SAFETY DATA SHEET



Date of issue/Date of revision 24 October 2024 Version 4.01

Section 1. Identification		
Product code	: 00464191	
Product name	: PITT-CHAR NX BASE WHITE (MJ)	
Product type	: Liquid.	
Relevant identified uses o	f the substance or mixture and uses advised against	
Product use	Coating. Professional applications, Used by spraying.	
Supplier's details	: PPG Industries (Singapore) Pte. Ltd., No. 1 Tuas Basin Close, Singapore 638803. Tel +65 68653737	
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	: CHEMTREC +(65)-31581349 (CCN 17704)	

Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture	: SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1
	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2
	AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 1 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2

<u>GHS label elements, includir</u> Hazard pictograms	: : :
Signal word Hazard statements	 Warning Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye irritation. Suspected of causing cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. Very toxic to aquatic life. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	

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Section 2. Hazards identification

Prevention	: Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Avoid release to the environment. Avoid breathing vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling.
Response	: Collect spillage. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.
Storage	: Not applicable.
Disposal	: Not applicable.

Other hazards which do not : None known. result in classification

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixture

Substance/mixture	
Substance/mixture	

CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number EC number	Not applicable.Mixture.		
Ingredient name		%	CAS number
A state of the sta		20 - <25	12767-90-7
Borate(5-), bis[µ-oxotetraoxodiborato(4-)]-, ammonium tetrahydrogen, dihydrate, (T-4)-		20 - <25	12046-04-7
bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propane		10 - <20	1675-54-3
tris(2-chloro-1-methylethyl) phosphate		5 - <10	13674-84-5
triphenyl phosphate		5 - <10	115-86-6
Epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)		1 - <3	25068-38-6
Cashew, nutshell liq.		1 - <3	8007-24-7
2,2-bis(acryloyloxymethyl)butyl acrylate		1 - <3	15625-89-5

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8. SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necess	ary first aid measures
Eye contact	 Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.
	In case of accidental eye contact, avoid direct exposure to the sun or other sources of UV light as severe irritation including burns may result. These reactions can be delayed – get medical attention if pain, irritation or blistering occurs after contact.

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Section 4. First aid measures

Inhalation	: Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	 Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
	In case of accidental skin contact, avoid direct exposure to the sun or other sources of UV light as severe irritation including burns may result. These reactions can be delayed – get medical attention if pain, irritation, rash or blistering occurs after contact.
Ingestion	: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.
Most important sympton	ns/effects, acute and delayed
Potential acute health e	effects
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Over-exposure signs/sy	<u>/mptoms</u>
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Notes to physician	: Freat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

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Section 4. First aid measures

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: None known.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. This material is very toxic to aquatic life. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides phosphorus oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	 Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protec	tiv	e equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.
Methods and materials for co	nt	ainment and cleaning up
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop

up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

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Section 6. Accidental release measures

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling Protective measures : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Avoid release to the environment. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container. Advice on general : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before occupational hygiene eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures. **Conditions for safe storage,** : Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct including any sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials incompatibilities (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Ingredient name			Exposure limits				
Fexaboron dizinc undecaoxid Borate(5-), bis[µ-oxotetraoxo dihydrate, (T-4)- triphenyl phosphate		orato(4-)]-, ammonium tetrahydrogen,	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2013) TWA: 3 mg/m ³ (Dusts and mists). Form: Respirable fraction. TWA: 10 mg/m ³ (Dusts and mists). Form: Inhalable fraction. ACGIH TLV (United States) TWA: 10 mg/m ³ . Form: inhalable dust. TWA: 3 mg/m ³ . Form: Respirable dust. Workplace Safety and Health Act (Singapore, 2/2006) PEL (long term) 8 hours: 3 mg/m ³ .				
Recommended monitoring procedures	:		riate monitoring standards. Reference to nods for the determination of hazardous				
Appropriate engineering controls	:		es, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, neering controls to keep worker exposure to ommended or statutory limits.				
Environmental exposure controls	:	they comply with the requirements of e	process equipment should be checked to ensure of environmental protection legislation. In some ngineering modifications to the process uce emissions to acceptable levels.				
Individual protection measu	<u>res</u>						
Hygiene measures	:	eating, smoking and using the lavatory Appropriate techniques should be use Contaminated work clothing should no	bughly after handling chemical products, before y and at the end of the working period. In the end of the working period. In the allowed out of the workplace. Wash Ensure that eyewash stations and safety ocation.				
Eye/face protection	:	Chemical splash goggles.					
Skin protection		.					
Hand protection	:	be worn at all times when handling ch this is necessary. Considering the par check during use that the gloves are s should be noted that the time to break	s complying with an approved standard should emical products if a risk assessment indicates rameters specified by the glove manufacturer, still retaining their protective properties. It through for any glove material may be rers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of the of the gloves cannot be accurately				
Gloves	:	polyethylene butyl rubber					
Body protection	:		body should be selected based on the task d and should be approved by a specialist				

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Other skin protection	 Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>		
Physical state	Liquid.	
Color	Off-white.	
Odor	Characteristic.	
рН	Not applicable.	
Boiling point	>37.78°C (>100°F)	
Flash point	Closed cup: Not applicable.	
Evaporation rate	Not available.	
Flammability (solid, gas)	liquid	
Vapor pressure	Not available.	
Vapor density		
Relative density	1.56	
Solubility(ies)	Media Result	
Colubility(ICS)	cold water Not soluble	
Auto-ignition temperature	Not available.	
Viscosity	Øynamic (room temperature): Not available. Kinematic (room temperature): Not available. Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >21 mm²/s (>21 cSt)	

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

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Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.
	Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
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Product code 00464191

Product name PITT-CHAR NX BASE WHITE (MJ)

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Incompatible materials

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Hazardous decomposition
products
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: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides phosphorus oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/ oxides

Section 11. Toxicological information

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Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
nexaboron dizinc undecaoxide	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
Borate(5-), bis[µ- oxotetraoxodiborato(4-)]-, ammonium tetrahydrogen, dihydrate, (T-4)-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4200 mg/kg	-
bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi) phenyl]propane	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	23000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	15000 mg/kg	-
tris(2-chloro-1-methylethyl) phosphate	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>7 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1500 mg/kg	-
triphenyl phosphate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>7900 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	-
Epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2 g/kg	-
· · · ·	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2 g/kg	-
2,2-bis(acryloyloxymethyl) butyl acrylate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	5170 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5.19 g/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
exaboron dizinc undecaoxide	Eyes - Cornea opacity	Rabbit	33	24 hours 0.083g	74 hours
bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi) phenyl]propane	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours	-
	Eyes - Redness of the conjunctivae	Rabbit	0.4	24 hours	-
	Skin - Edema	Rabbit	0.5	4 hours	-
	Skin - Erythema/Eschar	Rabbit	0.8	4 hours	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	4 hours	-
Epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	-	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	-	-
2,2-bis(acryloyloxymethyl)	Skin - Irritant	Rabbit	-	-	-
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Section 11. Toxicological information

butyl acrylate								
Conclusion/Summary				1		<u> </u>		
Skin : Eyes :	There are no d	lata available	e on the mixture e on the mixture e on the mixture	itself.				
Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Specie	S		Resu	lt		
is-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi) phenyl]propane Epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700) 2,2-bis(acryloyloxymethyl) butyl acrylate	skin skin skin	Mouse Mouse Rabbit			Sens	itizing itizing itizing		
Conclusion/Summary Skin :			e on the mixture e on the mixture					
<u>Carcinogenicity</u>			e on the mixture e on the mixture					
Product/ingredient name	Maternal toxicity	Fertility	Development toxin	Specie	S		Dose	Exposure
hexaboron dizinc undecaoxide	-	Positive	Positive	Rat			Oral: 37 mg/kg	75 90 days; 7 days per week
Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself. Teratogenicity Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself. Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Not available.								
Specific target organ toxicity Not available. Aspiration hazard Not available.	<u>y (repeated ex</u>	<u>posure)</u>						
Information on the likely routes of exposure Potential acute health effects	outes of exposure							
Eye contact	: Causes ser	ious eye irrit	ation.					
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Section 11. Toxicological information

Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Delayed and immediate effe	cts	and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
Short term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	1	Not available.
Long term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	1	Not available.
Potential chronic health effe	ect	<u>s</u>
General	1	Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	:	Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	:	Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Numerical measures of toxicity Acute toxicity estimates

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Route	ATE value
	10586.33 mg/kg 60336.36 mg/kg

Other information

Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Acrylate components of the mixture have irritating properties. Prolonged or repeated contact with skin or mucous membrane may result in irritation symptoms, such as redness, blistering, dermatitis etc. May cause allergic skin reactions with repeated exposure. The inhalation of airborne droplets or aerosols may cause irritation of the respiratory tract. Ingestion may cause nausea, weakness and central nervous system effects. In case of accidental skin contact, avoid direct exposure to the sun or other sources of UV light as severe irritation including burns may result. These reactions can be delayed - get medical attention if pain, irritation, rash or blistering occurs after contact.

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Result	Species	Exposure
Acute EC50 76 mg/l	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	48 hours
Acute LC50 2.17 mg/l	Fish - Salmo gairdneri	96 hours
Acute LC50 >100 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
Acute LC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>daphnia magna</i>	48 hours
Chronic NOEC 0.3 mg/l	Daphnia	21 days
Acute LC50 0.09 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - Neonate	48 hours
Chronic NOEC 0.1 mg/l	Algae - Desmodesmus subspicatus	3 days
Acute LC50 1.8 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
Chronic NOEC 0.3 mg/l	Daphnia	21 days
Acute LC50 0.87 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
	Acute EC50 76 mg/l Acute LC50 2.17 mg/l Acute LC50 >100 mg/l Acute LC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water Chronic NOEC 0.3 mg/l Acute LC50 0.09 mg/l Fresh water Chronic NOEC 0.1 mg/l Acute LC50 1.8 mg/l Chronic NOEC 0.3 mg/l	Acute EC50 76 mg/lDaphnia - Daphnia magnaAcute LC50 2.17 mg/lFish - Salmo gairdneriAcute LC50 >100 mg/lFish - Salmo gairdneriAcute LC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh waterDaphnia - daphnia magnaChronic NOEC 0.3 mg/lDaphniaAcute LC50 0.09 mg/l Fresh waterDaphniaChronic NOEC 0.1 mg/lAlgae - DesmodesmusAcute LC50 1.8 mg/lDaphniaChronic NOEC 0.1 mg/lAlgae - DesmodesmusAcute LC50 1.8 mg/lDaphniaChronic NOEC 0.3 mg/lDaphnia

Persistence/degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose	Inoculum
Epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	OECD 301F	5 % - 28 days		-	-
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available	e.			
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-lit	fe	Photolysi	s	Biodegradability
øis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi) phenyl]propane	-		-		Not readily
Epoxy resin (MW \leq 700)	-		-		Not readily

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Section 12. Ecological information

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
hexaboron dizinc undecaoxide	-	60960	High
tris(2-chloro-1-methylethyl) phosphate	2.68	7.94	Low
triphenyl phosphate	4.63	190.55	Low
Epoxy resin (MW \leq 700)	3	31	Low
Cashew, nutshell liq.	>4.78	-	High
2,2-bis(acryloyloxymethyl) butyl acrylate	0.67	-	Low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition	: Not available.
coefficient (Koc)	

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	UN	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN3082	UN3082	UN3082
UN proper shipping name	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S.	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S.	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S.
	(hexaboron dizinc undecaoxide, bis-[4- (2,3-epoxipropoxi)phenyl] propane)	(hexaboron dizinc undecaoxide, bis-[4- (2,3-epoxipropoxi)phenyl] propane)	(hexaboron dizinc undecaoxide, bis-[4- (2,3-epoxipropoxi)phenyl] propane)
Transport hazard class(es)	9	9	9

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Section 14. Transport information

Packing group	III	III	III
Environmental hazards	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	(hexaboron dizinc undecaoxide)	Not applicable.

Additional in	nformation
UN	: This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8.
IMDG	: This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8.
ΙΑΤΑ	: This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 5.0.2.4.1, 5.0.2.6.1.1 and 5.0.2.8.
Special prec	cautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.
Trenewartin	bulk eccording Net emplicable

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

Section 15. Regulatory information

Singapore - hazardous chemicals under government control

None.

International regulations

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Section 16. Other information

History

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 24 October 2024
Date of previous issue	: 12/26/2023
Version	: 4.01
Prepared by	: EHS

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Section 16. Other information

Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
	BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
	GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
	IATA = International Air Transport Association
	IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
	IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
	LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
	MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships,
	1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)
	UN = United Nations

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.