SAFETY DATA SHEET



The information in this Safety Data Sheet is required pursuant to Hazardous Product Regulations 2015.

Date of issue/Date of revision 4 September 2024

Version 9.02

Section 1. Identification

Product name : KL4600 KOL-TAR URETHANE/COAL TAR

Product code : KL4600/01

Other means of : Not available.

identification

Product type : Liquid.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product use : Professional applications, Used by spraying.

Use of the substance/

mixture

: Coating.

Uses advised against : Not applicable.

Supplier : PPG Architectural Coatings Canada, Inc.

1550, rue Ampère, bureau 500 Boucherville (Québec) J4B 7L4

Canada

+1 450-655-3121

PPG Industries, Inc. One PPG Place Pittsburgh, PA 15272 (412) 434-4515 (U.S.)

Emergency telephone : (412) 434-4515 (U.S.) number : (514) 645-1320 (Canada)

SETIQ Interior de la República: 800-00-214-00 (México) SETIQ Ciudad de México: (55) 5559-1588 (México)

Technical Phone Number: 888-977-4762

Section 2. Hazard identification

Classification of the substance or mixture

: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3

ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4

SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A

RESPIRATORY SENSITIZATION - Category 1A

SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1A
GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY - Category 1

CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1

TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 1

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract

irritation) - Category 3

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2

Health Hazards Not Otherwise Classified - Category 1

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Product name KL4600 KOL-TAR URETHANE/COAL TAR

Section 2. Hazard identification

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms







Signal word

Hazard statements

: Danger

: Flammable liquid and vapor.

Causes skin irritation.

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Causes serious eye irritation.

Harmful if inhaled.

May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

May cause respiratory irritation. May cause genetic defects.

May cause cancer.

May damage fertility or the unborn child.

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (respiratory

system)

Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

Precautionary statements

Prevention

: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Wear respiratory protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not breathe vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

Response

: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.

Photosensitive agents: In case of accidental eye contact, avoid direct exposure to the sun or other sources of UV light as severe irritation including burns may result. These reactions can be delayed – get medical attention if pain, irritation or blistering occurs after contact. In case of accidental skin contact, avoid direct exposure to the sun or other sources of UV light as severe irritation including burns may result. These reactions can be delayed – get medical attention if pain, irritation, rash or blistering occurs after contact.

Storage Disposal

- : Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
- : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Supplemental label elements

: Moisture-sensitive material. Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. This product contains crystalline silica which can cause lung cancer or silicosis. The risk of cancer depends on the duration and level of exposure to dust from sanding surfaces or mist from spray applications. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Skin contact to isocyanate monomer may lead to

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Section 2. Hazard identification

allergic lung reaction. Based on the properties of the isocyanate components and considering toxicological data on similar mixtures, this mixture may cause acute irritation and/or sensitization of the respiratory system, leading to an asthmatic condition, wheezing and tightness of the chest. Sensitized persons may subsequently show asthmatic symptoms when exposed to atmospheric concentrations well below the OEL. Repeated exposure may lead to permanent respiratory disability. Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems or asthma, allergies or chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid contact with skin and clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Emits toxic fumes when heated.

Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity: 11.8% (oral), 36.1% (dermal), 30% (inhalation)

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

Product name

: KL4600 KOL-TAR URETHANE/COAL TAR

Other means of identification

: Not available.

CAS number/other identifiers

Ingredient name	Synonyms	% (w/w)	CAS number
Nepheline syenite	potassium, sodium, oxido-oxo- oxoalumanyloxysilane	10 - 30*	37244-96-5
xylene	Benzene, dimethyl-; Xylol; Benzene, dimethyl-, mixed isomers; xylene, mixed isomers, pure; xylene, crude; Benzene, dimethyl-,; Xylene (mixed); xylene (total); Xylenes; Dimethylbenzene; XYLENES (Isomer Mixture)	10 - 30*	1330-20-7
Pitch, coal tar, high-temp.	Pitch; Pitch, coal tar, high temperature; Coal tar pitch; Oil, pitch; Pitch, coal tar; Coal tar pitch volatiles as benzene solubles; Coal tar pitch volatiles, as benzene solubles; Particulate polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons; PPAH; coal tar pitch volatiles; Coal-tar pitch	10 - 30*	65996-93-2
diiron trioxide	Iron oxide (Fe2O3); Iron oxide; C.I. Pigment Red 101; Ferric oxide; Iron oxide, anhydrous; Iron oxide, red; Iron sesquioxide; Iron trioxide; iron oxide pigment; Iron oxide dust and fume (as Fe); Rouge	7 - 13*	1309-37-1
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	Talc; magnesium silicate monohydrate (talc) not containing asbestiform fibres	5 - 10*	14807-96-6
Isocyanic acid, polymethylenepolyphenylene ester, polymer with .alphahydroomega hydroxypoly[oxy(methyl- 1,2-ethanediyl)]	Isocyanic acid, polymethylenepolyphenylene ester, polymer with α-hydro-ω-hydroxypoly[oxy (methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)] and 1,1'-methylenebis[4-isocyanatobenzene]; Poly	1 - 5*	53862-89-8

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Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Section 3. Composition	ininormation on myrediem	LO	
	[oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl); Isocyanic acid, polymethylenepolyphenylene ester, polymer with alpha-hydro-omega-hydroxypoly[oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)]; Isocyanic acid, polymethylenepolyphenylene ester, polymer with α-hydro-ω-hydroxypoly[oxy (methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)]; Polypropylene glycol polymethylenepolyphenyl isocyanate polymer; Poly[oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)] α-hydro-ω-hydroxy-, isocyanic acid, polymethylenepolyphenylene ester polymer; α-Hydro-ω-hydroxypoly(oxy (methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)), polymethylenepolyphenylenepolyisocyanate polymer; POLYMER, URETHANE		
4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate	4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate; diphenylmethane-4,4'-diisocyanate; Benzene, 1,1'-methylenebis[4-isocyanato-; Benzene, 1,1'-methylenebis(4-isocyanato-; 4,4'-Diisocyanatodiphenylmethane; 4,4'-Diphenylmethane diisocyanate; 4,4-Methylenediphenyl diisocyanate; Isocyanic acid, methylenedi-p-phenylene ester; Methylenebis[4-phenyl isocyanate; Methylene 4,4'-diphenyl diisocyanate; Methylene, 4,4'-diphenyl diisocyanate-	1 - 5*	101-68-8
Isocyanic acid, polymethylenepolyphenylene ester	Polymethylenepolyphenyl isocyanate; Polymeric diphenylmethane diisocyanate; PAPI; polymeric diphenylmethane diisocyanate; polymeric MDI; METHYLENE DIPHENYL DIISOCYANATE; pMDI; Isocyanuric acid polymethylene polyphenyl isocyanate; polymeric MDI; MDI oligomers; DIPHENYLMETHANEDIISOCYANATE, isomers and homologues; Polymethylenepolyphenyl polyisocyanate	1 - 5*	9016-87-9
heptan-2-one	methyl amyl ketone; 2-Heptanone; Methyl n-amyl ketone; METHYL (n-AMYL) KETONE; n-Amyl methyl ketone; Amyl methyl ketone; METHYL PENTYL KETONE; Methyl (namyl) ketone; KETONE C7; methyl-n-amyl-ketone; Ketone C-7	1 - 5*	110-43-0
4-chloro-α,α,α-trifluorotoluene	Benzene, 1-chloro-4-(trifluoromethyl)-; Benzene, 1-chloro-4-trifluoromethyl)-; 4-Chlorobenzotrifluoride; 1-chloro-4- (trifluoromethyl)benzene; Toluene, p- chloro-alpha,alpha,alpha-trifluoro-; p- chloro-α,α,α-trifluorotoluene; para- chlorobenzotrifluoride; PCBTF;	1 - 5*	98-56-6

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

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	4-trifluoromethylchlorobenzene; p- chlorobenzotrifluoride; parachlorobenzotrifluoride		
ethylbenzene	Benzene, ethyl-; Phenylethane; Ethylbenzol; photosensitive emulsion consisting of cyclized polyisoprene containing: — 55 % or more but not more than 75 % by weight of xylene (CAS RN 1330-20-7) and — 12 % or more but not more than 18 % by weight of ethylbenzene (CAS RN 100-41-4); EB; Mono-(or di-) methyl (ethyl,bromoallyl, bromopropyloxycarbonyl) orchloropropyloxycarbonyl) benzene	0.1 - 1*	100-41-4
crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	alpha-quartz; Silica, crystalline (quartz); Silica, Crystalline Quartz; SILICA, CRYSTALLINE, QUARTZ; Silica- Crystalline, Quartz; Silica - Crystalline Quartz; Silica-Crystalline : Quartz; Silica, crystalline - quartz	0.1 - 1*	14808-60-7
m-tolylidene diisocyanate	Benzene, 1,3-diisocyanatomethyl-; toluene diisocyanate; methyl-m-phenylene diisocyanate; lsocyanic acid, methyl-m-phenylene ester; 2,4-DIISOCYANATOMETHYLBENZENE; BENZENE,2,4-DIISOCYANATOMETHYL-; Toluene diisocyanate (R,T); Benzene, 1,3-diisocyanatomethyl- (R,T); 2,4- & 2,6-Toluene diisocyanate; Benzene, 1,3-diisocyanatomethyl-1; toluene diisocyanates (2,4 and 2-6 mixture)	0.1 - 1*	26471-62-5

^{*}Ranges if listed above for hazardous ingredient(s) are prescribed ranges. The actual concentration(s) or actual concentration range(s) are being withheld as a trade secret.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First-aid measures

If ingestion, irritation, any type of overexposure or symptoms of overexposure occur during or persists after use of this product, contact a POISON CONTROL CENTER, EMERGENCY ROOM OR PHYSICIAN immediately; have Safety Data Sheet information available. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious or convulsing person.

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact

: Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice. In case of accidental eye contact, avoid direct exposure to the sun or other sources of UV light as severe irritation including burns may result. These reactions can be delayed – get medical attention if pain, irritation or blistering occurs after contact.

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Section 4. First-aid measures

Inhalation

: Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by

Skin contact

: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners. In case of accidental skin contact, avoid direct exposure to the sun or other sources of UV light as severe irritation including burns may result. These reactions can be delayed – get medical attention if pain, irritation, rash or blistering occurs after contact.

Ingestion

: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

: Causes serious eye irritation. Eye contact

Inhalation

: Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause allergy or asthma

symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

Skin contact : Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

: No known significant effects or critical hazards. Ingestion

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

: Adverse symptoms may include the following: Eye contact

> pain or irritation watering redness

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

wheezing and breathing difficulties

asthma

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

> irritation redness dryness cracking

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

> reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed.

The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Specific treatments : No specific treatment.

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Section 4. First-aid measures

Protection of first-aiders

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

media

Unsuitable extinguishing media

: Use dry chemical, CO₂, water spray (fog) or foam.

: Do not use water jet.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon oxides nitrogen oxides

halogenated compounds

carbonyl halides metal oxide/oxides Cyanate and isocyanate. hydrogen cyanide

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

 Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders:

If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

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Section 6. Accidental release measures

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with noncombustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Special provisions

: Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Place in a suitable container. The contaminated area should be cleaned immediately with a suitable decontaminant. One possible (flammable) decontaminant comprises (by volume): water (45 parts), ethanol or isopropyl alcohol (50 parts) and concentrated (d: 0,880) ammonia solution (5 parts). A non-flammable alternative is sodium carbonate (5 parts) and water (95 parts). Add the same decontaminant to the remnants and let stand for several days until no further reaction in an unsealed container. Once this stage is reached, close container and dispose of according to local regulations (see section 13). Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. If the product contaminates lakes, rivers, or sewers, inform the appropriate authorities in accordance with local regulations.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems or asthma, allergies or chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Special precautions

: Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. If this material is part of a multiple component system, read the Safety Data Sheet(s) for the other component or components before blending as the resulting mixture may have the hazards of all of its parts.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

: Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

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Section 7. Handling and storage

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Precautions should be taken to minimize exposure to atmospheric humidity or water. CO₂ will be formed, which, in closed containers, could result in pressurization.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Mepheline syenite xylene	CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023). [Dimethylbenzene] OEL: 651 mg/m³ 15 minutes. OEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. OEL: 434 mg/m³ 8 hours.
	OEL: 100 ppm 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 8/2023). [Xylene (o, m & p isomers)] STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 7/2023).
	[Xylene] STEV: 651 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEV: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWAEV: 434 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWAEV: 100 ppm 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). [Xylene (o-, m-, p-isomers)]
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). [Xylene] STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
Pitch, coal tar, high-temp.	CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 8/2023). [Coal tar pitch volatiles] TWA: 0.2 mg/m³, (as benzene-soluble aerosol) 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

[Coal tar pitch volatiles]

TWA: 0.2 mg/m³, (as benzene soluble aerosol) 8 hours.

CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 7/2023).

TWAEV: 0.2 mg/m³, () 8 hours.

CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023). [Coal tar pitch volatiles]

OEL: 0.2 mg/m³, (as benzene solubles) 8 hours

CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).

STEL: 0.6 mg/m³, (measured as benzene soluble aerosol) 15 minutes.

TWA: 0.2 mg/m³, (measured as benzene soluble aerosol) 8 hours.

CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023).

OEL: 5 mg/m³, (as Fe) 8 hours. Form: Respirable

CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).

TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable particulate matter.

CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 8/2023).

TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust **CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 7/2023).**

TWAEV: 5 mg/m³, (as Fe) 8 hours. Form: dust and fume

CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).

STEL: 10 mg/m³, (measured as Fe) 15 minutes. Form: dust and fume

TWA: 5 mg/m³, (measured as Fe) 8 hours. Form: dust and fume

CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 8/2023).

TWA: 2 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable **CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 7/2023).**

TWAEV: 2 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form:

Respirable dust.

CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023).

OEL: 2 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable particulate

CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).

TWA: 2 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable particulate matter.

CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).

TWA: 2 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: respirable fraction

None.

CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023).

OEL: 0.05 mg/m³ 8 hours. OEL: 0.005 ppm 8 hours.

CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada,

diiron trioxide

Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres

Isocyanic acid, polymethylenepolyphenylene ester, polymer with . alpha.-hydro-.omega.-hydroxypoly[oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)] 4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate

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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

8/2023). Inhalation sensitizer.

C: 0.01 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 0.005 ppm 8 hours.

CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 7/2023). Skin sensitizer. Inhalation sensitizer.

TWAEV: 0.051 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWAEV: 0.005 ppm 8 hours.

CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).

STEL: 0.015 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 0.005 ppm 8 hours.

CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). [Isocyanates, organic compounds]

Ceiling Limit: 0.02 ppm TWA: 0.005 ppm 8 hours.

Isocyanic acid, polymethylenepolyphenylene ester

CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023).

OEL: 0.07 mg/m³ 8 hours. OEL: 0.005 ppm 8 hours.

CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). [Isocyanates, organic compounds]

Ceiling Limit: 0.02 ppm TWA: 0.005 ppm 8 hours.

CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 7/2023). [Isocyanate oligomers] Skin sensitizer. Inhalation sensitizer.

CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023). Skin sensitizer.

OEL: 233 mg/m³ 8 hours. OEL: 50 ppm 8 hours.

CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 8/2023).

TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.

CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).

TWA: 115 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.

CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 7/2023).

TWAEV: 233 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWAEV: 50 ppm 8 hours.

CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).

STEL: 60 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.

IPEL (-).

TWA: 0.57 ppm STEL: 1.71 ppm

CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023).

OEL: 543 mg/m³ 15 minutes. OEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. OEL: 434 mg/m³ 8 hours. OEL: 100 ppm 8 hours.

CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 8/2023).

72023).

TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.

CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).

heptan-2-one

4-chloro-α,α,α-trifluorotoluene

ethylbenzene

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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.

CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 7/2023).

TWAEV: 20 ppm 8 hours.

CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).

STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.

crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)

CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 8/2023). [Silica, Crystalline - alpha quartz and Cristobalite1

TWA: 0.025 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form:

Respirable

CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). [Silica, Crystalline (Quartz/Tripoli)]

TWA: 0.1 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 7/2023). [Silica Crystalline -Quartz]

TWAEV: 0.1 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form:

Respirable dust.

CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023).

OEL: 0.025 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form:

Respirable particulate

CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).

TWA: 0.05 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: respirable fraction

CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 8/2023). [Diisocyanates, not elsewhere specified, NOS]

TWA: 0.005 ppm 8 hours.

C: 0.01 ppm

CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 7/2023). [Toluene diisocyanate] Skin sensitizer. Inhalation sensitizer.

TWAEV: 0.005 ppm 8 hours. TWAEV: 0.036 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEV: 0.02 ppm 15 minutes. STEV: 0.14 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). [Isocyanates, organic compounds]

Ceiling Limit: 0.02 ppm TWA: 0.005 ppm 8 hours.

CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 7/2023). [Isocyanate oligomers] Skin sensitizer. Inhalation sensitizer.

Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

procedures

m-tolylidene diisocyanate

Recommended monitoring: Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Appropriate engineering controls

Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Environmental exposure controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection
Skin protection
Hand protection

: Chemical splash goggles.

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Gloves
Body protection

: butyl rubber

Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

Use an air-fed respirator unless a site-specific assessment determines that an air-fed respirator is not necessary, in which case the results of the risk assessment should be utilized to determine whether respiratory protection is necessary and what type of protection is appropriate. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Restrictions on use

Persons with a history of asthma, allergies or chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this product is used.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state : Liquid. Color : Black.

Odor : Characteristic.
Odor threshold : Not available.
pH : Not applicable.

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Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Melting point: Not available.Boiling point: >37.78°C (>100°F)Flash point: Closed cup: 30°C (86°F)

Auto-ignition temperature : Not available.

Decomposition temperature : Not available.

Flammability : Not available.

Lower and upper explosive : Not available.

(flammable) limits
Evaporation rate : Not available.
Vapor pressure : Not available.
Vapor density : Not available.

Relative density : 1.6

Density (lbs / gal) : 13.35

Solubility(ies) : Media Result cold water Not soluble

Partition coefficient: noctanol/water
: Not applicable.

Viscosity : Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >21 mm²/s (>21 cSt)

Volatility : 38% (v/v), 21.17% (w/w)

% Solid. (w/w) : 78.83

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

Chemical stability: The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur. reactions

Conditions to avoid : In a fire, hazardous decomposition products may be produced.

Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.

Incompatible materials : Keep away from: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids, amines, alcohols,

water. Uncontrolled exothermic reactions occur with amines and alcohols.

Hazardous decomposition : Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: Cyanate and isocyanate. carbon oxides nitrogen oxides halogenated compounds

hydrogen cyanide carbonyl halides metal oxide/oxides

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Nepheline syenite	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5.07 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
xylene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.7 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-
Pitch, coal tar, high-temp.	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3300 mg/kg	-
diiron trioxide	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10 g/kg	-
4,4'-methylenediphenyl	LD50 Oral	Rat	9200 mg/kg	-
diisocyanate				
Isocyanic acid,	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>9400 mg/kg	-
polymethylenepolyphenylene				
ester				
	LD50 Oral	Rat	49 g/kg	-
heptan-2-one	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	16.7 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	10.206 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1.6 g/kg	-
4-chloro-α,α,α-	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	33080 mg/m ³	4 hours
trifluorotoluene				
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2.7 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	13 g/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.5 g/kg	-
m-tolylidene diisocyanate	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	107 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	0.48 mg/l	1 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>9440 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5.8 g/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
kylene	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit		24 hours 500 mg	-
4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate	Skin - Irritant	Rabbit	-	-	-

Conclusion/Summary

Skin : There are no data available on the mixture itself.
 Eyes : There are no data available on the mixture itself.
 Respiratory : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Sensitization

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result
	Respiratory	Guinea pig	Sensitizing
,	skin	Mouse	Sensitizing

Skin: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Respiratory: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Mutagenicity

Conclusion/Summary: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Carcinogenicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
	Positive - Inhalation - TC	Rat	0 to 6 mg/m ³	2 years; 5 days per week

Conclusion/Summary: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
kylene	-	3	-
Pitch, coal tar, high-temp.	-	1	-
diiron trioxide	-	3	-
4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate	-	3	-
Isocyanic acid,	-	3	-
polymethylenepolyphenylene ester			
4-chloro-α,α,α-trifluorotoluene	-	2B	-
ethylbenzene	-	2B	-
crystalline silica, respirable powder	+	1	Known to be a human carcinogen.
(<10 microns)			
m-tolylidene diisocyanate	-	2B	Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen.

Carcinogen Classification code:

IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3, 4

NTP: Known to be a human carcinogen; Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen

OSHA: +

Not listed/not regulated: -

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
Isocyanic acid, polymethylenepolyphenylene ester, polymer with .alphahydroomegahydroxypoly[oxy (methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)]	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
Isocyanic acid, polymethylenepolyphenylene ester	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
heptan-2-one	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
4-chloro-α,α,α-trifluorotoluene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
m-tolylidene diisocyanate	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Isocyanic acid, polymethylenepolyphenylene ester, polymer with .alphahydroomegahydroxypoly[oxy (methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)]	Category 2	inhalation	-
4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate	Category 2	inhalation	respiratory system
Isocyanic acid, polymethylenepolyphenylene ester	Category 2	inhalation	-
ethylbenzene	Category 2	-	hearing organs
crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	Category 1	inhalation	-

Target organs

: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: brain, central nervous system (CNS).

Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: blood, kidneys, lungs, the nervous system, liver, bladder, peripheral nervous system, cardiovascular system, upper respiratory tract, skin, adrenal, eye, lens or cornea.

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
xylene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely routes of exposure

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation : Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause allergy or asthma

symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

Skin contact: Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation watering redness

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

wheezing and breathing difficulties

asthma

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness dryness cracking

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Ingestion

 Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Conclusion/Summary

: There are no data available on the mixture itself. Skin contact to isocyanate monomer may lead to allergic lung reaction. Based on the properties of the isocyanate components and considering toxicological data on similar mixtures, this mixture may cause acute irritation and/or sensitization of the respiratory system, leading to an asthmatic condition, wheezing and tightness of the chest. Repeated exposure may lead to permanent respiratory disability. This product contains crystalline silica which can cause lung cancer or silicosis. The risk of cancer depends on the duration and level of exposure to dust from sanding surfaces or mist from spray applications. Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatique, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. There is some evidence that repeated exposure to organic solvent vapors in combination with constant loud noise can cause greater hearing loss than expected from exposure to noise alone. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and longterm exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

Short term exposure

Potential immediate

effects

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Potential delayed effects

Long term exposure

Potential immediate

effects

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Potential delayed effects : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Potential chronic health effects

General

: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.

Carcinogenicity

: May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.

Mutagenicity

: May cause genetic defects.

Reproductive toxicity

: May damage fertility or the unborn child.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
KL4600 KOL-TAR URETHANE/COAL TAR	9511.3	6330.0	N/A	31.1	4.1
xylene	4300	1700	N/A	11	1.5
Pitch, coal tar, high-temp.	3300	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
diiron trioxide	10000	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Isocyanic acid, polymethylenepolyphenylene ester, polymer with .alphahydroomegahydroxypoly[oxy (methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)]	N/A	N/A	N/A	11	1.5
4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate	9200	N/A	N/A	11	N/A
Isocyanic acid, polymethylenepolyphenylene ester	49000	N/A	N/A	N/A	1.5
heptan-2-one	1600	10206	N/A	16.7	1.5
4-chloro-α,α,α-trifluorotoluene	13000	2500	N/A	33.08	N/A
ethylbenzene	3500	17800	N/A	17.8	1.5
m-tolylidene diisocyanate	5800	N/A	N/A	0.24	0.107

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
diron trioxide	Acute EC50 >100 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
heptan-2-one	Acute LC50 131 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia	48 hours
	Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Ceriodaphnia dubia	-
m-tolylidene diisocyanate	Acute EC50 12.5 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours

Persistence and degradability

Test	Result		Dose	Inoculum
OECD 310 -	69 % - Readily - 28 days 79 % - Readily - 10 days			
Aquatic half-life		Photolysis		Biodegradability
-		- - -		Readily Readily Readily Not readily
	OECD 310 -	OECD 310	OECD 310	OECD 310

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
x ylene	3.12	7.4 to 18.5	Low
Pitch, coal tar, high-temp.	6.04	-	High
4,4'-methylenediphenyl	4.51	-	High
diisocyanate			
heptan-2-one	2.26	-	Low
ethylbenzene	3.6	79.43	Low
m-tolylidene diisocyanate	3.43	-	Low

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Section 12. Ecological information

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees. Section 6. Accidental release measures

Section 14. Transport information

	TDG	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class (es)	3	3	3
Packing group	III	III	III
Environmental hazards	Yes.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.
Marine pollutant substances	(Pitch, coal tar, high-temp.)	(Pitch, coal tar, high-temp.)	Not applicable.

Additional information

TDG: The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported by road or rail.

IMDG : The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.

IATA : The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation

regulations.

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Section 14. Transport information

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

Proof of classification

statement

: Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.18-2.19 (Class 3), 2.7 (Marine pollutant mark).

Section 15. Regulatory information

National Inventory List

Canada inventory (DSL) : All components are listed or exempted.

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

Health: Flammability: 3 Physical hazards:

(*) - Chronic effects

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on MSDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)

Instability: 0 Health: Flammability: 3

Date of issue/Date of

Key to abbreviations

revision

4 September 2024

Organization that prepared : EHS

the SDS

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships. 1973

as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

N/A = Not availableSGG = Segregation Group

UN = United Nations

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Disclaimer

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or quarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.

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