SAFETY DATA SHEET



The information in this Safety Data Sheet is required pursuant to GHS UN rev. 7

Date of issue/Date of revision 12 September 2024

Version 1

Section 1. Identi	fication
Product code Product name Product type Other means of identificat Not available.	: 00461161 : SIGMA ECOFLEET 290 S REDBROWN : Liquid. tion
Relevant identified uses of	of the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Product use	: Antifouling products Professional applications, Used by spraying.
Uses advised against	: Product is not intended, labelled or packaged for consumer use.
Company/undertaking identification	 PPG Industries Sales, Inc. and PPG Coatings (Philippines), Inc. 3rd Floor First Life Center 174 Salcedo St., Legaspi Village Makati City 1229, Philippines Tel # 00632- 752-6773/ Fax # 00632-752-6771
Emergency telephone number	: CHEMTREC +(63) 2-395-3308 (CCN 17704)

Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture	 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 5 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1B AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 1 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 1 Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute oral toxicity: 4.6% Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute dermal toxicity: 20.1% Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute inhalation toxicity: 31.9%
	Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown hazards to the aquatic environment: 9%

GHS label elements

Section 2. Hazards identification

Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	 Flammable liquid and vapor. Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled. May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye damage. May cause cancer. Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment. Avoid breathing vapor. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
Response	: Collect spillage. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. IF ON SKIN: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.
Storage	: Store locked up.
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Other hazards which do not : Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

CAS number/other identifiers

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
dicopper oxide	25 - <50	1317-39-1
rosin	10 - <20	8050-09-7
zinc oxide	10 - <20	1314-13-2
4-methylpentan-2-one	5 - <10	108-10-1
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	5 - <10	64742-95-6
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	3 - <5	95-63-6
Propane, 1-(ethenyloxy)-2-methyl-, polymer with chloroethene	3 - <5	25154-85-2
zineb (ISO)	3 - <5	12122-67-7
calcium carbonate	3 - <5	471-34-1
12-hydroxyoctadecanoic acid, reaction products with	1 - <3	220926-97-6

Philippines

result in classification

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

1,3-benzenedimethanamine and hexamethylenediamine		
ethylbenzene	1 - <3	100-41-4
copper oxide	0.3 - <1	1317-38-0
copper	0.1 - <0.3	7440-50-8
cumene	0.1 - <0.3	98-82-8

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description o	<u>f necessary</u>	<u>first aid measures</u>

Eye contact	 Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical attention.
Inhalation	 Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion	 If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

most important sympton	ns/enects, acute and delayed
Potential acute health e	effects
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	: Harmful if inhaled.
Skin contact	 May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: Harmful if swallowed.
<u>Over-exposure signs/sy</u>	<u>ymptoms</u>
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness dryness cracking blistering may occur
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains
Indication of immediate	medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.

Section 4. First aid measures

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Protection of first-aiders

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it

is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate

mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person

providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing

thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.
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See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protect	ive equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a **Protective measures** history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container. Advice on general : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before occupational hygiene eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures. Conditions for safe storage, : Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in including any accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated incompatibilities area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

posin AC aci aci set T hou nc oxide TL -methylpentan-2-one TL ,2,4-trimethylbenzene AC alcium carbonate AC	CGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023). opper fume] WA: 0.2 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Fume CGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023). [resin ids] Skin sensitizer. Inhalation nsitizer. WA: 0.001 mg/m ³ , (as total Resin acids) 8 urs. Form: Inhalable fraction .V (Philippines, 4/2016). LV: 1 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Fume .V (Philippines, 4/2016). LV: 410 mg/m ³ 8 hours. LV: 100 ppm 8 hours. CGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023).
posin AC aci aci set T hou nc oxide TL -methylpentan-2-one TL ,2,4-trimethylbenzene AC alcium carbonate AC	 byper fume] WA: 0.2 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Fume CGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023). [resin ids] Skin sensitizer. Inhalation nsitizer. WA: 0.001 mg/m³, (as total Resin acids) 8 urs. Form: Inhalable fraction V (Philippines, 4/2016). LV: 1 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Fume V (Philippines, 4/2016). LV: 410 mg/m³ 8 hours. LV: 100 ppm 8 hours.
psin AC aci aci se T how T how T -methylpentan-2-one TL ,2,4-trimethylbenzene AC T alcium carbonate AC	WA: 0.2 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Fume CGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023). [resin ids] Skin sensitizer. Inhalation nsitizer. WA: 0.001 mg/m ³ , (as total Resin acids) 8 urs. Form: Inhalable fraction V (Philippines, 4/2016). LV: 1 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Fume V (Philippines, 4/2016). LV: 410 mg/m ³ 8 hours. LV: 100 ppm 8 hours.
psin AC aci se T hou r nethylpentan-2-one TL ,2,4-trimethylbenzene AC alcium carbonate AC	CGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023). [resin ids] Skin sensitizer. Inhalation nsitizer. WA: 0.001 mg/m ³ , (as total Resin acids) 8 urs. Form: Inhalable fraction V (Philippines, 4/2016). LV: 1 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Fume V (Philippines, 4/2016). LV: 410 mg/m ³ 8 hours. LV: 100 ppm 8 hours.
acianc oxide aciance a	 ids] Skin sensitizer. Inhalation nsitizer. WA: 0.001 mg/m³, (as total Resin acids) 8 urs. Form: Inhalable fraction V (Philippines, 4/2016). LV: 1 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Fume V (Philippines, 4/2016). LV: 410 mg/m³ 8 hours. LV: 100 ppm 8 hours.
inc oxide TL -methylpentan-2-one TL ,2,4-trimethylbenzene AC alcium carbonate AC	nsitizer. WA: 0.001 mg/m ³ , (as total Resin acids) 8 urs. Form: Inhalable fraction .V (Philippines, 4/2016). LV: 1 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Fume .V (Philippines, 4/2016). LV: 410 mg/m ³ 8 hours. LV: 100 ppm 8 hours.
inc oxide TL -methylpentan-2-one TL ,2,4-trimethylbenzene AC alcium carbonate AC	WA: 0.001 mg/m ³ , (as total Resin acids) 8 urs. Form: Inhalable fraction .V (Philippines, 4/2016). LV: 1 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Fume .V (Philippines, 4/2016). LV: 410 mg/m ³ 8 hours. LV: 100 ppm 8 hours.
inc oxide ho TL T -methylpentan-2-one TL ,2,4-trimethylbenzene AC T alcium carbonate AC	urs. Form: Inhalable fraction V (Philippines, 4/2016). LV: 1 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Fume V (Philippines, 4/2016). LV: 410 mg/m ³ 8 hours. LV: 100 ppm 8 hours.
inc oxide TL T -methylpentan-2-one TL ,2,4-trimethylbenzene AC alcium carbonate AC	IV (Philippines, 4/2016). LV: 1 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Fume IV (Philippines, 4/2016). LV: 410 mg/m ³ 8 hours. LV: 100 ppm 8 hours.
-methylpentan-2-one TL ,2,4-trimethylbenzene AC alcium carbonate AC	LV: 1 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Fume .V (Philippines, 4/2016). LV: 410 mg/m ³ 8 hours. LV: 100 ppm 8 hours.
-methylpentan-2-one TL T ,2,4-trimethylbenzene AC T alcium carbonate AC	.V (Philippines, 4/2016). LV: 410 mg/m³ 8 hours. LV: 100 ppm 8 hours.
,2,4-trimethylbenzene AC T alcium carbonate AC	LV: 410 mg/m³ 8 hours. LV: 100 ppm 8 hours.
,2,4-trimethylbenzene T AC T alcium carbonate AC	LV: 100 ppm 8 hours.
,2,4-trimethylbenzene AC T alcium carbonate AC	
alcium carbonate	GIH TI V (United States 7/2023)
alcium carbonate AC	
	WA: 10 ppm 8 hours.
т	GIH TLV (United States).
I I	WA: 3 mg/m³ Form: Respirable
	WA: 10 mg/m³ Form: Total dust
	GIH TLV (United States).
,3-benzenedimethanamine and hexamethylenediamine	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
	WA: 10 mg/m³ Form: Inhalable particle
	WA: 3 mg/m³, (inhalable dust) Form:
	espirable particle
	V (Philippines, 4/2016).
	LV-Ceiling: 435 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	LV-Ceiling: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	CGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023).
••	
	opper fume]
	WA: 0.2 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Fume
	V (Philippines, 4/2016).
	LV: 1 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Dusts and
Mis	
	LV: 0.1 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Fume
	.V (Philippines, 4/2016). Absorbed
	rough skin.
	LV: 245 mg/m³ 8 hours.
T	LV: 50 ppm 8 hours.
ecommended monitoring : Reference should be made to appropriate	monitoring standards. Reference to
ocedures national guidance documents for methods	
substances will also be required.	
propriate engineering : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use p	
ventilation or other engineering controls to	
	r statutory limits. The engineering controls
also need to keep gas, vapor or dust cond	
limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation eq	uipment.
vironmental exposure : Emissions from ventilation or work proces	
	ironmental protection legislation. In some
cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineer	
equipment will be necessary to reduce en	

Individual protection measures

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

	· · · ·
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Gloves	: butyl rubber
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	 Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

Appearance

Physical state Color		Liquid. Brownish-red.	
Odor	:	Aromatic.	
Odor threshold	:	Not available.	
Melting point/freezing point	1	Not available.	
Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range	;	>37.78°C (>100°F)	
Flammability	:	Not available.	
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	:	Not available.	
Flash point	:	Closed cup: 27.2°C (81°F)	
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Ingredient name	Τ
		zineb (ISO)	1

:]	Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method
	zineb (ISO)	149	300.2	

Product name SIGMA ECOFLEET 290 S REDBROWN

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.	Not available.					
рН	1	Not applicable.						
Viscosity	:	Kinematic (40°C): >2	(inematic (40°C): >21 mm²/s					
Viscosity	:	60 - 100 s (ISO 6mn	60 - 100 s (ISO 6mm)					
Solubility(ies)		Media	Re	sult				
Solubility(les)	1	cold water	No	t soluble	е			
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not applicable.						
Vapor pressure	:		Vapo	r Press	ure at 20°C	Vap	or press	sure at 50°C
		Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method
		4-methylpentan-2-one	15.75128	2.1				
Relative density	:	1.67		1				
Relative vapor density	:	Not available.						
Particle characteristics								
Median particle size	:	Not applicable.						
Evaporation rate	:	Not available.						

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.
Incompatible materials	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides
Hazardous polymerization	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerization will not occur.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects
Acute toxicity

Product name SIGMA ECOFLEET 290 S REDBROWN

Section 11. Toxicological information

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Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
dicopper oxide	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	3.34 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	500 mg/kg	-
rosin	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	7600 mg/kg	-
zinc oxide	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5700 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
4-methylpentan-2-one	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	11 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2.08 g/kg	-
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3.48 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	8400 mg/kg	-
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	18000 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5 g/kg	-
zineb (ISO)	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
calcium carbonate	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	6450 mg/kg	-
12-hydroxyoctadecanoic	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	3.56 mg/l	4 hours
acid, reaction products with			C C	
1,3-benzenedimethanamine				
and hexamethylenediamine				
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.5 g/kg	-
copper oxide	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
copper	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5.11 mg/l	4 hours
cumene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	39000 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	12.3 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2260 mg/kg	-
			<u> </u>	I

Conclusion/Summary Irritation/Corrosion

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Conclusion/Summarv

o on on o on o o on o o o no o	
Skin	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Eyes	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Respiratory	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Sensitization

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result	
zineb (ISO)	skin	Guinea pig	Sensitizing	
Conclusion/Summary	•			
Skin	: There are no	data available on the mixtur	re itself.	
Respiratory	: There are no	data available on the mixtur	re itself.	
Mutagenicity				
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no	data available on the mixtur	re itself.	
Carcinogenicity				
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no	data available on the mixtur	re itself.	
			Distance in a second	Damas 0/4/

Philippines

Product name SIGMA ECOFLEET 290 S REDBROWN

Section 11. Toxicological information

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary

Conclusion/Summary

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Teratogenicity

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
4-methylpentan-2-one	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
zineb (ISO)	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
cumene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
12-hydroxyoctadecanoic acid, reaction products with 1,3-benzenedimethanamine and hexamethylenediamine	Category 2	inhalation	lungs
ethylbenzene	Category 2	-	hearing organs
cumene	Category 2	-	-

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
4-methylpentan-2-one	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 2
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
cumene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely	: Not available.
routes of exposure	

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	: Harmful if inhaled.
Skin contact	 May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: Harmful if swallowed.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

: Adverse symptoms may include the following:
pain
watering
redness
: No specific data.

Section 11. Toxicological information

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Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness dryness cracking
	blistering may occur
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains
Delayed and immedia	te effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
Short term exposure	2

Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.
Long term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.
Potential chronic health effe	ect	<u>s</u>
Not available.		

General	 Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/ or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	: May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Oral	1545.89 mg/kg
Dermal	3259.36 mg/kg
Inhalation (vapors)	61.6 mg/l
Inhalation (dusts and mists)	3.7 mg/l

Other information

Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing.

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Section 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
dicopper oxide	LC50 0.003 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
zinc oxide	Acute EC50 0.17 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
	Acute EC50 0.481 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - Neonate	48 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.017 mg/l Fresh water	Algae	72 hours
4-methylpentan-2-one	Acute LC50 >179 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	Acute LC50 8.2 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
calcium carbonate	Acute EC10 >14 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
12-hydroxyoctadecanoic	Acute EC50 >100 mg/l	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella	72 hours
acid, reaction products with 1,3-benzenedimethanamine and hexamethylenediamine		subcapitata (microalgae)	
	Acute EC50 >100 mg/l	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> <i>(Water flea)</i>	48 hours
	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 100 mg/l	Àlgae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72 hours
	Chronic NOEC ≥50 mg/l	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> (Water flea)	21 days
ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia	48 hours
	Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Ceriodaphnia dubia	-
copper	Acute LC50 810 ppb	Fish	96 hours
	Chronic EC10 8.1 µg/l	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna -</i> Neonate	21 days

Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose		Inoculum
4-methylpentan-2-one 12-hydroxyoctadecanoic acid, reaction products with 1,3-benzenedimethanamine and hexamethylenediamine ethylbenzene	OECD 301F OECD 301D Ready Biodegradability - Closed Bottle Test -	9 % - Not r	dily - 28 days eadily - 29 days dily - 10 days	-		-
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life Photolysis		Photolysis		Biodeg	jradability
4-methylpentan-2-one ethylbenzene	-		-		Readily Readily	

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential	
rosin	1.9 to 7.7	-	High	
4-methylpentan-2-one	1.9	-	Low	
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	3.63	120.23	Low	
zineb (ISO)	1.3	-	Low	
12-hydroxyoctadecanoic acid, reaction products with 1,3-benzenedimethanamine and hexamethylenediamine	>6	-	High	
ethylbenzene	3.6	79.43	Low	
cumene	3.55	35.48	Low	

Philippines

Section 12. Ecological information

Mobility in soil Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)	: Not available.
Other adverse effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Section 14. Transport information

	UN	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
Packing group	III	III	
Environmental hazards	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	(dicopper oxide)	Not applicable.

Additional information

UN	: None identified.	
IMDG	: The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of \leq 5 L or \leq 5 kg.	
ΙΑΤΑ	: The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.	

Special precautions for user :**Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Section 14. Transport information

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

Section 15. Regulatory information

International regulations

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants Not listed.

Section 16. Other information

<u>History</u>	
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 12 September 2024
Date of previous issue	: No previous validation
Version	: 1
Prepared by	: EHS
ey to abbreviations	 ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3	On basis of test data
ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4	Calculation method
ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 5	Calculation method
ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4	Calculation method
SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2	Calculation method
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1	Calculation method
SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1	Calculation method
CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1B	Calculation method
AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 1	Calculation method
AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 1	Calculation method

V Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by us, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.