SAFETY DATA SHEET



Conforms to Official Mexican Standard NOM-018-STPS-2015

Date of revision 30 September 2024

Version 6

Date of issue 30 September 2024

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product name	: PSX ONE YELLOW TINT
Product code	: 00336210
Other means of identification	: Not applicable.
Product type	: Liquid.
Relevant identified uses of	the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Product use	: Industrial applications, Used by spraying.
Use of the substance/ mixture	: Coating.
Uses advised against	Not applicable.
Manufacturer	: PPG Industries, Inc. One PPG Place Pittsburgh, PA 15272
Emergency telephone number	: (412) 434-4515 (U.S.) (514) 645-1320 (Canada) SETIQ Interior de la República: 800-00-214-00 (México) SETIQ Ciudad de México: (55) 5559-1588 (México)
Technical Phone Number	: 888-977-4762

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture	 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 5 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 SKIN CORROSION - Category 1B SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 1B SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2 Fercentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity:
	48.2% (oral), 63.3% (dermal), 59.3% (inhalation)
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	

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Product name PSX ONE YELLOW TINT

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	 H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor. H313 - May be harmful in contact with skin. H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction. H332 - Harmful if inhaled. H351 - Suspected of causing cancer. H360 - May damage fertility or the unborn child. H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (hearing organs)
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	 P201 - Obtain special instructions before use. P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. P260 - Do not breathe vapor. P264 - Wash thoroughly after handling. P272 - Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
Response	 P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. P304 + P340, P310 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. P301 + P310, P330, P331 - IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. P303 + P361 + P353, P310 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. P333 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. P305 + P351 + P338, P310 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.
Storage	: P405 - Store locked up.
Disposal	: P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Other hazards which do not result in classification	: Causes digestive tract burns. Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Trimethoxysilanes are capable of forming methanol if hydrolyzed or ingested. If swallowed, methanol may be harmful or fatal or cause blindness. Emits toxic fumes when heated.
See toxicological information	(Section 11)

See toxicological information (Section 11)

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture
Product name

- : Mixture : PSX ONE YELLOW TINT
- Other means of identification
- : Not applicable.
- ns of

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
xylene	≥5.0 - ≤10	1330-20-7
trimethoxy(methyl)silane	≥5.0 - ≤10	1185-55-3
titanium dioxide	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	13463-67-7
[3-(2,3-epoxypropoxy)propyl]trimethoxysilane	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	2530-83-8
ethylbenzene	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	100-41-4
3-aminopropyltriethoxysilane	≥1.0 - ≤4.8	919-30-2
trimethoxyvinylsilane	≥1.0 - ≤4.3	2768-02-7
Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), α-(nonylphenyl)-ω-hydroxy-, branched,	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	68412-53-3
phosphates		
triethoxyoctylsilane	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	2943-75-1
2-ethylaminoethanol	≥0.10 - ≤2.3	110-73-6
α-[3-[3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl) derivatives	≤2.0	104810-48-2
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	≤1.8	41556-26-7
ω-[3-[3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl) derivatives	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	104810-47-1
methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	<1.0	82919-37-7
dibutylbis(pentane-2,4-dionato-O,O')tin	<1.0	22673-19-4
dibutyltin dilaurate	<1.0	77-58-7

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	 Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical attention.
Inhalation	: Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion	: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effect	
Eye contact	Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	Harmful if inhaled.
Skin contact	Causes severe burns. May be harmful in contact with skin. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	Corrosive to the digestive tract. Causes burns.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician	 In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed.
Specific treatments	The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours. No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides Formaldehyde.
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protect	ive equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

Product name PSX ONE YELLOW TINT

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways,
	drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused
	environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

<u>recoulding for suic numuning</u>	Precautions	for safe	handling
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Protective measures	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Special precautions	Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. If this material is part of a multiple component system, read the Safety Data Sheet(s) for the other component or components before blending as the resulting mixture may have the hazards of all of its parts.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental
	contamination.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
ylene	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016) [Xileno, mezcla] STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm.
trimethoxy(methyl)silane	None.
titanium dioxide	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016) TWA 8 hours: 10 mg/m ³ .
[3-(2,3-epoxypropoxy)propyl]trimethoxysilane	None.
ethylbenzene	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016) TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm.
3-aminopropyltriethoxysilane	None.
trimethoxyvinylsilane	None.
Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), α-(nonylphenyl)-ω-hydroxy-, branched, phosphates	None.
triethoxyoctylsilane	None.
2-ethylaminoethanol	None.
α-[3-[3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl) derivatives	None.
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	None.
ω-[3-[3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl) derivatives	None.
methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	None.
dibutylbis(pentane-2,4-dionato-O,O')tin	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016)
	[Estaño, compuestos orgánicos]
	Absorbed through skin.
	TWA 8 hours: 0.1 mg/m ³ (as Sn).
	STEL 15 minutes: 0.2 mg/m³ (as Sn).
dibutyltin dilaurate	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016)
	[Estaño, compuestos orgánicos]
	Absorbed through skin.
	TWA 8 hours: 0.1 mg/m³ (as Sn). STEL 15 minutes: 0.2 mg/m³ (as Sn).

Key to abbreviations

STEL = Short term exposure limit

= Ceiling Limit = Internal Permissible Exposure Limit

TLV = Threshold Limit Value TWA = Time Weighted Average

Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

procedures

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IPEL

Recommended monitoring : Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Appropriate engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.				
Environmental exposure controls	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.				
Individual protection meas	<u>lres</u>				
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.				
Eye/face protection	: Chemical splash goggles and face shield.				
Skin protection					
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.				
Gloves	: nitrile neoprene				
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.				
Other skin protection	 Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. 				
Respiratory protection	: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.				

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

		Mexico	Page: 7/16
Melting point	: Not available.		
рН	: Not applicable.		
Molecular weight	: Not applicable.		
Odor threshold	: Not available.		
Odor	: Characteristic.		
Color	: Yellow.		
Physical state	: Liquid.		
<u>Appearance</u>			

Product name PSX ONE YELLOW TINT

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

		• •
Boiling point	:	>37.78°C (>100°F)
Flash point	1	Closed cup: 18.89°C (66°F)
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.
Flammability	4	Not available.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	1	Not available.
Evaporation rate	4	Not available.
Vapor pressure	1	Not available.
Vapor density	1	Not available.
Relative density	1	1.14
Density(lbs / gal)	:	9.51
Colubility/icc)		Media Result
Solubility(ies)	ľ	cold water Not soluble
Solubility in water	:	Not available.
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	1	Not applicable.
Viscosity	:	
% Solid. (w/w)	:	83.366

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	 When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.
Incompatible materials	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides halogenated compounds Formaldehyde. metal oxide, oxides

Product name PSX ONE YELLOW TINT

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure	
x ylene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.7 g/kg	-	
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-	
trimethoxy(methyl)silane	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	>42.1 mg/l	4 hours	
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>9500 mg/kg	-	
	LD50 Oral	Rat	11685 mg/kg	-	
titanium dioxide	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>6.82 mg/l	4 hours	
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-	
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-	
[3-(2,3-epoxypropoxy)propyl] trimethoxysilane	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5.3 mg/l	4 hours	
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	7.01 g/kg	-	
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	17.8 mg/l	4 hours	
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-	
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.5 g/kg	-	
3-aminopropyltriethoxysilane	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>7.35 mg/l	4 hours	
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	4 g/kg	-	
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1.57 g/kg	-	
trimethoxyvinylsilane	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	16800 mg/m ³	4 hours	
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3158 mg/kg	-	
	LD50 Oral	Rat - Male	6899 mg/kg	-	
2-ethylaminoethanol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	0.36 g/kg	-	
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1 g/kg	-	
α-[3-[3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)	LD50 Dermal	Rat - Male,	>2000 mg/kg	-	
derivatives		Female			
	LD50 Oral	Rat - Male,	>5000 mg/kg	-	
		Female			
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.125 g/kg	-	
4-piperidyl) sebacate methyl	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.125 g/kg	-	
	LD50 Oral	Rai	3.125 g/kg	-	
1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-					
4-piperidyl sebacate	I DE0 Dermel	Det	>2000 mg/kg		
dibutylbis(pentane- 2,4-dionato-O,O')tin	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-	
· · · ·	LD50 Oral	Rat	1864 mg/kg	-	
dibutyltin dilaurate	LD50 Oral	Rat	2071 mg/kg	-	

Conclusion/Summary

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
kylene	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
Conclusion/Summary	- 1 1.4 11				

- Skin Eyes
- : There are no data available on the mixture itself.
 - There are no data available on the mixture itself.There are no data available on the mixture itself.
- Respiratory
- Sensitization

Product name PSX ONE YELLOW TINT

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	:	Species	Result	
trimethoxy(methyl)silane 3-aminopropyltriethoxysilane	skin skin		Guinea pig Guinea pig	Sensitizing Sensitizing	
Conclusion/Summary					
Skin	: There an	re no dat	ta available on the mixture itse	lf.	
Respiratory	: There ar	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.			
Mutagenicity					
Conclusion/Summary	: There an	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.			
Carcinogenicity					
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.				
Classification					
Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP		
x ylene	-	3	-		

ethylbenzene 2B **Carcinogen Classification code:**

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IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3, 4 NTP: Known to be a human carcinogen; Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen OSHA: + Not listed/not regulated: -

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary

titanium dioxide

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

2B

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
xylene	Category 3		Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 1 Category 1	-	- thymus

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
ethylbenzene	Category 2	-	hearing organs
dibutylbis(pentane-2,4-dionato-O,O')tin	Category 1		immune system
dibutyltin dilaurate	Category 1		thymus

Target organs

: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: brain, upper respiratory tract, skin.

Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: blood, kidneys, lungs, the nervous system, liver, bladder, gastrointestinal tract, central nervous system (CNS), ears, eye, lens or cornea, thyroid.

Aspiration hazard

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Name	Result
xylene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely routes of exposure

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Potential acute health effect	t <u>s</u>
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	: Harmful if inhaled.
Skin contact	: Causes severe burns. May be harmful in contact with skin. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: Corrosive to the digestive tract. Causes burns.
Over-exposure signs/sympt	<u>oms</u>
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness dryness cracking blistering may occur reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Delayed and immediate effe	cts and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the mixture itself. Trimethoxysilanes are capable of forming methanol if hydrolyzed or ingested. If swallowed, methanol may be harmful or fatal or cause blindness. This product either contains formaldehyde or is capable of releasing formaldehyde above 0.5 ppm under certain conditions. Formaldehyde is a known cancer hazard, a skin sensitizer and a respiratory sensitizer. For many products, TiO2 is utilized as a raw material in a liquid coating formulation. In this case, the TiO2 particles are bound in a matrix with no meaningful potential for human exposure to unbound particles of TiO2 when the product is applied with a brush or roller. Sanding the coating surface or mist from spray applications may be harmful depending on the duration and level of exposure and require the use of appropriate personal protective equipment and/or engineering controls (see Section 8). Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. There is some evidence that repeated exposure to organic solvent

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Product name PSX ONE YELLOW TINT

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

		vapors in combination with constant loud noise can cause greater hearing loss than expected from exposure to noise alone. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.
Short term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	:	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential delayed effects	:	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Long term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	:	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential delayed effects	:	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential chronic health effe	cts	
General	:	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	:	Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	:	May damage fertility or the unborn child.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
SX ONE YELLOW TINT	6945.4	2989.6	N/A	33.8	3.9
xylene	4300	1700	N/A	11	1.5
trimethoxy(methyl)silane	11685	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
[3-(2,3-epoxypropoxy)propyl]trimethoxysilane	7010	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
ethylbenzene	3500	17800	N/A	17.8	1.5
3-aminopropyltriethoxysilane	1570	4000	N/A	N/A	N/A
trimethoxyvinylsilane	6899	3158	N/A	16.8	1.5
2-ethylaminoethanol	1000	360	N/A	N/A	N/A
α-[3-[3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl) derivatives	N/A	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	3125	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	3125	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
dibutylbis(pentane-2,4-dionato-O,O')tin	1864	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
dibutyltin dilaurate	2071	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Product name PSX ONE YELLOW TINT

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
trimethoxy(methyl)silane	Acute LC50 >110 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
titanium dioxide	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	48 hours
[3-(2,3-epoxypropoxy)propyl] trimethoxysilane	Acute EC50 255 mg/l Fresh water	Algae	72 hours
	Acute EC50 473 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 55 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia	48 hours
	Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Ceriodaphnia dubia	-
3-aminopropyltriethoxysilane	Acute LC50 >934 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
α-[3-[3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl) derivatives	Acute EC50 16.6 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
	Acute EC50 4 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 2.8 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
	Acute NOEC 3.2 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.23 mg/l	Daphnia	21 days
dibutyltin dilaurate	Acute EC50 >1 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
	Acute EC50 <0.463 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours

Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose	Inoculum
[3] (2,3-epoxypropoxy)propyl] trimethoxysilane	-	37 % - Not readily -	28 days	-	-
ethylbenzene	-	79 % - Readily - 10	davs	-	-
α-[3-[3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl) derivatives	OECD 301B Ready Biodegradability - CO ₂ Evolution	24 % - Not readily -		-	-
dibutyltin dilaurate	Test OECD 301F Ready Biodegradability - Manometric Respirometry Test	23 % - Not readily -	39 days	-	-
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life		Photolysi	S	Biodegradability
Vene [3-(2,3-epoxypropoxy)propyl] trimethoxysilane	-		-		Readily Not readily
ethylbenzene α-[3-[3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl) derivatives	-		-		Readily Not readily

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
x ylene	3.12	7.4 to 18.5	Low
ethylbenzene	3.6	79.43	Low
3-aminopropyltriethoxysilane	1.7	3.4	Low
dibutyltin dilaurate	4.44	2.91	Low

Mexico	Page: 13/16

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

Disposal methods	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non- recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations. Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees. Section 6. Accidental release measures

SECTION 14: Transport information		
	Mexico Classification	IMDG

	Mexico Classification	IMDG	ΑΤΑΙ
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
Packing group	II	II	II
Environmental hazards	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	(HYDROXYPHENYL BENZOTRIAZOLE DERIVATIVE)	Not applicable.
Product RQ (lbs) RQ substances	Not applicable. Not applicable.	Not applicable. Not applicable.	Not applicable. Not applicable.

Additional information

Mexico

: None identified.

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SECTIC	ON 14: Transport information
IMDG	: The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤ 5 L or ≤ 5 kg.
ΙΑΤΑ	: The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.
Special pre	ecautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.
Transport i to IMO inst	in bulk according : Not applicable. truments
SECTIC	ON 15: Regulatory information

International regulations

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

SECTION 16: Other information

Please refer to Section 2 of this document for GHS hazard classifications. The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

Date of previous issue Organization that prepared the SDS	: 9/19/2022 : EHS
Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

The information, which is based on the current knowledge of the chemical substance or mixture and applies to appropriate safety precautions for the product, is deemed correct but is not exhaustive and will be used only as a guide.

Disclaimer

Product name PSX ONE YELLOW TINT

SECTION 16: Other information

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.