# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**



### Conforms to Official Mexican Standard NOM-018-STPS-2015

Date of revision 11 July 2024

Version 12.01

Date of issue 11 July 2024

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product name	: SIGMACOVER 456 BASE BASE Z
Product code	: 00149924
Other means of identification	: Not applicable.
Product type	: Liquid.
Relevant identified uses of	the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Product use	: Professional applications, Used by spraying.
Use of the substance/ mixture	: Coating.
Uses advised against	: Not applicable.
Manufacturer	: PPG Industries, Inc. One PPG Place Pittsburgh, PA 15272
<u>Emergency telephone</u> <u>number</u>	: (412) 434-4515 (U.S.) (514) 645-1320 (Canada) SETIQ Interior de la República: 800-00-214-00 (México) SETIQ Ciudad de México: (55) 5559-1588 (México)
<b>Technical Phone Number</b>	: 888-977-4762

# **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

Classification of the substance or mixture	<ul> <li>FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3         ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 5         ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4         SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2         EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A         SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1         CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A         SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3         SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2         Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity: 23.1% (oral), 29.4% (dermal), 45.7% (inhalation)     </li> </ul>
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**GHS label elements** 

Product name SIGMACOVER 456 BASE BASE Z

# **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger
Hererd statements	LICCE Floremobile liquid and vanar

Signal word	:	Danger
Hazard statements	:	<ul> <li>H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor.</li> <li>H313 - May be harmful in contact with skin.</li> <li>H315 - Causes skin irritation.</li> <li>H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.</li> <li>H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.</li> <li>H332 - Harmful if inhaled.</li> <li>H335 - May cause respiratory irritation.</li> <li>H350 - May cause cancer.</li> <li>H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (hearing organs)</li> </ul>
Precautionary statements		
Prevention	:	<ul> <li>P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.</li> <li>P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.</li> <li>P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection.</li> <li>P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.</li> <li>P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.</li> <li>P260 - Do not breathe vapor.</li> <li>P264 - Wash thoroughly after handling.</li> <li>P272 - Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.</li> </ul>
Response	:	<ul> <li>P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention.</li> <li>P304 + P340, P312 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.</li> <li>P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water.</li> <li>P302 + P312, P352 - IF ON SKIN: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. Wash with plenty of water.</li> <li>P333 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention.</li> <li>P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.</li> <li>P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.</li> </ul>
Storage	:	P405 - Store locked up. P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
Disposal	:	P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Other hazards which do not result in classification	:	Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. This product contains crystalline silica which can cause lung cancer or silicosis. The risk of cancer depends on the duration and level of exposure to dust from sanding surfaces or mist from spray applications. Emits toxic fumes when heated.
See toxicological information	า (ร	Section 11)

See toxicological information (Section 11)

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### **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

Substance/mixture	
Product name	

: Mixture : SIGMACOVER 456 BASE BASE Z

- Other means of

identification

: Not applicable.

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Epoxy Resin	≥20 - ≤50	Not available.
xylene	≥10 - ≤20	1330-20-7
barium sulfate	≥10 - ≤20	7727-43-7
titanium dioxide	≥5.0 - ≤10	13463-67-7
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	≥5.0 - ≤10	14807-96-6
Epoxy resin (MW $\leq$ 700)	≥5.0 - ≤10	25068-38-6
ethylbenzene	≥1.0 - ≤4.8	100-41-4
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	108-65-6
crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	<1.0	14808-60-7

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### **Description of necessary first aid measures**

Eye contact Inhalation	<ul> <li>Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.</li> <li>Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.</li> </ul>
Skin contact Ingestion	<ul> <li>Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.</li> <li>If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.</li> </ul>

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delaye	d

Potential acute health effects	
Eye contact	Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### **Over-exposure signs/symptoms**

See toxicological information (Section 11)

#### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician	: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if lar	ge
Specific treatments	<ul><li>quantities have been ingested or inhaled.</li><li>No specific treatment.</li></ul>	

### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

Protection of first-aiders :	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.
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# **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides sulfur oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

# SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protect	tiv	e equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for co	ont	ainment and cleaning up
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
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### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

Large spill : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with noncombustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

### Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	:	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Special precautions	:	Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. If this material is part of a multiple component system, read the Safety Data Sheet(s) for the other component or components before blending as the resulting mixture may have the hazards of all of its parts.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	:	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

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### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

### **Control parameters**

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Epoxy Resin	None.
xylene	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).
	[Xileno, mezcla]
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
barium sulfate	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).
	TWA: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
titanium dioxide	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).
	TWA: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023).
	TWA: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable
Epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	None.
ethylbenzene	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).
	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	IPEL (-, 10/2017). Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 30 ppm
	STEL: 90 ppm
crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).
	TWA: 0.025 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form:
	Respirable

#### Key to abbreviations

С = Ceiling Limit IPEL = Internal Permissible Exposure Limit STEL = Short term exposure limit

TLV = Threshold Limit Value TWA = Time Weighted Average

### Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

Recommended monitoring procedures	: Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.
Appropriate engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection measure	<u>S</u>
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection Skin protection	: Chemical splash goggles.

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### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Gloves	: butyl rubber
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	<ul> <li>Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.</li> </ul>
Respiratory protection	: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

# **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

### Appearance

Appearance					
Physical state	:	Liquid.			
Color	:	Various			
Odor	:	Characteristic.			
Odor threshold	:	Not available.			
Molecular weight	:	Not applicable.			
рН	1	Not applicable.			
Melting point	1	Not available.			
Boiling point	:	>37.78°C (>100°F)			
Flash point	:	Closed cup: 27°C (80.6°F)			
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Not available.			
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.			
Flammability	1	lot available.			
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	1	Not available.			
Evaporation rate	1	Not available.			
Vapor pressure	:	Not available.			
Vapor density	:	Not available.			
Relative density	:	1.4			
Density(Ibs / gal)	:	11.68			
		Media Result			
Solubility(ies)	1	cold water Not soluble			
Solubility in water	:	Not available.			

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### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Not applicable.
Viscosity	<ul> <li>Kinematic (room temperature): &gt;400 mm<sup>2</sup>/s (&gt;400 cSt)</li> <li>Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): &gt;21 mm<sup>2</sup>/s (&gt;21 cSt)</li> </ul>
Volatility	: 38% (v/v), 23.6% (w/w)
% Solid. (w/w)	: 76.4

# **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	<ul> <li>When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.</li> <li>Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.</li> </ul>
Incompatible materials	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
Hazardous decomposition products	<ul> <li>Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materia carbon oxides sulfur oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides</li> </ul>

### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
xylene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.7 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-
barium sulfate	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
titanium dioxide	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>6.82 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
Epoxy resin (MW  ≤ 700)	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2 g/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.5 g/kg	-
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	30 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	6190 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

### Irritation/Corrosion

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# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

Product/ingredient name	Result			Species	Score	e Ex	posure	Observation
xylene	Skin - Moderate irritant		Rabbit	-	24 mg	hours 500	-	
Epoxy resin (MW  ≤ 700)	Eyes - Mild irritant Skin - Mild irritant			Rabbit Rabbit	-	- -		-
<u>Conclusion/Summary</u> Skin Eyes Respiratory <u>Sensitization</u>	: There a	re no da	ta availa	ble on the mix ble on the mix ble on the mix	ture itself			
Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	;	Species	;		Result		
Epoxy resin (MW  ≤ 700)	skin		Mouse			Sensitizin	g	
<u>Conclusion/Summary</u> Skin Respiratory <u>Mutagenicity</u> Conclusion/Summary <u>Carcinogenicity</u> Conclusion/Summary <u>Classification</u>	: There and the contract : The contr	re no da re no da	ta availa ta availa	ble on the mix ble on the mix ble on the mix ble on the mix	tture itself			
Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP					
xylene titanium dioxide ethylbenzene carbon black crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	- 3 - - 2B - - 2B - - 2B - + 1 Known			vn to be a hun	nan carcir	logen.		
Carcinogen Classificatio IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3 NTP: Known to I OSHA: + Not listed/not reg	3, 4 oe a human ca gulated: -					-	en	
Conclusion/Summary <u>Teratogenicity</u> Conclusion/Summary <u>Specific target organ toxicit</u>	: There a	re no da	ta availa	ble on the mix				
Name				Category		oute of cposure	Tarç	get organs
xylene				Category 3	-	-	Res	piratory tract
Talc , not containing asbestife	orm fibres			Category 3	-			piratory tract
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate				1			Inna	

### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
	Category 2	-	hearing organs
	Category 1	inhalation	-

Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: brain.
 Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: blood, kidneys, lungs, the nervous system, liver, cardiovascular system, upper respiratory tract, skin,

central nervous system (CNS), ears, eye, lens or cornea.

#### **Aspiration hazard**

**Target organs** 

Name	Result				
xylene ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1				

#### Information on the likely routes of exposure

#### Potential acute health effects Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation. Inhalation : Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. **Skin contact** : May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards. **Over-exposure signs/symptoms** Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking Ingestion : No specific data. Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure **Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself. This product contains crystalline silica which can cause lung cancer or silicosis. The risk of cancer depends on the duration and level of exposure to dust from sanding surfaces or mist from spray applications. For many products, TiO2 is utilized as a raw material in a liquid coating formulation. In this case, the TiO2 particles are bound in a matrix with no meaningful potential for human exposure to unbound particles of TiO2 when the product is applied with a brush or roller. Sanding the coating surface or mist from spray applications may be harmful depending on the duration and level of exposure and require the use of appropriate personal protective equipment and/or engineering controls (see Section 8). Carbon black is utilized as a raw material in many liquid coating formulations. In this case, the carbon black particles are bound in a matrix with no meaningful potential for human exposure to unbound particles of carbon black when the product is applied with a brush or roller. Sanding the coating surface or mist from spray applications may be harmful depending on the duration and level of exposure and require the use of appropriate personal protective equipment and/or

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### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

		engineering controls (see Section 8). Most carbon blacks contain trace quantities of
		polyaromatic hydrocarbons (PAH). PAHs are not expected to be released in
		biological fluids and are therefore not likely available for biological activity. Exposure
		to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and
		respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central
		nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue,
		muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.
		Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin.
		There is some evidence that repeated exposure to organic solvent vapors in
		combination with constant loud noise can cause greater hearing loss than expected
		from exposure to noise alone. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation
		and reversible damage. Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting. This
		takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic
		effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.
		and definal folles of exposure and eye contact.
Short term exposure		
Potential immediate	1	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
effects		
Potential delayed effects	1	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
<u>Long term exposure</u>		
Potential immediate	1	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
effects		
Potential delayed effects	1	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential chronic health effe	<u>cts</u>	
General	:	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	:	May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Numerical measures of toxicity

### Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
SIGMACOVER 456 BASE BASE Z	10889.9	4321.2	N/A	32.1	4.1
xylene	4300	1700	N/A	11	1.5
barium sulfate	N/A	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
Epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	2500	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
ethylbenzene	3500	17800	N/A	17.8	1.5
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	6190	N/A	N/A	30	N/A

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### **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

### **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure	
titanium dioxide	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours	
Epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	Acute LC50 1.8 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours	
	Chronic NOEC 0.3 mg/l	Daphnia	21 days	
ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia	48 hours	
	Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Ceriodaphnia dubia	-	
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Acute LC50 134 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours	

### Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose	Inoculum
Epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700) ethylbenzene 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	OECD 301F - -	5 % - 28 days 79 % - Readily - 10 83 % - Readily - 28		- - -	
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life		Photolysis		Biodegradability
xylene Epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700) ethylbenzene 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	- - - -		- - -		Readily Not readily Readily Readily

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
xylene Epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700) ethylbenzene 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	3.12 3 3.6 1.2	7.4 to 18.5 31 79.43 -	Low Low Low Low

#### **Mobility in soil**

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and nonrecyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues

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Product name SIGMACOVER 456 BASE BASE Z

### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations. Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees. Section 6. Accidental release measures

### **SECTION 14: Transport information**

	Mexico Classification	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
Packing group		III	
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.
Product RQ (lbs)	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.
RQ substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.

#### Additional information

Mexico	: None identified.
IMDG	: This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 450 L according to 2.3.2.5.
ΙΑΤΑ	: None identified.

**Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable.

to IMO instruments

### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

#### <u>Mexico</u>

Classification						
Flammability	:	3	Health	:	2	Reactivity : 0

# International regulations

### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

Not listed.

#### Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

#### **Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)**

Not listed.

### **SECTION 16: Other information**

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

Health : 2 \* Flammability : 3 Physical hazards : 0 (\*) - Chronic effects

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The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

Date of previous issue Organization that prepared the SDS	: 7/11/2024 : EHS
Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations

#### Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### Notice to reader

The information, which is based on the current knowledge of the chemical substance or mixture and applies to appropriate safety precautions for the product, is deemed correct but is not exhaustive and will be used only as a guide.

#### **Disclaimer**

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.