Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by UK REACH Regulation SI 2019/758

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Date of issue/Date of revision

: 9 October 2024

: 1.03 Version



SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

1.1 Product identifier	
Product name	: AMERLOCK 2 C CURE
Product code	: 00314872
Product type	: Liquid.
Other means of identification	: Not available.
1.2 Relevant identified use	es of the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Product use	: Professional applications, Used by spraying, Application by non spray methods
Use of the substance/ mixture	: 🖉 oating.; Hardener.
Uses advised against	: Product is not intended, labelled or packaged for consumer use.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

PPG Coatings Belgium BV/SRL Tweemontstraat 104 B-2100 Deurne Belgium Telephone +32-33606311 Fax +32-33606435

e-mail address of person : Product.Stewardship.EMEA@ppg.com responsible for this SDS

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Supplier

+31 20 4075210

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture **Classification according to UK CLP/GHS** Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Carc. 2, H351 Repr. 2, H361fd Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410

The product is classified as hazardous according to UK CLP Regulation SI 2019/720 as amended.

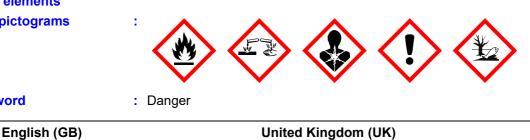
See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

Signal word

Hazard pictograms



Code : 00314872 AMERLOCK 2 C CURE	Date of issue/Date of revision	: 9 October 2024
SECTION 2: Hazards identification	on	

Hazard statements		Flammable liquid and vapour.
nazaru statements	1	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
		May cause an allergic skin reaction.
		Suspected of causing cancer.
		Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child. Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements		
Prevention	:	Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Avoid release to the environment.
Response	:	Collect spillage. IF INHALED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.
Storage	:	Not applicable.
Disposal	:	Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
		P280, P210, P273, P391, P304 + P310, P501
Supplemental label elements	:	Not applicable.
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	:	Not applicable.
Special packaging requirem	on	te
Containers to be fitted		
with child-resistant fastenings	•	Not applicable.
Tactile warning of danger	:	Not applicable.
2.3 Other hazards		
Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII	:	This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.
Other hazards which do not result in classification	:	Causes digestive tract burns. Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Туре
-methylpentan-2-one	REACH #: 01-2119473980-30 EC: 203-550-1 CAS: 108-10-1 Index: 606-004-00-4	≥10 - ≤16	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Carc. 2, H351 STOT SE 3, H336 EUH066	[1] [2]
Polyaminoamide	EC: Polymer CAS: 68082-29-1	≥5.0 - ≤10	Eye Dam. 1, H318	[1]
benzyl alcohol	REACH #: 01-2119492630-38 EC: 202-859-9 CAS: 100-51-6 Index: 603-057-00-5	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1B, H317	[1]
2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl) phenol	REACH #: 01-2119560597-27 EC: 202-013-9 CAS: 90-72-2	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Skin Corr. 1C, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318	[1]
English (GB)	United F	Kingdom (UK)		2/*

Code : 00314872 AMERLOCK 2 C CURE	Date	e of issue/Date of revis	ion : 9 October 202	24
SECTION 3: Composition	on/information o	n ingredients		
cyclohexanone	EC: 203-631-1 CAS: 108-94-1	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335	[1] [2]
3-aminomethyl- 3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine	REACH #: 01-2119514687-32 EC: 220-666-8 CAS: 2855-13-2 Index: 612-067-00-9	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1A, H317	[1]
4-nonylphenol, branched	REACH #: 01-2119510715-45 EC: 284-325-5 CAS: 84852-15-3 Index: 601-053-00-8	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Repr. 2, H361fd Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=10) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=10)	[1]
4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol, oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane, reaction products with 3-aminomethyl- 3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine	EC: 500-101-4 CAS: 38294-64-3	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	[1]
2-methylpropan-1-ol	REACH #: 01-2119484609-23 EC: 201-148-0 CAS: 78-83-1 Index: 603-108-00-1	≥1.0 - ≤3.7	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336	[1] [2]
Fatty acids, tall-oil, reaction products with diethylenetriamine	EC: 263-160-2 CAS: 61790-69-0	<1.0	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT RE 2, H373 (oral) Aquatic Acute 1, H400	[1]
			(M=1) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=1)	
Amines, polyethylenepoly-, triethylenetetramine fraction	REACH #: 01-2119487919-13 EC: 292-588-2 CAS: 90640-67-8	<1.0	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	[1]
salicylic acid	REACH #: 01-2119486984-17 EC: 200-712-3 CAS: 69-72-7 Index: 607-732-00-5	≤0.30	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Repr. 2, H361d	[1]
			See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section. <u>Type</u>

Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by UK REACH Regulation SI 2019/758

Code : 00314872 AMERLOCK 2 C CURE Date of issue/Date of revision

: 9 October 2024

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard [2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact	: Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical attention.
Inhalation	 Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion	: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects		
Eye contact	:	Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	1	Causes severe burns. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	:	Corrosive to the digestive tract. Causes burns.
Over-exposure signs/sympto	on	<u>15</u>
Eye contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Inhalation	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness dryness cracking blistering may occur reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
4.3 Indication of any immedia	te	medical attention and special treatment needed
Notes to physician	:	In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

English (GB) United Kingdom (UK)	4/18
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Conforms to Regulation (EC)	No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by UK REAC	H Regulation SI 2019/758		
Code : 00314872 AMERLOCK 2 C CURE				
SECTION 4: First a	id measures			
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.			
SECTION 5: Firefig	hting measures			
5.1 Extinguishing media				
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.			

Unsuitable extinguishing : Do not use water jet. media

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture	:	Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous combustion products	:	Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides
5.3 Advice for firefighters		
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	:	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	:	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to British standard BS EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
6.2 Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.
6.3 Methods and material for	СС	ontainment and cleaning up
Small spill	;	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and

explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

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Code	: 00314872	Date of issue/Date of revision	: 9 October 2024
AMERLOO	CK 2 C CURE		

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.
6.4 Reference to other sections	: See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

See Section 1.2 for Identified uses.

Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by UK REACH Regulation SI 2019/758

Code : 00314872 AMERLOCK 2 C CURE Date of issue/Date of revision

: 9 October 2024

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
# -methylpentan-2-one	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020) Absorbed through skin. STEL 15 minutes: 416 mg/m ³ . STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 208 mg/m ³ . TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.
cyclohexanone	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020) Absorbed through skin. STEL 15 minutes: 20 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 10 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 82 mg/m ³ . TWA 8 hours: 41 mg/m ³ .
2-methylpropan-1-ol	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020) STEL 15 minutes: 231 mg/m ³ . STEL 15 minutes: 75 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 154 mg/m ³ . TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.

Biological exposure indices

Product/ingredient name	Exposure indices		
-methylpentan-2-one	EH40/2005 BMGVs (United Kingdom (UK), 8/2018) BGV: 20 µmol/l, 4-methylpentan-2-one [in urine]. Sampling time: post shift.		
cyclohexanone	EH40/2005 BMGVs (United Kingdom (UK), 8/2018) BGV: 2 mmol/mol creatinine, cyclohexanol [in urine]. Sampling time: post shift.		

Recommended monitoring procedures	Standard BS EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) British Standard BS EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) British Standard BS EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for
	methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

DNELs/DMELs

English (GB)

Product/ingredient name	Туре	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
-methylpentan-2-one	DNEL	Long term Dermal	4.2 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	11.8 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
D		Long term Inhalation	14.7 mg/m ³	General population	Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	14.7 mg/m ³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	83 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	83 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	155.2 mg/m ³	General population	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	155.2 mg/m ³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	208 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	208 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	4.2 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
benzyl alcohol	DNEL	Long term Oral	4 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	4 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	5.4 mg/m ³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	8 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic

United Kingdom (UK)

Code : 00314872 **AMERLOCK 2 C CURE**

Date of issue/Date of revision : 9 October 2024

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

SECTION 8. Exposure		• •		Γ	
	DNEL	Short term Oral	20 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	20 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	22 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	27 mg/m ³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	40 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	110 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
2,4,6-tris	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.075 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol		Chartterne Derreal		Concrete non-defier	Curatamaia
	DNEL DNEL	Short term Dermal Long term Dermal	0.075 mg/kg bw/day	General population General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	0.075 mg/kg bw/day 0.13 mg/m³		Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.13 mg/m ³	General population General population	Systemic Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.15 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.53 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	0.6 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	2.1 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
cyclohexanone	DNEL	Short term Dermal	1 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
eyelenenanene	DNEL	Long term Dermal	1 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Oral	1.5 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	1.5 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	2.55 mg/m ³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	4 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	4 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	5 mg/m ³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	10 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	10 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	20 mg/m³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	20 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
3-aminomethyl-	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	0.073 mg/m³	Workers	Local
3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine					
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.073 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.3 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Oral	0.3 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
4-nonylphenol, branched	DNEL	Short term Oral	0.4 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL DNEL	Short term Inhalation	0.8 mg/m ³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	7.6 mg/kg bw/day 0.08 mg/kg bw/day	General population General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral Long term Inhalation	0.00 mg/kg bw/day 0.4 mg/m^3	General population	Systemic Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.5 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	1 mg/m^3	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	3.8 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	7.5 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	15 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol,	DNEL	Long term Oral	50 µg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro-					-
2,3-epoxypropane, reaction products with 3-aminomethyl-					
3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine					
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	50 µg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	74 µg/m ³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.14 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.493 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
2-methylpropan-1-ol	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	55 mg/m ³	General population	Local
,,	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	310 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
Amines, polyethylenepoly-, triethylenetetramine fraction	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.096 mg/m ³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.14 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.54 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
salicylic acid	DNEL	Long term Dermal	2.3 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	1 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	1 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
English (GB)	I	United King	gdom (UK)	l	8/18
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Code	: 00314872	Date of issue/Date of revision	
AMERLO	OCK 2 C CURE		

9 October 2024

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

DNEL	Short term Oral	4 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
DNEL	Long term Inhalation	4 mg/m ³	General population	Systemic
DNEL	Long term Inhalation	5 mg/m³	Workers	Local
DNEL	Long term Inhalation	5 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic

PNECs

Product/ingredient name	Compartment Detail	Value	Method Detail
4-methylpentan-2-one	Fresh water	0.6 mg/l	Assessment Factors
	Marine water	0.06 mg/l	Assessment Factors
	Sewage Treatment Plant	27.5 mg/l	Assessment Factors
	Fresh water sediment	8.27 mg/kg	Equilibrium Partitioning
	Marine water sediment	0.83 mg/kg	Equilibrium Partitioning
	Soil	1.3 mg/kg	Equilibrium Partitioning
2-methylpropan-1-ol	Fresh water	0.4 mg/l	Assessment Factors
	Marine water	0.04 mg/l	Assessment Factors
	Sewage Treatment Plant	10 mg/l	Assessment Factors
	Fresh water sediment	1.56 mg/kg dwt	Equilibrium Partitioning
	Marine water sediment	0.156 mg/kg dwt	-
	Soil	0.076 mg/kg dwt	Equilibrium Partitioning

controlsor other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants be any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep or vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-pro- ventilation equipment.Individual protection measures: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, befor eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing Contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.Eye/face protection: Chemical splash goggles and face shield.Skin protection: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates th necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protection products or for glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves connot be accurately estimated. When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 6 (breakthrough time greater than 480 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling the product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of u as included in the user's risk assessment. butyl rubberPersonal protection: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the tax by	8.2 Exposure controls	
Hygiene measures: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.Eye/face protection Skin protection Hand protection: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates th necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove interial may be different for differ glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 6 (breakthrough time greater than 480 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended When only brief contact is expected, a glove with a protection class of 2 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 30 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of u as included in the user's risk assessment. butyl rubberBody protection: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task b		: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
 eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Eye/face protection Chemical splash goggles and face shield. Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates the necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for differ glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 6 (breakthrough time greater than 480 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended When only brief contact is expected, a glove with a protection class of 2 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 30 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of u as included in the user's risk assessment. butyl rubber Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task b 	Individual protection meas	<u>ures</u>
Skin protectionHand protection:Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates th necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for differ glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 6 (breakthrough time greater than 480 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended When only brief contact is expected, a glove with a protection class of 2 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 30 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of u as included in the user's risk assessment. butyl rubberBody protection:Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task b	Hygiene measures	Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety
 Hand protection Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates the necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for differ glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 6 (breakthrough time greater than 480 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended When only brief contact is expected, a glove with a protection class of 2 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 30 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of u as included in the user's risk assessment. butyl rubber Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task b 		: Chemical splash goggles and face shield.
 worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates th necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for differ glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 6 (breakthrough time greater than 480 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended When only brief contact is expected, a glove with a protection class of 2 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 30 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of u as included in the user's risk assessment. butyl rubber Body protection : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task b 	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
		worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 6 (breakthrough time greater than 480 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. When only brief contact is expected, a glove with a protection class of 2 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 30 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment. butyl rubber
handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear ar	Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
	Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection :	Respiratory protection	
English (GB) United Kingdom (UK) 9/1	English (GB)	United Kingdom (UK) 9/18

Code : 00314872 AMERLOCK 2 C CURE	Date of issue/Date of revision	: 9 October 2024
SECTION 8: Exposure con	trols/personal protection	

	· ·
	Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If worker are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Wear a respirator conforming to EN140. Filter type: organic vapour (Type A) and particulate filter P3
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties Appearance

: Liquid.
: Colourless.
: Amine-like. [Strong]
: Not available.
:
: >37.78°C (>100°F)
: liquid
: Not available.
: Closed cup: 39°C (102.2°F)
:

Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method
Anonylphenol, branched	372	701.6	ASTM E 659

рН	: Not applicable.
	Not applicable. insoluble in water.
Viscosity	 Dynamic (room temperature): Not available. Kinematic (room temperature): Not available. Kinematic (40°C): >21 mm²/s
Solubility(ies)	

y(

	Media	Result
	cold water	Not soluble
M	iscible with water : N	lo.

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ : Not applicable. water

Vapour pressure

	Va	Vapour Pressure at 20°C			Vapour pressure at 50°C		
Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method	
<mark>∮∕</mark> methylpentan-2-one	15.75128	2.1					
Relative density	: 1.30	3	Į				
Explosive properties			self is not explosive with air is possible		ition of an e	explosible mixture of	
Oxidising properties	: Pro	duct does r	not present an oxic	lizing hazard.			

English (GB)

Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by UK REACH Regulation SI 2019/758

Cod	e : 00314872	Date of issue/Date of revision	: 9 October 2024
AME	RLOCK 2 C CURE		

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Particle characteristics

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Median particle size
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: Not applicable.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity	No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.	
10.2 Chemical stability	The product is stable.	
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.	
10.4 Conditions to avoid	When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition product Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.	s.
10.5 Incompatible materials	Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.	
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/ oxides	

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
-methylpentan-2-one	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	11 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2.08 g/kg	-
penzyl alcohol	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1200 mg/kg	-
2,4,6-tris	LD50 Dermal	Rat	1280 mg/kg	-
(dimethylaminomethyl)			3. 3.	
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1200 mg/kg	-
cyclohexanone	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	8000 ppm	4 hours
,	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1100 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1800 mg/kg	-
3-aminomethyl-	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and	Rat	>5.01 mg/l	4 hours
3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine	mists		Ũ	
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1030 mg/kg	-
4-nonylphenol, branched	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2.14 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1300 mg/kg	-
2-methylpropan-1-ol	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	24.6 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2460 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2830 mg/kg	-
Amines, polyethylenepoly-, riethylenetetramine fraction	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1465 mg/kg	-
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	1716 mg/kg	-
salicylic acid	LD50 Oral	Rat	0.891 g/kg	-

Acute toxicity estimates

English (GB)

Code	: 00314872	Date of issue/Date of revision	: 9 October 2024
AMERLOCK	2 C CURE		

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapours) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
MERLOCK 2 C CURE	5915.2	13345.9	186463.5	107.0	N/A
4-methylpentan-2-one	2080	N/A	N/A	11	N/A
benzyl alcohol	1200	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol	1200	1280	N/A	N/A	N/A
cyclohexanone	1800	1100	8000	N/A	N/A
3-aminomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine	1030	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
4-nonylphenol, branched	1300	2140	N/A	N/A	N/A
2-methylpropan-1-ol	2830	2460	N/A	24.6	N/A
Fatty acids, tall-oil, reaction products with diethylenetriamine	500	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Amines, polyethylenepoly-, triethylenetetramine fraction	1716	1465	N/A	N/A	N/A
salicylic acid	891	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
-nonylphenol, branched	Skin - Erythema/Eschar	Rabbit	4	-	-
Conclusion/Summarv	Not available.				

Skin	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Eyes

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Respiratory **Sensitisation**

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result
3,5,5-trimethyl-	skin	Guinea pig	Sensitising

Conclusion/Summary	
Skin	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Respiratory	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
<u>Mutagenicity</u>	
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Carcinogenicity	
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Reproductive toxicity	
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Teratogenicity	
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Specific target ergen texi	oity (oingle expective)

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
4-methylpentan-2-one cyclohexanone	Category 3 Category 3	-	Narcotic effects Respiratory tract irritation
2-methylpropan-1-ol	Category 3 Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Code	: 00314872	Date of issue/Date of revision	: 9 October 2024
AMERLOCK	2 C CURE		

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
✓atty acids, tall-oil, reaction products with diethylenetriamine	Category 2	oral	-

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on likely routes : Not available.

of exposure

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: Causes severe burns. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: Corrosive to the digestive tract. Causes burns.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness dryness cracking blistering may occur reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
Delayed and immediate Short term exposure	e effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Long term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health effe	<u>ects</u>
Not available.	
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.

Code	: 00314872	Date of issue/Date of revision	: 9 October 2024
AMERLOCK	2 C CURE		

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

General	 Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/ or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	: Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	: Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
Reproductive toxicity	: Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

Other information

: Not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
-methylpentan-2-one	Acute LC50 >179 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
2,4,6-tris (dimethylaminomethyl) phenol	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
4-nonylphenol, branched	Acute EC50 0.044 mg/l	Crustaceans - Water flea - <i>Moina macrocopa</i>	48 hours
	Acute LC50 0.221 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
2-methylpropan-1-ol	Acute EC50 1100 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
Amines, polyethylenepoly-, triethylenetetramine fraction	Acute EC50 20 mg/l	Aquatic plants - Daphnia magna	72 hours
-	Acute EC50 31.1 mg/l	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	48 hours
	Acute LC50 330 mg/l	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Acute NOEC 2.5 mg/l	Crustaceans	72 hours
salicylic acid	Acute EC50 1147.57 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - <i>Daphnia</i> <i>longispina</i> - Neonate	48 hours
	Chronic NOEC 5.6 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - Neonate	21 days
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.	·	•

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose	Inoculum
 ✓ methylpentan-2-one 2,4,6-tris (dimethylaminomethyl) phenol 	OECD 301F OECD 301D Ready Biodegradability - Closed Bottle Test	83 % - Readily - 28 days 4 % - Not readily - 28 days	-	-

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
<pre>✔-methylpentan-2-one benzyl alcohol 2,4,6-tris (dimethylaminomethyl) phenol</pre>		-	Readily Readily Not readily

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Code	: 00314872	Date of issue/Date of revision	: 9 October 2024
AMERLOCK	2 C CURE		

SECTION 12: Ecological information

9 87 219	-	Potential Low
87		
	-	
210		Low
210	-	Low
.86		Low
.99	-	Low
		Low
	5.13	Low
	_	Low
2.65		Low
		2011
.21 to 2.26	_	Low
.4	99 - 65	99 - 251.19 5.13 65 -

12.4 Mobility in soil	
Soil/water partition	: Not available.
coefficient (Koc)	
Mobility	: Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

: No known significant effects or critical hazards. 12.6 Other adverse effects

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product	
Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non- recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

Hazardous waste

Waste catalogue

Waste code	Waste designation
08 01 11*	waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other hazardous substances
Packaging	· ·

Methods of disposal

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

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 Date of issue/Date of revision
 : 9 October 2024

 AMERLOCK 2 C CURE
 Image: Comparison of the state of

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

Type of packaging	Waste catalogue
Container	15 01 06 mixed packaging
Special precautions	: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number	UN3470	UN3470	UN3470	UN3470
14.2 UN proper shipping name	PAINT, CORROSIVE, FLAMMABLE	PAINT, CORROSIVE, FLAMMABLE	PAINT, CORROSIVE, FLAMMABLE	PAINT, CORROSIVE, FLAMMABLE
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	8 (3)	8 (3)	8 (3)	8 (3)
14.4 Packing group	II	II	Ш	Π
14.5 Environmental hazards	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	(4-nonylphenol, branched)	Not applicable.

Additional information

ADR/RID	: The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.
Tunnel code	: (D/E)
ADN	: The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.
IMDG	: The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.
ΙΑΤΑ	 The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.
14.6 Special pr	ecautions for . Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are

14.6 Special precautions for : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

 14.7 Transport in bulk
 : Not available.

 according to IMO
 instruments

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture
UK (GB)/REACH
Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation
Annex XIV
None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

Code	: 00314872	Date of issue/Date of revision	: 9 October 2024
AMERLOCK	2 C CURE		

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Intrinsic property	Ingredient name	Status	Reference number	Date of revision
Substance of equivalent concern for environment	4-nonylphenol, branched and linear substances with a linear and/or branched alkyl chain with a carbon number of 9 covalently bound in position 4 to phenol, covering also UVCB- and well-defined substances which include any of the individual isomers or a combination thereof	Candidate	-	12/19/2012

Explosive precursors : Not applicable.

Ozone depleting substances

Not listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Product/ingredient name	Entry Number (REACH)
MERLOCK 2 C CURE	3
4-nonylphenol, branched	46

Labelling

: Not applicable.

Seveso Directive

This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.

Danger criteria

Category			
P5c E1			

SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
GB CLP = UK CLP (EC No 1272/2008) on the Classification, Labelling and
Packaging of Substances and Mixtures as amended by (EU Exit) Regulations 2019
No. 720 and amendments
DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level
DNEL = Derived No Effect Level
EUH statement = GB CLP-specific Hazard statement
N/A = Not available
PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration
RRN = REACH Registration Number
SGG = Segregation Group
vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
Flam. Liq. 3, H226	On basis of test data
Skin Corr. 1B, H314	Calculation method
Eye Dam. 1, H318	Calculation method
Skin Sens. 1, H317	Calculation method
Carc. 2, H351	Calculation method
Repr. 2, H361fd	Calculation method
Aquatic Acute 1, H400	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	Calculation method

Full text of abbreviated H statements

Code	: 00314872	Date of issue/Date of revision	: 9 October 2024
AMERLOCK 2 C CURE			

SECTION 16: Other information

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H351	Suspected of causing cancer.
H361d	Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
H361fd	Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Full text of classifications

Acute Tox. 4	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4
Aquatic Acute 1	SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 1	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 3	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3
Carc. 2	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
Eye Dam. 1	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2
Flam. Liq. 2	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
Flam. Liq. 3	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
Repr. 2	REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Category 2
Skin Corr. 1B	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B
Skin Corr. 1C	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1C
Skin Irrit. 2	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
Skin Sens. 1	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1
Skin Sens. 1A	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1A
Skin Sens. 1B	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1B
STOT RE 2	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 2
STOT SE 3	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3

<u>History</u>

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