SAFETY DATA SHEET



Conforms to Official Mexican Standard NOM-018-STPS-2015

Date of revision 23 October 2024

Version 7

Date of issue 23 October 2024

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product name	: HI-TEMP 500 YELLOW GRAY RAL 7034
Product code	: 00424850
Other means of identification	: Not applicable.
Product type	: Liquid.
Relevant identified uses of	f the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Product use	: Professional applications, Used by spraying.
Use of the substance/ mixture	: Coating.
Uses advised against	Not applicable.
Manufacturer	: PPG Industries, Inc. One PPG Place Pittsburgh, PA 15272
<u>Emergency telephone</u> <u>number</u>	: (412) 434-4515 (U.S.) (514) 645-1320 (Canada) SETIQ Interior de la República: 800-00-214-00 (México) SETIQ Ciudad de México: (55) 5559-1588 (México)
Technical Phone Number	: 888-977-4762

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Classification of the	: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
substance or mixture	ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 5
	SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
	EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A
	TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2
	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract
	irritation) - Category 3
	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2
	Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity.
	33.3% (oral), 49.9% (dermal), 45.6% (inhalation)
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	• • •
nazara pietogramo	



Product name HI-TEMP 500 YELLOW GRAY RAL 7034

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Signal word	: Danger	
Hazard statements	 H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor. H313 - May be harmful in contact with skin. H315 - Causes skin irritation. H319 - Causes serious eye irritation. H335 - May cause respiratory irritation. H350 - May cause cancer. H361 - Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (hearing organs) 	
Precautionary statements		
Prevention	 P201 - Obtain special instructions before use. P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. P260 - Do not breathe vapor. 	
	P264 - Wash thoroughly after handling.	
Response	 P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. P304 + P340, P312 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. P302 + P312 - IF ON SKIN: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. P332 + P313 - If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice or attention. P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention. 	
Storage	: P405 - Store locked up. P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.	
Disposal	: P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.	
Other hazards which do not result in classification	: DANGER - RAGS, STEEL WOOL OR WASTE SOAKED WITH THIS PRODUCT MAY SPONTANEOUSLY CATCH FIRE IF IMPROPERLY DISCARDED. IMMEDIATELY AFTER EACH USE, PLACE RAGS, STEEL WOOL OR WASTE IN A SEALED WATER-FILLED METAL CONTAINER. Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. This product contains crystalline silica which can cause lung cancer or silicosis. The risk of cancer depends on the duration and level of exposure to dust from sanding surfaces or mist from spray applications. Emits toxic fumes when heated.	
See toxicological information (Section 11)		

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	
Product name	
Other means of	

- : Mixture : HI-TEMP 500 YELLOW GRAY RAL 7034
- Not applica

identification

: Not applicable.

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
dímethyl carbonate	≥20 - ≤42	616-38-6
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	≥10 - ≤20	14807-96-6
Spinels, iron titanium brown	≥10 - ≤20	68187-02-0
xylene	≥5.0 - ≤10	1330-20-7
titanium dioxide	≥5.0 - ≤10	13463-67-7
Mica-group minerals	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	12001-26-2
ethylbenzene	≥0.10 - ≤2.9	100-41-4
copper chromite black spinel	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	68186-91-4
butan-1-ol	≤1.5	71-36-3
cobalt titanite green spinel	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	68186-85-6
crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	<1.0	14808-60-7
toluene	<1.0	108-88-3

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	: Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.
Inhalation	: Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion	: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.
Most important symptor	ns/effects, acute and delayed
Potential acute health	effects
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	: May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	: May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin.

Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician	: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large
	quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides metal oxide/oxides Formaldehyde.
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	 Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protec	tiv	ve equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Special precautions	: Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Materials such as cleaning rags, paper wipes and protective clothing, which are contaminated with the product may spontaneously self-ignite some hours later. To avoid the risks of fires, all contaminated materials should be stored in purpose-built containers or in metal containers with tight-fitting, self-closing lids. Contaminated materials should be removed from the workplace at the end of each working day and be stored outside. If this material is part of a multiple component system, read the Safety Data Sheet(s) for the other component or components before blending as the resulting mixture may have the hazards of all of its parts.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.
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Product name HI-TEMP 500 YELLOW GRAY RAL 7034

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
dímethyl carbonate	None.
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023)
	TWA 8 hours: 2 mg/m ³ . Form: Respirable
	fraction.
Spinels, iron titanium brown	ACGIH TLV (United States)
	: 10 mg/m³. Form: Total dust.
	: 3 mg/m³. Form: Respirable.
xylene	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016)
	[Xileno, mezcla]
	STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm.
	TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm.
titanium dioxide	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016)
	TWA 8 hours: 10 mg/m ³ .
Mica-group minerals	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016)
	TWA 8 hours: 3 mg/m ³ . Form: Respirable
	fraction.
ethylbenzene	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016)
	TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm.
copper chromite black spinel	ACGIH TLV (United States)
	: 0.5 mg/m ³ . Form: Total dust.
butan-1-ol	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016)
	TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm.
cobalt titanite green spinel	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016)
	[Cobalto y compuestos inorgánicos]
	TWA 8 hours: 0.02 mg/m ³ (as Co).
crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016)
	TWA 8 hours: 0.025 mg/m ³ . Form:
	Respirable fraction.
toluene	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016)
	TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm.

= Short term exposure limit STEL

TLV = Threshold Limit Value

TWA = Time Weighted Average

Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

= Internal Permissible Exposure Limit

procedures

= Ceiling Limit

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- **Recommended monitoring** : Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.
- Appropriate engineering controls
- : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

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Product name HI-TEMP 500 YELLOW GRAY RAL 7034

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensur they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.	
Individual protection measure	es.	
Hygiene measures		Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
	:	Chemical splash goggles.
Skin protection		
Hand protection		Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Gloves	:	For prolonged or repeated handling, use the following type of gloves:
		Not recommended: nitrile rubber Recommended: butyl rubber, neoprene, polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), Viton®
Body protection		Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection		Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection		Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

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Flash point	: Closed cup: 24°C (75.2°F)		
Boiling point	: >37.78°C (>100°F)		
Melting point	: Not available.		
рН	: Not applicable.		
Molecular weight	: Not applicable.		
Odor threshold	: Not available.		
Odor	: Hydrocarbon.		
Color	: Gray.		
Physical state	: Liquid.		
<u>Appearance</u>			

Product name HI-TEMP 500 YELLOW GRAY RAL 7034

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Auto-ignition temperature	:	Not available.			
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.			
Flammability	1	Not available.			
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	:	Not available.			
Evaporation rate	:	Not available.			
Vapor pressure	:	Not available.			
Vapor density	:	Not available.			
Relative density	:	1.41			
Density(lbs / gal)	:	11.77			
		Media	Result		
Solubility(ies)	1	cold water	Not soluble		
Solubility in water	:	Not available.			
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	;	Not applicable.			
Viscosity	:	Øynamic (room temperature): Not available. Kinematic (room temperature): Not available. Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >21 mm²/s (>21 cSt)			
% Solid. (w/w)	:	57.818	// X /		

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	:	No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	:	The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	:	When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.
Incompatible materials	:	Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
Hazardous decomposition products	:	Evolves hydrogen on contact with water. Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides Formaldehyde. metal oxide/oxides

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects
Acute toxicity

Product name HI-TEMP 500 YELLOW GRAY RAL 7034

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
dimethyl carbonate	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	140000 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2.5 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	12.9 g/kg	-
xylene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.7 g/kg	-
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-
titanium dioxide	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>6.82 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.5 g/kg	-
copper chromite black spinel	LD50 Oral	Rat	10 g/kg	-
butan-1-ol	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	24000 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3400 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	790 mg/kg	-
toluene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	49 g/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	8.39 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5580 mg/kg	-
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on	the mixture itse	lf.	I

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
xylene	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit		24 hours 500 mg	-

Known to be a human carcinogen.

Conclusion/Summary					
Skin	: There a	re no data	available on the mixture itself.		
Eyes	: There ar	re no data	available on the mixture itself.		
Respiratory	: There ar	re no data	available on the mixture itself.		
Sensitization					
Conclusion/Summary					
Skin	: There ar	re no data	available on the mixture itself.		
Respiratory	: There ar	re no data	available on the mixture itself.		
<u>Mutagenicity</u>					
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.				
Carcinogenicity					
Conclusion/Summary	: There ar	re no data	available on the mixture itself.		
Classification					
Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP		
x ylene	-	3	-		
titanium dioxide	-	2B	-		
ethylbenzene	-	2B	-		
copper chromite black spinel	-	3	-		
cobalt titanite green spinel	-	2B	Known to be a human carcinogen.		

1

powder (<10 microns) toluene - 3 -

+

Carcinogen Classification code:

crystalline silica, respirable

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3, 4
NTP: Known to be a human carcinogen; Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen
OSHA: +
Not listed/not regulated: -

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
dimethyl carbonate	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
Spinels, iron titanium brown	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
butan-1-ol	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
toluene	Category 3 Category 3	-	Narcotic effects Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
ethylbenzene	Category 2	-	hearing organs
cobalt titanite green spinel	Category 2	-	-
crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	Category 1	inhalation	-
toluene	Category 2	-	-

Target organs

: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: brain. Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: blood, kidneys, lungs, the nervous system, liver, cardiovascular system, upper respiratory tract, skin, central nervous system (CNS), ears, eye, lens or cornea.

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
xylene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
toluene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely routes of exposure

Potential acute health effectsEye contact: Causes serious eye irritation.Inhalation: May cause respiratory irritation.Skin contact: May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin.Ingestion: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Delayed and immediate eff	ects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the mixture itself. This product either contains formaldehyde or is capable of releasing formaldehyde above 0.5 ppm under certain conditions. Formaldehyde is a known cancer hazard, a skin sensitizer and a respiratory sensitizer. This product contains crystalline silica which can cause lung cancer or silicosis. The risk of cancer depends on the duration and level of exposure to dust from sanding surfaces or mist from spray applications. For many products, TiO2 is utilized as a raw material in a liquid coating formulation. In this case, the TiO2 particles are bound in a matrix with no meaningful potential for human exposure to unbound particles of TiO2 when the product is applied with a brush or roller. Sanding the coating surface or mist from spray applications may be harmful depending on the duration and level of exposure and require the use of appropriate personal protective equipment and/or engineering controls (see Section 8). Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. There is some evidence that repeated exposure to organic solvent vapors in combination with constant loud noise can cause greater hearing loss than expected from exposure to noise alone. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.
Short term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential delayed effects	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
<u>Long term exposure</u>	

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Potential immediate effects	:	There are no data available on the mixture itself.	
Potential delayed effects	:	There are no data available on the mixture itself.	
Potential chronic health effe	cts		
General	:	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis.	
Carcinogenicity	:	May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.	
Mutagenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Reproductive toxicity	:	Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.	

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
FI-TEMP 500 YELLOW GRAY RAL 7034	16407.7	2851.1	N/A	58.0	7.4
dimethyl carbonate	12900	2500	N/A	140	N/A
xylene	4300	1700	N/A	11	1.5
ethylbenzene	3500	17800	N/A	17.8	1.5
copper chromite black spinel	10000	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
butan-1-ol	790	3400	N/A	24	N/A
toluene	5580	8390	N/A	49	N/A

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
dimethyl carbonate	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
titanium dioxide	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	48 hours
ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 1.8 mg/I Fresh water	Daphnia	48 hours
	Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Ceriodaphnia dubia	-
butan-1-ol	Acute LC50 1376 mg/l	Fish	96 hours

Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose	Inoculum
ethylbenzene	-	79 % - Readily - 10	days	-	-
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life		Photolys	is	Biodegradability
xylene ethylbenzene toluene	- - -		- - -		Readily Readily Readily

Bioaccumulative potential

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SECTION 12: Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
dimethyl carbonate	0.354	-	Low
xylene	3.12	7.4 to 18.5	Low
ethylbenzene	3.6	79.43	Low
butan-1-ol	1	-	Low
toluene	2.73	8.32	Low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition	: Not available.
coefficient (Koc)	

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

Disposal methods	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non- recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations. Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees. Section 6. Accidental release measures

SECTION 14: Transport information Mexico Classification IMDG ΙΑΤΑ **UN number** UN1263 UN1263 UN1263 PAINT PAINT PAINT **UN proper** shipping name Transport 3 3 3 hazard class(es) Ш Ш Ш **Packing group Environmental** No. No. No. hazards Not applicable. Not applicable. Not applicable. Marine pollutant substances

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Product code 00424850 Date of issue 23 October 2024 Version 7			October 2024 Version 7	
Product name HI-TEMP 500 YELLOW GRAY RAL 7034				
SECTION 14	I: Transport informa	ation		
Product RQ (lbs)	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	
RQ substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	
Additional informa	tion			
Mexico	None identified.			
IMDG : None identified.				
ΙΑΤΑ	None identified.			
Special precaution	upright and secur	user's premises: always transp e. Ensure that persons transporti ccident or spillage.	oort in closed containers that are ng the product know what to do in	
Transport in bulk to IMO instrument	• • •			
SECTION 1	5: Regulatory inform	nation		

International regulations

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

SECTION 16: Other information

Please refer to Section 2 of this document for GHS hazard classifications. The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

Date of previous issue Organization that prepared the SDS	: 6/5/2024 : EHS
Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations
Indicates information that	has abanged from providually issued version

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

SECTION 16: Other information

Notice to reader

The information, which is based on the current knowledge of the chemical substance or mixture and applies to appropriate safety precautions for the product, is deemed correct but is not exhaustive and will be used only as a guide.

Disclaimer

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.