SAFETY DATA SHEET



The information in this Safety Data Sheet is required pursuant to GHS UN rev. 7

Date of issue/Date of revision 4 September 2024 Version 2.02

Section 1. Identification

Product code	: 00445164
Product name	: SIGMA SAILADVANCE GX BROWN
Product type	: Liquid.
Other means of identification Not available.	
Relevant identified uses of th	e substance or mixture and uses advised against
Product use	 Antifouling products; Coating. Professional applications, Used by spraying.
Uses advised against	: Product is not intended, labelled or packaged for consumer use.
Company/undertaking identification	 PPG Industries Sales, Inc. and PPG Coatings (Philippines), Inc. 3rd Floor First Life Center 174 Salcedo St., Legaspi Village Makati City 1229, Philippines Tel # 00632- 752-6773/ Fax # 00632-752-6771
Emergency telephone number	: CHEMTREC +(63) 2-395-3308 (CCN 17704)

Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture	 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 5 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 1 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 1 ✓ ercentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute oral toxicity: 5% Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute dermal toxicity: 24.1%
	toxicity: 24.1% Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute inhalation toxicity: 32.8%
	Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown hazards to the aquatic environment: 16.1%

GHS label elements

Section 2. Hazards identification

Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	 Flammable liquid and vapor. Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled. May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye damage. Suspected of causing cancer. Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment. Avoid breathing vapor. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
Response	: Collect spillage. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. IF ON SKIN: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.
Storage	: Store locked up.
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Other hazards which do not : Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

result in classification

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

CAS number/other identifiers

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
dicopper oxide	25 - <50	1317-39-1
rosin	10 - <20	8050-09-7
zineb (ISO)	5 - <10	12122-67-7
4-methylpentan-2-one	5 - <10	108-10-1
zinc oxide	5 - <10	1314-13-2
Propane, 1-(ethenyloxy)-2-methyl-, polymer with chloroethene	3 - <5	25154-85-2
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	3 - <5	64742-95-6
xylene	3 - <5	1330-20-7
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	1 - <3	95-63-6
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	1 - <3	14807-96-6

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Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

copper oxide	1 - <3	1317-38-0
copper	0.3 - <1	7440-50-8
p-mentha-1,4(8)-diene	0.1 - <0.3	586-62-9

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necess	sary first aid measures
Eye contact	 Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical attention.
Inhalation	: Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion	 If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects				
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.			
Inhalation	÷	: Harmful if inhaled.		
Skin contact	1	May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.		
Ingestion	÷	Harmful if swallowed.		
Over-exposure signs/sympto	m	<u>IS</u>		
Eye contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness		
Inhalation	÷,	No specific data.		
Skin contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness dryness cracking blistering may occur		
Ingestion	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains		
Indication of immediate medic	a	attention and special treatment needed, if necessary		
Notes to physician	:	In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.		
Specific treatments	:	No specific treatment.		
Protection of first-aiders	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.		

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Section 4. First aid measures

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures			
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.		
For emergency responders	: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".		
Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.		
Methods and materials for con	ntainment and cleaning up		
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.		

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.
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Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	
Protective measures :	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general : occupational hygiene	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, : including any incompatibilities	Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occu	pational	exposure	limits
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Ingredient name	Exposure limits
dicopper oxide	ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023). [copper fume]
rosin	TWA: 0.2 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Fume ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023). [resin acids] Skin sensitizer. Inhalation sensitizer.
	TWA: 0.001 mg/m³, (as total Resin acids) 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction
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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Section 8. Exposu	re	e controis/personal pro	lection
4-methylpentan-2-one			TLV (Philippines, 4/2016).
			TLV: 410 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
			TLV: 100 ppm 8 hours.
zinc oxide			TLV (Philippines, 4/2016).
xylene			TLV: 1 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Fume TLV (Philippines, 4/2016). [Xylene]
Xylene			TLV: $0.1 \text{ mg/m}^3 8 \text{ hours.}$
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene			ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023). TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.
Talc , not containing asbestif	orn	n fibres	TLV (Philippines, 4/2016).
			TLV: 20 mppf 8 hours. Form: Dust
copper oxide			ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023).
			[copper fume] TWA: 0.2 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Fume
copper			TLV (Philippines, 4/2016).
coppol			TLV: 1 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Dusts and
			Mists
			TLV: 0.1 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Fume
Recommended monitoring procedures	:		riate monitoring standards. Reference to nods for the determination of hazardous
Appropriate engineering	÷	Use only with adequate ventilation. U	
controls			Is to keep worker exposure to airborne of or statutory limits. The engineering controls
			concentrations below any lower explosive
		limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation	
Environmental exposure	:		ocess equipment should be checked to ensure
controls			environmental protection legislation. In some
		cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engin	
		equipment will be necessary to reduce	e emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection measur	<u>res</u>		
Hygiene measures	:	Wash hands, forearms and face thore	oughly after handling chemical products, before
			y and at the end of the working period.
			d to remove potentially contaminated clothing.
			ot be allowed out of the workplace. Wash
		showers are close to the workstation l	Ensure that eyewash stations and safety
Eye/face protection			proved standard should be used when a risk
Lychace protection			y to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists,
			the following protection should be worn,
			her degree of protection: chemical splash
			on hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be
Chin protoction		required instead.	
Skin protection			
Hand protection	4		complying with an approved standard should
			emical products if a risk assessment indicates
			rameters specified by the glove manufacturer, still retaining their protective properties. It
			through for any glove material may be
			rers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of
		several substances, the protection tim	
		estimated.	
Gloves	1	butyl rubber	

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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

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Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	 Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

Appearance									
Physical state	:	Liquid.							
Color	÷	Brown.							
Odor		Characteristic.							
Odor threshold		Not available.							
Melting point/freezing point		Not available.							
Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range	:	>37.78°C (>100°F)							
Flammability	:	Not available.							
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	:	Not available.							
Flash point	:	Closed cup: 28°C (82	2.4°F)						
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Ingredient name		°C		°F		Method	
		zineb (ISO)		149		300.2			
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.				ļ			
pH	:	Not applicable.							
Viscosity	:	Kinematic (40°C): >2	Kinematic (40°C): >21 mm²/s						
Solubility/ico)		Media Result							
Solubility(ies)	1	cold water Not soluble							
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not applicable.							
Vapor pressure	:		Vapo	r Pressu	ire at 2	20°C	Va	por press	sure at 50°C
		Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Met	hod	mm Hg	kPa	Method
		4-methylpentan-2-one	15.75128	2.1					
Relative density	÷	1.74	I		-!		1	1	I
Relative vapor density	:	Not available.							
Particle characteristics									
Median particle size	з.	Not applicable.							

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.
Incompatible materials	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides
Hazardous polymerization	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerization will not occur.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
dicopper oxide	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	3.34 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	500 mg/kg	-
rosin	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	7600 mg/kg	-
zineb (ISO)	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
4-methylpentan-2-one	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	11 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2.08 g/kg	-
zinc oxide	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5700 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3.48 g/kg	-
ight diomato	LD50 Oral	Rat	8400 mg/kg	-
xylene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.7 g/kg	-
,	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	18000 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5 g/kg	-
copper oxide	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
copper	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5.11 mg/l	4 hours
p-mentha-1,4(8)-diene	LD50 Oral	Rat	4390 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
xylene	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit		24 hours 500 mg	-

Conclusion/Summary

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Skin	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Eyes	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Respiratory	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Sensitization	

Product/ingredient name Route of Species Result exposure zíneb (ISO) skin Guinea pig Sensitizing **Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself. Skin Respiratory : There are no data available on the mixture itself. **Mutagenicity Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself. **Carcinogenicity** : There are no data available on the mixture itself. **Conclusion/Summary Reproductive toxicity Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself. **Teratogenicity** : There are no data available on the mixture itself. **Conclusion/Summary**

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
zineb (ISO)	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
4-methylpentan-2-one	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Result
ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 2 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely routes of exposure

ne likely : Not available.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact

: Causes serious eye damage.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Aay be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. Aay cause an allergic skin reaction. Harmful if swallowed. Adverse symptoms may include the following: vatering edness No specific data. Adverse symptoms may include the following: vatering edness No specific data. Adverse symptoms may include the following: vain or irritation edness layness aracking
Harmful if swallowed. I. chemical and toxicological characteristics Adverse symptoms may include the following: bain vatering edness No specific data. Adverse symptoms may include the following: bain or irritation edness lryness
Adverse symptoms may include the following: watering edness No specific data. Adverse symptoms may include the following: wain or irritation edness Iryness
pain vatering edness No specific data. Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation edness lryness
Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation edness Iryness
pain or irritation edness Iryness
adding
listering may occur dverse symptoms may include the following: tomach pains
nd also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
lot available.
lot available.
lot available.
lot available.
Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/ or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of
exposure.
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Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Øral	1226.66 mg/kg
Dermal	3157.46 mg/kg
Inhalation (vapors)	52.33 mg/l
Inhalation (dusts and mists)	3.23 mg/l

Other information

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing.

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
dicopper oxide	LC50 0.003 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
4-methylpentan-2-one	Acute LC50 >179 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
zinc oxide	Acute EC50 0.17 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
	Acute EC50 0.481 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna -</i> Neonate	48 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.017 mg/l Fresh water	Algae	72 hours
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	Acute LC50 8.2 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
copper	Acute LC50 810 ppb	Fish	96 hours
	Chronic EC10 8.1 µg/l	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - Neonate	21 days

Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose		Inoculum
4-methylpentan-2-one	OECD 301F	83 % - Rea	dily - 28 days	-		-
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life		Photolysis		Biodeg	radability
4-methylpentan-2-one xylene	-		-		Readily Readily	

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
rosin	1.9 to 7.7	-	High
zineb (ISO)	1.3	-	Low
4-methylpentan-2-one	1.9	-	Low
xylene	3.12	7.4 to 18.5	Low
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	3.63	120.23	Low
p-mentha-1,4(8)-diene	4.47	-	High

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	UN	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
Packing group	III	III	
Environmental hazards	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	(dicopper oxide)	Not applicable.

Additional information

IMDG

ΙΑΤΑ

UN : None identified.

- : The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤ 5 L or ≤ 5 kg.
- : The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.

Special precautions for user :**Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

Section 15. Regulatory information

International regulations

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

History

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants Not listed.

Section 16. Other information

HISTORY	
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 4 September 2024
Date of previous issue	: 7/7/2024
Version	: 2.02
Prepared by	: EHS
ey to abbreviations	 ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3	On basis of test data
ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4	Calculation method
ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 5	Calculation method
ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4	Calculation method
SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2	Calculation method
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1	Calculation method
SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1	Calculation method
CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2	Calculation method
AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 1	Calculation method
AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 1	Calculation method

V Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by us, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.