SAFETY DATA SHEET



The information in this Safety Data Sheet is required pursuant to Hazardous Product Regulations 2015.

Date of issue/Date of revision 9 October 2024 Version 4.05

Section 1. Identification		
Product name	: SIGMASHIELD 420/460/880/880GF HARDENER	
Product code	: 000001189596	
Other means of identification	: 00446815; 00446816; 00446819	
Product type	: Liquid.	
Relevant identified uses of	the substance or mixture and uses advised against	
Product use	: Professional applications, Used by spraying.	
Use of the substance/ mixture	: <mark>F</mark> ardener.; Coating.	
Uses advised against	: Not applicable.	
Supplier	 PPG Architectural Coatings Canada, Inc. 1550, rue Ampère, bureau 500 Boucherville (Québec) J4B 7L4 Canada +1 450-655-3121 	
	PPG Industries, Inc. One PPG Place Pittsburgh, PA 15272	
<u>Emergency telephone</u> <u>number</u>	: (412) 434-4515 (U.S.) (514) 645-1320 (Canada) SETIQ Interior de la República: 800-00-214-00 (México) SETIQ Ciudad de México: (55) 5559-1588 (México)	
Technical Phone Number	: 888-977-4762	

Section 2. Hazard identification

Classification of the	: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
substance or mixture	ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4
	ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4
	ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4
	SKIN CORROSION - Category 1C
	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1
	SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1B
	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract
	irritation) - Category 3
	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2
	Health Hazards Not Otherwise Classified - Category 1
GHS label elements	5 y

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Product name SIGMASHIELD 420/460/880/880GF HARDENER

Section 2. Hazard identification

Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	 Flammable liquid and vapor. Harmful if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled. Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. May cause an allergic skin reaction. May cause respiratory irritation. Suspected of causing cancer. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (hearing organs) Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not breathe vapor. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
Response	: F exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.
Storage	: Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Supplemental label elements	 Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Emits toxic fumes when heated. Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity: 33.4% (oral), 33.4% (dermal), 52.9% (inhalation)

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Product name	: SIGMASHIELD 420/460/880/880GF HARDENER
Other means of identification	: 00446815; 00446816; 00446819

CAS number/other identifiers

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Product name SIGMASHIELD 420/460/880/880GF HARDENER

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Ingredient name	Synonyms	% (w/w)	CAS number
Poxy Amine Resin		15 - 40	Not available.
xylene	Benzene, dimethyl-; Xylol; Benzene, dimethyl-, mixed isomers; xylene, mixed isomers, pure; xylene, crude; Benzene, dimethyl-,; Xylene (mixed); xylene (total); Xylenes; Dimethylbenzene; XYLENES (Isomer Mixture)	10 - 30*	1330-20-7
Propylidynetrimethanol, propoxylated, reaction products with ammonia	Poly[oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)], .alpha hydroomega(2-aminomethylethoxy)-, ether with 2-ethyl-2-(hydroxymethyl) -1,3-propanediol (3:1); Poly[oxy(methyl- 1,2-ethanediyl)], α-hydro-ω- (2-aminomethylethoxy)-, ether with 2-ethyl-2-(hydroxymethyl)-1,3-propanediol (3:1); Trimethylolpropane, poly (oxypropylene)triamine; polyetheramineT403; Trimethylolpropane poly(oxypropylene) triamine; α-Hydro-ω- (2-aminomethylethoxy)poly[oxy(methyl- 1,2-ethanediyl)]ether-2-ethyl-2- (hydroxymethyl)-1,3-propanediol (1:3); Reaction product of propylidynetrimethanol, propylene oxide and ammonia; Polyoxypropylentriamin	10 - 30*	39423-51-3
benzyl alcohol	Benzenemethanol; .alpha Hydroxytoluene; Phenylcarbinol; Phenylmethanol; E 1519; α- hydroxytoluene; Phenylmethyl alcohol; toluenol, alpha-; (hydroxymethyl)benzene; BENZENECARBINOL; alpha- Hydroxytoluene	10 - 30*	100-51-6
2-methylpropan-1-ol	iso-butanol; 1-Propanol, 2-methyl-; Isobutyl alcohol; Isobutanol; 2-Methyl- 1-propanol; Isopropylcarbinol; IBA; i-Butyl alcohol; isobutanol; iso-butanol; Isobutyl alcohol (I,T); 1-Propanol, 2-methyl- (I,T)	3 - 7*	78-83-1
m-phenylenebis(methylamine)	1,3-Benzenedimethanamine; m- Xylylendiamine; m-Xylene-alpha,alpha- diamine; m-Xylene alpha, alpha'- diamine; m-Xylene α, α' -diamine; m-xylene- α , α' -diamine; m-Xylylenediamine; 1,3-bis (Aminomethyl)benzene; MXDA; m-Xylene α, α' -diamine; m-Xylene- a , a'diamine	1 - 5*	1477-55-0
2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol	Phenol, 2,4,6-tris[(dimethylamino)methyl]-; Phenol, 2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)-; 2,4,6-tris((dimethylamino)methyl)phenol; Phenol, 2,4,6-tris{(dimethylamino)methyl]phenol; 2,4,6-Tris[(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol; 2,4,6-Tris(N,N-dimethylaminomethyl)	1 - 5*	90-72-2
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Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

	phenol; 2,4,6-Tridimethylaminomethylphenol; TRIS (2,4,6-DIMETHYLAMINOMONOMETHYL) PHENOL; TRIS (2,4,6-DIMETHYLAMINOMETHYL) PHENOL; TRIS[(DIMETHYLAMINO) METHYL]PHENOL, 2,4,6-	4 5*	100 41 4
ethylbenzene	Benzene, ethyl-; Phenylethane; Ethylbenzol; photosensitive emulsion consisting of cyclized polyisoprene containing: — 55 % or more but not more than 75 % by weight of xylene (CAS RN 1330-20-7) and — 12 % or more but not more than 18 % by weight of ethylbenzene (CAS RN 100-41-4); EB; Mono-(or di-) methyl (ethyl,bromoallyl, bromopropyloxycarbonyl orchloropropyloxycarbonyl) benzene	1 - 5*	100-41-4

Ranges if listed above for hazardous ingredient(s) are prescribed ranges. The actual concentration(s) or actual concentration range(s) are being withheld as a trade secret.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First-aid measures

If ingestion, irritation, any type of overexposure or symptoms of overexposure occur during or persists after use of this product, contact a POISON CONTROL CENTER, EMERGENCY ROOM OR PHYSICIAN immediately; have Safety Data Sheet information available. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious or convulsing person.

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	: Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical attention.
Inhalation	: Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	 Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion	: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Most important sy	<u>ymptoms/effects.</u>	<u>, acute and </u>	delayed
Potential acute b	health effects		

r otoritiar adato ribuitir orioo		
Eye contact	auses serious eye damage.	
Inhalation	larmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation.	
Skin contact	auses severe burns. Harmful in contact with skin. Defatting to the skin. Ma ause an allergic skin reaction.	ay
Ingestion	larmful if swallowed.	

Section 4. First-aid measures

Over-exposure signs/sym	<u>otoms</u>
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness dryness cracking blistering may occur
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains
Indication of immediate me	dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See	toxicol	ogical infor	matic	on (S	ection 11)	

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing mediaSuitable extinguishing mediaUnsuitable extinguishing mediaUnsuitable extinguishing mediaSpecific hazards arising from the chemical: Do not use water jet.Hazardous thermal decomposition products: Decomposition productsSpecial protective actions for fire-fighters: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.Special protective equipment for fire-fighters: Fire-fighters: Fire-fighters: Special protective equipment for fir		-
mediaUnsuitable extinguishing media: Do not use water jet.Specific hazards arising from the chemical: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.Hazardous thermal decomposition products: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxidesSpecial protective actions for fire-fighters: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.Special protective equipment for fire-fighters: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure	Extinguishing media	
mediaSpecific hazards arising from the chemical: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.Hazardous thermal decomposition products: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxidesSpecial protective actions for fire-fighters: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.Special protective equipment for fire-fighters: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure		: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
from the chemicalIn a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.Hazardous thermal decomposition productsDecomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxidesSpecial protective actions for fire-fightersPromptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.Special protective equipment for fire-fightersFire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure		: Do not use water jet.
decomposition productscarbon oxides nitrogen oxidesSpecial protective actions for fire-fighters: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.Special protective equipment for fire-fighters: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure	•	In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with
for fire-fightersthere is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.Special protective equipment for fire-fightersFire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure		carbon oxides
equipment for fire-fighters breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure		there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk.
		breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protect	tiv	e equipment and emergency procedures			
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable trai Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected person entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignitio No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapor or mis adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inad Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.				
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".			
Environmental precautions		Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).			
Methods and materials for co	nta	ainment and cleaning up			
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.			
Large spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into			

explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with noncombustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Special precautions	Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. If this material is part of a multiple component system, read the Safety Data Sheet(s) for the other component or components before blending as the resulting mixture may have the hazards of all of its parts.	
Advice on general	:	Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
occupational hygiene		Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Epoxy Amine Resin	None.
xylene	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023)
	[Dimethylbenzene]
	OEL 8 hours: 100 ppm.
	OEL 15 minutes: 651 mg/m ³ .
	OEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm.
	OEL 8 hours: 434 mg/m ³ .
	CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada,
	8/2023) [Xylene (o, m & p isomers)]
	TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm.
	STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm.
	CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019)
	[Xylene (o-, m-, p-isomers)]
	STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm.
	TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm.
	CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 7/2023)
	[Xylene]
	TWAEV 8 hours: 100 ppm.
	TWAEV 8 hours: 434 mg/m ³ .
	STEV 15 minutes: 150 ppm.
	STEV 15 minutes: 651 mg/m ³ .
	CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada,
	7/2013) [Xylene]
	STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm.
	TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm.
Propylidynetrimethanol, propoxylated, reaction proc	ducts with ammonia None.

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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

benzyl alcohol	IPEL (-)
	TWA: 5 ppm.
	STEL: 10 ppm.
2-methylpropan-1-ol	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023)
	OEL 8 hours: 50 ppm.
	OEL 8 hours: 152 mg/m ³ .
	CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada,
	8/2023)
	TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.
	CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019)
	TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.
	CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 7/2023)
	TWAEV 8 hours: 50 ppm.
	TWAEV 8 hours: 152 mg/m ³ .
	CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada,
	7/2013)
	STEL 15 minutes: 60 ppm.
	TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.
m-phenylenebis(methylamine)	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023)
	Absorbed through skin.
	C: 0.1 mg/m ³ .
	CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada,
	8/2023) Absorbed through skin.
	C: 0.1 mg/m ³ .
	CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019)
	Absorbed through skin.
	Ceiling Limit: 0.1 mg/m ³ .
	CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 7/2023)
	Absorbed through skin.
	STEV 15 minutes: 0.1 mg/m ³ .
	CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada,
	7/2013) Absorbed through skin.
	CEIL: 0.1 mg/m ³ .
2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol	None.
ethylbenzene	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023)
	OEL 8 hours: 100 ppm.
	OEL 8 hours: 434 mg/m ³ .
	OEL 15 minutes: 543 mg/m ³ .
	OEL 15 minutes: 125 ppm.
	CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada,
	8/2023)
	TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm.
	CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019)
	TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm.
	CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 7/2023)
	TWAEV 8 hours: 20 ppm.
	CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada,
	7/2013)
	STEL 15 minutes: 125 ppm.
	TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm.

Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Recommended monitoring procedures	:	Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.			
Appropriate engineering controls	:	Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive imits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.			
Environmental exposure controls	:	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.			
Individual protection measur	<u>es</u>				
Hygiene measures	:	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.			
Eye/face protection	:	Chemical splash goggles and face shield.			
Skin protection					
Hand protection	:	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.			
Gloves Body protection	:	nitrile neoprene Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the ta being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electric wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.			
Other skin protection	1	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.			
Respiratory protection	:	Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.			

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state	:	Liquid.				
Color	1	Colorless.				
Odor	:	Amine-like. [Strong]				
Odor threshold	:	Not available.	ot available.			
рН	1	Not applicable.				
Melting point	1	Not available.				
Boiling point	1	>37.78°C (>100°F)				
Flash point	:	Closed cup: 44°C (111.2°F)				
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Not available.				
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.	ot available.			
Flammability	:	Not available.	lot available.			
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	:	Not available.				
Evaporation rate	:	Not available.	lot available.			
Vapor pressure	:	Not available.				
Vapor density	:	Not available.				
Relative density	:	0.99				
Density(lbs / gal)	:	8.26				
Colubility(inc)		Media	Result			
Solubility(ies)		cold water	Not soluble			
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not applicable.				
Viscosity	:	Øynamic (room temperature Kinematic (room temperature Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >	re): Not available.			
% Solid. (w/w)	:	55.486				

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	 When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.
Incompatible materials	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides
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Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
x ylene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.7 g/kg	-
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-
Propylidynetrimethanol, propoxylated, reaction products with ammonia	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	0.4 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	0.22 g/kg	-
benzyl alcohol	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1200 mg/kg	-
2-methylpropan-1-ol	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	24.6 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2460 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2830 mg/kg	-
m-phenylenebis (methylamine)	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	700 ppm	1 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rat - Male, Female	>3100 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	930 mg/kg	-
2,4,6-tris (dimethylaminomethyl) phenol	LD50 Dermal	Rat	1280 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1200 mg/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.5 g/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
xylene		Rabbit		24 hours 500 mg	-
m-phenylenebis (methylamine)	Skin - Severe irritant	Rat	-	4 hours	4 hours

Conclusion/Summary

Skin	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Eyes	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Respiratory

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Sensitization

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result
m-phenylenebis (methylamine)	skin	Mouse	Sensitizing
Skin Respiratory <u>Mutagenicity</u>	There are no data available on the mixture itself.There are no data available on the mixture itself.		
Conclusion/Summary Carcinogenicity	: There are no d	ata available on the mixture itse	lΤ.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.				
Classification					
Product/ingredient name		OSHA	IARC	NTP	
xylene ethylbenzene		-	3 2B	-	

Carcinogen Classification code:

IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3, 4 NTP: Known to be a human carcinogen; Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen OSHA: +

Not listed/not regulated: -

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
2-methylpropan-1-ol	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
ethylbenzene	Category 2	-	hearing organs

Target organs

: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: blood, liver, heart, brain.

Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: kidneys, lungs, the nervous system, gastrointestinal tract, upper respiratory tract, skin, central nervous system (CNS), ears, eye, lens or cornea.

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely routes of exposure

Potential acute health effects		
Eye contact	:	Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	1	Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	1	Causes severe burns. Harmful in contact with skin. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	1	Harmful if swallowed.

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Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Inhalation	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing
Skin contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness dryness cracking blistering may occur
Ingestion	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Delayeu anu infinediate effec	15	and also chronic enects from short and long term exposure
Conclusion/Summary		There are no data available on the mixture itself. Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. There is some evidence that repeated exposure to organic solvent vapors in combination with constant loud noise can cause greater hearing loss than expected from exposure to noise alone. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure to amine vapor has been reported to cause transient corneal edema described as blue haze, halo effect, foggy or blurred vision for several hours. This condition is typically temporary and does not cause permanent visual effects. When the proper eye protection specified in Section 8 is worn, exposure is significantly reduced and the condition has not been observed.
Short term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	:	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential delayed effects	:	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
<u>Long term exposure</u>		
Potential immediate effects	:	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential delayed effects	:	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential chronic health eff	ect	<u>s</u>
General	:	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	:	Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.

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Mutagenicity

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Reproductive toxicity

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
GMASHIELD 420/460/880/880GF HARDENER	1138.6	1746.3	51308.9	24.3	3.1
xylene	4300	1700	N/A	11	1.5
Propylidynetrimethanol, propoxylated, reaction products with ammonia	500	1100	N/A	N/A	N/A
benzyl alcohol	1200	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
2-methylpropan-1-ol	2830	2460	N/A	24.6	N/A
m-phenylenebis(methylamine)	930	2500	4500	N/A	N/A
2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol	1200	1280	N/A	N/A	N/A
ethylbenzene	3500	17800	N/A	17.8	1.5

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
-methylpropan-1-ol	Acute EC50 1100 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
2,4,6-tris	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol			
	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia	48 hours
	Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Ceriodaphnia dubia	-

Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose	Inoculum
₽,4,6-tris (dimethylaminomethyl)phenol	OECD 301D Ready Biodegradability - Closed Bottle Test	4 % - Not readily - 2	8 days	-	-
ethylbenzene	-	79 % - Readily - 10	days	-	-
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life		Photolysis	\$	Biodegradability
ylene benzyl alcohol 2,4,6-tris (dimethylaminomethyl)phenol	- -		-		Readily Readily Not readily
ethylbenzene	-		-		Readily

Bioaccumulative potential

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Section 12. Ecological information

	1		
Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
x ylene	3.12	7.4 to 18.5	Low
Propylidynetrimethanol, propoxylated, reaction products with ammonia	-1.13	-	Low
benzyl alcohol	0.87	-	Low
2-methylpropan-1-ol	1	-	Low
m-phenylenebis (methylamine)	0.18	2.69	Low
2,4,6-tris (dimethylaminomethyl)phenol	0.219	-	Low
ethylbenzene	3.6	79.43	Low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non- recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of
	all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues
	may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations. Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees. Section 6. Accidental release measures

Section 14. Transport information

	TDG	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN3469	UN3469	UN3469
UN proper shipping name	PAINT, FLAMMABLE, CORROSIVE	PAINT, FLAMMABLE, CORROSIVE	PAINT, FLAMMABLE, CORROSIVE
Transport hazard class (es)	3 (8)	3 (8)	3 (8)
Packing group	III	III	III
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
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Section 14. Transport information

Marine pollutantNot applicable.Not applicable.Not applicable.substances	Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.

Additional information

- TDG : None identified.
- IMDG : None identified.
- IATA : None identified.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments	:	Not applicable.

Proof of classification	: Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous
statement	Goods Regulations: 2.18-2.19 (Class 3), 2.40-2.42 (Class 8).

Section 15. Regulatory information

National Inventory List

Canada inventory (DSL)

: At least one component is not listed.

Section 16. Other information

Please refer to Section 2 of this document for GHS hazard classifications. The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

Date of issue/Date of revision	9 October 2024
Organization that prepared the SDS	: EHS
Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

<u>Disclaimer</u>

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.

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