# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

Date of issue : 4 September 2024 : 5.01

Version

## Section 1. Identification

Product code	: 47297-C1000/20L
Product name	: SIGMA ECOFLEET 290S BLUE
Product type	: Liquid.
Recommended use and res	<u>strictions</u>
Use of the substance/ mixture	: Antifouling products
Uses advised against	: Not applicable.
Supplier's details	: PPG INDUSTRIES NEW ZEALAND LTD 5 MONAHAN ROAD, MT WELLINGTON, AUCKLAND www.ppgnz.co.nz Telephone Numbers:
	09 573 1620, 0800 659378 021 940 920 (24 Hours)
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	: New Zealand 0800 000 096 (24 hours) / Australia 1800 883 254 (24 hours) For international shipping emergencies: 1-412-391-1618
e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS	: ehsnz@ppg.com

## Section 2. Hazards identification

HSNO Classification	: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
	ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4
	ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4
	EYE IRRITATION - Category 2
	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1
	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
	REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Category 2
	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE (Respiratory tract
	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 2
	SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
Symbol	
GHS label elements	
	. Morning
Signal word	: Warning



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### Section 2. Hazards identification

Hazard statements	:	Flammable liquid and vapour. Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause respiratory irritation. Suspected of causing cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements		
Prevention	:	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Avoid release to the environment. Do not breathe vapour. Wash thoroughly after handling.
Response	:	Collect spillage. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.
Storage	:	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
Disposal	:	Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Other hazards which do not result in classification	:	Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

This material is classified as hazardous according to criteria in the Hazardous Substances (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Notice 2017 and has been classified according to the Hazardous Substances (Classifications) Notice 2017.

This material is classified as DANGEROUS GOODS according to criteria in New Zealand Land Transport Rule: Dangerous Goods 2005.

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture
<b>CAS number/other identifiers</b>

: Mixture

Product code

#### : 47297-C1000/20L

Hazardous ingredients	%	CAS number
dicopper oxide	10 - <30	1317-39-1
rosin	10 - <30	8050-09-7
4-methylpentan-2-one	1 - <10	108-10-1
zineb (ISO)	1 - <10	12122-67-7
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	1 - <10	95-63-6
xylene	1 - <10	1330-20-7
Reaction products of 12-hydroxyoctadecanoic acid and octadecanoic acid and 1,3-phenylenedimethanamine	<1	911674-82-3
copper	<1	7440-50-8
ethylbenzene	<1	100-41-4

### Product name SIGMA ECOFLEET 290S BLUE

### Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment or have an OEL and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary	r first aid measures
	: Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running
Eye contact	water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical attention.
Inhalation	<ul> <li>Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.</li> </ul>
Skin contact	: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion	<ul> <li>If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label.</li> <li>Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.</li> </ul>
Most important symptom	ns/effects, acute and delayed
Potential acute health e	ffects
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	: Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	: Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: Harmful if swallowed.
<u>Over-exposure signs/sy</u>	<u>imptoms</u>
Eyes	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
Indication of immediate r	nedical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Specific treatments	: Not available.

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### Section 4. First aid measures

Notes to physician	: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

### Section 5. Firefighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable	: Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.
Not suitable	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	<ul> <li>Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides</li> </ul>
Special precautions for fire- fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	<ul> <li>Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.</li> </ul>

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	:	If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".	
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.	
Methods and material for containment and cleaning up			
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.	

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spill product. Note: see Section 1 for
	material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling		Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
4-methylpentan-2-one	HSWA 2015 - HSW (GRWM) 2016.
	Workplace exposure standards (WES)
	(New Zealand, 4/2022).
	WES-STEL: 307 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
	WES-STEL: 75 ppm 15 minutes.
	WES-TWA: 205 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	WES-TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	HSWA 2015 - HSW (GRWM) 2016.
•	Workplace exposure standards (WES)
	(New Zealand, 4/2022). [Trimethyl
	benzene]
	WES-TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.
	WES-TWA: 123 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
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#### xylene HSWA 2015 - HSW (GRWM) 2016. Workplace exposure standards (WES) (New Zealand, 4/2022). [xylene (o-, m-, pisomers)] Ototoxicant. WES-TWA: 217 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. WES-TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. HSWA 2015 - HSW (GRWM) 2016. ethylbenzene Workplace exposure standards (WES) (New Zealand, 4/2022). Absorbed through skin. Ototoxicant. WES-STEL: 176 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. WES-STEL: 40 ppm 15 minutes. WES-TWA: 88 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. WES-TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. **Recommended monitoring** : Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous procedures substances will also be required. Appropriate engineering : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne controls contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment. **Environmental exposure** Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some controls cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels. Individual protection measures **Hygiene measures** : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. **Respiratory protection** : Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Hand protection : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. Gloves : butyl rubber Eye protection : Chemical splash goggles.

### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

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### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

**Skin protection** 

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

### **Section 9. Physical and chemical properties**

<u>Appearance</u>			
Physical state	1	Liquid.	
Colour	1	Blue.	
Odour	:	Characteristic.	
Odour threshold	:	Not available.	
рН	:	Not applicable.	
Melting point	:	Not available.	
Boiling point	:	>37.78°C (>100°F)	
Flash point	:	Closed cup: 34°C (93.2°F)	
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Not available.	
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	1	Not available.	
Vapour pressure	:	Not available.	
Relative density	:	1.63	
Colubility/icc)		Media	Result
Solubility(ies)	1	cold water	Not soluble
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	1	Not applicable.	
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Not available.	
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.	
Viscosity	1	Kinematic (40°C (104°F)):	>21 mm²/s (>21 cSt)

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Stability	: The product may not be stable under certain conditions of storage or use.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.
Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidising materials strong acids strong alkalis
Hazardous decomposition products	<ul> <li>Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides</li> </ul>
Hazardous polymerisation	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerisation will not occur.

## Section 11. Toxicological information

### Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation	: Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation.
Ingestion	: Harmful if swallowed.
Skin contact	: Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Symptoms related to the p	physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness

### Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
dicopper oxide	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	3.34 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	500 mg/kg	-
rosin	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	7600 mg/kg	-
4-methylpentan-2-one	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	11 mg/l	4 hours
5.	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2.08 g/kg	-
zineb (ISO)	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	18000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5 g/kg	-
xylene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.7 g/kg	-
5	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-
Reaction products of 12-hydroxyoctadecanoic acid and octadecanoic acid and	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5.08 mg/l	4 hours
1,3-phenylenedimethanamine				
copper	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5.11 mg/l	4 hours

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## Section 11. Toxicological information

othylbonzono	-	Vapour		Rat		17.8	ma/l	4 hours
ethylbenzene		LC50 Inhalation Vapour Rat LD50 Dermal Rabbit			17.8		4 nours -	
	LD50 Oral			Rat		3.5 g		-
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.						
Irritation/Corrosion								
Product/ingredient name	Result	esult Species Score Exposure Observati						Observation
xylene	Skin - Moderat	Skin - Moderate irritant Rabbit - 24 hours 500 - mg				-		
Conclusion/Summary								
Skin	: There are no	o data availa	ble on	the mixtu	ure itsel	f.		
Eyes	: There are no	o data availa	ble on	the mixtu	ure itsel	f.		
Respiratory	: There are no	o data availa	ble on	the mixtu	ure itsel	f.		
<b>Sensitisation</b>								
Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species				Resu	lt	
zíneb (ISO)	skin	Guinea	big			Sens	itising	
Conclusion/Summary		- 4						
Skin	: There are no	o data availa	ble on	the mixtu	ure itsel	f.		
Respiratory	: There are no	o data availa	ble on	the mixtu	ure itsel	f.		
Potential chronic health eff	<u>ects</u>							
General Skin contact	<ul> <li>May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.</li> <li>Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed</li> </ul>							
	to very low le	<ul> <li>to very low levels.</li> <li>Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of</li> </ul>						
Carcinogenicity	exposure.	r causing ca	ncer.	RISK OF C	ancero	epend	is on duration	and level of
Mutagenicity	: No known si	No known significant effects or critical hazards.						
Teratogenicity	: Suspected o	f damaging	the un	born child	d.			
<b>Developmental effects</b>	: No known si	gnificant effe	ects or	critical h	azards.			
Fertility effects	: Suspected o	f damaging	fertility	/.				
Chronic toxicity								
Not available.								
Carcinogenicity Conclusion/Summary	: There are no	o data availa	ble on	the mixtu	ure itsel	f.		
<u>Mutagenicity</u> Conclusion/Summary <u>Teratogenicity</u>	: There are no	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.						
Conclusion/Summary Reproductive toxicity	: There are no	o data availa	ble on	the mixtu	ure itsel	f.		
Conclusion/Summary Specific target organ toxici	: There are no	o data availa	ble on	the mixtu	ure itsel	f.		

### Section 11. Toxicological information

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
dicopper oxide	Category 2	-	-
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2	-	-
xylene	Category 2	-	-
copper	Category 2	-	-
ethylbenzene	Category 2	-	-

#### Aspiration hazard

Name	
ethylbenzene	

#### Numerical measures of toxicity

#### Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Øral	504.36 mg/kg
Dermal	89356.83 mg/kg
Inhalation (vapours)	73.08 mg/l
Inhalation (dusts and mists)	3.51 mg/l

#### Other information

Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapour/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing.

### Section 12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

: This material is very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### Aquatic and terrestrial toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
dicopper oxide	LC50 0.003 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
4-methylpentan-2-one	Acute LC50 >179 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
Reaction products of	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
12-hydroxyoctadecanoic			
acid and octadecanoic acid			
and			
1,3-phenylenedimethanamine			
copper	Acute LC50 810 ppb	Fish	96 hours
	Chronic EC10 8.1 µg/l	Daphnia - Daphnia magna -	21 days
		Neonate	
ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia	48 hours
,	Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Ceriodaphnia dubia	-

#### Persistence/degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose	Inoculum
4-methylpentan-2-one ethylbenzene	OECD 301F -	83 % - Readily - 28 days 79 % - Readily - 10 days	-	-

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### Section 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
4-methylpentan-2-one xylene ethylbenzene		-	Readily Readily Readily

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
<b>Fo</b> sin	1.9 to 7.7	-	High
4-methylpentan-2-one	1.9	-	Low
zineb (ISO)	1.3	-	Low
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	3.63	120.23	Low
xylene	3.12	7.4 to 18.5	Low
ethylbenzene	3.6	79.43	Low

#### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** 

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Not suitable:

: Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste. Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations. Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees. Section 6. Accidental release measures

### 14. Transport information

### Product name SIGMA ECOFLEET 290S BLUE

## 14. Transport information

	NZ	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ	
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	
	PLANAGE			
Packing group	III	III		
Environmental hazards	Yes.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.	
Marine pollutant substances	(dicopper oxide)	(dicopper oxide)	Not applicable.	

#### **Additional information**

NZ Hazchem code	<ul> <li>The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported by road or rail.</li> <li>•3Y</li> </ul>	
IMDG	The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.	
ΙΑΤΑ	: The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.	
<b>Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises:</b> always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.		

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

## Section 15. Regulatory information

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)	: At least one component is not listed.
HSNO Approval Number	: HSR002669 Flammable, Toxic [6.7]
Emergency Management Regulations	: Level 1: Labelling required when 1L is present in a workplace.
	Level 2: MSDS required when any amount is present in a workplace. At least 2 x 4.5 kg powder fire extinguishers required when 500L is present in a workplace.
	Level 3: Emergency Response Plans and Secondary Containment required when 1000L is stored.
	Flammable Signage required when 1000L is present in a workplace.
	Toxic Signage required when 10000L is present in a workplace.

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### Section 15. Regulatory information

Classes 1 to 5 Control Regulations	<ul> <li>Hazardous Atmosphere Zones required for quantities greater than: 100L (closed), 25L (decanting), 5L (open occasionally), 1L (open continuously). Hazardous Substances Location Certificate required for quantities greater than: 1500L (containers up to 5L), 500L (containers &gt;5L), 250L (open containers).</li> </ul>			
Approved Handler	: Not applicable.			
International regulations				
Chemical Weapon Conventi	on List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals			
Not listed.				
Montreal Protocol				
Not listed.				
Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants				
Not listed.				
Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)				
Not listed.				
UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals				
Not listed.				

### Section 16. Other information

Date of issue Date of previous issue	: 4 September 2024 : 7/7/2024		
igarphi Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.			
Key to abbreviations	: STEL = Short Term Exposure Limit TWA = Time-Weighted Average WES = Work Exposure Standard		
References	: Not available.		
Organisation that prepared the SDS	: EHS		

#### **Disclaimer**

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.