SAFETY DATA SHEET



Date of issue 9 October 2024

Version 1.02

Section 1. Product and company identification

Product name	1	PF
Product code	1	00
Other means of identification	1	00
Product type	:	Lic

- PPG NEXEON 810 REDBROWN 000001198800
- . 000001190000
- : 00473618
- Liquid.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses

Coating. Paints. Painting-related materials.

Uses advised against	Reason
Not applicable.	

Supplier's details:	
Supplier	 PPG Industrial do Brasil – Tintas e Vernizes Ltda Via Anhanguera KM 106, Bairro Sao Judas Tadeu Sumare / SP, Brasil 55 19 2103-6000 (Recepção e Portaria)
Email address:	: HazComLatam@ppg.com
Emergency telephone number	: 0800 707 1767 / 0800 707 7022 – Empresa Suatrans Cotec 0800 14 8110 – CEATOX - Centro de Assistência Toxicológica

Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the	: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
substance or mixture	ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4
	ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 5
	ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 2
	SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1
	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
	TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 1B
	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2
	AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 1
	AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 1
Target organs	: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: brain,
	gastrointestinal tract, central nervous system (CNS).
	Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: blood, kidneys,
	lungs, the nervous system, liver, heart, cardiovascular system, upper respiratory
	tract, skin, ears, eye, lens or cornea, muscle tissue.

Code 000001198800 Product name PPG NEXEC	ON 81	0 REDBROWN	Date of issue)	9 October 2024	Version	1.02
Section 2. Hazards identification							
	2 F t F	22.1% Percentage o oxicity: 33.8 Percentage o oxicity: 51% Percentage o	of the mixture o % of the mixture o	consisting o	f ingredient(s) of u f ingredient(s) of u f ingredient(s) of u f ingredient(s) of u	nknown acute d nknown acute ir	ermal halation
CHS label elemente		- 1					
GHS label elements Hazard pictograms		•	•	•	•	•	
Signal word	: [Danger					
Hazard statements	 	Harmful if sw May be harm Causes skin Causes seric Fatal if inhale Suspected o May damage May cause d nervous syst	nful in contact w irritation. ous eye damag ed. f causing canc e fertility or the	with skin. Je. er. unborn child Ins through aring organs	prolonged or repea s)	ated exposure. (central
Precautionary statements		-		-	-		
Prevention	4 1 4 1 1 1 1 1 1	and eye or fa protection. k gnition source equipment. Keep contair vapor. Do no nandling.	ace protection. Keep away fron ces. No smokir Use non-spark ner tightly close ot eat, drink or	In case of n heat, hot s ng. Use exp ing tools. T ed. Avoid re smoke whe	Wear protective g inadequate ventilat surfaces, sparks, o plosion-proof electr Take action to prev elease to the enviro en using this produc	tion wear respira open flames and ical, ventilating ent static discha onment. Do not ct. Wash thorou	atory other or lighting irges. breathe ughly after
Response	 	NHALED: R mmediately CENTER or contaminate water for sev	emove person call a POISON doctor if you fe d clothing and veral minutes. F	to fresh air I CENTER o eel unwell. N wash it befo Remove cor	ned: Get medical a and keep comforta or doctor. IF ON S Wash with plenty o ore reuse. IF IN E ntact lenses, if pres OISON CENTER of	able for breathin KIN: Call a POI f water. Take o YES: Rinse caut sent and easy to	g. SON ff iously with
Storage	: 9	Store in a we	ell-ventilated pla	ace. Keep o	cool.		
Disposal			ontents and co onal regulation		ccordance with all	local, regional, r	national
Other hazards which do not result in classification	: 1	[⊃] rolonged or	repeated cont	tact may dry	y skin and cause in	ritation.	

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Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture Other means of identification

CAS number

: Mixture : 00473618

CAS number/other identifiers

: Not applicable.

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
barium sulfate	20 - <30	7727-43-7
xylene	10 - <12.5	1330-20-7
ethylbenzene	10 - <12.5	100-41-4
1-methoxy-2-propanol	7 - <10	107-98-2
pyrithione zinc	5 - <7	13463-41-7
diiron trioxide	5 - <7	1309-37-1
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	5 - <7	14807-96-6
1H-Pyrrole-3-carbonitrile, 4-bromo-2-(4-chlorophenyl)-5-(trifluoromethyl)-	3 - <5	122454-29-9
medetomidine	0 - <0.1	86347-14-0

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	 Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical attention. In case of accidental eye contact, avoid direct exposure to the sun or other sources of UV light as severe irritation including burns may result. These reactions can be delayed – get medical attention if pain, irritation or blistering occurs after contact.
Inhalation	: Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion	: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.
Indication of immediate med	ical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician Specific treatments	 In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours. No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

Potential acute health effects

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Section 4. First aid measures

Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation Skin contact Ingestion	 Fatal if inhaled. May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. Harmful if swallowed.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	 Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions :	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools Small spill and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Large spill : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with noncombustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe : handling	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Conditions for safe storage, : including any incompatibilities	Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Ingredient name		Exposure limits
barium sulfate		ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023) TWA 8 hours: 5 mg/m ³ . Form: Inhalable fraction.
xylene		Ministry of Labor and Employment (Brazil 11/2001) [Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)] TWA 8 hours: 78 ppm.
ethylbenzene		TWA 8 hours: 340 mg/m ³ . Ministry of Labor and Employment (Brazi 11/2001) TWA 8 hours: 78 ppm.
1-methoxy-2-propanol		TWA 8 hours: 340 mg/m ³ . ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023) TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 184 mg/m ³ . STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm.
diiron trioxide		STEL 15 minutes: 369 mg/m ³ . ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023) TWA 8 hours: 5 mg/m ³ . Form: Respirable fraction.
Talc , not containing asbestif	orm fibres	ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023) TWA 8 hours: 2 mg/m ³ . Form: Respirable fraction.
Recommended monitoring procedures		appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to or methods for the determination of hazardous d.
Appropriate engineering controls	ventilation or other engineering contaminants below any recom	tion. Use process enclosures, local exhaust controls to keep worker exposure to airborne mended or statutory limits. The engineering control or dust concentrations below any lower explosive ntilation equipment.
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or v they comply with the requirement cases, fume scrubbers, filters	vork process equipment should be checked to ensure ents of environmental protection legislation. In some or engineering modifications to the process or reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
ndividual protection measur	<u>'es</u>	
Hygiene measures	before eating, smoking and us Appropriate techniques should	the thoroughly after handling chemical products, ing the lavatory and at the end of the working period. be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing efore reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and workstation location.
Eye protection Skin protection	: Chemical splash goggles and t	

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Section 8. Expos	ure controls/personal p	orotection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gli be worn at all times when handling this is necessary. Considering the check during use that the gloves a should be noted that the time to b different for different glove manufaction several substances, the protection estimated.	g chemical products if a e parameters specified b are still retaining their pro reakthrough for any glov acturers. In the case of	risk assessment indicate y the glove manufacturer otective properties. It e material may be mixtures, consisting of
Gloves	: For prolonged or repeated handlir Not recommended: nitrile rubber Recommended: polyvinyl alcohol rubber (latex)		-
Body protection Other skin protection	 Personal protective equipment for being performed and the risks inv before handling this product. Whe wear anti-static protective clothing discharges, clothing should include Appropriate footwear and any additional clocks. 	olved and should be app en there is a risk of igniti g. For the greatest prote le anti-static overalls, boo	roved by a specialist on from static electricity, ction from static ots and gloves.
	selected based on the task being approved by a specialist before ha	performed and the risks	
Respiratory protection	: Respirator selection must be base hazards of the product and the sa workers are exposed to concentra appropriate, certified respirators. respirator complying with an appro necessary.	fe working limits of the s ations above the exposur Use a properly fitted, air	elected respirator. If e limit, they must use -purifying or air-fed

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>		
Physical state	Liquid.	
Color	Brownish	sh-red.
Odor	Aromatic	ic. [Strong]
рН	Not appli	blicable.
Melting point	Not avail	ailable.
Boiling point	>37.78°C	°C (>100°F)
Flash point	Closed c	cup: 22°C (71.6°F)
Evaporation rate	Not avail	ailable.
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not avail	ailable.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	Not avail	ailable.
Vapor pressure	Not avail	ailable.
Vapor density	Not avail	ailable.
Relative density	1.46	
Solubility(ies)	Media	Result
ooraonity(165)	cold wat	ater Not soluble
	L	

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Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	1	Not applicable.
Auto-ignition temperature	1	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	1	Not available.
Viscosity	:	Øynamic (room temperature): Not available. Kinematic (room temperature): Not available. Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >21 mm²/s (>21 cSt)
Viscosity	1	> 100 s (ISO 6mm)

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.
Incompatible materials	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/ oxides

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
barium sulfate	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
xylene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.7 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.5 g/kg	-
1-methoxy-2-propanol	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	>7000 ppm	6 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	13 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5.2 g/kg	-
pyrithione zinc	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	0.14 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	177 mg/kg	-
diiron trioxide	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10 g/kg	-
1H-Pyrrole-3-carbonitrile, 4-bromo-2-(4-chlorophenyl) -5-(trifluoromethyl)-	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	<0.25 mg/l	4 hours
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	LD50 Dermal	Rat	520 to 750 mg/	-
		English (US)	South America	8/1

Section 11. Toxicological information

			kg		
	LD50 Oral	Rat	28.7 mg/kg	-	
medetomidine	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	0.14 mg/l	4 hours	
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-	
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>31.25 mg/kg	-	

Conclusion/Summary

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
xylene	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
pyrithione zinc	Eyes - Cornea opacity	Rabbit	4	mg 24 hours	24 hours

Conclusion/Summary	
Skin	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Eyes	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Respiratory	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Sensitization	
Not available.	

Conclusion/Summary

Skin : There are no data available on the state of the st	he mixture itself.
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- **Respiratory** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.
- Mutagenicity
- Not available.
- **Conclusion/Summary**

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
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Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
xylene	-	3	-
ethylbenzene	-	2B	-
diiron trioxide	-	3	-

Carcinogen Classification code:

IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3, 4 NTP: Known to be a human carcinogen; Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen OSHA: + Not listed/not regulated: -

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
medetomidine	Category 1 Category 3	-	eyes Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
ethylbenzene	Category 2	-	hearing organs
pyrithione zinc	Category 1	-	-
1H-Pyrrole-3-carbonitrile, 4-bromo-2-(4-chlorophenyl)-5- (trifluoromethyl)-	Category 1	oral	central nervous system (CNS)
	Category 2	inhalation	
medetomidine	Category 1	-	-

Target organs

: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: brain,

gastrointestinal tract, central nervous system (CNS). Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: blood, kidneys, lungs, the nervous system, liver, heart, cardiovascular system, upper respiratory tract, skin, ears, eye, lens or cornea, muscle tissue.

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely routes of exposure	:	Not available.
Potential acute health effects		
Eye contact	:	Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	:	Fatal if inhaled.
Skin contact	:	May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin.
Ingestion	:	Harmful if swallowed.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain
	watering redness

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Inhalation	 Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness dryness cracking blistering may occur reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Conclusion/Summary	:	There are no data available on the mixture itself. Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. There is some evidence that repeated exposure to organic solvent vapors in combination with constant loud noise can cause greater hearing loss than expected from exposure to noise alone. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.
Short term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	:	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential delayed effects	1	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Long term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	:	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential delayed effects	:	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential chronic health eff	ect	S
Not available.		
General	:	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis.
Carcinogenicity	:	Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Mutagenicity

- : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- **Reproductive toxicity**
- : May damage fertility or the unborn child.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
PPG NEXEON 810 REDBROWN	425.6	2026.5	N/A	30.0	0.33
barium sulfate	N/A	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
xylene	4300	1700	N/A	11	1.5
ethylbenzene	3500	17800	N/A	17.8	1.5
1-methoxy-2-propanol	5200	13000	N/A	N/A	N/A
pyrithione zinc	221	2500	N/A	N/A	0.14
diiron trioxide	10000	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
1H-Pyrrole-3-carbonitrile, 4-bromo-2- (4-chlorophenyl)-5-(trifluoromethyl)-	28.7	300	N/A	N/A	0.05
medetomidine	5	2500	N/A	N/A	0.14

Other information

: Not available.

Section 12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia	48 hours
	Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Ceriodaphnia dubia	-
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Acute LC50 23300 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 >4500 mg/l Fresh water	Fish	96 hours
pyrithione zinc	Acute EC50 5.513 µg/l Marine water	Algae - Nitzschia pungens	96 hours
	Acute LC50 0.0082 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Chronic NOEC 1.889 µg/l Marine water	Algae - Nitzschia pungens	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.0027 mg/l	Daphnia	21 days
diiron trioxide	Acute EC50 >100 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
1H-Pyrrole-3-carbonitrile,	Acute EC50 0.012 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
4-bromo-2-(4-chlorophenyl) -5-(trifluoromethyl)-			
	Acute LC50 0.0015 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 0.0013 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
	Acute NOEC 0.00073 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.0002 mg/l	Daphnia	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 0.00017 mg/l	Fish	33 days
medetomidine	Acute EC50 0.65 mg/l	Algae - Desmodesmus	72 hours
		subspicatus	
	Acute EC50 4.5 mg/l	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	48 hours
	Acute LC50 30 mg/l	Fish - Danio rerio	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.001 mg/l	Fish - Cypridon variegatus	28 days

Persistence/degradability

English (US) South America

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Section 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose		Inoculum
ethylbenzene pyrithione zinc	-	79 % - Rea 39 % - 28 c	idily - 10 days Jays	-		-
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life		Photolysis		Biodeg	radability
xylene ethylbenzene pyrithione zinc medetomidine	- - -		- - 50%; < 28 day(s) -		Readily Readily Not rea Not rea	/ ndily

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
xylene	3.12	7.4 to 18.5	Low
ethylbenzene	3.6	79.43	Low
1-methoxy-2-propanol	<1	-	Low
pyrithione zinc	0.9	0.9	Low
medetomidine	2.9	-	Low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition	: Not available.
coefficient (Koc)	

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and nonrecyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

Code	000001198800	Date of issue	9 October 2024	Version	1.02
Product nam	PPG NEXEON 810 REDBROWN				

Section 14. Transport information

	UN	Brazil (ANTT)	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ	
UN number	UN1992	UN1992	UN1992	UN1992	
UN proper shipping name	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S. (xylene, pyrithione zinc)	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S. (xylene, pyrithione zinc)	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S. (xylene, pyrithione zinc)	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S. (xylene, pyrithione zinc)	
Transport hazard class(es)	3 (6.1)	3 (6.1)	3 (6.1)	3 (6.1)	
Packing group	II	II	II	II	
Environmental hazards Marine pollutant substances	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required. Not applicable.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required. Not applicable.	Yes. (pyrithione zinc)	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required. Not applicable.	

Additional inform	nation			
UN	: None identified.			
Brazil	: None identified.			
Risk number	: 336			
IMDG	: The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of \leq 5 L or \leq 5 kg.			
ΙΑΤΑ	: The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.			
Special precaution	ons for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in			

the event of an accident or spillage.
Transport in bulk according : Not applicable.

to IMO instruments

Section 15. Regulatory information

Safety, health and : environmental regulations specific for the product

: No known specific national and/or regional regulations applicable to this product (including its ingredients).

Section 16. Other information

History

Date of previous issue	: 6/7/2024
Version	: 1.02
	EHS

Code	00000119	98800	Date of issue	9 October 2024	Version	1.02
Product nam	ne	PPG NEXEON 810 REDBROWN				

Section 16. Other information

Key to abbreviations	 ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail UN = United Nations
References	: ABNT NBR 14725-4: 2014 ANTT - National Land Transportation Agency

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Disclaimer

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.