SAFETY DATA SHEET

SIGMASHIELD 880 BASE BASE Z



Date of issue 26 September

2024

Version 8.01

number

1. Product and company identification : SIGMASHIELD 880 BASE BASE Z **Product name Product code** : 00319092 **Product type** : Liquid. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against : Professional applications, Used by spraying. **Product use** Use of the substance/ : Coating. mixture **Uses advised against** : Not applicable. : PPG PMC Japan Co., Ltd., 8F, Shintetsu Bldg., 1-1, Daikaidori 1-chome, Kobe **Supplier's details** 652-0803 Japan; Tel: +81-78-574-2777 : 078 574 2777 **Emergency telephone**

2. Hazards identification

Hazard statements	 Flammable liquid and vapor. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye damage. Suspected of causing genetic defects. Suspected of causing cancer. May damage fertility or the unborn child.
Signal word	: Danger
<u>GHS label elements</u> Hazard pictograms	
	 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY - Category 2 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 1B SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1 HAZARDOUS TO THE AQUATIC ENVIRONMENT - ACUTE HAZARD - Category 7 HAZARDOUS TO THE AQUATIC ENVIRONMENT - CHRONIC HAZARD - Category 1

Product code 00319092	Date of issue 26 September Version 8.01 2024		
Product name SIGMASHIELD 880 BASE BASE Z			
2. Hazards identifi	cation		
	Causes damage to organs. (central nervous system (CNS), kidneys, liver, respiratory organs) Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (hearing organs, nervous system, respiratory organs) Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.		
Precautionary statements			
Prevention	: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Avoid release to the environment. Do not breathe vapor. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.		
Response	: Collect spillage. IF exposed or concerned: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.		
Storage	: Store locked up.		
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.		
Other hazards which do not result in classification	: Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.		

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number	: Not applicable.
CSCL number	: Not available.

Ingredient name	%	CAS number	CSCL
✓olycondensate of 4,4'-isopropylidenediphenol and 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane (liquid only)	25 - <50	25068-38-6	7-1283
Talc (containing no asbestos or quartz)	20 - <25	14807-96-6	Not available.
crystalline silica, respirable powder (>10 microns)	20 - <25	14808-60-7	1-548
Xylene	5 - <7	1330-20-7	3-3; 3-60
Phenol, methylstyrenated	3 - <5	68512-30-1	Not available.
Epoxy Resin (700 <mw<=1100)< td=""><td>3 - <5</td><td>25036-25-3</td><td>Not available.</td></mw<=1100)<>	3 - <5	25036-25-3	Not available.
isobutyl alcohol	3 - <5	78-83-1	2-3049
2,3-epoxypropyl neodecanoate	2 - <3	26761-45-5	2-637
Reaction products of 12-hydroxyoctadecanoic acid and octadecanoic acid and 1,3-phenylenedimethanamine	1 - <2	911674-82-3	Not available.
Ethyl Benzene	1 - <2	100-41-4	3-28; 3-60
N,N'-ethane-1,2-diylbis(12-hydroxyoctadecan- 1-amide)	0.1 - <0.2	123-26-2	2-2720

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	 Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical attention.
Inhalation	 Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	 Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion	 If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects Eye contact 2 Causes serious eye damage. Inhalation 2 No known significant effects or critical hazards. Skin contact 2 Causes damage to organs following a single exposure in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Ingestion 2 Causes damage to organs following a single exposure if swallowed. Over-exposure signs/symptoms 2 Causes damage to organs following a single exposure if swallowed. Over-exposure signs/symptoms 2 Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering reduces fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations Skin contact 2 Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduces fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations Skin contact 2 Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations Ingestion 2 Adverse symptoms may include the following: skeletal malformations Ingestion 2 Adverse symptoms may include the following: skeletal malformations Ingestion 2 Adverse symptoms may include the following: skeletal malformations Ingestion 3 Adverse symptoms may include the following: skeletal malformations		
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Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.	Ingestion	stomach pains reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths
quantities have been ingested or inhaled.	ndication of immediate r	nedical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Specific treatments : No specific treatment.	Notes to physician	
	Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.

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4. First aid measures

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    Protection of first-aiders
    No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.
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See toxicological information (Section 11)

5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO_2 , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

6. Accidental release measures

Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Conditions for safe storage	: Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Talc (containing no asbestos or quartz)	Japan Society for Occupational Health (Japan, 5/2023). [Class 1 dusts (Activated charcoal, Alumina, Aluminium, Bentonite, Diatomite, Graphite, Kaolinite, Pagodite, Pyrites, Pyrite cinder)] OEL-M: 0.5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable dust (Class 1 Dust) OEL-M: 2 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust
	Japan Page: 5

Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

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8. Exposure controls/personal protection

		(Class 1 Dust)
crystalline silica, respirable powder (>10 microns)		Japan Society for Occupational Health (Japan, 5/2023). [Respirable crystalline silica]
Xylene		OEL-C: 0.03 mg/m ³ Form: Respirable dust Industrial Safety and Health Act (Japan, 6/2020). [xylene] TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
isobutyl alcohol		Japan Society for Occupational Health (Japan, 5/2023). OEL-M: 50 ppm 8 hours. OEL-M: 217 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Japan Society for Occupational Health (Japan, 5/2023). OEL-M: 150 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
Ethul Donzono		OEL-M: 50 ppm 8 hours. Industrial Safety and Health Act (Japan, 6/2020). TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
Ethyl Benzene		Japan Society for Occupational Health (Japan, 5/2023). Absorbed through skin. OEL-M: 87 mg/m ³ 8 hours. OEL-M: 20 ppm 8 hours. Industrial Safety and Health Act (Japan, 6/2020). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
Recommended monitoring procedures		priate monitoring standards. Reference to those for the determination of hazardous
Appropriate engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.	
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.	
Individual protection measu	ires	
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.	
Eye protection Skin protection	: Chemical splash goggles and face s	hield.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Gloves	: butyl rubber
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance			
Physical state	: Liquid.		
Color	: Various		
Odor	: Characteristic.		
Boiling point	: >37.78°C (>100°F)		
Flash point	: Closed cup: 26°C (7	3.8°F)	
Relative density	: 1.2		
Solubility/ico)	Media	Result	
Solubility(ies)	cold water	Not soluble	

10. Stability and	reactivity
Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.
Incompatible materials	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
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10. Stability and reactivity

Hazardous decomposition products

: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides

11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Polycondensate of 4,4'- isopropylidenediphenol and 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane (liquid only)	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2 g/kg	-
Xylene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.7 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-
Phenol, methylstyrenated	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
Epoxy Resin (700 <mw <=1100)</mw 	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
)	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
isobutyl alcohol	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	24.6 mg/l	4 hours
y	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2460 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2830 mg/kg	-
2,3-epoxypropyl neodecanoate	LD50 Dermal	Rat	3800 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	9.6 g/kg	-
Reaction products of 12-hydroxyoctadecanoic acid and octadecanoic acid and	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5.08 mg/l	4 hours
1,3-phenylenedimethanamine				
Ethyl Benzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
5	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.5 g/kg	-
N,N'-ethane-1,2-diylbis (12-hydroxyoctadecan- 1-amide)	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5.11 mg/l	4 hours
-	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Polycondensate of 4,4'- isopropylidenediphenol and 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane (liquid only)	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	-	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	-	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 Ul	-
	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 2 mg	-
Xylene	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-

Sensitization

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11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result	
✓olycondensate of 4,4'- isopropylidenediphenol and 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane (liquid only)	skin	Mouse	Sensitizing	

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

<u>Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)</u>

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Talc (containing no asbestos or quartz) Xylene	Category 1 Category 1	-	respiratory organs central nervous system (CNS), kidneys, liver, respiratory organs Narcotic effects
isobutyl alcohol	Category 3 Category 3 Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation Narcotic effects
Ethyl Benzene	Category 3 Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Talc (containing no asbestos or quartz) Xylene	Category 1 Category 1	-	respiratory organs nervous system,
Ethyl Benzene	Category 1	-	respiratory organs hearing organs, nervous system

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely : Not available. routes of exposure

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes

Inhalation

: Causes serious eye damage.

on : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Japan

11. Toxicological information

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Skin contact	Causes damage to organs following a single exposure in contact with skin. Caus skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.	es
Ingestion	Causes damage to organs following a single exposure if swallowed.	
Symptoms related to the ph	ical, chemical and toxicological characteristics	
Eye contact	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness	
Inhalation	Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations	
Skin contact	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness dryness cracking blistering may occur reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations	
Ingestion	Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations	
Delayed and immediate effect Short term exposure	and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	Not available.	
Potential delayed effects	Not available.	
<u>Long term exposure</u>		
Potential immediate effects	Not available.	
Potential delayed effects	Not available.	
Potential chronic health eff	<u>S</u>	
General	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatint Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently expose to very low levels.	tis.
Carcinogenicity	Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.	
Mutagenicity	Suspected of causing genetic defects.	
Reproductive toxicity	May damage fertility or the unborn child.	

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

11. Toxicological information

<u>_</u>	-				
Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
SIGMASHIELD 880 BASE BASE Z	28150.2	3904.7	N/A	91.0	N/A
Polycondensate of 4,4'-isopropylidenediphenol and 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane (liquid only)	2500	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
Xylene	4300	1700	N/A	11	N/A
Phenol, methylstyrenated	2500	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
Epoxy Resin (700 <mw<=1100)< td=""><td>2500</td><td>2500</td><td>N/A</td><td>N/A</td><td>N/A</td></mw<=1100)<>	2500	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
isobutyl alcohol	2830	2460	N/A	11	N/A
2,3-epoxypropyl neodecanoate	9600	3800	N/A	N/A	N/A
Ethyl Benzene	3500	17800	N/A	17.8	N/A
N,Ń'-ethane-1,2-diylbis(12-hydroxyoctadecan- 1-amide)	2500	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A

Other information

Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing.

12. Ecological information

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Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Polycondensate of 4,4'- isopropylidenediphenol and 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane (liquid only)	Chronic NOEC 0.3 mg/l	Daphnia	21 days
isobutyl alcohol	Acute EC50 1100 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
2,3-epoxypropyl neodecanoate	Acute EC50 3.5 mg/l	Algae	96 hours
	Acute EC50 4.8 mg/l	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	48 hours
	Acute LC50 9.6 mg/l	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
Reaction products of 12-hydroxyoctadecanoic acid and octadecanoic acid and 1,3-phenylenedimethanamine	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
Ethyl Benzene	Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia Daphnia <i>Cariadanhnia duhia</i>	48 hours
N,N'-ethane-1,2-diylbis (12-hydroxyoctadecan- 1-amide)	Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water Acute EC50 29 to 43 mg/l	Daphnia - Ceriodaphnia dubia Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	- 72 hours
,	Acute EC50 94 mg/l	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	48 hours

Persistence/degradability

Product name SIGMASHIELD 880 BASE BASE Z

12. Ecological information

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Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose		Inoculum
Polycondensate of 4,4'- isopropylidenediphenol and 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane (liquid only) Ethyl Benzene N,N'-ethane-1,2-diylbis (12-hydroxyoctadecan- 1-amide)	OECD 301F - -	5 % - 28 da 79 % - Rea 63 % - 28 c	dily - 10 days	-		-
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life		Photolysis		Biodeg	radability
Polycondensate of 4,4'- isopropylidenediphenol and 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane (liquid only) Xylene 2,3-epoxypropyl neodecanoate Ethyl Benzene N,N'-ethane-1,2-diylbis (12-hydroxyoctadecan- 1-amide)	- - - -		-		Not rea Readily Not rea Readily Readily	/ adily /

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Polycondensate of 4,4'- isopropylidenediphenol and 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane (liquid only)	2.64 to 3.78	31	Low
Xylene	3.12	7.4 to 18.5	Low
Phenol, methylstyrenated	3.627	-	Low
isobutyl alcohol	1	-	Low
2,3-epoxypropyl neodecanoate	4.4	-	High
Ethyl Benzene	3.6	79.43	Low
N,Ń'-ethane-1,2-diylbis (12-hydroxyoctadecan- 1-amide)	>6	-	High

Mobility in soil

: Not available.

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc) Mobility

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

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13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. 2 Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

14. Transport information

	UN	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
Packing group	III	III	III
Environmental hazards	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	(reaction product: bisphenol-A- (epichlorohydrin); epoxy resin)	Not applicable.

Additional information

UN	: None identified.
IMDG	: The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of \leq 5 L or \leq 5 kg.
ΙΑΤΑ	: The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

15. Regulatory information

Fire Service Law

Category	Substance name/Type	Danger category	Signal word	Designated quantity
Category IV	Class II petroleums	III	Flammable - Keep Fire Away	1000 L

Pollutant Release and Transfer Registers (PRTR)

Ingredient name	%	Status	Reference number
Xylene	6.9	Class 1	80
Ethylbenzene	1.2	Class 1	53

Industrial Safety and Health Act

Ordinance on the Prevention of the Hazard due to Specified Chemical Substances

Ingredient name	%		Reference number
ethyl benzene	≤10	Special Organic Solvents	3-3

Substance(s) requiring labelling

Ingredient name	%	Status	Reference number
5	≥20 - ≤30	Listed	165-2
Xylene	≤10	Listed	136
Butanol	≤10	Listed	477
Ethylbenzene	≤10	Listed	70

Chemicals requiring notification

Ingredient name	%		Reference number
Crystalline silica	≥20 - ≤30	Listed	165-2
Xylene	≤10	Listed	136
Butanol	≤10	Listed	477
Ethylbenzene	≤10	Listed	70

Carcinogens based on Article 577-2 of the Ordinance on ISH

Ingredient name	%		Reference number
quartz	≥20 - ≤30	Listed	-

Mutagen

Ingredient name	%	Status	Reference
			number
bisphenol A type epoxy resin intermediate	≥20 - ≤30	Listed	110

Corrosive liquid

Health Law

: Not listed

Occupational Safety and : Inflammable

Regulations on the: Not listedPrevention of TetraalkylLead Poisoning

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Product name SIGMASHIELD 880 BASE BASE Z

15. Regulatory information

Harmful Substances Subject to Obtaining Permission for Manufacturing	: Not listed
Harmful Substances, Prohibited for Manufacturing	: Not listed
ISHL Enforcement Order Appendix 1 - Dangerous Substances	: Inflammable
Lead regulation	: Not listed
Organic solvents poisoning prevention	: Class 2

Poisonous and Deleterious Substances

None of the components are listed.

Chemical Substances Control Law (CSCL)

Ingredient name	%	Status	Reference number
Polycondensate of 4,4'-isopropylidenediphenol and	≥20 - ≤30	Priority assessment	87
1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane (liquid only)			
Xylene	≤10	Priority assessment	125
Ethylbenzene	≤10	Priority assessment	50
Toluene	≤10	Priority assessment	46
Phenol	≤10	Priority assessment	62
Isopropenylbenzene	≤10	Priority assessment	48
Benzene	≤10	Priority assessment	45
2,2,4,4,6,6,8,8-Octamethyl-	≤10	Monitoring	40
1,3,5,7,2,4,6,8-tetraoxatetrasilocane		_	
Cumene	≤10	Priority assessment	126
Acetaldehyde	≤10	Priority assessment	26
Formaldehyde	≤10	Priority assessment	25
Ethylene oxide	≤10	Priority assessment	19
1,4-Dioxane	≤10	Priority assessment	80
Chloromethane	≤10	Priority assessment	6

High Pressure Gas Control : Not available. Law

Explosives Control Law

None of the components are listed.

Law concerning prevention : Not available. of pollution of the ocean

Maritime Safety Law

Notification Regulating Transportation of Dangerous Materials by Sea

None of the components are listed.

Container class

None of the components are listed.

JSOH Carcinogen : Group 1

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Road law

: Not available.

16. Other information

<u>History</u>	
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 26 September 2024
Date of previous issue	: 8/22/2024
Version	: 8.01
Prepared by	: EHS
Key to abbreviations	 ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail UN = United Nations

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.