SAFETY DATA SHEET



Conforms to Official Mexican Standard NOM-018-STPS-2015

Date of revision 14 October 2024

Version 10

Date of issue 14 October 2024

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product name	: SIGMADUR 188/520/550 HARDENER
Product code	: 40550-BHARD/2.4L
Other means of identification	: Not applicable.
Product type	: Liquid.
Relevant identified uses o	f the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Product use	: Professional applications, Used by spraying.
Use of the substance/ mixture	: Coating.
Uses advised against	: Not applicable.
Manufacturer	: PPG Industries, Inc. One PPG Place Pittsburgh, PA 15272
<u>Emergency telephone</u> <u>number</u>	: (412) 434-4515 (U.S.) (514) 645-1320 (Canada) SETIQ Interior de la República: 800-00-214-00 (México) SETIQ Ciudad de México: (55) 5559-1588 (México)
Technical Phone Number	: 888-977-4762

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture	 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 5 ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 5 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2 RESPIRATORY SENSITIZATION - Category 1 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2 Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity: 1 3% (dermal) 2.2% (inbalation)
	1.3% (dermal), 2.2% (inhalation)

GHS label elements

Product name SIGMADUR 188/520/550 HARDENER

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SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Hazard pictograms



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Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	 H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor. H303 + H313 - May be harmful if swallowed or in contact with skin. H315 - Causes skin irritation. H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction. H319 - Causes serious eye irritation. H332 - Harmful if inhaled. H334 - May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. H335 - May cause respiratory irritation. H351 - Suspected of causing cancer. H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (hearing organs)
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	 P201 - Obtain special instructions before use. P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. P284 - Wear respiratory protection. P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. P260 - Do not breathe vapor. P264 - Wash thoroughly after handling. P272 - Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
Response	 P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. P304 + P340, P312 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. P342 + P311 - If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor. P301 + P312 - IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. P302 + P312 - IF ON SKIN: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. P333 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.
Storage	: P405 - Store locked up. P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
Disposal	: P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Other hazards which do not result in classification	: Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Skin contact to isocyanate monomer may lead to allergic lung reaction. Based on the properties of the isocyanate components and considering toxicological data on similar mixtures, this mixture may cause acute irritation and/or sensitization of the respiratory system,
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SECTION 2: Hazards identification

leading to an asthmatic condition, wheezing and tightness of the chest. Sensitized persons may subsequently show asthmatic symptoms when exposed to atmospheric concentrations well below the OEL. Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems or asthma, allergies or chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Repeated exposure may lead to permanent respiratory disability. Moisture-sensitive material. Emits toxic fumes when heated.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture Product name	Mixture SIGMADUR 188	3/520/550 HARDENER
Other means of identification	Not applicable.	

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Rexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers (isocyanurate type)	≥50 - ≤75	28182-81-2
xylene	≥10 - ≤18	1330-20-7
n-butyl acetate	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	123-86-4
ethylbenzene	≥1.0 - ≤3.6	100-41-4
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	≥0.10 - ≤2.7	64742-95-6
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	≤1.8	95-63-6
hexamethylene-di-isocyanate	<1.0	822-06-0

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact Inhalation	 Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice. Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is
Innalation	irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	 Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion	: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects	
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	: Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
Skin contact	: May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: May be harmful if swallowed.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician	 In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed.
Specific treatments	The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours. No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides Cyanate and isocyanate. hydrogen cyanide
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

Environmental precautions	drains	dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused mental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for co	<u>tainmen</u>	t and cleaning up
Small spill	explos Alterna	eak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and ion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. atively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an oriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal ctor.
Large spill	explos sewers effluen combu and pla Dispos materia	ak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and ion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into s, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an t treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non- stible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth ace in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). e of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent al may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for ency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.
Special provisions	earth, v accord contan One po ethance solutio water (severa reache 13). Do	n and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal ing to local regulations (see Section 13). Place in a suitable container. The hinated area should be cleaned immediately with a suitable decontaminant. Dessible (flammable) decontaminant comprises (by volume): water (45 parts), of or isopropyl alcohol (50 parts) and concentrated (d: 0,880) ammonia in (5 parts). A non-flammable alternative is sodium carbonate (5 parts) and p35 parts). Add the same decontaminant to the remnants and let stand for I days until no further reaction in an unsealed container. Once this stage is is d, close container and dispose of according to local regulations (see section on tallow to enter drains or watercourses. If the product contaminates lakes, or sewers, inform the appropriate authorities in accordance with local tions.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling		
Protective measures	:	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems or asthma, allergies or chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame

original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

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SECTION 7: Handling and storage

Special precautions	: Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. If this material is part of a multiple component system, read the Safety Data Sheet(s) for the other component or components before blending as the resulting mixture may have the hazards of all of its parts.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	 Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Precautions should be taken to minimize exposure to atmospheric humidity or water. CO₂ will be formed, which, in closed containers, could result in pressurization.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits			
examethylene diisocyanate, oligomers (isocyanurate type)	IPEL (-)			
	TWA: 0.5 mg/m ³ .			
	STEL: 1 mg/m ³ .			
xylene	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016)			
	[Xileno, mezcla]			
	STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm.			
	TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm.			
n-butyl acetate	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016)			
	TWA 8 hours: 150 ppm.			
	STEL 15 minutes: 200 ppm.			
ethylbenzene	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016)			
	TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm.			
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	None.			
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016)			
	[Trimetil benceno, mezcla de Isómeros]			
	TWA 8 hours: 25 ppm.			
hexamethylene-di-isocyanate	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016)			
	TWA 8 hours: 0.005 ppm.			

С = Ceiling Limit IPEL = Internal Permissible Exposure Limit STEL = Short term exposure limit TLV = Threshold Limit Value

TWA = Time Weighted Average

Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

Recommended monitoring : Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous procedures substances will also be required.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Appropriate engineering controls	:	Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Environmental exposure controls	:	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection measur	es	
Hygiene measures	:	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	:	Chemical splash goggles.
Skin protection		
Hand protection	:	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Gloves	1	butyl rubber
Body protection	:	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	:	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	:	Use an air-fed respirator unless a site-specific assessment determines that an air- fed respirator is not necessary, in which case the results of the risk assessment should be utilized to determine whether respiratory protection is necessary and what type of protection is appropriate. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.
Restrictions on use	:	Persons with a history of asthma, allergies or chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this product is used.

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SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state	:	Liquid.	
Color	:	Colorless.	
Odor	:	Characteristic.	
Odor threshold	:	Not available.	
Molecular weight	1	Not applicable.	
рН	1	Not applicable.	
Melting point	1	Not available.	
Boiling point	1	>37.78°C (>100°F)	
Flash point	1	Closed cup: 31°C (87.8°F)	
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Not available.	
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.	
Flammability	1	Not available.	
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	:	Not available.	
Evaporation rate	1	Not available.	
Vapor pressure	1	Not available.	
Vapor density	:	Not available.	
Relative density	:	1.07	
Density(lbs / gal)	:	8.93	
Bulk Density (g/cm³)	:	1.07	
		Media	Result
Solubility(ies)	-	cold water	Not soluble
Solubility in water	:	Not available.	
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not applicable.	
Viscosity	-	Øynamic (room temperatur Kinematic (room temperatu Kinematic (40°C (104°F)):	ure): Not available.
% Solid (w/w)	1.	75	

% Solid. (w/w)

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

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Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: In a fire, hazardous decomposition products may be produced. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.
Incompatible materials	: Keep away from: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids, amines, alcohols, water. Uncontrolled exothermic reactions occur with amines and alcohols.

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SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

Hazardous decomposition
productsDepending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials:
Cyanate and isocyanate. carbon oxides nitrogen oxides hydrogen cyanide

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Hexamethylene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2000 mg/kg	-
diisocyanate, oligomers				
(isocyanurate type)			"	
	LD50 Oral	Rat - Female	>2500 mg/kg	-
xylene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.7 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-
n-butyl acetate	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	>21.1 mg/l	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	2000 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>17600 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10.768 g/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.5 g/kg	-
Solvent naphtha (petroleum),	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3.48 g/kg	-
light aromatic				
	LD50 Oral	Rat	8400 mg/kg	-
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	18000 mg/m ³	4 hours
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	5 g/kg	-
hexamethylene-di-	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	124 mg/m ³	4 hours
isocyanate			-	
-	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	151 mg/m³	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	0.57 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	0.71 g/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
₩ylene	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit		24 hours 500 mg	-

Conclusion/Summary	
Skin	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Eyes	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Respiratory	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Sensitization	
Conclusion/Summary	
Skin	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Respiratory	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Mutagenicity	
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Carcinogenicity	
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Classification	

Carcinogen Classification code:

Product/ingredient name

xylene

ethylbenzene

Product name SIGMADUR 188/520/550 HARDENER

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

-

-

OSHA

IARC

3

2B

NTP

-

-

OSHA: + Not listed/not r	8, 3, 4 o be a human carcinogen; Reasona regulated: -	ably anticipated to	be a human carcinog	en
Reproductive toxicity				
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data availa	able on the mix	ture itself.	
Teratogenicity				
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data availa	able on the mixt	ture itself.	
<u>Specific target organ toxic</u>	<u>:ity (single exposure)</u>			
Name		Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Hexamethylene diisocyanat type)	e, oligomers (isocyanurate	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
xylene		Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
n-butyl acetate		Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Solvent naphtha (petroleum	ı), light aromatic	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene		Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
hexamethylene-di-isocyana	te	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
Specific target organ toxic	<u>:ity (repeated exposure)</u>			
Name		Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
			exposure	
-	: Contains material which	Category 2 causes damag	-	hearing organs organs: brain, central
Target organs	nervous system (CNS).	causes damag	e to the following c mage to the following	organs: brain, central ng organs: blood, kidneys
Target organs Aspiration hazard	nervous system (CNS). Contains material which lungs, the nervous syste	causes damag	e to the following c mage to the followin respiratory tract, sł	organs: brain, central ng organs: blood, kidneys
Target organs Aspiration hazard Name	nervous system (CNS). Contains material which lungs, the nervous syste	causes damag	e to the following c mage to the followin respiratory tract, sł	organs: brain, central ng organs: blood, kidneys kin, ears, eye, lens or
Target organs Aspiration hazard Name xylene ethylbenzene	nervous system (CNS). Contains material which lungs, the nervous syste cornea.	causes damag	e to the following c mage to the followin respiratory tract, sl Result ASPIRATION HAZ	organs: brain, central ng organs: blood, kidneys
Target organs Aspiration hazard Name xylene ethylbenzene Solvent naphtha (petroleum	nervous system (CNS). Contains material which lungs, the nervous syste cornea.	causes damag	e to the following c mage to the followin respiratory tract, sl Result ASPIRATION HAZ	organs: brain, central ng organs: blood, kidneys kin, ears, eye, lens or ZARD - Category 1 ZARD - Category 1
Target organs Aspiration hazard Name xylene ethylbenzene Solvent naphtha (petroleum formation on the likely rot	nervous system (CNS). Contains material which lungs, the nervous syste cornea.	causes damag	e to the following c mage to the followin respiratory tract, sl Result ASPIRATION HAZ	organs: brain, central ng organs: blood, kidneys kin, ears, eye, lens or ZARD - Category 1 ZARD - Category 1
Target organs Aspiration hazard Name xylene ethylbenzene Solvent naphtha (petroleum formation on the likely roo cotential acute health effect	nervous system (CNS). Contains material which lungs, the nervous syste cornea.	causes damag may cause da em, liver, upper	e to the following c mage to the followin respiratory tract, sl Result ASPIRATION HAZ	organs: brain, central ng organs: blood, kidneys kin, ears, eye, lens or ZARD - Category 1 ZARD - Category 1
Target organs Aspiration hazard Name xylene ethylbenzene Solvent naphtha (petroleum formation on the likely root Potential acute health effect Eye contact	nervous system (CNS). Contains material which lungs, the nervous syste cornea. a), light aromatic utes of exposure cts : Causes serious eye irrit : Harmful if inhaled. May	causes damag may cause dan m, liver, upper	e to the following of mage to the following respiratory tract, st Result ASPIRATION HAZ ASPIRATION HAZ ASPIRATION HAZ	organs: brain, central ng organs: blood, kidneys kin, ears, eye, lens or ZARD - Category 1 ZARD - Category 1 ZARD - Category 1
ethylbenzene Target organs Aspiration hazard Name xylene ethylbenzene Solvent naphtha (petroleum formation on the likely rou Potential acute health effect Eye contact Inhalation Skin contact	nervous system (CNS). Contains material which lungs, the nervous syste cornea. a), light aromatic utes of exposure : Causes serious eye irrit : Harmful if inhaled. May symptoms or breathing : May be harmful in conta	causes damage may cause damage m, liver, upper tation. / cause respirate difficulties if interpretention of the second act with skin.	e to the following of mage to the following of mage to the following of mage to the following respiratory tract, she was a spiratory tract, she was a spiratory tract.	organs: brain, central ng organs: blood, kidneys kin, ears, eye, lens or ZARD - Category 1 ZARD - Category 1 ZARD - Category 1 ZARD - Category 1
Aspiration hazard Name xylene ethylbenzene Solvent naphtha (petroleum formation on the likely roo Potential acute health effect Eye contact Inhalation	nervous system (CNS). Contains material which lungs, the nervous syste cornea. a), light aromatic utes of exposure cts : Causes serious eye irrit : Harmful if inhaled. May symptoms or breathing	causes damage may cause date em, liver, upper tation. / cause respirat difficulties if inf act with skin. C kin reaction.	e to the following of mage to the following of mage to the following of mage to the following respiratory tract, she was a spiratory tract, she was a spiratory tract.	organs: brain, central ng organs: blood, kidneys kin, ears, eye, lens or ZARD - Category 1 ZARD - Category 1 ZARD - Category 1 ZARD - Category 1

Product name SIGMADUR 188/520/550 HARDENER

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Over-exposure signs/sympto	om	<u>S</u>
Eye contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing wheezing and breathing difficulties asthma
Skin contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking
Ingestion	:	No specific data.
Delayed and immediate effe	<u>cts</u>	and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
Conclusion/Summary	:	There are no data available on the mixture itself. Skin contact to isocyanate monomer may lead to allergic lung reaction. Based on the properties of the isocyanate components and considering toxicological data on similar mixtures, this mixture may cause acute irritation and/or sensitization of the respiratory system, leading to an asthmatic condition, wheezing and tightness of the chest. Repeated exposure may lead to permanent respiratory disability. Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. There is some evidence that repeated exposure to organic solvent vapors in combination with constant loud noise can cause greater hearing loss than expected from exposure to noise alone. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.
Short term exposure		
Potential immediate effects		There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential delayed effects	1	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Long term exposure		
Potential immediate effects		There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential delayed effects		There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential chronic health effe		
General	:	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	1	Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Reproductive toxicity

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute	<u>toxici</u>	<u>ty est</u>	<u>imates</u>

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
SIGMADUR 188/520/550 HARDENER	2922.0	2569.3	N/A	66.7	1.6
Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers	2500	2500	N/A	N/A	1.5
(isocyanurate type)					
xylene	4300	1700	N/A	11	1.5
n-butyl acetate	10768	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
ethylbenzene	3500	17800	N/A	17.8	1.5
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	8400	3480	N/A	N/A	N/A
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	5000	N/A	N/A	18	1.5
hexamethylene-di-isocyanate	710	570	N/A	0.151	0.124

SECTION 12: Ecological information

<u>Toxicity</u>			
Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Rexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers (isocyanurate type)		Algae - scenedesmus subspicatus	72 hours
o ())))	Acute EC50 >100 mg/l	Daphnia - <i>daphnia magna</i>	48 hours
	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l	Fish - Danio rerio (zebra fish)	96 hours
n-butyl acetate	Acute LC50 18 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia	48 hours
-	Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Ceriodaphnia dubia	-
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	Acute LC50 8.2 mg/l	Fish	96 hours

Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose	Inoculum
-butyl acetate	TEPA and OECD 301D	83 % - Readily - 28		-	-
ethylbenzene	-	79 % - Readily - 10	days	-	-
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life		Photolysis	5	Biodegradability
Rexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers (isocyanurate type)			-		Not readily
xylene	-		-		Readily
n-butyl acetate	-		-		Readily
ethylbenzene	-		-		Readily

Bioaccumulative potential

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	LogP _{ow}	BCF	Potential
Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers (isocyanurate type)		3.2	Low
xylene	3.12	7.4 to 18.5	Low
n-butyl acetate ethylbenzene	2.3 3.6	- 79.43	Low Low
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene hexamethylene-di-isocyanate	3.63 0.02	120.23	Low Low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition	: Not available.
coefficient (Koc)	

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

Disposal methods	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non- recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations. Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees. Section 6. Accidental release measures

SECTION 14: Transport information Mexico Classification IMDG ΙΑΤΑ **UN number** UN1263 UN1263 UN1263 PAINT PAINT PAINT **UN proper** shipping name Transport 3 3 3 hazard class(es) **Packing group** Ш Ш Ш Environmental No. No. No. hazards **Mexico** Page: 13/15

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Product name SIGMADUR 188/520/550 HARDENER

SECTION 14: Transport information

	-		
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.
Product RQ (lbs)	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.
RQ substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.

Additional information

Mexico	: None identified.
IMDG	: None identified.
IATA	: None identified.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

International regulations

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC) Not listed.

SECTION 16: Other information

Please refer to Section 2 of this document for GHS hazard classifications. The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

Date of previous issue Organization that prepared	: 3/28/2023 : EHS
the SDS	
Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Air Transport Association IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available

Product name SIGMADUR 188/520/550 HARDENER

SECTION 16: Other information

SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

The information, which is based on the current knowledge of the chemical substance or mixture and applies to appropriate safety precautions for the product, is deemed correct but is not exhaustive and will be used only as a guide.

Disclaimer

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.