# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**



Date of issue/Date of revision25 October 2024Version 1.01

Section 1. Identification		
Product code	: 000001196161	
Product name	: SIGMAGLIDE 2390 BASE DARK BLUE	
Other means of identification	on	
00469306		
Product type	: Liquid.	
Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against		
Product use	Coating. Professional applications, Used by spraying.	
Supplier's details	: PPG Industries (Singapore) Pte. Ltd., No. 1 Tuas Basin Close, Singapore 638803. Tel +65 68653737	
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	: CHEMTREC +(65)-31581349 (CCN 17704)	

# Section 2. Hazards identification

<b>Classification of the</b>	: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
substance or mixture	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1
	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 1

GHS label elements, including precautionary statements
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Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	<ul> <li>Flammable liquid and vapour.</li> <li>Causes serious eye damage.</li> <li>Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.</li> </ul>
Precautionary statement	<u>s</u>
Prevention	: Wear eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do not breathe vapour.
Response	: Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

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# Section 2. Hazards identification

Storage	: Not applicable.
Disposal	: Not applicable.

result in classification

**Other hazards which do not** : Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

### **CAS number/other identifiers**

CAS number: Not applicable.EC number: Mixture.		
Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Fistobalite (<10 microns) 2-methylpropan-1-ol Cyclosiloxanes, di-Me Reaction products of 12-hydroxyoctadecanoic acid and octadecanoic acid	10 - <20 3 - <5 0.3 - <1 0.3 - <1	14464-46-1 78-83-1 69430-24-6 911674-82-3
and 1,3-phenylenedimethanamine	0.3 - < 1	911074-02-3

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

#### SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

# Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures		
Eye contact	: Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical attention.	
Inhalation	: Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.	
Skin contact	: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.	
Ingestion	: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.	

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health ef	ects	
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.	
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Skin contact	: Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.	
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Over-exposure signs/symptoms		

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# Section 4. First aid measures

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness dryness cracking blistering may occur
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains
Indication of immediate me	dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

#### See toxicological information (Section 11)

# Section 5. Firefighting measures

Extinguishing media		
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.	
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.	
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.	
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides metal oxide/oxides Formaldehyde.	
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.	

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# Section 5. Firefighting measures

**Special protective** equipment for fire-fighters : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

# Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protect	Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures			
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.			
For emergency responders	: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".			
Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).			
Methods and material for containment and cleaning up				
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.			

Large spill : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with noncombustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

# Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	
Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
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# Section 7. Handling and storage

Advice on general occupational hygiene	:	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### Control parameters

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

Ingredient name			Exposure limits
<ul> <li>Fistobalite (&lt;10 microns)</li> <li>2-methylpropan-1-ol</li> </ul>			Workplace Safety and Health Act (Singapore, 2/2006) PEL (long term) 8 hours: 0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . Form: Respirable dust. Workplace Safety and Health Act (Singapore, 2/2006) PEL (long term) 8 hours: 50 ppm. PEL (long term) 8 hours: 152 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . ACGIH TLV (United States) TWA: 3 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (Respirable fraction). TWA: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (Total dust).
Reaction products of 12-hydro acid and 1,3-phenylenedimet	oxyoctadecanoic acid and octadecanoic hanamine		
Recommended monitoring procedures	nationa		riate monitoring standards. Reference to hods for the determination of hazardous
Appropriate engineering controls : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborn contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower expl limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.		ols to keep worker exposure to airborne ed or statutory limits. The engineering controls t concentrations below any lower explosive	
Environmental exposure controls	they co cases,	mply with the requirements of fume scrubbers, filters or engi	ocess equipment should be checked to ensure environmental protection legislation. In some neering modifications to the process e emissions to acceptable levels.

#### **Individual protection measures**

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Product name SIGMAGLIDE 2390 BASE DARK BLUE

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Chemical splash goggles and face shield.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Gloves	: For prolonged or repeated handling, use the following type of gloves:
	Recommended: butyl rubber, nitrile rubber
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	<ul> <li>Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.</li> </ul>
Respiratory protection	: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>	
Physical state	: Liquid.
Colour	: Blue.
Odour	: Hydrocarbon. [Slight]
рН	insoluble in water.
Boiling point	: >37.78°C (>100°F)
Flash point	: Closed cup: 26°C (78.8°F)
Evaporation rate	: Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	: liquid
Vapour pressure	: Not available.
Vapour density	:

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### Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Relative density	: 1.12		
Solubility/ico)	Media	Result	
Solubility(ies)	cold water	Not soluble	
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not available.		
Viscosity	: <b>Ø</b> ynamic (room tempe Kinematic (room temp Kinematic (40°C (104°	erature): Not available. perature): >400 mm²/s (>400 cSt) °F)): >21 mm²/s (>21 cSt)	
Viscosity	: 40 - <60 s (ISO 6mm)		

#### : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients. Reactivity **Chemical stability** : The product is stable. : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur. **Possibility of hazardous** reactions Conditions to avoid : When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products. : Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: **Incompatible materials** oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids. Hazardous decomposition : Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides Formaldehyde. metal oxide/oxides products

# Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
2-methylpropan-1-ol	LC50 Inhalation Vapour LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral	Rat Rabbit Rat	24.6 mg/l 2460 mg/kg 2830 mg/kg	4 hours - -
Reaction products of 12-hydroxyoctadecanoic acid and octadecanoic acid and 1,3-phenylenedimethanamine	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists		>5.08 mg/l	4 hours

# Irritation/Corrosion

Conclusion/Summary	
Skin	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Eyes	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

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# Section 11. Toxicological information

Respiratory	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Sensitisation	
<b>Conclusion/Summary</b>	
Skin	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Respiratory	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Mutagenicity	
<b>Conclusion/Summary</b>	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Carcinogenicity	
<b>Conclusion/Summary</b>	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Reproductive toxicity	
<b>Conclusion/Summary</b>	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Teratogenicity	
<b>Conclusion/Summary</b>	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Considio torget ergen ter	isity (single synasyure)

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
2-methylpropan-1-ol	Category 3		Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
cristobalite (<10 microns)	Category 1	inhalation	-

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Not available.

Information on likely routes of exposure	: Not available.
Potential acute health effects	
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
	ical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Inhalation	No specific data.

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# Section 11. Toxicological information

Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness dryness cracking blistering may occur
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure		
Short term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.	
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.	
<u>Long term exposure</u>		
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.	
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.	
Potential chronic health eff	<u>ects</u>	
General	: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis.	
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Reproductive toxicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	

#### Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Not available.

#### **Other information**

Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapour/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Contains a substance that may emit formaldehyde if stored beyond its shelf life and/or during cure at curing temperatures greater than 60C/140F. Avoid contact with skin and clothing.

# Section 12. Ecological information

#### **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Percent State S	Acute EC50 1100 mg/l Acute LC50 >100 mg/l	Daphnia Fish	48 hours 96 hours
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available	on the mixture itself.	

#### Persistence/degradability

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
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#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
-methylpropan-1-ol	1	-	Low

#### **Mobility in soil**

Soil/water partition	: Not available.
coefficient (Koc)	

Other adverse effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
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# Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and
	Sewers.

## Section 14. Transport information

	UN	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
Packing group	III	III	II
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.

#### **Additional information**

UN	: This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 450 L according to
	2.3.2.5.1.
IMDG	This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 450 L according to

IMDG : This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 450 L according to 2.3.2.5.

IATA : None identified.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

# Section 15. Regulatory information

Singapore - hazardous chemicals under government control

None.

International regulations

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants Not listed.

# Section 16. Other information

<u>History</u>	
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 25 October 2024
Date of previous issue	: 3/13/2024
Version	: 1.01
Prepared by	: EHS
Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### Notice to reader

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.