-exposure signs/symp</u>	<u>otoms</u>
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following:
	pain or irritation
	watering
he he all a film of	redness
Inhalation	Adverse symptoms may include the following:
	reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths
	skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following:
	irritation
	redness
	dryness
	cracking
	reduced fetal weight
	increase in fetal deaths
have a flag.	skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following:
	reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths
	skeletal malformations
	Skeletal mailormations
Indication of immediate mee	dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large
	quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is
	suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to
	give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water
	before removing it, or wear gloves.
San toxical aginal informatic	n (Section 11)

See toxicological information (Section 11)

### Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.

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### Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapor. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides sulfur oxides metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.	
For emergency responders	: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".	
Environmental precautions	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).	
Methods and materials for co	tainment and cleaning up	
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.	
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.	

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### Section 7. Handling and storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Special precautions	: Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. If this material is part of a multiple component system, read the Safety Data Sheet(s) for the other component or components before blending as the resulting mixture may have the hazards of all of its parts.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

### **Occupational exposure limits**

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, methyl ester, polymer with butyl 2-propenoate, ethenylbenzene, 1,2-propanediol mono(2-methyl- 2-propenoate) and 2-propenoic acid	None.
barium sulfate	ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023).
	TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Inhalable
	fraction
	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
	TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable
	fraction
	TWA: 15 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust
titanium dioxide	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
	TWA: 15 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Total dust
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### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

	ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023).
	TWA: 2.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: respirable
	fraction, finescale particles
xylene	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
	[Xylenes]
	TWA: 435 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023). [p-
	xylene and mixtures containing p-xylene]
	Ototoxicant.
	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	None.
n-butyl acetate	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
	TWA: 710 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours.
	ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023). [Butyl
	acetates]
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
4.0.4 trins attach and a man	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023).
The second state in the second state of the se	TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023).
	TWA: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable
	OSHA PEL Z3 (United States).
	TWA: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
ethylbenzene	ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023).
	Ototoxicant.
	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
	TWA: 435 mg/m³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	None.
cumene	ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023).
	TWA: 5 ppm 8 hours.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
	Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 245 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
titanium dioxide (<10 microns)	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
	TWA: 15 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Total dust
	ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023).
	TWA: 2.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: respirable
	fraction, finescale particles
propylidynetrimethanol	None.
Key to abbreviations	
A = Acceptable Maximum Peak	S = Potential skin absorption
ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists.	SR = Respiratory sensitization
C = Ceiling Limit F = Fume	SS = Skin sensitization STEL = Short form Exposure limit values
F = Fume IPEL = Internal Permissible Exposure Limit	STEL = Short term Exposure limit values TD = Total dust
OSHA = Occupational Safety and Health Administration.	TLV = Threshold Limit Value
R = Respirable	TWA = Time Weighted Average
Z = OSHA 29 CFR 1910.1200 Subpart Z - Toxic and Hazardous Substances	

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### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

Recommended monitoring procedures	Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to nationa guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.	al
Appropriate engineering controls	Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below a recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.	
Environmental exposure controls	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.	
Individual protection measure		
Hygiene measures	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.	
Eye/face protection	Chemical splash goggles.	
Skin protection		
Hand protection	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for differen glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.	is
Gloves	øutyl rubber	
Body protection	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task beir performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti- static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.	•
Other skin protection	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by specialist before handling this product.	а
Respiratory protection	Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If worker are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. The respiratory protection shall be in accordance to 29 CFR 1910.134.	s

### Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

#### **Appearance**

Physical state	:	Liquid.	
Color	:	Gray.	
Odor	1	Characteristic.	
Odor threshold	:	Not available.	
рН	1	Not applicable.	
Melting point	1	Not available.	
Boiling point	1	>37.78°C (>100°F)	
Flash point	1	Closed cup: 24°C (75.2°F)	
Auto-ignition temperature	1	Not available.	
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.	
Flammability	:	Not available.	
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	1	Not available.	
Evaporation rate	:	Not available.	
Vapor pressure	:	Not available.	
Vapor density	:	Not available.	
Relative density	:	1.34	
Density(lbs / gal)	:	11.18	
		Media	Result
Solubility(ies)	ł	cold water	Not soluble
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not applicable.	
Viscosity	:	Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >	>21 mm²/s (>21 cSt)
Volatility	:	54% (v/v), 34.587% (w/w)	
% Solid. (w/w)	:	65.413	

### Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.
Incompatible materials	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

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### Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Hazardous decomposition products

: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides sulfur oxides metal oxide/oxides

### Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-,	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
methyl ester, polymer with				
butyl 2-propenoate,				
ethenylbenzene,				
1,2-propanediol mono				
(2-methyl-2-propenoate) and				
2-propenoic acid				
barium sulfate	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
titanium dioxide	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>6.82 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
xylene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.7 g/kg	-
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3.48 g/kg	-
5	LD50 Oral	Rat	8400 mg/kg	-
n-butyl acetate	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	>21.1 mg/l	4 hours
,	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	2000 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>17600 mg/kg	_
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10.768 g/kg	-
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	18000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5 g/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.5 g/kg	_
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.125 g/kg	-
4-piperidyl) sebacate				
cumene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	39000 mg/m³	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	12.3 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2260 mg/kg	_
titanium dioxide (<10 microns)	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>6.82 mg/l	4 hours
····/	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	_
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	_
propylidynetrimethanol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	10 g/kg	_
	LD50 Oral	Rat	14000 mg/kg	_

Irritation/Corrosion

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## Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Result			Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
<b>x</b> ylene	Skin - Moo	lerate irr	itant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
Conclusion/Summary Skin Eyes Respiratory Sensitization	: There are	e no data	a available	e on the mixtu e on the mixtu e on the mixtu	ure itself.		•
Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure		Species		Re	esult	
<ul> <li>Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, methyl ester, polymer with butyl 2-propenoate, ethenylbenzene, 1,2-propanediol mono (2-methyl-2-propenoate) and 2-propenoic acid</li> </ul>	skin		Mouse		Se	ensitizing	
<u>Conclusion/Summary</u> Skin Respiratory <u>Mutagenicity</u> Conclusion/Summary <u>Carcinogenicity</u> Conclusion/Summary Classification	: There are	e no data e no data	a available a available	e on the mixtu e on the mixtu e on the mixtu e on the mixtu	ure itself. ure itself.		
Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP				
iffanium dioxide xylene ethylbenzene cumene titanium dioxide (<10 microns)	- - - -	2B 3 2B 2B 2B 2B		onably anticip	ated to be a l	numan carcinoger	1.
Carcinogen Classification IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3, NTP: Known to be OSHA: + Not listed/not regu	4 a human caro	cinogen; R	Reasonably	anticipated to b	e a human carc	inogen	
Reproductive toxicity Conclusion/Summary Teratogenicity	: There are : There are	e no data		on the mixtu on the mixtu			

### Section 11. Toxicological information

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
n-butyl acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
cumene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	•••	Route of exposure	Target organs
ethylbenzene	Category 2	-	hearing organs
cumene	Category 2		-

Target organs

: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: brain, central nervous system (CNS).

Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: blood, kidneys, lungs, the nervous system, liver, cardiovascular system, upper respiratory tract, skin, ears, eye, lens or cornea.

#### Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
ylene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
cumene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

#### Information on the likely routes of exposure

#### Potential acute health effects

Eye contact Inhalation Skin contact Ingestion <u>Over-exposure signs/sym</u>	<ul> <li>Causes serious eye irritation.</li> <li>Harmful if inhaled.</li> <li>Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.</li> <li>No known significant effects or critical hazards.</li> </ul>
Eve contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following:
	pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

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### Section 11. Toxicological information

		-
Skin contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation
		redness
		dryness
		cracking
		reduced fetal weight
		increase in fetal deaths
		skeletal malformations
Ingestion	1	Adverse symptoms may include the following:
		reduced fetal weight
		increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Dolayod and immodiate offer	ote	and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
Conclusion/Summary		There are no data available on the mixture itself. This product contains TiO2 which has been classified as a GHS Carcinogen Category 2 based on its IARC 2B classification. For many products, TiO2 is utilized as a raw material in a liquid coating formulation. In this case, the TiO2 particles are bound in a matrix with no meaningful potential for human exposure to unbound particles of TiO2 when the product is applied with a brush or roller. Sanding the coating surface or mist from spray applications may be harmful depending on the duration and level of exposure and require the use of appropriate personal protective equipment and/or engineering controls (see Section 8). Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. There is some evidence that repeated exposure to organic solvent vapors in combination with constant loud noise can cause greater hearing loss than expected from exposure to noise alone. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.
Short term exposure		
Potential immediate		There are no data available on the mixture itself.
effects		
Potential delayed effects	1	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
<u>Long term exposure</u>		
Potential immediate effects	:	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential delayed effects	1	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential chronic health eff	ect	<u>S</u>
General	:	$\overline{\mathbf{M}}$ ay cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or
	Ì	repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	:	$\overline{M}$ ay cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity		No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity		Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
		United States Page: 13/18

### Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Numerical measures of toxicity

#### Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/ I)
GMADUR 550 BASE RAL 7047	26548.8	4012.5	N/A	32.5	3.7
barium sulfate	N/A	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
xylene	4300	1700	N/A	11	1.5
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	8400	3480	N/A	N/A	N/A
n-butyl acetate	10768	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	5000	N/A	N/A	18	1.5
ethylbenzene	3500	17800	N/A	17.8	1.5
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	3125	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
cumene	2260	12300	N/A	39	N/A
propylidynetrimethanol	14000	10000	N/A	N/A	N/A

### Section 12. Ecological information

#### <u>Toxicity</u>

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
<b>ti</b> tanium dioxide	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	Acute LC50 8.2 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
n-butyl acetate	Acute LC50 18 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia	48 hours
	Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Ceriodaphnia dubia	-
titanium dioxide (<10 microns)	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
propylidynetrimethanol	Acute LC50 >1000 mg/l	Fish	96 hours

#### Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose		Inoculum
-butyl acetate	TEPA and OECD 301D	83 % - Rea	dily - 28 days	-		-
ethylbenzene	-	79 % - Rea	dily - 10 days	-		-
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life		Photolysis		Biodeg	radability
xylene n-butyl acetate ethylbenzene			- - -		Readily Readily Readily	

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product name SIGMADUR 550 BASE RAL 7047

### Section 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
<b>x</b> ylene	3.12	7.4 to 18.5	Low
n-butyl acetate	2.3	-	Low
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	3.63	120.23	Low
ethylbenzene	3.6	79.43	Low
cumene	3.55	35.48	Low
propylidynetrimethanol	-0.47	-	Low

#### Mobility in soil

Soil/water p	partition
coefficient	(Koc)

: Not available.

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods : The	non-metion of words, about discounting of an interview during the provided of the second
of th requ regin via a the Was whe safe clea Vap insid	generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal is product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the irements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any onal local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. te packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered n recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been ned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. or from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere e the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been ned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations. Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees. Section 6. Accidental release measures

	DOT	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class (es)	3	3	3
Packing group	111		III
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.
Product RQ (lbs)	1038.3	Not applicable.	Not applicable.

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Product name SIGMADUR 550 BASE RAL 7047

(xylene)

### 14. Transport information

**RQ** substances

Not applicable.

Not applicable.

#### Additional information

- DOT : Package sizes shipped in quantities less than the product reportable quantity are not subject to the RQ (reportable quantity) transportation requirements.
   IMDG : None identified.
- IATA : None identified.

IATA : None Identified.

**Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable.

to IMO instruments

### Section 15. Regulatory information

#### United States

United States inventory (TSCA 8b) : All components are active or exempted.

#### SARA 302/304

SARA 304 RQ : Not applicable.

Composition/information on ingredients

No products were found.

#### SARA 311/312

Classification : FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1B TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2 HNOC - Defatting irritant

#### Composition/information on ingredients

Name	%	Classification
Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, methyl ester, polymer with butyl 2-propenoate, ethenylbenzene, 1,2-propanediol mono(2-methyl- 2-propenoate) and 2-propenoic acid	≥20 - ≤50	COMBUSTIBLE DUSTS SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1B
titanium dioxide xylene	≥10 - ≤20 ≥5.0 - ≤9.7	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
	-	United States Page: 16/18

Product name SIGMADUR 550 BASE RAL 7047

### Section 15. Regulatory information

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		EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)
		(Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
		ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Solvent naphtha (petroleum),	≥5.0 - ≤10	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
light aromatic	20.0 - 210	SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
ignearonnaito		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)
		(Narcotic effects) - Category 3
		ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
		HNOC - Defatting irritant
n-butyl acetate	≥5.0 - ≤7.3	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
,		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)
		(Narcotic effects) - Category 3
		HNOC - Defatting irritant
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	≥1.0 - ≤5.1	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
		ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4
		SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
		EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)
		(Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
		HNOC - Defatting irritant
, 0	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)
fibres		(Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
ethylbenzene	≥0.10 - ≤2.8	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
		ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4
		CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED
		EXPOSURE) - Category 2
		ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 HNOC - Defatting irritant
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-	<1.0	SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1B
4-piperidyl) sebacate	1.0	TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2
cumene	<1.0	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
Gamerie	1.0	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1B
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)
		(Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED
		EXPOSURE) - Category 2
		ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
		HNOC - Defatting irritant
titanium dioxide (<10 microns)	≤1.0	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
propylidynetrimethanol	≤1.0	TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2
	•	

#### <u>SARA 313</u>

	Chemical name	<u>CAS number</u>	<b>Concentration</b>
Supplier notification	: 📈 lene	1330-20-7	5 - 10
	1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	3 - 7
	ethylbenzene	100-41-4	1 - 5
	cumene	98-82-8	0.1 - 1

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

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#### Product name SIGMADUR 550 BASE RAL 7047

### Section 15. Regulatory information

Additional environmental information is contained on the Environmental Data Sheet for this product, which can be obtained from your PPG representative.

#### California Prop. 65

**MARNING**: Cancer - www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

### Section 16. Other information

#### Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

Health : 2 \* Flammability : 3 Physical hazards : 0

(\*) - Chronic effects

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on MSDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

### The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)

Health : 2 Flamma Date of previous issue Organization that prepared the SDS	bility : 3 Instability : 0 : 2/23/2022 : EHS
Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations

#### Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### **Disclaimer**

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.